LEND A LITTLE; OTHERS GAVE ALL.

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Rain, then clearing today; tomorrow fair; moderate temperature.
For full weather report see Page 18

VOL. LXVIII...NO. 22,378 NEW YORK, FRIDAY, MAY 2, 1919. TWENTY-FOUR PAGES TWO CENTS Metropolitan District 50 Mile Radius | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

SCORES HURT IN PARIS RIOTS; MAY DAY CLASHES IN AMERICA; MEETINGS HERE BROKEN UP

MAY DAY BATTLES IN PARIS

Eighty Policemen and a Number of Others Injured.

MOB FIRES ON SOLDIERS

Struggle Takes Place at Barriers in the Boulevard de Magenta.

ONE KNOWN TO BE KILLED

Crowds Shout for Wilson and America in Front of the Hotel de Crillon.

PARIS, May 1.—Eighty policemen were wounded in May Day riots here today and fifty arrests were made. Not until 8:30 o'clock in the evening was order restored. Even then the Republican Guard, police, infantry, and cavalry were held in their barracks.

Among those slightly injured were Leon Jouhaux, General Secretary of the Federation of Labor, and Deputy Poncet. A young man was killed in the opera district.

Fifteen persons were wounded, several of them seriously, in the neighborhood of the Gare de l'Est when crowds stoned a cavalry force and many shots were fired.

There were numerous clashes in the Boulevard de Magenta, where barriers were erected and the troops were fired upon.

Thirty persons were injured early in the evening between the Place de la Republique and the Place de la Bastile, when the police, with drawn sabres, charged a crowd which had torn down the newspaper kiosks. The troops in this district, the Fifteenth Chasseurs, remained passive during the melée. The injured were members of both the opposing parties.

Early in the afternoon shots were heard, apparently coming from the crowd on the boulevards between the Madeleine and the Opera. A number of persons were seen lying in the streets and it was not known whether they were shot or were ridden down by the troops. Ambulances were sent to the vicinity.

Aimed to March on Chamber.

Speakers addressed the assemblages and advised them that they were the weaker party, suggesting that they return to the Place de la Republique and the Place de la Bastile, "your own part of Paris." The crowd then began to move in that direction.

One of the speakers climbed a pole to address the crowd, saying that it was useless to attempt to storm the Place de la Concorde and reach the objective, the Chamber of Deputies and the War Ministry, where demonstrations had been planned.

The crowd moved away, turning east on the boulevards, singing the "Internationale." The roar of voices was audible for many blocks as the surging people overran the boulevards, which were lined with the Republican Guards in their shining helmets.

The Place de la Concorde looked ghastly in the cold, driving rain with rusty captured German guns of all calibre pointed toward the heavens. Here and there was a machine gun, inconspicuously placed between the captured enemy pieces and looking strangely new.

The troops had their greatest difficulty in keeping the Place de la Concorde clear. After one attempt to invade the place had been only temporarily successful, the cavalry and police herding the crowds back into the side streets near the square, the effort was renewed.

The crowds formed again in the boulevards and the Place de la Madeleine, and swept back toward the Place de la Concorde. The cavalry was drawn up across the Rue Royale several ranks deep with bared sabres, and the passage of the people met resistance.

Shortly afterward the crowd got together again in front of the Madeleine, and red flags began to appear, when firemen turned hose upon the massed people, gradually dispersing them.

Raised Three Barricades.

The most serious manifestation of the day, according to a statement issued by the police department, occurred between 5 and 6 o'clock in the Boulevard de Magenta, where a crowd, estimated at 20,000, raised three barricades. When the troops intervened shots were fired at the cavalry and police. The neighborhood of the Eastern Station was cleared and the mob gradually dispersed.

Leon Jouhaux, Secretary of the Federation of Labor, was slightly bruised during a clash between demonstrators and the police, while Paul Poncet, Socialist deputy, was injured more seriously, but not dangerously.

"Long live the Poilu!" the crowds shouted at the Madeleine and in the Place de la Concorde as they surged toward the soldiers. The infantry withdrew and allowed the mob to reach the Place de la Concorde against a wall of pitiless policemen and determined cavalry.

Then shots rang out. One policeman fell. The cavalry charged, and along the Rue Royale the mob wavered back toward the Madeleine Church. Here and there a man or a women staggered, fell, and remained motionless, horses trampling eight or ten outstretched forms littering the street from the Rue St. Honore to the Madeleine Church.

One policeman said to The Associated

Continued on Page Three.

WASHINGTON'S NEWEST AND BEST. WARDMAN PARK HOTEL. Write for information. H. Albert, (formerly Mgr. The Homestead, Hot Springs, Va.) —Advt.

Palmer Gets Evidence on May Day Outbreaks; Will Act Against Speakers Urging Revolution

WASHINGTON, May 1.—Evidence on the series of May Day demonstrations by radicals throughout the country today was gathered by Department of Justice agents in each locality and reports will be forwarded to the Department here within a few days. The only report which had reached here tonight came from Cleveland.

So long as speakers do not advocate forcible overthrow of existing government as a means toward revolution, Federal authorities will take no action, it was stated. This is in accordance with the announced policy of Attorney General Palmer, whose purpose, it was explained today, is to permit free discussion of proposed changes in social or political systems, provided the means are peaceable.

Riots or other disorders in connection with the meetings are entirely questions for local authorities, it was explained.

1 DEAD, MANY HURT IN CLEVELAND RIOT

Soldiers, Sailors, and Civilians Aid Police Quell May Day Outbreaks.

DISORDER IN OTHER PLACES

Radicals Battle with Police in Boston Streets — Many Strikes Called.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, May 1.—One man dead, twelve policemen and scores of civilians injured were the casualties in the Socialist May Day celebration in Cleveland tonight following a series of riots in which army tanks and motor transport trucks were used by the police, soldiers, and civilians in their efforts to suppress the disturbances which broke out in various sections of the city during the afternoon.

Demobilized soldiers, sailors, and volunteer civilians were marshaled in Public Square tonight by Captain C. D. Paxton, a French Army officer, and held in readiness to speed to other parts of the city where further outbreaks were expected during the night.

Beginning when an army Lieutenant demanded that a soldier at the head of the Socialist procession discard a red flag when he carried, the riots continued throughout the greater part of the afternoon. The refusal of the soldier to heed the officer's command was the signal for an attack by the Lieutenant and several other soldiers who were on the scene. Immediately a free-for-all fight began, in which the soldiers were being badly handled, until the arrival of several policemen.

A hurry call for the reserves brought several mounted police, and they charged, driving their horses directly into the throng and swinging their clubs with good effect. A number of the police horses were slashed with knives in the hands of the Socialists, while others pulled revolvers and fired at the police. The battle was so severe that fully twenty of the radicals were injured, some of them seriously. Ambulance surgeons from all the downtown hospitals were summoned and twenty were removed to hospitals.

The riot had hardly been quelled when another broke out in Public Square at the same time that William Gibbs McAdoo, former Secretary of the Treasury, was addressing a Victory Loan rally in Keith's Hippodrome.

An army Lieutenant ordered two soldiers from the platform in Public Square, on which several Socialist speakers were gathered. The men refused to comply, and the Lieutenant with several soldiers mounted the platform. Instantly the Socialists rushed the platform and the fight began.

The soldiers battled valiantly, but were considerably outnumbered until the arrival of a score of mounted policemen and two army tanks manned by soldiers. The police charged the crowd, swinging their clubs with good effect. Several of the Socialists drew revolvers and fired in the air, but were finally driven back.

Seventy prisoners, many of whom, the police say, carried weapons, were arrested and locked up in Central Police Station.

Women Shoppers Run for Shelter.

The police had scarcely dispersed the throng in the square when another riot broke out two blocks away on Euclid Avenue, in the heart of the shopping district.

Women shoppers ran for shelter as the Socialists again fired, but the police, aided by soldiers, charged the throng. Windows in hotels, department stores and other buildings were crowded with spectators, who threw ink bottles, ink wells, sticks and other articles at the heads of the rioters in the street below.

Socialist headquarters was totally wrecked when a throng of soldiers and civilians charged the place, driving the radicals out and completely demolishing the building. Typewriters and office furniture were thrown into the street.

The one fatality occurred when De-

Continued on Page Three.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves Indigestion—Don't forget. —Advt.

MeN & B CIN-U-FORM LOZENGES Tend to ward off Influenza. —25c.—Advt.

1,700 POLICE GUARD MOONEY MEETING

Cordon Thrown About Madison Square Garden Keeps Service Men Two Blocks Away.

OTHER GATHERINGS INVADED

Patrolmen's Tempers Sorely Tried in Preventing Riot—Only a Few Arrests.

The police of New York City demonstrated last night that they had as good a talent for military strategy as the soldiers and sailors, many of them veterans of the war, whom they were called on to disperse in the vicinity of Madison Square Garden, where a mass meeting was held to protest against the imprisonment of Thomas J. Mooney, the San Francisco labor leader.

Under the greatest provocation from a mob of 1,000 soldiers, sailors, and marines led by a thin, undersized Canadian veteran who said his name was Barney Dreyfus, the police time and time again during the meeting divided the band of service men who were intent on storming the Garden and successfully kept them two blocks away.

It was the most closely guarded mass meeting ever held in New York, it was said. About 1,700 patrolmen, mounted men, provost guards, and detectives kept a cordon around the Garden while the meeting went on with no interruption. The demonstration outside the Garden was one of the numerous May Day raids in which soldiers and sailors took part. They visited many of the radical meetings held in the city and broke some of them up and interrupted others.

Police Prepare for Trouble.

Early yesterday afternoon, after soldiers and sailors had vainly endeavored to enter Madison Square Garden, where a meeting and concert of clothing workers was held, Ernest Bohm, Secretary of the Central Federated Union, heard that the meeting place was to be the rallying point of another invasion in the evening. He communicated at once with Chief Inspector Daly, who made plans for the evening.

Establishing a branch police station opposite Madison Square Garden in the rooms of the Society for Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, Chief Inspector Daly gathered together 1,200 patrolmen, 100 mounted patrolmen and 200 detectives, while Captain D. C. Mills of the Provost Guards summoned 200 of his men to the scene.

Outriders were established two blocks in each direction, with the Garden as the focus. Police reserves in company formation, together with the mounted men, were hidden in the basement of Madison Square Garden. As soon as the soldiers and sailors, headed by a marine, carrying an American flag, appeared on Broadway, near Twenty-eighth Street, an outrider galloped to the Garden and reported that fact. Immediately the mounted men and several companies of reserves were dispatched to the spot to disperse the men.

Time and time again, after the crowd of service men were dispersed, they reformed their ranks and attempted to pass the solid cordon of blue. Under the greatest provocation the police remained calm and no night sticks were used until bricks began to fly from the tops of roofs.

Altogether half a dozen soldiers reported injuries, but only two or three arrests were made. A night watchman employed in the Pacific Bank, Twenty-eighth Street and Madison Avenue, who

Continued on Page Three.

Air of Britain Made Free to Commercial Aviators

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 1.—A new era of civilian flying opened in Britain today, when, under certain restrictions designed to safeguard the public, the air was made free to all.

The initial record so far has not been remarkable. The distribution of newspapers by airplane was attempted without much general success, although the newspapers particularly interested made the best of the stunt.

Some enterprising dry goods firms had arranged for the conveyance of new fashion models, but at the last moment discovered they were unable to comply with the regulations.

FIND MORE BOMBS SENT IN THE MAILS; ONE TO OVERMAN

Infernal Machine Forwarded to the Senator Who Directed Bolshevist Inquiry.

SENATOR KING ALSO MARKED

Third Bomb for Nebeker, Who Prosecuted I. W. W. Cases in Chicago Court.

WIDE INQUIRY IS BEGUN

Authorities Here Discover the Three Mail Boxes Where the Bombs Were Deposited.

The nation-wide bomb conspiracy, the object of which was the assassination of prominent men in all parts of the United States, is now the subject of an investigation in which the detectives and police forces of every city in the country are engaged. It was announced yesterday that three more bombs had been definitely located, one of them in the Salisbury (N. C.) Post Office, addressed to United States Senator Lee S. Overman of that State, and two others in Salt Lake City. The bombs intercepted in Salt Lake City were addressed to United States Senator William H. King and to Frank K. Nebeker, who prosecuted the accused members of the I. W. W. tried before Judge Landis in Chicago last year.

Senator Overman was the Chairman of the Senate committee which investigated Bolshevism in Europe and in the United States. The committee, it is understood, will recommend drastic legislation by the next Congress to curb the menace in this country. Senator King was a member of the Overman Committee.

The forces of the United States Secret Service, the Department of Justice Bureau of Investigation, the Postal Inspection Service, and the Detective Bureau of the New York Police Department are at work in the effort to round up the conspirators responsible for what the Federal authorities say is the most widespread assassination conspiracy in the history of the country. The parcel post mail boxes into which the bombs were dropped were definitely located yesterday. According to an announcement given out at the General Post Office, several of the bombs were dropped in the boxes between 6 and 8 o'clock on last Friday night and another batch between the same hours on the next day. Three boxes were utilized, one near Thirty-second Street and Broadway, the second at Twenty-ninth Street and Sixth Avenue, and a third on Twenty-eighth Street, also near Sixth Avenue.

The theory of the authorities that the conspiracy was of dual origin, that is that the I. W. W. and the Bolsheviki participated was strengthened when the news of the bomb sent to Senator Overman was reported to Chief William E. Cochrane of the New York Postal Inspection District, by the Postmaster at Salisbury. No man in this country has been more outspoken than Senator Overman regarding the Bolsheviki and the activities of their agents and apologists in this country. Senator Overman made his position plain in the course of the investigation in Washington, in which the full story of terrorism in Russia was brought out in evidence. The Overman and the Salt Lake City bombs are said to be included in the fourteen which it

Continued on Page Three.

Italy Lifts Postal Ban on Germany, But Retains It Against Austria

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, May 1.—The first among all the enemy countries to resume direct postal communication with Germany is Italy, it being announced today that both ordinary and registered letters may be sent directly to any part of the respective countries.

The announcement had caused much comment in business and political circles, considering Italy's attitude toward the Versailles Conference and the fact that all correspondence with Austria is still under official control.

Steamer Benjamin B. Odell resumes service up the Hudson this Sunday. See advertisements.—Advt.

CARDINAL GIBBONS URGES ALL CATHOLICS to see THE MANUAL OF PRAYERS.—Advt.

Babies cannot properly digest unmodified cows' milk. Add IMPERIAL GRANUM to make the hard curds soft and flaky.—Advt.

GERMAN ENVOYS CANNOT GO HOME UNTIL PEACE TREATY IS SIGNED; FORMALLY PRESENT CREDENTIALS

CHINESE ARE DISAPPOINTED

Ask Official Statement on Kiao-Chau Agreement With Japan.

AMERICANS UPHOLD PLAN

Regard Compromise as Best Obtainable Without Risking Break Like Italy's.

JAPAN HELD WHIP HAND

Could Have Withdrawn, Held on to Shantung, and Crippled League of Nations.

PARIS, May 1.—The Chinese delegates to the Peace Conference have requested the Council of Three to give them an official statement on the Kiao-Chau agreement. While not concealing their disappointment over the published unofficial version of the agreement, the Chinese withhold comment, pending an official explanation of the terms.

Under the decision of the Council of Three, all German rights at Kiao-Chau and in Shantung Province are to be transferred without reserve to Japan, which engages to hand back Shantung Province in full sovereignty to China, retaining only the economic privileges granted to Germany and the right to establish a settlement at Tsing-tao, south of Kiao-Chau.

The American delegation to the Peace Conference regards this agreement as the best possible solution of the Far Eastern problem to be obtained without risking a break similar to that which resulted in the Italian delegation leaving Paris. Confidence is felt that the League of Nations, which will have a control over future relations between Japan and China and will guarantee the future territorial integrity and independence of China, will be sufficiently strong to safeguard Chinese interests and insure the return of all China's rights in the Shantung Province.

President Wilson and Premiers Lloyd George and Clemenceau are all especially eager for the withdrawal of allied troops from all enemy colonies and are confident that the League of Nations can speedily solve pending disputes when military pressure is eliminated.

A great difference of opinion prevails in Conference circles as to the effect the compromise arranged in the matter of the Kiao-Chau controversy will have on Far Eastern affairs. The Japanese delegates are pleased over the transfer of German rights and property to Japan and say the agreement virtually carries into effect the provisions of the Chino-Japanese treaty of May 25, 1915. The Chinese withhold any statement, pending the issuance of the actual wording of the agreement to be included in the peace treaty.

The owners of the railway out of Kiao-Chau will use special police only to insure the security of traffic. This force will be composed of Chinese, with such Japanese instructors as the Directors of the railway shall select and as are appointed by the Chinese Government. All Japanese military forces are to be withdrawn at the earliest possible moment.

TOKIO, May 1, (Associated Press.)—The Diplomatic Advisory Council voted today to adhere to Japan's attitude relative to the Shantung Peninsula and to make no concessions or compromises at Paris, according to newspapers here.

PEKING, April 30, (Associated Press.)—Both houses of the Chinese Parliament passed a resolution today, protesting, through the Foreign Office, to the delegates of the five great powers at Paris against the transfer of the control of Kiao-Chau to Japan. Both houses request that Kiao-Chau be restored direct to China without condition. They also ask that concessions in connection with the Kiao-Chau-Tsinan Railway, which were exacted from the Chinese Government by Germany, and protocols of agreement relative to the Kaomi and Tsing-Chowfu and other extensions of the Kiao-Chau Railway be canceled.

JAPAN'S POSITION STRONG.

Could Carry Out Threat to Withdraw if She Lost Shantung.

BY CHARLES A. SELDEN.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, April 30.—A decision in the Chinese-Japanese controversy was reached by the Big Three this morning. The settlement is a compromise, by which Japan must restore to China later on full sovereignty and political rights over Kiao-Chau and all Shantung Province. Japan is to be allowed to retain the railroad and other economic concessions she now holds. Furthermore, Japan is to be allowed to re-

Continued on Page Two.

The label proves ROSE'S GINGER ALE is imported from BELFAST. The taste backs up the label. Ask for ROSE'S.—Advt.

Big Airdrome and a Wireless for League Capital; Site 1½ Miles Square Is Asked For at Geneva

GENEVA, May 1.—The first meeting of the League of Nations in Geneva as the capital will be held in the famous Alabama Hall of the City Hall, it is learned.

The local authorities have been notified that a site one and one-half miles square on the lake shore will be required for the permanent home of the League, and several such sites have been offered by old families of Geneva.

The most powerful wireless station in the world will be constructed here, and also a huge airdrome for diplomatic airplanes, all of which will be extra-territorial. The local authorities are giving every assistance.

Sir James Eric Drummond, Secretary General of the League, is expected to arrive next week to arrange the international archives. Other delegates are to follow Sir Eric within a short time. Hotel apartments and villas in Geneva are at a premium.

ITALIAN DELEGATES DISCUSS SITUATION

Orlando Gathers His Colleagues in Rome for a Conference.

TALKED WITH KING BEFORE

Paris Inclined to Regard Italian Premier's Course as Conciliatory.

Italian Envoy Invited to be at League Meeting Monday

PARIS, May 1.—The Italian Ambassador was formally asked today to be present at a meeting Monday, when the organization of the League of Nations will be considered.

Among the questions still unsettled is the disposition of the German cables.

The Belgian claims have been finally disposed of. An agreement has been reached, giving Belgium priority in the reparations to the amount of $500,000,000.

ROME, May 1, (Associated Press.)—The Italian delegation to the Peace Conference met late yesterday, under the Chairmanship of Premier Orlando, after conferences held by the Premier with the King and American Ambassador Page. The Giornale d'Italia says that in political circles the meeting was considered very important.

King Victor Emmanuel had received Premier Orlando earlier in the day and discussed the situation with him. The King expressed satisfaction with the unity and loyalty shown by the vote of confidence given to the Orlando Ministry by Parliament.

Although the Italian delegates maintained strict reserve, it seems conclusive that Italy will not make any further move unless the allied and associated Governments agree among themselves on a united proposal likely to be acceptable to this country, harmonizing with the verdict of the Italian people made through Parliament.

Senator Francesco Ruffini, ex-Minister of Public Instruction and President of the Italo-American Union, has, at the behest of that organization, addressed the following cablegram to Charles E. Hughes, President of the Italy-America Society, at New York:

"The Italo-American Union in this grave moment which has come in the relations between peoples wishes to reaffirm its hope and faith in the unchangeable concord between the great free peoples of America and Italy."

WASHINGTON, May 1.—Dispatches from Rome to the State Department today indicated that feeling among the Italians was quieting down and that the Italian statesmen were considering the Fiume question with greater soberness.

Paris Expects a Settlement.

BY CHARLES A. SELDEN.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, April 30.—The resolution passed yesterday by the Italian Parliament at Rome is interpreted generally in Paris today by European political experts, including those of the French Foreign Office, as a signal of conciliation and as a sure sign that Italy will be again represented at the Peace Conference in the very near future.

The significant thing in the resolution, which declares confidence in Orlando, it is pointed out by these experts, is that the Parliamentary utterance makes no specific mention whatever of Fiume or Dalmatia. It speaks only in general terms of the rights of Italy, recognition of which is indispensable to a just and durable peace. That is interpreted as giving Orlando or somebody else carte blanche to return to Paris and accept the best terms he can get from President Wilson.

In other words, the situation at Rome

Continued on Page Two.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves Indigestion—Don't forget. —Advt.

HUNGARIAN REDS REPORTED OUSTED

Foreign, War, and Food Ministers Arrive in Vienna with Their Families.

SOUGHT PEACE WITH ALLIES

Offered Territory to Rumanians and Jugoslavs if They Would Stop Fighting.

BERLIN, May 1, (Associated Press.)—The Hungarian Government has been overthrown, according to Vienna reports published in the Berlin newspapers.

The Hungarian Foreign, War and Food Commissaries have arrived at Vienna with their families, and are supposed to have fled from Budapest.

(The Hungarian Foreign, War, and Food Commissaries are respectively Bela Kun, Josef Pogany, and Moritz Erdelyi, Bela Kun being also Premier.)

LONDON, May 1.—The Hungarian Communist Government, a wireless message from Budapest says, has offered the Rumanian and Jugoslav Governments concessions and requested an immediate cessation of hostilities.

The Hungarian War Office statement of April 30 says that the Franco-Serbian, Rumanian, and Czechoslovak forces continued their advance on Budapest. The Rumanians had captured Mezo-Tur, eighty miles southeast of Budapest, and Szentes and Kun-Szent-Marton, south of Mezo-Tur; the Serbians and French had occupied Hodomezo-Vasarhely, while the Czechs were attacking with strong forces Czap and Satoralja-Ujhely, northeast of Miskolcz, and also in the Hernad and Upper Sajo Valleys. The Hungarians retired from Chara.

BERNE, May 1, (French Wireless Service.)—Hungarians living in Budapest have issued an appeal to the Hungarians in Rumania generally to take part in the struggle against the Bolshevist Government of Budapest, according to a telegram from Bucharest given out by the Rumanian Press Bureau here.

"Our country is being led to ruin by unscrupulous agitators who have seized authority," says the appeal. "Hungarians, arm against the usurpers who come from all parts of the world!"

Several hundred Hungarians in Rumania have already enlisted in the Rumanian Army to fight against the Bolsheviki, the advices state. The reports also show that the Hungarians in the towns freed from Bolshevist tyranny by the Rumanian advance are bitterly antagonistic to the Red Guards, who in their retreat carried away hundreds of hostages and pillaged the countryside.

PART OF FOE'S FLEET WILL BE ALLOTTED

France to Get Some German Warships and Italy Some—Rest Will Be Destroyed.

BY RICHARD V. OULAHAN.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, May 1.—The Big Four have decided to give some of the German warships to France and some to Italy and to destroy the others. This is a compromise of the American proposal for the destruction of all the surrendered enemy war vessels.

At its meeting today the Council of Four considered the question of the disposition of the German cables, but reached no conclusion.

MORE ITALIANS IN DALMATIA.

Troops Are Landed at Zara and Sebenico.

COPENHAGEN, May 1.—Italian troops and war material are being landed at Sebenico and Zara, on the eastern coast of the Adriatic, according to advices from Spalato.

The troops are advancing eastward, and the Italians are bringing up reinforcements to the demarcation line.

MAGNIFICO—the different cigar. Mild and fragrant. Manufactured in Key West. Exclusively at UNITED CIGAR STORES.—Advt.

INVEST IN VICTORY NOTES—HARTBORNE, FALES & CO., 71 Broadway.—Advt.

RESOLVE ON VICTORS' PEACE

Allies Will Allow Only Twenty Days for All Negotiations.

BROCKDORFF NEAR A FAINT

Head of Foe's Delegation Pale and Near Collapse from Emotion.

CEREMONY OF 5 MINUTES

Germans Are Received in the Trianon Hotel—Cambon Acts for Allies.

By RICHARD V. OULAHAN.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

By Wireless and Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, May 1.—It is to be a victor's peace. The Council of Four has decided that there shall be no oral negotiations with the German plenipotentiaries. This decision, it is explained, was the outcome of examination of precedents, showing that in a peace dictated by the victor it was customary not to have a meeting around a peace table, but to require the defeated enemy to accept submitted terms.

The program calls for a meeting of the plenipotentiarics of all the Allies, except those nations which merely severed relations, with the German plenipotentiaries next Monday or Tuesday at the Trianon Palace Hotel in Versailles, when the Germans will receive the draft of the allied conditions. The Germans are to be informed that they will have fifteen days in which to submit objections in writing. One of the allied spokesmen is authority for the statement that if the Germans, who have full powers, leave Versailles to consult their Government it will be construed as a rupture of the negotiations.

It is expected that the Allies will take five days to consider the German proposals. They will then hand the treaty draft to the enemy envoys for their signatures. The Germans will be notified that they are required to sign the treaty immediately.

The Allies estimate that it may be not later than May 27 when the Germans are summoned to sign the peace. In the opinion of some the estimate is too hopeful.

A plenary session of the Peace Conference will be held tomorrow or Saturday to enable the smaller nationalities to submit their views on the treaty prepared by the Big Four.

Credentials Are Presented.

VERSAILLES, May 1, (Associated Press.)—At a session beginning at 3:10 o'clock this afternoon and lasting barely five minutes, the German plenipotentiaries to the Peace Congress presented their credentials. It was the first step in the peace negotiations. The German credentials were presented to representatives of the Allies and the United States.

Pale and almost fainting from emotion, Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau, the German Foreign Secretary and head of the delegation, passed through what evidently was one of the bitterest moments of his life. He was barely able to sustain himself through the brief ceremony and reach the waiting automobile which had brought him to the gathering.

The meeting took place in the room of the Trianon Hotel previously used for the sessions of the Supreme Military Council. Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau, on entering, was accompanied by Herr Landsberg, Professor Schuecking and two secretaries. Waiting for him, the allied representatives were grouped around Jules Cambon, the former French Ambassador at Berlin, who is Chairman of the commission. Other members of the allied party included Henry White of the United States, Lord Hardinge of Great Britain, and Ambassador Matsui of Japan.

Exchange of Credentials.

M. Cambon immediately addressed Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau, stating that he was Chairman of the commission intrusted by the allied powers to receive and examine the credentials of the German delegates as the first step in a conference which, it was hoped, would lead to peace.

"Here are ours," continued M. Cambon, extending, as he spoke, the formal credentials of the Allied Commission as plenipotentiaries to the Congress. Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau surrendered the German credentials, with even less of a formal address, his emotion being too great to enable him to deliver an extended discourse.

After these brief ceremonies the

Germans turned and left the hall, walking a few steps to the cars in waiting. They were followed immediately by the allied representatives. The whole ceremony was over by 3:20 o'clock. The allied delegates then rode to the château to inspect the Hall of Mirrors, where the treaty will be signed, and eventually returned to the hotel for tea.

Official Statement Issued.

The French official statement on the ceremony reads:

"The President of the Committee on Verification of Credentials of the Inter-Allied Conference, Jules Cambon, and the other members, Henry White, Lord Hardinge, and Baron Matsui, received at 3:15 o'clock today at Trianon Palace Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau, President of the German delegation. The latter presented the President of the German Committee on Verification, Herr Landsberg, Minister of Justice, and also Herr Simonds, Director of Justice in the Foreign Office, and Herr Ganss, counselor of the Foreign Office.

"The German credentials were given to M. Cambon, who handed over in exchange the credentials established by the allied and associated powers. The German delegates then retired. The respective committees will now examine the credentials submitted to them."

The setting for the preliminary meeting was dull and unimpressive. The skies were overcast and there were occasional bursts of rain. This caused abandonment of the original plan, which contemplated having the German delegates walk from the Hotel des Reservoirs across the park to the Hotel Trianon. This would have followed the involuntary precedent set by Louis Thiers, the French delegate, in discussing peace with Bismarck in 1870. He, like the Germans, resided at the Hotel des Reservoirs, and made his way afoot to the little hotel occupied by Bismarck, then the world's diplomatic centre.

Arrival of the Delegates.

Automobiles, instead, were provided. M. Cambon was the first of the mission to arrive in his car, accompanied by William Martin, Chief of Protocol of the French Foreign Office. Lord Hardinge, accompanied by Secretary Henry Notman; Ambassador Matsui, with his Secretary, and Henry White, with Secretary Christian Herter, followed in quick succession and immediately entered the conference room to await the arrival of the Germans. The latter were delayed for a short time owing to the fact that insufficient instructions had been given to the French gendarmes controlling traffic along the route to the hotel. They halted the car to see the chauffeur's permit.

Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau, at the entrance to the hotel, raised his hat to a group of photographers, correspondents, and officers, who stood outside the building, then passed directly to the conference room. The arrangements for the ceremony provided for strict privacy and the exclusion from the precincts of the hotel of all not immediately concerned.

The French Foreign Office will issue later a formal statement covering the proceedings.

The spacious dining room of the Hotel Trianon yesterday received its Peace Congress installation—three long tables, arranged in horseshoe form, covered with the traditional green cloth of diplomacy, as well as of games of hazard. The installation is imposing in the size of each of the side tables, which extend forty or fifty feet through the room. At the head of the apartment is a table about thirty-five feet long, at which the representatives of the great powers will sit, with President Poincaré or Premier Clemenceau in the middle. Inside the horseshoe is another table, covered with red plush, and in the space between one side of the horseshoe and the windows is a similar table. In the window openings are a number of smaller square tables for secretaries.

Delivery of Peace Treaty.

This is the scene for the handing over of the terms of peace. The exact date of the ceremony has not been announced, but is variously reported to be Saturday or Monday next. The French Government has carefully abstained from naming the day, either to the public or to functionaries intrusted with arrangements, and it is a fair presumption that this is due not only to the problem whether the intervening time will be long enough to verify the credentials of the German plenipotentiaries, but also to the uncertainty as to when the draft of the treaty can be completed. Questions relative to the adequacy of the powers of the German delegates and their qualifications to speak for Bavaria may furnish an occasion for deferring the handing over of the treaty.

According to the Havas News Agency, the opinion prevails in Peace Conference circles that the peace preliminaries will be communicated to the Germans Monday afternoon.

All the German delegates, including Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau, the Foreign Minister, were out for a brief stroll yesterday, despite the inclement weather. The afternoon was chiefly devoted to preparations for the congress. The Germans excite little curiosity in Versailles, and passers-by rub elbows with the Teutonic visitors, scarcely taking note of them as they pass.

Special Police Commissioner Ou Daille has informed the German correspondents that arrangements have been made with regard to them. He told them he was aware that some of them had been in Paris and warned them that they must not leave the triangle of 250 acres reserved for the German delegation. Any infringement would mean their arrest and probable expulsion. Commissioner Ou Daille asked them to comply with the regulations, as the French correspondents do.

Will Observe Regulations.

The chief of the German press men replied, thanking the Commissioner for the courtesy they had received and explaining that his colleagues had acted in ignorance of the regulations, which he promised would henceforth be respected.

Further precautions are being taken, as it has been found that, while the members of the delegation observed the regulations, some of the minor officials had been less careful.

The best known in Paris of the fifteen newspaper men who accompanied the German delegation to the Peace Congress, the Berlin correspondent of the Temps says, is Paul Block, who succeeded Theodor Wolff as Paris correspondent of the Berliner Tageblatt some time before the war. He says that Herr Redlich, who represents the Vossische Zeitung of Berlin, was the Vienna correspondent of his paper during the war, and since then has been chief assistant to Georg Bernhard. Redlich and Bernhard, it is added, have been conducting an editorial campaign in the Vossische Zeitung against the anti-French propaganda in Germany.

Friedrich Stampfer, who represents the Socialist Vorwärts at Versailles, is the leading writer of the Majority Socialist Party and has been the chief contributor to the Vorwärts. Dr. Guttmann in 1914 was the London correspondent of the Frankfurter Zeitung.

HOFFMANN REFUSES TRUCE TO MUNICH

Demands Unconditional Surrender of Red Forces Within the Bavarian Capital.

COPENHAGEN, May 1.—Munich dispatches say that Bavarian Premier Hoffmann has refused another request for an armistice, and insists upon the unconditional surrender of the Communist forces within the city.

The ring of Government troops is closing around the Bavarian capital, according to Berlin dispatches. The villages of Schöngan and Umfing have been captured from the Soviet forces without loss. They are about forty miles northwest of the city.

By GEORGE RENWICK.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, April 30.—This morning the loose, irregular but probably effective military circle around Munich may be said to have been completed save for a short break to the south. That gap, however, is rapidly being reduced as the forces are marching from the east and the west upon Munich.

The Rosenheim Railway and Landshut and neighborhood are firmly in the hands of the Government troops. From that town the advance has been completed half way toward Munich, and General Moehl's troops, together with contingents from Augsburg, have reached and taken Freising. Another force pushed forward to Upper Schleissheim, which is only five or six miles from the outskirts of Munich. Little opposition was encountered.

On the other side of the circle the success of the Government troops has been no less striking, and various towns to which the Munich Government pushed out its forces at the end of the week have again been occupied by Hoffmann troops.

During last evening and this morning the line of the Lech River was cleared, Schongau, Wuesldorf, Pasing, and Amsing being occupied. More to the north Dachau, about ten miles from Munich, is now firmly in the hands of the Hoffmann Government forces, the Red Guards having in most places retired without more than a mere exchange of shots.

The first contingents of Prussian troops have now advanced as far as Ingolstadt midway between Nuremberg and Munich.

Irish Peace Party Leaves Paris.

PARIS, May 1.—Frank P. Walsh and the other delegates sent by Irish societies in the United States to present the case of Ireland to the Peace Conference are proceeding to Dublin from Paris, with the expectation of returning here next week for an interview with David Lloyd George, the British Premier.

JAPAN'S POSITION ON SHANTUNG STRONG

By CHARLES A. SELDEN.

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

store these political rights, which she claims to inherit from Germany, in her own way as a free agent, instead of being compelled to surrender them summarily to China at this moment through the intermediary of the Peace Conference.

As to when Japan must restore China's sovereignty to her is not yet definitely known. Two periods were suggested—one year and eighteen months. Japan vigorously objected to a time limit as a reflection on her integrity and good faith.

Needless to say, this decision is disappointing to China, not because of lack of ultimate tangible results, but because of the method. The blow is softened for China by the realization on the part of her statesmen that President Wilson had a problem to solve which imperatively called for compromise, in which something had to be sacrificed to expediency. Japan is to lose eventually coveted sovereignty over territory of another nation, but the nation entitled to it is to receive it, not immediately, as a matter of right, but a little later on and ostensibly by the grace of Japan, but only ostensibly, for Japan also surrenders something in this arrangement.

If she had her way to the limit no shred of Shantung would ever go back to China.

The Chinese delegates feel no enmity toward President Wilson. On the contrary, they feel convinced that he would have granted their full claims if that had been possible, that he was in entire sympathy with them and felt toward Japan as he felt toward the extreme annexationist element of Italy.

But circumstances sufficiently different make different treatment absolutely essential. Japan is in a strong enough position economically actually to carry out her threat to withdraw from both the League of Nations and the Peace Conference if she lost everything. In that case China would have gained nothing, as Japan would have simply carried out her full program of annexation and political and economic control. Also, the League of Nations would have received a serious blow at the outset of its career by the retirement of Japan.

Lastly and most serious of all was the lively fear felt in all Entente quarters that Japan would have immediately allied herself with Germany and joined the enemy State in bringing into their new combination Russia for another triple alliance to oppose the League of Nations. It was to avert these disasters that Mr. Wilson, or the Big Three, arrived at the conclusion of this morning.

POLITICS INVOLVE ITALIAN POLICY

Wilson's Fiume Declaration May Gain a Free Hand for Orlando.

RIVALS FORCED FIRM STAND

Nationalist Aspirations Are Centred on Reviving the Glories of Ancient Rome.

By WALTER DURANTY.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, April 29.—Is President Wilson a blundering, egoistic autocrat or one of the wisest and boldest statesmen who ever dared cut the Gordian knot of a problem that seemed incapable of settlement? The answer to these two questions will be given in the next few days, but already there are signs that events will decide in the President's favor.

There is nothing to be gained by hiding the fact that for the present, at least, the great mass of the Italian people would answer the first of the above questions with an unhesitating affirmative.

The points of the argument put forward here against the President are direct and simple. First, he opposed the Italian claims in the Adriatic.

From the very fact that the United Kingdom of Italy dates only from the last half century, the Italian nation takes especial pride in its history and regards itself as the heir and recreator of the glories of the Middle Ages and ancient Rome. Now, Italians say, at the moment when they, by great hardship and loss, have won the way to the threshold of their ideal, a foreigner who has no sympathy with their traditions would make them give way to a people whom they regard as hostile and utterly inferior in civilization.

Charge Severity Toward Italy.

Second, it is asserted that the American President was not fair in his severity towards Italy.

"If," they say, "he had been equally uncompromising as regards the Monroe Doctrine and the freedom of the seas and the Sarre Valley, where half a million Germans are put under French sway, to say nothing of the proposed inclusion of millions of Germans in the Polish and Bohemian States, we would have accepted his decision. But he has yielded on those points. Is it because he considers Italy weak and negligible that he is so uncompromising toward us?"

A third grievance lies in what Italians consider unwarranted interference between the Italian people and their elected representative.

"Did he think," they ask, "that we would throw out our leaders at his bidding as war-weary and defeated Germany threw out her Kaiser? What ignorance or what presumption could have led the President to entertain such a hope for a moment?

"Did he not realize that when we acclaimed him on his visit it was not only because we admired the principles on which he has since weakened, but because we regarded him as the representative of the great American people, with whom, despite this incident, we wish to remain on our former terms of admiration and friendship? To judge from that reception that his word was law divine in Italy forever was an error due to vanity and bad taste. We will show the President his mistake by the unanimity of our support of our Government."

Orlando Lacked Freedom to Act.

So much for public opinion in Italy. But such judgment fails to take into consideration three vital factors—the character of the President himself, political considerations here beyond the comprehension of the public, and, lastly, the real state of affairs in the Peace Conference.

The President has shown on many occasions that he is by no means a rash plunger into difficulties. Many times ere this he has confounded his opponents by daring to do an unpopular act or say an unpopular thing.

In his position as Chief of State, well-nigh independent of home political considerations, he alone of the Big Four was able to speak out frankly and precipitate the thunderstorm that might relieve the atmosphere of the unbearable tension that had invaded the conference. For, if the Italian censor will allow me to say so, it is no secret to those "in the know" in Paris that on account of the political situation here, which I will explain later, Premier Orlando was literally unable to abate one jot or tittle of the maximum Italian claims.

However willing the Italian Premier might show himself to hearken to the arguments in favor of moderation, when the time came for a definite showdown he invariably withdrew to his first position and refused to budge an inch therefrom. With the best of good-will in the world, he could not do otherwise, because he was caught between the devil of nationalist fervor and the deep sea of intrigue that aimed to upset him.

On one side was Sonnino, stern, inflexible, rigidly honest and patriotic, whose genuine conviction it is that Italy with her higher civilization not only can but ought, in view of her glorious traditions, to act as the guide and suzerain of more backward peoples. "Tu quoque imperas populos, Romane"—there is Sonnino's motto in one phrase of Virgil.

Political Foes Menace Premier.

But in addition to the Sonninist nationalism, propagated and supported by the burning oratory of D'Annunzio, there are other and deeper reasons for Orlando's standpoint which consist in the attitude of Nitti's and Giolitti's parties and of the Socialists. Nitti, though Minister of Finance, has more or less openly avowed his ambition to succeed Orlando as Premier. In the dark days when victory seemed well-nigh hopeless, Nitti weakened, and thus came nearly in line with the adherents of Giolitti, the former champion of Italy's neutrality. In the last two or three months, a sort of tacit alliance was formed between these groups with the object of overthrowing the Government, although it was understood that each of them wished to be the principal gainer by the projected change.

The method lay in surreptitiously but persistently fanning the nationalist aspirations, "bidding up," so to speak, the Italian claims, in the hope that Orlando's failure to get all that the public would have come to expect might result in his downfall through popular disapproval. Well-informed Italians and foreigners who are close students of Italian affairs, state that this cunning propaganda has been clearly evident in the newspapers controlled by these two groups.

With more open hostility to the Government, the Socialists were acting on similar lines. They helped inflate the balloon of claims that Orlando must press in Paris with the idea that if it burst they might improve their own position as a result of the upheaval that would follow.

Viewpoint Attributed to Wilson.

It is not hard for Americans to imagine that the President was aware of the essential facts of the situation and that he reasoned somewhat as follows: That the appeal to the Italian people would crystallize opinion in Italy; that if it proved hostile to the Nationalist claims, then Orlando would fall, because he returned to Rome as the champion of those claims in Paris.

But if it supported those claims wholeheartedly, then Orlando's hand would be strengthened enormously. Assured by unanimous confidence, he would be freed from the fear of intrigue at home and would be able to meet the Wilson proposals with the desire which he is believed to possess, of doing the best not only for Italy but for the future peace of the world. In either event it will be known where the situation stands, and that is probably why this drastic step, which the President alone could take, was taken.

At present the tide of the President's unpopularity is flowing strong in Rome. In a shop window a few doors from where I write there is a cartoon showing him laden with surprise packets in the shape of concessions to other nations, but refusing Fiume to little Italy.

Giolitti Goes to Rome.

But there are signs that, if I have correctly interpreted his policy, it is already bearing fruit. I had a short conversation today with ex-Premier Giolitti on the train between Turin and Rome. The wily old politician, who looked ten years less than his seventy-five Winters, refused to comment on President Wilson's declaration, but said that, like all patriotic Italians, he would support the Government in this crisis.

"I am an old man," he said, "but I have left my country retreat to add my voice in support of Italy's claims."

I asked whether he did not consider that the effect of the President's action would be greatly to strengthen the Italian Government. He declined to reply, but there was a gleam in his eye which not only belied his protestations of age and retirement, but showed full appreciation of what the question implied.

According to the latest news at the moment of cabling, the Chamber has proclaimed its confidence in the Government unanimously. Save for the abstention of the Socialists, whose leader, Turati, issued a manifesto stating that although it was impossible for them as an out and out opposition party to vote confidence, they would nevertheless have been willing to vote for a motion demanding Fiume.

That such a demand was not expressly inserted in the motion is one of the most hopeful features of the situation. It shows that the Italian Government has no wish to antagonize the rest of the Allies by a show of defiance. Thus the door has not been shut to the negotiations, which can be resumed through the Ambassadors here.

I fear no contradiction in asserting that the wisest heads in Italy are no less anxious to reach a solution than the allied chiefs in Paris, and to reach a solution that shall be acceptable to all parties.

ITALIANS REPRESS GREEKS IN ISLANDS

Severe Measures Reported Used to Stop Demonstrations in Favor of Greece.

PARIS, May 1, (Associated Press.)—Dispatches received from Athens by persons in Greek Peace Conference circles concerning the proclamation of unity with Greece, issued by the people in the Dodecanesus Islands, state that general manifestations in favor of such annexation were held during the Easter fête, in all the islands occupied by the Italians.

At Rhodes, capital of the Island of Rhodes, the people assembled in church and proclaimed annexation to Greece, after which a procession was formed to escort the Archbishop home, when they again acclaimed a union with Greece. The dispatches assert that Italian troops intervened to disperse the procession.

It is added that at Villanova a priest and a woman were killed and two persons wounded by Italian troops. It is alleged that in other places the Italians employed strong pressure to compel the inhabitants to sign a petition in favor of Italy.

On the Island of Skm (Symi?) all the notables were imprisoned. The inhabitants of all the islands were threatened with a stoppage of food supplies if they persisted in giving affirmation to the desire for a union with Greece.

The foregoing report was carried from Rhodes to Athens by a courier, who sent it by telegraph to Paris. A rigid censorship on letters and telegrams is being maintained in all the islands, where martial law exists.

SEEK PEACE WITH POLAND.

Ukrainian Delegation Bound for Paris on Armistice Mission.

PARIS, May 1, (Associated Press.)—A Ukrainian delegation is on its way to Paris to begin negotiations regarding an armistice between Ukraine and Poland. The delegation is headed by Michael Lodyzsky, and is the first official representation the Ukrainian Government has sent here.

It is hoped that a satisfactory and definite arrangement for the cessation of hostilities between the two countries will be the outcome of the conference.

GERMANS PASSIVE ON KAISER'S FATE

Believed in Berlin That Masses Are Willing to Let Allies Try Him.

RESENT HIS SUDDEN FLIGHT

If Cabinet Protests Arraignment, It Is Expected to be for Political Reasons.

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BERLIN, April 30, (via Copenhagen.)—Some of the newspapers here published today the Entente's indictment of William II., which, however, created little excitement among the people. William has lost all his terror in the eyes of the German public, who consider Spartacus and his Independent and Communist friends a far more formidable danger just now than all the Hohenzollerns and other deposed princelings together.

The reactionary danger is not underestimated, but if it comes it is generally agreed that it will not be in the person of the Kaiser or any living Hohenzollern, though Prince Henry of Prussia is said to have especial aspirations. The monarchy, it is believed, could only make its reappearance in Germany in an altogether new form. That even the most extreme Junkers will admit.

The overwhelming majority of the German people today regard William as a theatrical villain whose vainglorious almightiness led to Germany's downfall. They blame him for not dying on the battlefield but fleeing, coward-like, from the consequences of his misdeeds.

Smarting under the consciousness of having permitted such a man to rule for thirty years, the masses of the people would probably prefer to bury William's memory forever. If, however, a plebescite were required to decide upon his surrender to the Allies, it is believed that an overwhelming majority would vote in favor of it.

It is not quite certain how the Government stands on the question. Most of its important members have returned to Weimar, and no reliable information on the subject is obtainable here. If there should be any opposition to the surrender, it would be merely for political or diplomatic reasons.

There are small circles which still cherish a sentimental adherence to William and his cause; but they must not be looked for altogether among the Junkers, many of whom despise William worse today than any of his old enemies. The foremost exponent of this sentiment is the Lokal-Anzeiger, which says:

"The beginning of the Paris negotiations is very unpromising. The Entente insists on one-sided consideration of all questions of guilt. They will be the judges and accusers at the same time.

"The German Government has repeatedly declared its readiness to submit all questions of personal guilt to an impartial court of justice, but has not even been dignified by an answer. For a while it was thought that America and Japan would interest themselves on Germany's side, but that hope has gone if the news of the indictment is correct.

"As far as we can see, there is but one view that our delegates at Versailles must take regarding this unheard-of demand. If the indictment and the anticipated punishments are made a part of the peace contract, the whole complex question of guilt is finally decided against us. If we have not the strength to resist this demand, we should not enter into any negotiations at Versailles."

GERMAN LEADERS IN DISCORD.

Erzberger-Brockdorff Feud Bitter—May Shift Assembly to Berlin.

BERNE, April 30.—Serious differences have arisen between the members of the German National Government, and a change may be expected shortly, according to telegrams from Berlin.

The conflict between Mathias Erzberger, head of the Armistice Commission, and Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau, Foreign Minister and head of the peace delegation, is said to have reached the breaking point. Erzberger, it is expected, will do his utmost to make difficult the work of the Foreign Minister at the Versailles Peace Congress.

In addition, there are serious problems of internal policy. Many members of the Majority Socialists, the advices say, appear inclined to co-operate with the conservative wing of the Independent Socialists to save Germany from a Government on the Bolshevist order.

These leaders are said to favor the creation of a new Government, based upon the principle of the councils of workers, and attempts will be made to get Hugo Haase and Herr Breitscheid, Independent Socialists, to enter a coalition cabinet. A national body of councils, it is said, might supplant the national Assembly and adopt a policy of socialization on a wide scale.

BASLE, May 1.—The German National Assembly will probably be transferred from Weimar to Berlin next week, the Tageblatt of Berlin reports.

AROUSED OVER VOLPNA.

Disaster to Albania Seen In Giving the Port to Italy.

PARIS, April 30, (Associated Press.)—The town of Volpna, which President Wilson in his memorandum to Premier Orlando said should belong to Italy, is not on the Dalmatian coast, but is an Albanian port now occupied by Italians. The Albanian delegates here are much exercised over this recommendation and say that seizure of Volpna by Italy would start a movement which would threaten the dismemberment of Albania.

Premier Venizelos has based on Italy's possession of Volpna a claim on the Albanian islands for Greece, and the Serbians, encouraged by this action, are making proposals which are said to be threatening Albania's existence.

YEAR'S PROBATION FOR FOE?

Paris Thinks Germany May Then Be Admitted to League.

LONDON, May 1.—The Reuter correspondent at Paris says it is expected that Lord Robert Cecil will be appointed British member of the Organizing Committee of the League of Nations and that Germany will be admitted to the League after a period of probation, probably one year.

SAYS POLES PLAN ATTACK.

Erzberger Tells Foch Armistice with Them Would Cease.

BERLIN, May 1, (via Copenhagen.)—Mathias Erzberger, Chief of the German Armistice Delegation, in a note to Marshal Foch, made public in Berlin, says that Germany has reliable information that the Poles are planning in the next few days an advance with large forces against German territory in Posen and Upper Silesia.

He adds that, therefore, it is impossible for the German Government to guarantee that the armistice between Germany and Poland will be maintained if the Poles attack German territory. After such an attack the German Government could not permit further passage through Germany from France of the Polish troops of General Haller.

GERMAN FOOD FUND GONE.

Hoover Meets Peace Delegate to Arrange New Purchases.

PARIS, May 1.—Herbert Hoover, Director General of Interallied Relief, conferred last night with Dr. Theodor Melchior of the German peace delegation, at Versailles, regarding economic questions, principally the provisioning of Germany.

The 220,000,000 marks deposited by the Germans in payment for food is about exhausted, and one of the objects of the conference was to determine what further arrangements were to be made for the purchase of supplies.

OBJECT TO LOSING CABLES.

German Cotton Men Want British to Relinquish Hold.

BERLIN, April 30.—(Associated Press.)—Representatives of the German cotton brokers and the Bremen cotton importers have passed resolutions addressed to the Government and the National Assembly, protesting against the alleged British attempt to seize the fourteen German overseas cables.

The cotton men assert that the loss of the independent cables will endanger Germany's overseas trade and especially will jeopardize cotton transactions with the United States.

ITALIAN DELEGATES DISCUSS SITUATION

By CHARLES A. SELDEN.

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

is developing just as was predicted in Paris when the Italian delegates made their dramatic departure six days ago. The best opinion then and now is that Orlando knew he could not have for Italy all she claimed in the way of annexation, but did not care to assume personal responsibility for taking less, whatever he may have thought of the wisdom of it. His only move to save himself and his own Government was to go back for a further mandate from his Parliament and people.

So much was openly on the cards. In addition to that, it is taken for granted that Orlando realises that Italy cannot afford to cut herself off from America in the Peace Conference or League of Nations for the sake of Fiume or any other new territory. Also, it is taken for granted that there are many other statesmen in Italy with the same realization, and that these men will so compose the popular excitement, so appeal to common and economic sense, that Orlando or some other delegate will be sent back to the conference fully authorized to accept such concessions as Wilson is willing to grant, and so bring the whole Adriatic controversy to a peaceful conclusion.

ORLANDO'S TRIUMPH AT ROME COMPLETE

Parliament Wholehearted in Its Enthusiasm—Bissolati Shares Applause with Premier.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, April 29.—Words fail to describe the electrical atmosphere and intense emotion of today's historic sitting of Parliament. The Chamber was packed, a large proportion of those present being in uniform. A significant fact, immediately noticed by the crowd, was the absence of any representative of the allied Governments.

Punctually at 2 o'clock Premier Orlando appeared. All present sprang to their feet, receiving him with thundering cheers, and crying "Viva Fiume! Annexation! Annexation!" The tumult and enthusiasm lasted ten minutes.

When the Premier started to speak, intense stillness ensued, only broken now and then by applause. When Orlando referred with deep feeling to the passionate determination of Fiume to belong to the mother country, this was the sign for a tremendous demonstration. All parties joined in the cheering, with the exception of the intransigeant Socialists.

Great curiosity existed regarding the attitude of ex-Minister Bissolati, who, it will be remembered, resigned only five days before President Wilson's arrival in Rome last January. His resignation was attributed principally to his point of view as to what Italy should claim as a reward for her efforts. This impression was confirmed by a speech which Bissolati was to have delivered at Milan, but which he was prevented from delivering by the hostility of the audience, and which he then published in newspapers favorable to him.

This attitude of the leader of the Socialist group favorable to the war was taken, especially abroad, as meaning that he might agree with President Wilson about the settlement of the Italian frontiers. In fact, according to reports circulating here, some of Mr. Wilson's informants in Italy or about Italian affairs represented Bissolati as the most likely successor to Orlando, needing only a little assistance to overthrow the present Cabinet, in which case, with the formation of a new Government comprising Bissolati and Nitti, there would be no difficulty in coming to an understanding with the allied and associated powers on the Adriatic question. These reports were absolutely unfounded, being based on a wrong interpretation of Bissolati's ideas, he having always been favorable to the annexation of Fiume.

Faithful to his principles, Bissolati voted in favor of the Cabinet, amid enthusiastic applause, which was repeated when later Orlando shook hands with him, saying that he had always trusted his patriotism.

As early as 8 o'clock this morning a crowd, including a good percentage of women, notwithstanding the rain, began to gather in a queue outside the Parliament buildings, awaiting the opening of the doors to enable them to get good seats to hear Orlando's speech. All the streets leading from the Parliament buildings to the Senate were crowded with people who cheered the Premier on his way.

When the news reached the waiting people of the almost unanimous vote of confidence, with the exception of forty Socialists, a mighty shout of "Viva Orlando!" went up, following him until he reached the Senate.

Gabriele D'Annunzio was expected here tomorrow to speak at a great mass meeting in the Augusteum Hall. The population had prepared a demonstration in his honor at the aviation ground just outside of Rome, where he was expected to arrive by airplane. At the last moment the Mayor of Rome, Prince Colonna, received a telegram from him, sent from the aviation camp under his command, saying:

"I have received an order to remain at my post of command. I obey. Viva Rome! Viva Italy!"

BELGIUM PROTESTS INDEMNITY TERMS

Method of $500,000,000 Allotment from First Payments Rejected by Delegates.

LONDON, May 1.—One of the principal features of the arrangement for indemnity to Belgium against which Belgium is protesting is that that country is to receive £100,000,000 as a part of the £1,000,000,000 which Germany will be asked to pay by the end of next year as part of the total reparation to be exacted, according to the Paris correspondent of The Mail.

The Belgian delegates, it is added, decline to accept the arrangement without consulting their Government because it leaves undecided the proportion of the ultimate reparation money to be allotted to Belgium.

A Reuter dispatch from Paris states that a meeting of the Belgian Cabinet has been held, under the presidency of King Albert, and that the question has been discussed. It has been decided, the dispatch states, that three members of the Belgian Cabinet will be sent to Paris to instruct the Belgian delegates.

BRUSSELS, April 30. — Extremely strong measures relative to Belgium's demands at the Peace Conference have been decided upon by the Government, according to the Soir.

"Belgium will not accept the terms which the Council of Three desires to impose upon her," the newspaper says. "She will demand a complete fulfillment of the promise contained in the declaration addressed to her by France, Great Britain, Italy, and Japan, and that expressed in the seventh of President's Wilson's 'fourteen points.' She will refuse to sign any peace treaty which does not restore Belgium to political and economic independence and does not entirely indemnify her for the damage sustained during the war."

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ITALY AND DALMATIA.

Description of cities on the Adriatic will be found interesting in view of present proceedings at the Peace Conference. Read the Magazine Section of The New York Times next Sunday.—Advt.

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The grace and elegance of a certain silverware may not be easily expounded, but Franklin Booth creates for it an atmosphere that is compelling.

There is a world of opportunity as yet unrealized in the art of advertising.

When you start—start right. The cost of the very best artist is so infinitely small, divided among so many readers as to be wholly negligible, while the effectiveness and profit in each case, multiplied by millions of readers, is enormous.

Advertising space in the Butterick publications is for sale by accredited advertising agencies.

Butterick—*Publisher*

The Delineator

Everybody's Magazine

Two dollars the year, each

6 BELL-ANS Hot water Quick Relief

BELL-ANS FOR INDIGESTION

Contains no dangerous or deleterious substances.

Widespread Disturbances Mark May Day Celebrations Here and Abroad

MAY DAY BATTLES IN PARIS

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

Press correspondent as shots were heard a hundred yards distant:

"They are firing at us, and I have a gun, (producing a loaded weapon from his coat pocket,) but I cannot fire upon my brothers."

Others were less scrupulous, and the behaviour of some of the policemen seemed like an imitation of rioting. One big policeman knocked down a mutilated, war veteran in the sight of the correspondent, who reproved him mildly. The policeman, enraged, hissed:

"You shut up. You will never again see America's shore unless you mind your own business."

Blind Veteran Harangues Mob.

A blind soldier, wearing the ar cross with two palms, entered a stalled automobile. The crowd was silenced and the soldier delivered a speech.

"We are the weakest," he said. "Let us not shed French blood. I cannot see you, but I feel that you are honest workmen and women. Let us disperse.

"Don't mind the police. The soldiers won't hurt you. I'm one of them and for fifteen months I have been fighting for you. I have lost my sight, but I am not sorry, for it has served my country and yourselves. But I should regret eternally if French blood flowed today."

The crowd followed the blind soldier, who was borne on the shoulders of the enthusiastic people.

In Bastile Square, where the rougher element had congregated, a pitched battle ensued which lasted several minutes. The leader of the mob was a tall, red-haired woman, who urged her followers to assault the soldiers. The cavalry and policemen held the crowd with their flashing sabres. At this point more than twenty persons were injured."

Women in general played a prominent part in the riots. Midinettes, with faded lilies of the valley in the lapels of their garments, their faces distorted with rage, again and again charged at the police and cavalry, the horsemen slashing and cutting male and female alike with their sabres.

Shouts for America and Wilson.

Cheering and singing crowds swept past the Hotel de Crillon, the headquarters of the American peace delegation, with shouts of "Vive Wilson!" and "Vive l'Amerique!" Shortly after 2 o'clock in the afternoon detachments of infantry quietly occupied positions near the hotel.

Oil lamps and candles were used to provide light in the headquarters of the American delegation during the early hours of the day. With that exception few inconveniences were suffered by the Americans as a result of the strike.

An extra police guard was placed around President Wilson's residence, but hardly any one loitered in the vicinity.

An infantry regiment was on duty in barracks in the Place de la Republique, in addition to the municipal guard and gendarmes. A strong detachment occupied the basement of, the Bourse, while a larger body of men, with weather-worn uniforms showing that they had come straight from active service, was encamped in the grounds of the Palais Royal, using a field kitchen for meals.

The newspaper Volx'du Peuple, the organ of the General Labor Federation, was distributed to the crowds in the streets, but police and military seized every copy they could find.

Paris presented a mournful and gloomy aspect during the morning, there being no carriages or auto buses on the streets. No newspapers appeared. The Metropolitan Railway was shut down in conformity with the decision to cut off electricity for two hours beginning at 7 o'clock. The tie-up of the transportation lines was broken somewhat by the appearance of a few taxicabs.

Restaurants and cafés were closed and many guests in the hotels had to go hungry if they had not supplied themselves with food beforehand, as no meals were served in most of the capital's eating places. Even the druggists closed their stores.

1 DEAD, MANY HURT IN CLEVELAND RIOT

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

tective Woodring, in defending himself from an attack by the rioters, fired his revolver. The bullet struck one of the crowd and the man was instantly killed.

George Schuckard, 40 years old, of 4,864 Chichester Avenue, was the night watchman who lost his head and fired several shots when he thought the crowd was intent on robbing the bank. Some of the soldiers and sailors who were injured were treated at the Liberty Loan station at 1,183 Broadway. Among these was Private Edward Gillespie, formerly of Company I, 104th Infantry. Gillespie said he was struck by a policeman in the lobby of the Prince George Hotel.

Among the spectators injured in the rioting at the square were two New Yorkers. They are the Rev. Fred P. Haggard, General Secretary of the Baptist Laymen's movement and the Rev. Frank R. Baker. Both clergymen are attending the interchurch world movement convention here. Neither is seriously injured.

After the Public Square riot had been quelled scores of red flags and banners were piled in a heap at the foot of the Soldiers and Sailors Monument in Public Square and burned.

This so enraged the Socialists that they renewed their attack, but the police were sufficiently strong in number to check the outburst.

It was in this fight that John Keller, an ex-marine who lost an arm at Chateau-Thierry, swung his remaining arm with such effect that five radicals required treatment by ambulance surgeons.

RADICALS AND POLICE FIGHT IN BOSTON RIOT

Three Patrolmen and One Civilian Shot—112 Arrested, Including Sixteen Women.

BOSTON, May 1.—The Dudley Street section of the Roxbury district was in an uproar today when 300 policemen, aided by soldiers, sailors, and civilians, fought with a crowd of several hundred radicals who attempted to parade after a May Day meeting.

Three policemen and a civilian were shot, another officer was stabbed, and a number of radicals were badly beaten. Two men who were arrested are in a hospital, and others were treated by physicians before being placed in cells. Early tonight 116 arrests had been made, eighteen being women, and the police were combing the section for groups which were said to be planning further demonstrations.

Following a meeting in the Dudley Street Opera House the radicals filed into the street carrying red flags, wearing red buttons and flaunting radical literature. A number of women wore red dresses. Leaders could not produce a parade permit, and a policeman ordered them to disperse. He was greeted with hoots and pushed aside.

Other policemen remonstrated with the crowd, but it continued to surge up the street. Police reserves were called, and as a wagon approached shots were fired at it. A patrolman was hit. The police fired in the air, not wishing to hit bystanders.

Radicals defied the police, who arrived in large numbers. More shots were fired, stones were hurled, and the police waded into the rioters swinging their clubs. The crowd was game, and even the women fought the police. The police were outnumbered and soldiers, sailors, and civilians went to their assistance. For several minutes a serious street battle was waged.

The police succeeded in breaking up the crowd and began taking out prisoners. The policemen held their guns on the radicals, who threatened to rescue the prisoners. One officer held a gun on five men and said he would shoot the first one who attempted to escape.

DETROIT POLICE STOP PARADE.

Upward of 12,000 Men Strike for Higher Wages.

DETROIT, Mich., May 1.—May Day was marked in Detroit by strikes in nearly a score of factories, upwards of 3,000 workmen joining an undetermined number who failed to report for work this morning. In all cases the strikers have been demanding increased wages. The exact number of men out could not be learned, the plants affected refusing information. Some estimates place the total as high as 12,000.

Police reservier shortly before noon broke up a parade of several thousand radicals. It was said by the police that they had no permit for a parade and were violating the State law by carrying red flags.

CHICAGO POLICE CURB RED DEMONSTRATIONS

Radicals Hold Meetings, but May Day Passes Without Serious Disturbances.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, May 1.—May Day in Chicago passed without serious disturbance. On the West Side, where I. W. W. and Bolshevist sympathizers were holding meetings, there were a few incipient riots. A policeman was attacked by a woman who used her umbrella as a weapon. She and sixteen men were arrested. A few red flags were flaunted, but Chicago as a whole did not pay any attention to the great "general strike." July 4 is the day now set for a "general strike," it was announced at a meeting at Workingmen's Hall.

At this meeting President Wilson was denounced as the great enemy of freedom and democracy. It was an I. W. W. meeting and the speakers claimed that the bomb plot was the work of "capitalist hirelings" to discredit the May Day demonstrations.

The police were active everywhere, and Chief Garrity had accurate reports on meetings and the general movements of the radicals. He laid the recent agitation to the work of New York I. W. W. organizers who came here a few weeks ago.

In Humboldt Park an American flag was lowered during the night and a red flag substituted. Four red flags, bearing messages of the "proletarian dictatorship," were found on elevated station platforms and a red flag was nailed to the flagstaff of the Armour Institute of Technology.

Striking shoe workers, bakers and garment workers, not one-day strikers, but men who are out on special grievances, made up the bulk of the audiences at the West Side meetings. Protests were made at these meetings against the imprisonment of Debs and other leaders. About ten speakers rotated between the three mass meetings in the afternoon and the one held at night. They included Algernon Lee and B. Vladek, members of the Board of Aldermen of New York; Seymour Stedman, J. Louis Engdahl, and Irvine St. John Tucker.

2,500 STRIKE IN SYRACUSE.

Demand for Higher Wages Ties Up Building Industry.

Special to The New York Times.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., May 1.—The building industry of Syracuse was completely tied up today when carpenters, hod carriers, laborers, plastrers, masons, lathers, cement finishers, electrical workers, and sheet metal workers went on strike for higher wages. It is estimated that 2,500 men laid down their tools. The molders' union, although in no way connected with the building trades, also declared a strike.

SYLVIA PANKHURST ARRESTED

Tried to Force Entry Into Commons —May Day Meetings in London.

LONDON, May 1, (Associated Press.)—May Day in England was celebrated peacefully. There were processions of Laborites and meetings in London and also a big parade of Socialists through the West End to Hyde Park, where many speeches were delivered.

The only untoward demonstration of the day was when Sylvia Pankhurst, the militant suffragette, and a score of women supporters tried to force an entrance into the House of Commons. The police prevented their entry and Miss Pankhurst was arrested.

In Scotland the miners took a holiday. Business in Dublin was generally suspended. Railway services in Ireland were tied up, except in Ulster.

1,700 POLICE GUARD MOONEY MEETING

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

heard the shouting of the mob as it swayed back and forth in the street in front of the bank, grabbed a revolver, rushed to the street, and fired four shots. He told the police later that he was "excited and lost his head."

The greatest test the police had to meet was at Twenty-ninth Street and Madison Avenue. The crowd had been dispersed in Twenty-eighth Street and rushed to Broadway, chased by the mounted patrolmen. They reformed their ranks again on hearing a bugler, one of their number, sound "Assembly," marched to Fifth Avenue, up to Twenty-ninth Street, and across to Madison Avenue. As the surging multitude, shouting and jeering, swept past Twenty-ninth Street south toward the meeting place, they were met by a company of mounted patrolmen from curb to curb.

The mounted men ordered the soldiers to disperse, and they refused. The soldiers hurled imprecations on the police for not permitting them to enter the Mooney meeting. The mounted men stood like sentinels, with the rain pouring down their rubber coats. The soldiers threatened to force their way past and sweep into the Garden. They were rallied by several leaders, who urged them to disregard the orders of the police and "rush the cops."

For a time it appeared as if some of the bolder ones in the crowd would take the advice. Several of them edged close up to the horses' heads, and one or two were about to slip through the open spaces between the horses' flanks.

Suddenly from the south a measured tramp of heavy feet was heard. With drawn batons a company of foot patrolmen, keeping in step as if on parade, swung up Madison Avenue, filled the street between the ranks of the mounted men, and then, as a living wall, horses and patrolmen swept back the crowd to Twenty-ninth Street.

Not content with pushing back the crowd the policemen divided them into two parts. One-half of the soldiers and sailors were herded east on Twenty-ninth Street and the other half to the west. Every time the sailors attempted to rush the policemen they were met by the same tactics.

On one occasion a mounted policeman at Fifty-ninth Avenue and Thirty-first Street kept at bay a hundred of the service men who had been driven from the vicinity of the meeting. The men hurled taunts and imprecations at the policeman, who stood still for a time. When he turned his horse's head to the south some one hurled a bottle at him and several stones followed. The reserves were sent for and they dispersed the rioters.

Had to Show Union Cards.

The officers of the Provost Guard under Captain Mills felt that they averted considerable disorder by barring from the meeting all soldiers who did not possess a union card. One of Captain Mills's men asked the soldiers and sailor why they desired so much to enter the meeting. The men said that some one had telephoned all the sailors' and soldiers' clubs and meeting places that Madison Square Garden was to be the scene of a meeting of Bolsheviki and that they had gone there to prevent Bolshevist utterances.

When the mounted policemen swept the crowd west on Twenty-eighth Street, Sergeant H. J. Crompton of the 64th Machine Gun Company ran into the Hotel Latham, at 4 West Twenty-eighth Street, and a mounted patrolman clattered into the lobby after him. Crompton complained that the policeman felled him with a nightstick.

Benjamin Dushman, wounded in France, and a patient at Debarkation Hospital No. 3, in the Greenhut Building, was trampled by the retreating mob in Twenty-eighth Street. Chief Inspector Daly was assisted at the Garden by Inspector James Bolan and Captains James H. Post, William Scobel and William Ward.

Charged with inciting to disorder in that he yelled "Shoot and kill the cops!" James Benedetti, 18, a civilian of 75 Meserole Street, Brooklyn, was locked up in the West Thirtieth Street Station.

The meeting inside the Garden was peaceful, with no disorder of any sort. Dudley Field Malone, one of the speakers, said the only form of redress for "the working people who love America is to lay down your tools and not turn the wheels of any machine" until Mooney was released or given a new trial. He said there had been a general strike recently in Ireland and in England, and that a general strike was in progress in France for the purpose of urging quick demobilization, a just peace, an eight-hour day, and no intervention in Russia.

Rabbi Magnes denounced the man who sent the bombs to the prominent persons in the United States as "a brutal and cowardly criminal and, in addition, an ignorant fool who has hurt the cause of labor which in his ignorance and passion he thought he was helping."

The crowd outside kept the police busy for three hours, but when their leader, the Canadian soldier, retreated into the Hotel Latham and did not appear again, his followers broke up into several groups and slowly left the neighborhood.

A Provost Guard told of a woman escorted by two men who reached the building an hour before the meeting was scheduled. The woman wore a large, bright red tie, and as she was walking in the neighborhood before the meeting opened she was set on by several soldiers, who tore off her tie and beat her escorts.

Pledge a Series of Strikes.

Resolutions pledging organized labor to a series of five-day strikes to start on Fourth fo July, Labor Day, and Nov. 19, the anniversary of Mooney's commutation of sentence of death to life imprisonment, unless Mooney and Billings were freed, were adopted by the meeting. The resolutions further provided that unless the demands of organized labor were met a general strike for an indefinite period would be called on a date yet to be set.

Mrs. Rena Mooney, who was the chief speaker, received a rising ovation from the audience. She was cheered for several minutes by the 7,000 persons present. It was some time before she was able to make herself understood, because of the disturbance made by several hundred persons who left when she arose to speak. Frank Hannah, the Chairman of the meeting, had difficulty in bringing about quiet so she could be heard.

Mrs. Mooney, who is of prepossessing appearance, said she had never been an agitator and was intensely interested in her work as a music teacher. When her day's work was over she would help her husband in organizing the street car men, she said, because of the compassion she felt toward the workers, who were poorly paid for the long hours they toiled.

"I am free, not from indictment, but because Oxman, the famous perjurer, didn't dare testify against me," she said, amid applause.

She said that Oxman had been discredited by the Government investigation so conclusively that he was afraid to appear in court again.

"My husband is in jail, but he doesn't mind it if you workers, who realize the injustice done to him, will continue to fight as you have in the past for him."

Mrs. Mooney thanked the police for the protection she received at the meeting, adding that she thought it a good thing at this time to have them present. She also thanked the few soldiers and sailors who were in the audience for their gentlemanly conduct, as she termed it. She said that many a soldier who had died on the field of battle had carried the photograph of her husband.

"Mr. Mooney is confident," she said in conclusion, "that you won't let this injustice be done. Even the trial Judge who sent him to his death now asks for a new trial for my husband."

Mrs. Mooney was the last speaker, and the audience filed out in an orderly manner.

SOLDIERS AND SAILORS BREAK UP MEETINGS

Make Socialists Display Flag and Sing National Anthem—Call Office Invaded.

May Day meetings of Socialists and trades union members were held in all parts of the city yesterday, at which protests against the imprisonment of Thomas J. Mooney and Eugene V. Debs and demands for their release were read. Soldiers and sailors invaded several of the meeting places and broke up the gatherings. More than twoscore arrests were reported. Among the meeting places raided by the service men were the People's House, 7 East Fifteenth Street, the office of The Call, a Socialist daily, in Pearl Street, and the new building of that paper in Fourth Avenue.

In their visit to the new home of The Call, about 400 soldiers and sailors stormed the offices, a five-story building at 112 Fourth Avenue, and broke up a reception being held by the Board of Directors and stockholders in celebration of the opening of the new office.

About 700 men, women, and children gathered during the afternoon for the reception. About 4 o'clock the soldiers and sailors, armed with sticks and clubs and led by a Canadian soldier, marched to the building. They said they would not permit the meeting, which they had heard was of a Bolshevist nature, to go on, and demanded that posters hung in the windows be removed. When a member of the company refused to remove the posters twenty soldiers and sailors entered the building and tore them from the windows, destroyed the literature on the tables, and drove the people attending the reception to the street.

Many Struck with Clubs.

The remaining soldiers and sailors formed a semi-circle in front of the building, and as the people emerged, the men in uniform struck them with clubs. Seventeen persons, it was said, had to be treated for injuries. One of the Call stockholders, who was threatened by soldiers, ran to the rear of the building and jumped from a window twenty-five feet above the ground. One of the soldiers, when asked why they attacked the meeting, replied: "We are Arthur Guy Empey's men and are going to treat 'em rough.'"

When the police reserves of the Mercer Street Station arrived, they found several fist fights going on in the hallways and rooms. Sergeant John Smith demanded to know what was the trouble and a soldier told him they had been informed that a Bolshevist meeting was to be held there, at which several men in uniform were supposed to speak. Sergeant Smith had no difficulty in inducing the men to leave the building and they filed out quietly.

After quiet had been restored at the Fourth Avenue building the police were requested to send protection to the old offices of the newspaper in Pearl Street. As a result policemen were stationed outside both buildings, but nothing further happened.

At the newspaper office it was declared that eleven members of The Call staff had been attended by ambulance surgeons from New York Hospital and that seven had been removed to that institution. Inquiry at the hospital showed that no members of the newspaper staff had been admitted there and that no ambulances had been sent to the publication's offices.

A representative of The Call Printing Company denied that the meeting had anything to do with Bolshevism, and said the only topic spoken of was the art of newspaper making.

In the midst of a meeting addressed by Socialists at the People's House, the audience heard shouts of "Put up the flag!" from a group of soldiers and sailors gathered outside, who had marched to Fifteenth Street from Madison Square Garden after they were unable to gain admittance to the concert arranged by the Clothing Workers' Union.

Several policemen barred the service men from the house and they continued to shout for a flag to be run up on the flagpole in front of the building. Some one in the building procured an American flag and the soldiers cheered when it was run up. In the meeting Municipal Court Justice Jacob Panken blamed the reporters for the demonstration. He said that the Socialist Party would probably be blamed for the bombs found in the mails, and said it was "absurd to think that was true." He declared it was probably the work of some policeman or, "what is a more plausible explanation, a scheme of that peanut of a Mayor we have."

Throw Out Books and Pamphlets.

The soldiers who had attempted to enter the building went to the Russian Workers' House, at 133 East Fifteenth Street, and forced the gathering there to sing "The Star-Spangled Banner." Then they threw out all the books and pamphlets they could find. They next went to Webster Hall, where another meeting was in progress and forced the audience to sing the national anthem.

The first disorder of the day occurred in the Bronx, when the police broke up a parade at 149th Street and Third Avenue and arrested a man who asserted he had a permit for a meeting at Bergen Avenue and 149th Street. The parade started at 144th Street and Willis Avenue, led by Joseph Tomozyk, who wore a red band around his derby, which bore the phrase, "Free Political Prisoners." Tomozyk had about thirty followers wearing similar bands, and when a crowd of several hundred persons attempted to prevent the meeting there was an altercation and Tomozyk was struck on the jaw. He was arrested and in his pocket was found a pamphlet with the title, "Free Your Fellow-Workers," published by the Workers' Defense League, 7 East Fifteenth Street. Tomozyk was held in $500 bail in the Morrisania Court for a hearing this morning.

Wear Red in Brownsville Parade.

Thousands of residents of the Brownsville section of Brooklyn paraded to the tune of revolutionary airs and carried banners of protest. Among the organizations represented in the parade were the Teachers' Sunday Schools, the Tenants' League, and the barbers. Women and children in the parade wore broad red sashes. Among the inscriptions on the banners were:

"We demand freedom for our comrade, Eugene V. Debs."

"We demand freedom for our comrade, Tom Mooney."

Other demands were for the freeing of "political prisoners" and for the reduction of rents.

Detectives and plain clothes policemen attended most of the May Day meetings and made notes of the utterances of the speakers.

Mayor Hylan, Judge Westenhoever, who sentenced Debs, and Judge Kenesaw M. Landis, who sentenced Haywood, and other members of the I. W. W., and also received a bomb through the mails, were attacked by speakers at an open-air meeting held by Harlem Socialists at Fifth Avenue and 110th Street. Resolutions were adopted calling for the repeal of the espionage law, withdrawal of American troops from Russia, and the lifting of the postal ban on radical publications.

"I will give you an idea of some of our institutions you are not familiar with. Thirty days in the Workhouse," said Magistrate Nolan in Morrisania Court to Emil Wagner, 21, of 751 East 155th Street, convicted of disorderly conduct after having attempted to lead a parade without a permit. He wore in his hatband a card reading, "Free Political Prisoners," and said he displayed it because he wanted to make May 1 a labor holiday. He said he was in possession of "first papers."

Storm Clothing Workers' Concert.

A group of 150 soldiers and marines attempted to force their way into Madison Square Garden yesterday afternoon, where a May Day celebration and concert were in progress under the auspices of the New York Joint Board of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America.

Most of the service men arrived in a large white sightseeing motor bus, accompanied by a bugler, who sounded "To arms" and "Assembly." Augmented by several scores of soldiers and sailors from the vicinity the men, led by a Canadian, attempted to pass the provost guards and the policemen and enter "to break up the meeting."

"We want to get into this German meeting!" shouted some of the men. Captain D. C. Mills of the Provost Guard pleaded with the men to disperse, saying the meeting was orderly and that there was nothing un-American about it. He told the men that the meeting was not the one scheduled to protest against the imprisonment of Thomas J. Mooney.

The men refused to leave and began to push the policemen and provost guardsmen. The barrier of officers shoved the men back, and for ten or fifteen minutes the lobby of the Garden was packed with a swaying mass of soldiers and policemen. The police and Provost Guards finally managed to force the men back from the front door.

Sidney Hillman, President of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers, made a statement after the meeting in which he said:

"I do not blame primarily the soldiers and sailors who took part in the minor disturbances which occurred outside the hall. The whole matter was prearranged and financed by some one who provided a big sightseeing car to bring the first would-be disturbers to the Garden. Those asked where the German meeting was to be held.

"Propaganda, such as that which caused the difficulty this afternoon, is conducted by the Junker element here, which is attempting to destroy the labor movement. It is to be regretted that the United States uniform should be abused in this manner. We are taking this opportunity of calling the attention of Federal as well as State and local officials to this serious state of affairs. We wish also to express our appreciation to the police, who successfully prevented other disturbance, and to the members of the Provost Guard, who co-operated with them."

From Old York to New York

In Men's Suits we have a very extensive collection of imported cloths, made of Australian worsted yarns, loomed near the cathedral city of York, England. Neither bought from middleman, nor ordered by mail, but selected in Yorkshire by a representative of the firm.

MEN'S SUITS OF IMPORTED CLOTHS HAND-TAILORED AND READY $65

Franklin Simon & Co.

FIFTH AVENUE
Men's Clothing Shop, 8 West 38th Street
LOCATED ON STREET LEVEL

FIND MORE BOMBS SENT IN THE MAILS

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

was said on Wednesday were either en route or else held in Post Offices pending investigation by the Post Office inspectors. All of these unreported bombs, with the exception of the one sent to Senator Overman, are said to be addressed to men in the West.

Chief Cochran of the Postal Inspection Service said yesterday that he was confident that no more bombs would reach those to whom they might be addressed. Every Postmaster and every postal employe in every city and town in the United States, he added, was now on the watch for suspicious packages, with instructions to withhold all such packages from delivery and to report all matters of suspicion to the nearest headquarters of the Postal Inspection Service.

The expected round-up of anarchists and other radicals who are agitating for the overthrow of this Government did not begin yesterday. The authorities, it was explained, were moving slowly, but thoroughly, and when the time came every person suspected of activities directed against the Government, its officials, or other persons prominent in the public or private life of the country would be seized. In making arrests, it is understood that the authorities will act with the expectation that all agitators of alien citizenship will be deported, while those of American citizenship will be held for criminal prosecution in the Federal courts. It was said yesterly that the names of more than 2,200 alien agitators were now filed in the files of the Federal authorities in this city and that every one of these persons could be deported if the Department of Justice and the Department of Labor saw fit to recommend such action.

The authorities, local as well as Federal, are now proceeding on the theory that the motive behind the nation-wide conspiracy is three-fold in scope. In the first place the conspiracy, it is held, is directed against the enforcement of the deportation provisions of the immigration laws, and the prospect of the passage by the next Congress of a law which will still further restrict immigration into the United States. This theory, the authorities assert, is substantiated by the fact that Congressman Burnett, Chairman of the House Committee on Immigration; Commissioner General of Immigration Anthony Caminetti, Attorney General Palmer, and Frederic C. Howe, Immigration Commissioner on Ellis Island, were among those to whom bombs were addressed. All of these officials have been active in the deportation controversy that followed the arrest and the actual deportation of several radical agitators in the West.

In the second place the I. W. W. phase of the conspiracy, the authorities believe, is proved by the fact that Judge Kenesaw M. Landis of Chicago, District Attorney Fickert of San Francisco, President Wood of the American Woolen Company, Mayor Ole Hanson of Seattle, and several others to whom bombs were mailed have been active in the prosecution of agitators belonging to that organization, which is openly agitating for a Bolshevist Government in this country. The I. W. W. phase also links up with the immigration phase because practically all of the agitators who have been deported from the United States were members of the I. W. W.

The Bolshevist phase is emphasized by the inclusion of Senator Overman in the list of those whose murder was contemplated by the conspirators, while a radical Socialist tinge is given to the whole affair by the inclusion of Justice Holmes of the Supreme Court of the United States in the list, for it was Justice Holmes who handed down the decision upholding the conviction of Eugene V. Debs. Mayor Hylan, another of those to whom bombs were mailed, recently wrote a letter in which he severely arraigned local Bolshevist agitators and sympathizers.

Four More Bombs Dissembled.

Four more of the bombs found in the New York Post Office were opened by Inspector Eagan of the Bureau of Combustibles yesterday. There are still nine unopened in the Post Office. The first one dissembled yesterday was addressed to Mayor Hylan, the second to Police Commissioner Enright, and the third to John D. Rockefeller. The address on the fourth was not given out. Inspector Eagan said that in each instance the bomb held the usual quantity of dynamie and phial of sulphuric acid. The Inspector reiterated his opinion that the bombs were made by experts.

Inspector Faurot, in command of the Bomb Squad at Police Headquarters, also started an investigation yesterday in an effort to identify the conspirators and began by ordering the finger print experts of the department to make a thorough inspection for finger prints on each of the bombs. What appeared to be finger marks were discovered on several of the wooden cylinders in which the explosive part of the bombs was inclosed. Policemen in all precincts were ordered to make inquiries of dealers in glassware, wooden tubes, and cardboard boxes concerning recent sales.

Some suspicion was aroused yesterday by a package which was sent by mail to Justice Philbin of the Supreme Court. The package was examined by the authorities, who found that it contained merely a legislative manual.

A conference was held late on Wednesday night to map out a course of action in which the city and Federal authorities could co-operate. Attending this conference among others were District Attorney Swann, Police Commissioner Enright, United States Marshal Thomas D. McCarthy, and representatives of the United States District Attorney's office and the Department of Justice Bureau of Investigation. None of those who participated in the conference would disclose the plans of action which were discussed. Marshal McCarthy ventured to suggest that in his opinion the bombs were the work of anarchists.

It was also learned yesterday that two of the bombs—the two now en route to Salt Lake City—were returned to Gimbel Brothers, the firm whose forged name was printed on the paper wrappers. Both of these bombs bore insufficient postage, and the clerk who received them added the necessary stamps and started the bombs on their way across the continent. The clerk, it was said, had supposed the packages contained "sample" materials from the store in which he is employed. According to one account, the clerk had a narrow escape from injury, for he tampered with the wrapping of the package.

Deported Man Assails America.

The Department of Justice is investigating a newspaper which is published in East Fifteenth Street, this city, by the Freedom Publishing Company. This paper is called Freedom. The May issue has just come off the presses and is now being distributed. A copy of the paper was furnished by a Federal official yesterday. The paper contains a letter from Carl W. Newlander, one of the I. W. W. agitators who was deported on April 24 last. The letter, with a "note by the editor" added, follows:

FAREWELL, COMRADES:

The Department of Justice, together with the Department of Labor and Immigration, has finally decided that my education in this country is completed. After twelve years of various activity, finishing up with a short course of study of conditions on Ellis Island among the immigrants and deportees confined there. I finished with two months in the modern institution, the Essex County Jail, Newark, N. J. Seven months in all to complete my study. I am now considered as fit by the above departments' officials to go back to the land where I was born and there teach and explain the true conditions in the land of Democracy.

I am leaving with the hope that some day the native American will realize his chains and cast them off, trusting I shall be able to help with the work now going on in Sweden and soon see the workers there gain their own.

To the friends I worked with, I express my regret that I was unable to do but a little while here. I hope that the work will be carried on with new vigor now, when so many eventful things happen in all countries. I shall try to keep in touch with you and, if possible, let you know how the true conditions are in the battlefield of labor in Europe. Yours for anarchism,

CARL W. NEWLANDER.

Note.—On April 24 our comrade, Carl W. Newlander, was deported to Sweden, on board the United States. The name of the steamer will remind him on his voyage of the "land of the free and the home of the brave."

Let us repeat our challenge from our last issue—thousands of us are ready to be deported—why don't you get busy, all of you, members of the American Black Hundred, and do your duty to your country and to Capitalism, whose willing tools you all are. It may not be out of place to record here that our Spanish comrades were deported last week to Spain.

More deportations! More cruelties! But take heed—the people will rise one day and treat you like the tools of the late Czar were treated by the revolutionary masses in Russia.—Ed.

There are numerous articles in the paper advocating anarchy and Bolshevism.

Distributed Bolshevist Pamphlets.

One of the results of orders to the police to watch for agitators was the arrest yesterday of Nathan Abramovitz of 1,342 Park Avenue, who was found distributing Bolshevist pamphlets on Madison Avenue between 106th and 107th Streets. He was arrested by Policeman Carr of the East 104th Street Station. One of the pamphlets contained a proclamation said to have been issued by Trotzky and Lenin to allied soldiers on the Archangel front, in which the Bolshevist leaders called on the American, British, and other allied soldiers to lay down their arms and turn against their own Governments. Another pamphlet had to do with the conviction of Haywood and Debs and was a call for a general strike. Abramovitz was turned over to the Federal authorities.

A report was in circulation yesterday that the bombs sent through the mails were of German origin. There was nothing given out in any official quarter to support such a theory.

The National Security League announced last night that the Governors of eight States and the Mayors of seventy-two American cities had accepted membership on the committee which will assist the league in its fight against Bolshevism in this country. The Governors who have accepted membership are Larrazolo of New Mexico, Campbell of Arizona, Roberts of Tennessee, Cornwell of West Virginia, Harrington of Maryland, Townsend of Delaware, Shoup of Colorado, and Goodrich of Indiana. Governor Holcomb of Connecticut has selected Judge George W. Wheeler of the Connecticut Supreme Court to serve on the committee in his stead.

Among the seventy-two Mayors on the committee are: McCord of Tallahassee, Fla.; Vandiver of Rome, Ga.; Striplin of Florence, Ala.; Ford of Shreveport, La.; Bowen of Fairmont, W. Va.; Kreeck of Lawrence, and Dawson of Great Bend, Kan.; Routt of Charlton and Thompson of Waterloo, Iowa; Daumgartner of Sedalia, Mo.; Wight of Trinidad and Mills of Denver, Colo.; Kollmer of Stillwater, Minn.; Brown of Ypsilanti and Mundy of Bay City, Mich.; Rew of Rockford, Pearsons of Evanston, and Barber of Joliet, Ill.; Horn of Lorain, Ohio; McAtee of Hartford City, Ind.; Keister of Harrisburg, Pa.; Quinn of Cambridge, Creamer of Lynn, and Moulton of Pittsfield, Mass.; Wilson of Bridgeport, Conn.; Watt of Albany, Stone of Syracuse, and Wallin of Yonkers, N. Y.

OVERMAN WAS MARKED.

Bomb Addressed to Him Is Discovered at Salisbury, N. C.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—The Post Office Department was informed today that a bomb addressed to Senator Lee S. Overman, Chairman of the Senate Judiciary Committee, and also Chairman of the "Overman Sub-Committee," which lately investigated Bolshevism in this country, had been intercepted at Salisbury, N. C., the Senator's home. The Postmaster of Salisbury telegraphed that the parcel containing the bomb was similar to the others already accounted for. It will be held intact until a postal inspector examines it carefully.

There is a possibility that the public buildings in Washington may again be closed to general visitors, as they were during the war days. Since the armistice was signed, the regulations have been relaxed, and the passes, formerly required, are not now asked for. Visitors to the Capitol are again required to deposit packages with the police at the entrance doors, before going into the building.

The Bureau of Mines has been called into consultation with the Post Office Department and the Department of Justice, and samples of the contents of the bombs will be sent to the bureau for analysis. Post Office officials believe that valuable clues will be found by the Bureau of Mines. It is learned that Post Office Inspectors are canvassing manufactories of pasteboard boxes, in an effort to trace the peculiar "Japanese candy boxes," used in the New York bombs.

Postmaster General Burleson was strong in his praise today of the New York Post Office employes, and particularly of Charles Kaplan, the postal clerk who returned to duty in time to keep sixteen bombs from being sent out through the mails. The Postmaster General telegraphed to Postmaster Patten of New York City, asking Mr. Patten to express to the employes his commendation for their "watchful intelligence." Mr. Burleson suggested to Mr. Patten that "such faithful" zeal as that shown by Mr. Kaplan should be rewarded in some suitable manner.

SALISBURY, N. C., May 1.—The package addressed to Senator Lee S. Overman was discovered by a post office clerk while assorting the mail this morning. Had the package been delivered promptly at the Overman home it probably would have been opened without questions, as two daughter of Senator Overman were married last night and many gifts were received by mail and express from all parts of the country.

Senator Overman said today that he had received several letters recently threatening his life because of his activities against enemy propaganda in this country.

BOMB SENT TO SENATOR KING.

Infernal Machines for Him and Federal Prosecutor Intercepted.

SALT LAKE CITY, May 1.—Two bombs, one addressed to United States Senator William H. King and one to Frank K. Nebeker, who prosecuted the I. W. W. in Chicago last year, were intercepted in the Salt Lake Post Office today. The packages were of the same size and shape as those previously described as having been sent broadcast, according to the inspector of mails in the local Post Office.

Information that a bomb mailed in New York on Tuesday to United States Senator Reed Smoot at Salt Lake City was given to Salt Lake Post Office officials today. Shortly thereafter official advices from the Post Office Department reached here containing the same information.

The Post Office authorities were instructed to watch the mails closely and prevent delivery of the bomb should it reach this city. It was said that it might be sent to Provo, Utah, Senator Smoot's home. The package had not been received late this afternoon.

OPEN BOMB FOR LANDIS.

Found Similar to the Infernal Machines Dissembled Here.

CHICAGO, May 1.—The package received by Judge K. M. Landis through the mail from New York yesterday was opened today, and found to be of the same construction as the bombs found in the New York Post Office and other parts of the country.

Police and Federal officers today maintained strict watch around all public buildings and institutions. Chief of Police Garrity held every available policeman on duty, for any emergency.

FICKERT SUSPECTS REDS.

Believes That the Bomb Plot Is of Tremendous Scope.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 1.—Regarding the bomb plot, District Attorney Charles M. Fickert, who is lying seriously ill in a hospital, said today: "This is not a local matter. It is a national, and perhaps an international, plot to get every official in the country who has been noted for his stand in favor of law and order. I do not believe that it springs directly from the Mooney case. It appears to be nation-wide in scope, and I think the campaign is being carried on by a band of 'Red' terrorists who are determined to murder as many of the upholders of the present Government as they can."

Mr. Fickert, who prosecuted the case against Thomas J. Mooney, was not informed that a bomb had been sent to him until today, as his physicians believed that news of it should be kept from him until his condition had improved.

HANSON WARNS AMERICA.

Says Government's Policy Toward Anarchism Is Weak and Vacillating.

TOPEKA, Kan., May 1.—In a Victory Loan address today before the Topeka Chamber of Commerce, Mayor Ole Hanson of Seattle denounced the policy pursued by the Government toward anarchism and the I. W. W. as "a skim milk, weak, vacillating, and changeable" one, and gave a warning of a "widespread, national effort to overthrow the Government and society by violence." He declared the Government was "on the wrong track in starting conferences instead of cemeteries in dealing with the I. W. W.," and "in singing of brotherly love and turning loose these enemies of society."

As to the bomb plot in which he himself was one of the intended victims, the Mayor said:

"I trust Washington will buck up and clean up and either hang or incarcerate for life all the anarchists in the country." Revealing great emotion, he added: "If the Government doesn't clean them up I will. I'll give up my mayorship and start through the country. We will hold meetings and have hanging places." Mayor Hanson said he believed that the I. W. W. was at the bottom of the bomb plot.

"The conspiracy to overthrow the Government is widespread," he said. "It permeates every State in the Union. The I. W. W. have followers everywhere. These men must be ruled by a rod of iron; kindness means weakness to them."

Concerning the pending I. W. W. convention, Mayor Hanson said:

"Any Mayor that will permit an I. W. W. meeting in his city should be recalled and banished from America. He is not an American."

LIGGETT'S EPSOM SALTS

There are different qualities of this commonly used household drug.
Liggett's consist of cl

TODAY is somebody's wedding day, somebody's birthday, somebody's anniversary, and at Ovington's you will find hundreds of distinctive remembrances for these occasions at prices unusually moderate, beginning at $2.50.

And during the Victory Loan you have the satisfaction of knowing that every penny you spend goes into Victory Bonds, for Ovington's have pledged to the Loan their entire cash receipts.

OVINGTON'S
"The Gift Shop of 5th Avenue"
312 5th Ave., near 32d St.

BELMONT
Black Kid; Black Calf; Chocolate Kid; Patent Leather.

What Are Good Shoes?

Shoes that are made of genuine leather, on approved lasts and which hold their shape until worn out, are considered good shoes. But is that all—what about the comfort and protection they should afford the feet? That is where most shoes fall down.

The Dr. A. Reed Cushion Shoes have every feature that good shoes should possess and above all they give comfort and protection to the feet. Your feet will be comfortable every hour you wear them, no matter how far they take you. That is what we call good shoes.

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Annuities yield the largest income of any investment of equal certainty. The income on the amount deposited depends upon the age at which the income begins, as follows, guaranteed for life:

Men		Women	
Age 40..	6.17%	Age 40...	5.60%
" 50..	7.40%	" 50...	6.64%
" 60..	9.66%	" 60...	8.51%
" 70..	13.80%	" 70...	12.14%

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For the man who appreciates office furniture of distinction
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of exceptional quality and efficiency; in finish, construction and appearance this desk leaves nothing to be desired.
QUICK and McKENNA
309 Broadway. Tel. Franklin 3709.

NOTE SALE SPURT SETS HIGH MARK

Rainbow Division Reports $49,281,400 as Day's Subscriptions to Loan.

BANK SHOWS $31,368,350

Many Respond to Appeal of Victory Committee for Volunteer Workers.

STILL MORE ARE NEEDED

Campaign Gathers Force but District Must Take $117,846,000 Daily to Meet Quota.

The Victory Note Campaign began to gain momemtum yesterday. The Rainbow Division, canvassing the industries, trades and professions of the city, had its biggest day, reporting a total of $49,281,400. The Woman's Liberty Loan Committee, directing booths throughout the city, had its first million-dollar day of the campaign.

Many volunteer workers offered their services yesterday in reply to appeals from Victory Note headquarters at 120 Broadway, but more canvassers are still needed in order to finish the big task which faces New York City next week, when approximately two-thirds of the quota will have to be raised in the remaining one-third of the drive.

The Federal Reserve Bank announced subscriptions of $31,368,350 for New York City yesterday, but this figure does not adequately reflect the day's activity, because it includes only a part of the sum reported by the Rainbow Division. The official report of the Federal Reserve Bank is as follows:

NEW YORK CITY.

	Quota.	Total to Date.	P. C. of Quota.
Manhattan	$321,022,200	$190,635,100	20.5
Brooklyn	89,857,400	19,051,800	31.8
Queens	7,976,000	1,319,350	18.6
Bronx	4,975,600	421,000	8.4
Richmond	1,650,400	305,300	18.7
New York City.	$1,009,561,600	$211,732,550	21.1

SUB-DISTRICTS.

	Quota.	Total to Date.	P. C. of Quota.
No. 1 (Buffalo)	$65,440,000	$12,106,000	18.5
No. 2 (Roch.)..	31,661,100	7,918,350	25.
No. 3 (Syrac'se and Utica)...	43,607,700	9,444,050	21.6
No. 4 (Binght'n and Elmira)..	14,175,000	5,201,450	36.7
No. 5 (Albany).	52,636,660	12,495,300	24
No. 6 (Long I., outs. N.Y.C.).	8,131,100	2,260,500	27.8
No. 7 (North'n New Jersey).	107,887,500	22,915,700	21.2
No. 8 (Fairfield Co., Conn., Westchester & Rockl'd Cos.).	26,499,400	5,304,250	20
Total outside N. Y. City.	$349,438,400	$77,646,200	22.2
Total for dis.	$1,350,000,000	$289,378,750	21.4

The following subscriptions were reported yesterday by banks and financial institutions:

J. P. Morgan & Co.	$1,000,000
P. Lorillard Co.	1,000,000
Vogelstein & Co.	500,000
Underwood Typewriter Co.	500,000
William Nelson Cromwell.	300,000
Empire City Savings Bank	250,000
Cities Service Company	250,000
Adolph Lewisohn & Sons	250,000
City Savings Bank of Brooklyn	250,000
Harlem Savings Bank.	200,000
Fidelity-Phenix Fire Insurance Co.	250,000
H. L. Doherty & Co.	250,000
The Fidelity and Casualty Co.	200,000
August Belmont & Co.	100,000
Alfred T. Cockefair.	50,000
Locomotive Superheater Co.	45,000
W. Stursberg.	35,000
John Simons Co.	30,000
Connecticut Mills.	25,000
Charles Harris.	15,000
Philip L. Stursberg.	10,000
Hockmeyer Brothers.	10,000
Total	$5,500,000

For the remaining business days of the Victory Note campaign an average of $117,846,000 must be raised daily in the district in order to reach the quota of $1,350,000,000.

Italians Are in Front.

The Italians of New York City lead all others of foreign birth in their Victory Note subscriptions so far, according to the report of the Foreign Language Bureau, head by ex-Commissioner Joseph Hartigan. The standing is as follows:

Armenian	$7,150
Finnish	50
Greek	11,200
Italian	1,000,000
Japanese	363,000
Latin American	2,900
Lettish	5,150
Lithuanian	4,450
Norwegian	15,500
Slovenes	12,200
Swiss	1,150
Serbian	10,000

Liberal investment in Victory notes on the part of all the people is one of the surest methods of killing Bolshevist movements and strengthening real democracy in this country, declared ex-Ambassador Abram I. Elkus yesterday in his address from the steps of the Sub-Treasury:

"Just as the boys we sent to France achieved a great victory over the Hun so those of us who stayed at home must make this Victory Loan a real victory for America," he said. "It is our solemn duty to see to it that the great democratic principles for which this war was fought are made permanent and secure, and we cannot do this unless this Victory Loan is a success—unless it goes over the top.

"Today is the great international labor holiday. Throughout the world labor celebrates this day to show its progress in the world. Labor owes it to this Government, where labor is treated better than in any other land under the sun, to show its appreciation of what America has done for it, to do its part in making this loan the success it deserves.

Sees Guard Against Reds.

"We do not fear May Days in America. We do not fear any uprising on the part of the people against the Government or of class against class, because the people here are the Government and in our Government every man and woman has a voice and every one is a part of the Government. The real democracy of every American is our great bulwark and protection against extreme radicalism. To put our belief in democracy in substantial form you should subscribe for Victory bonds. A fifty-dollar bond is the best way to show your belief in our Government.

"As a business investment no such opportunity has been or probably will be afforded to the American people as this loan permits. Any one who has savings on credit ought to grasp this opportunity to invest in the best secured loan the world has ever seen."

An extended use for Victory notes and earlier issues of Liberty bonds as security for the full performance of public contracts on the part of contractors, and whenever a penal bond of any kind is required by any act of Congress, is permitted, according to the following statement from Lewis B. Franklin, director of the War Loan Organization in Washington, yesterday:

"The Revenue act of Feb. 24, 1919, permits the use of Liberty bonds, or other securities of the United States, wherever and whenever a penal bond of any kind is required by any act of Congress or any rule or regulation of any department of the Government. These bonds will be accepted at par, and if coupon bonds are deposited the depositors will be allowed the privilege of having these bonds converted into registered bonds during the time that they are held on deposit by the Government as security, or in the event that they prefer to retain their coupon bonds arrangements will be made for detaching the interest coupons at stated intervals, and forwarding such coupons to the depositors under regulations which will be prescribed by the Treasury Department for the Government as a whole.

Extends Use of Bonds.

"This legislation offers an opportunity for the enlarged use of bonds of the Government by contractors who may prefer to deposit securities of this kind instead of resorting to the use of individual or corporate surety bonds.

"It is believed that the action of the Government in this respect will encourage municipalities, counties, and institutions in accepting Liberty bonds as security for the performance of public contracts or the fulfillment of public trusts. Regulations covering the use of Liberty bonds and other securities of the United States are now being prepared by the Treasury Department and will be published for the information of the bond-approving officers of the Government and others who may be interested in a few days."

Victory notes amounting to $125,000 were sold aboard the U-148, one of the four ex-German submarines brought to this country during the last week on its visit yesterday to Atlantic Highlands. Every Victory note purchaser was taken aboard the craft.

RECORD DAY'S TOTAL FOR RAINBOW DIVISION

Largest Subscription Is $5,000,000 as Canvassers Set Fast Pace in Victory Loan Sales.

The Advisory Trades Committee in charge of the drive on industry which the Rainbow Division of Victory Loan workers are making in New York City, announced last night that yesterday's total subscriptions reported by the various units of the organization amounted to $49,281,400, the best day's canvassing the division has yet done. The official total for the Rainbows in the campaign to date is now $155,465,800, or 23 per cent. of its quota.

With the reports from the Committee Chairmen pouring in at division headquarters every hour of the day, the managers of the drive were enthusiastic over the prospects of a whirlwind campaign from now on. The Rainbows, it was declared had struck their stride, and that the end of the loan would find them as previous loans had found them, with their quota oversubscribed.

The biggest subscription yesterday came from the Bethlehem Steel Corporation for $5,000,000. The Women's Clubs Committee is still in the lead of the divisional units. The committee has a total of $2,069,400 over a quota of $450,000. Its report yesterday showed an increase of $229,550 over the figures for Wednesday. For the organizations under the committee, the New York Branch of the Council of Jewish Women has gone to first place with $423,300, and for the first time since the drive began the Colony Club has dropped to second place, its subscriptions being $418,450. Among the new clubs to enter the race are the Harlem Council of Women, $52,750; the Great Hualia Club, $2,400, and the Berkeley Alumni Association, $1,650. The Jewish Big Sisters Club, which entered the race for the first time Wednesday, reported yesterday additional sales of $43,450, which places it third, with a total of $212,650.

One more committee in the division went over its quota yesterday, making the third so far. This was the Hospitals and Sanitariums Committee, under Mrs. John Purroy Mitchel, Chairman. Its total subscriptions to date are $306,700 over a quota of $240,000.

William H. Taylor, Chairman of the Hardware, Metals, and Allied Trades Committee, reported purchases amounting to $7,325,850 through his committee. One of the subscriptions was a five-million-dollar purchase by the Bethlehem Steel Corporation. Among the subscriptions were the following:

Bethlehem Steel Corp.	$5,000,000
American Can Co.	500,000
Underwood Typewriter Co.	500,000
Remington Typewriter Co.	500,000
American Steel Foundries.	250,000
A. G. Spalding & Bro.	100,000
John Simmons, (additional).	50,000
Brocker Bros., (additional)	50,000
New Process Metal Co.	41,000
Federal Adding Machine Co.	28,000
J. R. Melcher.	15,000
C. S. Trench & Co.	15,000
Tobler & Co.	12,000
Metropolitan Hardware Co.	10,000
Bronze Metal Co.	10,000
Boynton Furnace Co.	10,000
Federal Tool & Alloyed Steel Corp.	10,000
H. T. Lockwood.	10,000
F. N. DuBois & Co.	10,000
Gilbert & Bennett Mfg. Co.	10,000
Aetna Steel Products Co.	5,000
Julius Blum & Co.	5,000
Lufkin Rule Co.	5,000
Howard Specialties Co.	5,000
Mashuck Reserve Co.	5,000
Employes the Fairbanks Co.	4,750
Burroughs Adding Machine Co.	4,000

Charles Hayden, Chairman of the Mining Committee, reported subscriptions totaling $2,624,250 yesterday. The New Jersey Zinc Company subscribed for $1,318,000 worth of Victory notes through this committee. Among the subscriptions reported were the following:

New Jersey Zinc Co.	$1,318,000
Vogelstein & Co.	500,000
Adolph Lewisohn & Sons.	250,000
James McLean.	250,000
El Potosi Mining Co.	100,000
Nichols Copper Co.	50,000
Esperanza Mining Co.	35,000
Judd Stewart	10,000
United Metals Selling Co.	10,000

Edward Wise, Chairman of the Tobacco Industry Committee, reported $1,344,800 in subscriptions. One was for $1,000,000 from the P. Lorillard Company. The rest are:

The Conley Foil Co.	$100,000
A. Santaelli.	50,000
E. Rosenwald & Bro.	50,000
Officers of D. A. Schulte, Inc.	25,000
The Johnston Tin Foil and Metal Co.	20,000
American Exchange Cigar Co. and employes	15,000
Percival R. Lowe.	10,000
Charles J. Waxelbaum & Co.	10,000
The John J. Crooke Co.	10,000
P. S. Hill.	10,000
John Bain, Jr.	5,000
Oscar H. Banghart.	5,000
Charles Dushkind.	5,000
Goldsmith & Block.	5,000
Milton Greenhall.	5,000
Charles W. Ogden.	5,000
Tobacco Leaf Publishing Co.	5,000
Well & Sons.	5,000
John H. Goetze & Co., Inc.	4,800

Purchases of Victory Notes totalling $1,683,150 were reported by L. Le Baron Willard, Chairman of the Coal Trade Committee, yesterday. The Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Coal Company took $1,500,000 worth of the notes. The Coal Trade Committee now has a total of $2,124,500 toward its quota of $10,000,000. The subscriptions of $1,000 or more follow:

Del., Lack. & Western Coal Co.	$1,500,000
Pennsylvania Coal and Coke Corp.	60,000
Nicholas L. Stokes, trustee for John B. Stokes	40,000
Burns Brothers' employes.	11,250
New Central Coal Co.	10,000
Thomas Ward Coal Co.	7,000
De Veaux Powell.	6,750
S. B. Thorne.	5,000
Weber-Bunke-Lange Coal Co.	5,000
J. J. Hobbs.	3,250
F. R. Long & Co.'s employes.	1,550
Jeremiah Skidmore's Sons.	1,000
Industrial Coal and Coke Corp.	1,000

Edgar Higgins, director of the new Machinery Division of the Rainbow Division, reported $2,580,000 worth of subscriptions yesterday, as follows:

American Car and Foundry Co.	$2,000,000
Singer Sewing Machine Co.	500,000
Power Specialty Co.	50,000
H. Boker & Co.	30,000

Subscriptions amounting to $1,955,000 were reported by W. J. Kelly, Chairman of the Rubber Industry Committee. The United States Rubber Company took $1,100,000 worth of Victory Notes through this committee. The rest of the subscriptions were:

Ajax Rubber Co.	$250,000
Fisk Rubber Co.	205,000
Manhattan Rubber Co.	100,000
Horace De Lisser	100,000
F. R. Hendersen & Co.	50,000
Goodyear Rubber Co.	40,000
William G. Greeb	35,000
Post & Kelly, additional.	32,000
H. E. Raymond	30,000
B. G. Work	30,000
O'Sullivan Rubber Co.	20,000

Total subscriptions reported yesterday by other committees were as follows:

Hat, Cap, and Allied Trades.	$333,900
Chemicals, Paints, Drugs, and Allied Trades	493,250
Children's and Infants' Wearing Apparel	600,800
Jewelry Trade	486,550
Fur Industry	856,500
Clothing and Allied Trades.	149,550
Laundry Industry and Allied Trades.	80,000
Periodical	472,400
Cloak, Suit, and Skirt Industry.	345,000
Ladies' Dresses and Waists.	75,250
Pawnbrokers	67,000
Export, Import, and Shipping.	300,000
Butter, Egg, Cheese, and Refrigerating	178,500
Belts, Suspenders, and Garters.	25,000
China, Glass, Toys, and Allied Trades.	225,000
Wholesale Dry Goods Trade.	50,000

The new machinery division, which reported $2,580,000 on its first day, has been allotted a quota of $20,000,000.

GEN. ALEXANDER MAKES PLEA.

Calls for Popular Support in Loan on Victory Way.

Facing Company D of the Lost Battalion of the 77th Division, drawn up in a hollow square before the speakers' rostrum at Victory Way yesterday, Major Gen. Robert Alexander, Commander in Chief of the division, urged the men and women of the city to do their duty in subscribing to the Victory Loan as the soldiers they sent overseas had done theirs on the fighting line.

It was Argonne Day at the Esplanade of Triumph above the Grand Central Terminal on Park Avenue, and New York City's 77th Division was the feature. Among the speakers, in addition to General Alexander, were Benedict Crowell, Assistant Secretary of War; Colonel Henry W. Hodges, former Public Service Commissioner, who saw service in France with the engineers; Colonel Reginald L. Foster of the 52d Pioneers, formerly the old 12th New York Infantry, and Major Gen. George Barnett of the Marine Corps.

While General Alexander was talking, Lieut. Colonel Whittlesey and the men of his Lost Battalion stood at attention, their bayonets forming a bright barrier of steel in front of their Commander in Chief.

"This battalion with which I am surrounded here and which stands before you today," said General Alexander, "is the battalion which, surrounded by the enemy under every condition of discomfort, every condition of discouragement, made up its mind that it would stick until the bitter end, and it stuck! These men stand here today my comrades and yours; living exemplifications of the American spirit which will not take 'No' for an answer and which will push through its task until that task is finished. I am proud to be their head; they are my comrades and they are your comrades. And what we ask you to do is to do your part now as they did theirs then.

Assistant Secretary of War Crowell, who spoke through the long distance telephone at Washington, pointed out the needs which were to be filled by subscription to the loan.

Major Gen. Barnett told of the work of the Marines of the 2d Division, and explained how the Marine Corps was administered on sound business lines. It cost many millions to win the war in a hurry, he said, but the result justified all expenditures. Colonel Foster in his speech sketched the history of the fight in the Argonne.

Lost and Found Advertisements on Page Eighteen.

PLANNED ADVERTISING "XXth CENTURY" COOLER

NINE years ago Cordley & Hayes placed their advertising in the hands of Hoyt's Service, Inc. During these years the merits of "XXTH CENTURY" Water Coolers, "C & H" Dispensers for fruit juice drinks, and "Fibrotta" Ware pails, measures, cuspidors and other equipment have been made known to dealers all over the United States.

This year consumers are becoming better acquainted with these exceptionally sanitary, time-saving, ice-saving coolers and dispensers and durable "Fibrotta" equipment. Striking full page advertisements in *The Saturday Evening Post* throughout the year 1919 are blazing the way to more sanitary service in offices, factories, hotels, public buildings and institutions—as well as at soda fountains and restaurants.

This advertising is progressive—the first national campaign of its kind. It marks a distinct step forward in the progress of the nation toward the goal of health and maximum efficiency. It points out the danger of the contamination of drinking water and beverages through the use of containers in which they may come in contact with dirty, germ-laden ice and follows along the lines of legislation which aims to protect the public from such dangers.

The campaign of 1919 was the result of much careful thought, investigation and planning.

In *The Saturday Evening Post* of May 10th is a page advertisement which is an example of the way in which these things are being impressed upon thinking people.

The advertisements are increasing the sales of dealers who carry this sanitary, well made equipment.

There are great opportunities of business growth open to many manufacturers today through "Planned Advertising." Given a meritorious product, a trade mark that stands for something, and both may be invested with a national meaning that will be reflected to a surprising degree in added sales and profits. If you are an executive let us tell you more about this "Planned Advertising" and our methods of working.

Hoyt's Service, Inc
PLANNED ADVERTISING
116 West 32nd Street, New York
80 Boylston St., cor. Tremont, Boston, Mass.
Leader-News Building, Cleveland, Ohio

FRANKLIN SIMON & CO.

Announce $32 and $22 Reductions in

Women's Tailored Suits

Reduced from $69.50 and $59.50 to

37.00

THIS is the first time these suits have ever been offered at this low price. These suits are taken from our regular stock and measure up to the Franklin Simon standard of quality.

Of wool tricotine, gabardine, serge, Rayonner cloth or checked worsteds, in navy, black and wanted colors.

WOMEN'S SUIT SHOP—Balcony Floor

Franklin Simon & Co.
Fifth Avenue, 37th and 38th Streets

FRANKLIN SIMON BOYS' SHOPS
FIFTH FLOOR

Boys' Silk Pongee Suits

Tailored to Wear Longer Than Most Pongees Do!

Sizes 2 to 9 years

$18.50

which is very moderate!

PICTURESQUE middy and Dutch models, made of a fine quality silk pongee, with extra detachable collar and cuffs of blue or green silk poplin, trimmed with silk tape. Handsomely put together and finished, in line with Franklin Simon policy of tailoring the boy intelligently and conscientiously and not rushing him through in a hurry. A suit both the boy and his mother will like.

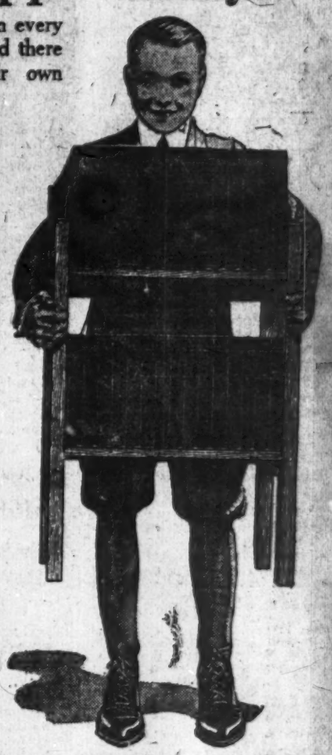
Franklin Simon & Co.
Fifth Avenue—37th and 38th Streets

Gimbel Brothers
33rd ST.-BROADWAY-33rd ST.

Home Made Ladders of Opportunity

Men at the Heights in every vocation have climbed there on ladders of their own making.

Edison, Rockefeller, Carnegie, Schwab—All Owe Their Greatness Not to Schools and Colleges, but to Books and Life.



School and College merely start a man; books and work do the rest. You may even do without the college, as did Lincoln, Edison, and Rockefeller, but you cannot do without BOOKS.

Whether you are destined to be a Superman or not may matter little to you, but if you want to take the first steps away from mediocrity, you must have at hand the books that the foremost men of our times consider indispensable—the Encyclopaedia Britannica, the **home library of universal education.**

The parents' greatest debt to the child is the preparation for future efficiency and happiness. This is why millions are spent every year for college. The Encyclopaedia Britannica costs a small fraction of what it costs to go to college for one year, and yet its 30,000 pages have within them the materials for a college education.

The Encyclopaedia Britannica helps the children in their school work, answering their multitude of questions and supplying the "human interest" not found in text books. It explains and gives them a greater grasp of their studies, thereby making it easier for them to get higher grades. It presents the facts of history and science; art and literature; geology, geography, biography, physics and chemistry, in so fascinating a way that the children remember what is worth while. When your child has his next composition to write, let him use the Britannica and see how much easier it is for him.

For the woman in the home the Britannica provides a fund of practical information on every subject. There are splendid articles in the Britannica on domestic science, on rugs, laces and embroidery, tapestry and jewelry; on china, on interior decoration and on music and dancing. Whatever the special interests of the various members of the family are, the new Britannica is a prolific source of knowledge, complete and authoritative.

You need the Britannica and you ought to have a set. But you should act quickly, for the present sets we have on hand are all that can be had printed on the beautiful, thin, but tough, India paper. Write at once for complete information. Coupon herewith properly filled out is all you need send, but send it now.

GIMBELS BOOK SECTION—Main Floor.

Fill Out and Mail Now

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
New York City
Gentlemen:
Please send me free and postpaid your large illustrated booklet giving interesting information about the Encyclopaedia Britannica. Also give the particulars regarding the price I will have to pay for one of the remaining sets of the Handy Volume issue of the Britannica printed on genuine India paper.
Name.....
Address.....
A2-83

Spring and Summer FURS

Latest Models Right in Price

Dry Cold Storage of Winter Furs 2%

Repairs and Alterations at Special Prices

A. Jaeckel & Co.
Furriers
384 Fifth Avenue
New York
Between 35th & 36th Sts.
Telephone 2044 Greeley

"Picture Framing to Order Our Specialty."
NEW YORK FRAME & PICTURE CO
Our only store, 50 MAIDEN LANE.

HISTORY OF THE 77TH.
The Magazine Section of The New York Times next Sunday will contain the story of the work of the 77th Division in clearing the Germans from the Argonne Forest, with illustrations of episodes, a map and portraits of officers and men. Order today to be sure of a copy.—Advt.

Clarke's
5 West 44th St

Extraordinary Exhibition THIS DAY.

On Account of Closing of the New York Branch of the

Spanish Art Galleries

734 FIFTH AVE.
The Entire Collection
INCLUDING
IMMENSE VARIETY OF RARE BROCADES, EMBROIDERIES AND EARLY SPECIMENS IN SILK WEAVINGS, GOTHIC SCULPTURES AND PAINTINGS, BEAUTIFUL BYZANTINE ENAMELS AND A SPLENDID VARIETY OF GOTHIC AND RENAISSANCE FURNITURE, AND SEVERAL
IMPORTANT TAPESTRIES
SALES BY AUCTION
May 6, 7, 8, 9, 10
Each Afternoon, at 2:30 P. M.
The MUSEUMS of the UNITED STATES and the PRIVATE COLLECTOR will have the opportunity of a lifetime to acquire genuine specimens from the II. Century to the XVIII. Century.
Illustrated Catalog on Application
Price $1.00.
This Sale Will Be Conducted by
MR. AUGUSTUS W. CLARKE.

Notice of interest to car owners and prospective owners:

Monday—
Last day to register

Due to the heavy registration for the Colt-Stratton Automobile Course for women a special class has been formed by popular request.
This class meets twice a week for four weeks.
Tuesday and Thursday at 10:30 A. M., beginning May 6th.
Subjects covered include:
The principles of correct driving. Car conservation and care. Mechanical construction. Traffic regulation. Highways and their transportation value.
Tuition fee $10.00
Colt-Stratton Company
Instruction Department
109 W. 64 St., N. Y. Phone
5th Floor. Col. 7100

Buy Direct from Wholesaler
Delicious Freshly Roasted
COFFEE
In 5-lb. Lots and up. 32c lb.
Bean or Ground
By coming to wholesale headquarters you save, in addition to the retailer's profit, the cost of delivery. You get a wonderfully delicious Coffee. Delivered in N.Y.& B'klyn. 34c Lb. Delivered Elsewhere for....35c Lb.
Satisfaction or Money Back
GILLIES COFFEE CO.,
253-259 Washington St., New York.
Bet. Park Pl. and Barclay St.
Est. 19 Yrs. Phone Barclay 9857

BEARDSLEY
SURETY BOND SPECIALISTS
20 years' experience is at your service.
H. T. E. BEARDSLEY, Inc.
31 Liberty St., New York
Phone John 5166
SURETY BONDS

CONCRETE WHITE FIREPROOF CONSTRUCTION CO. NEW YORK

PLAZA ART ROOMS, INC.
AUCTIONEER AND APPRAISER.
9-7 E. 59th St. E. P. O'REILLY.

EMPEROR IN EXILE.

Photograph of ex-Emperor Charles of Austria and of three of his children and picture of the castle in Switzerland where he has found refuge, in the Rotogravure Picture Section of The New York Times next Sunday.—Advt.

$166,302,000 ADDED TO NATION'S LOAN

$1,296,999,800, Official Total, Is Held to be Below Needed Results.

NEW APPEAL TO WORKERS

St. Louis Holds Highest Percentage, Minneapolis Passes Chicago, and Boston Has Fourth Place.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—The campaign to sell $4,500,000,000 worth of Victory Liberty notes is not proceeding as favorably as had been hoped, the Treasury Department announced tonight. With yesterday's addition of $166,302,000 indicating "a somewhat quickened interest," the latest official reports show sales of only $1,296,999,800, or 28.82 per cent. of the minimum quota. At this period in the Fourth Liberty Loan campaign, subscriptions totaled $1,791,463,200, or 29.85 per cent. of the then minimum quota of $6,000,000,000.

The New York District is still the heaviest individual subscriber, with $289,300,000, divided as follows: New York State, $263,712,800; New Jersey, $22,915,700; Connecticut, $2,750,250. Of the total subscriptions for New York State, $211,732,550 has been subscribed by New York City.

Here are the subscriptions by Federal Reserve Districts:

District.	Subscriptions.	Pct.
St. Louis	$100,788,150	56.30
Minneapolis	68,130,450	40.08
Chicago	261,456,750	40.07
Boston	145,197,900	38.71
Kansas City	62,506,400	31.95
Richmond	60,459,300	28.78
Cleveland	121,977,600	27.10
Atlanta	30,898,600	21.45
New York	289,300,000	21.42
San Francisco	61,190,700	20.23
Philadelphia	74,520,950	19.87
Dallas	16,603,050	17.56
Total	$1,296,999,800	28.82

As a result of the somewhat disappointing situation, Chairmen throughout the country are urging their workers to greater efforts than ever before during the loan. They are making it clear that the time for depending upon someone else to buy enough notes to make the loan a success is past, and that every man and women must do his or her full duty, now that peace is at hand, the same as when the country was actively engaged in war.

Mid-West Districts Leading.

The only change of importance in the percentage standing today was the moving of the Minneapolis district into second place, while Chicago slid into third position. The St. Louis district, with 56 per cent. of its quota subscribed, continued to be the only district with more than half of its allotment in hand.

Eighty-two of the 376 counties in the St. Louis district have obtained their quotas. They include, in Kentucky, 19 counties; Arkansas, 16; Indiana, 14; Illinois and Mississippi, 10 each; Missouri, 9, and Tennessee, 4. At this stage of the Fourth Liberty Loan the district had sold 56 per cent. of its quota. The Southern part of Indiana, which now has 82 per cent. of its quota, expects to go over the top by Saturday.

A message from Philadelphia to Treasury officials tonight said that, while the total sales appeared small there, the response in the district to date had been in many respects gratifying. The committee has been making a special drive on the small buyers, with the result that as large a number of subscribers now has been obtained in the city as was obtained on the corresponding date of the Fourth Liberty Loan. Buying among industrial employes has been especially noteworthy.

As the nation's official subscription to the Victory Liberty Loan is only a little more than one-quarter of the amount which must be subscribed, the Victory Ship has only covered one-quarter of the distance from San Francisco to New York. With half of the subscription period over, the Victory Ship is virtually "becalmed" off the west coast of Mexico, waiting for the country's subscription to increase rapidly enough to warrant additional speed.

Victory U-Boat Coming Here.

The itineraries of three of the five surrendered German submarines during the Victory Loan campaign were announced today by the Navy Department, and commanders of the boats have been instructed to co-operate with civic authorities and committees of Victory Loan workers.

Of interest to New Yorkers is the schedule of the U-148, as follows: May 2, Jersey City and New York; May 3, Yonkers, Hastings, Dobbs Ferry, and Tarrytown; May 4, Nyack, Ossining, Haverstraw, and Peekskill; May 5, West Point, Cornwall, and Newburgh; May 6, Poughkeepsie and New York City; May 7, New York City; May 8, New Rochelle, Larchmont, Mamaroneck, and Rye; May 9, Port Chester, N. Y., Stamford and South Norwalk, Conn.; May 10, Bridgeport; May 11, New Haven; May 12, New London, Conn.

Secretary Glass Aids the Loan.

ATLANTA, Ga., May 1.—More than 300 editors of papers published in the Sixth Federal Reserve District were here today to hear Secretary Glass of the Treasury discuss the Victory Liberty Loan in two addresses.

Other speakers included Frank P. Glass of Birmingham Ala., President of the American Newspaper Publishers' Association, and Senator Hoke Smith of Georgia. The meetings are expected to stimulate the campaign for the $144,000,000 quota of the Sixth District.

PANORAMA OF VICTORY TO BE FIVE MILES LONG

Gala Display of War Machines on Fifth Avenue Tomorrow—Flanders Day for Loan.

The greatest exhibition of engines of war ever displayed in this country will pass in review tomorrow on Fifth Avenue, starting from 110th Street at 1:30 o'clock, and moving to Washington Square. The procession of the grim machinery which was used to crush Germany will be five miles long and contain equipment worth more than $100,000,000.

Every branch of the United States Army will take part. There will be eighty bands, including General Pershing's Headquarters Band and the Eleventh Cavalry's mounted band. The vast array of ordnance has been massed for two weeks at Van Cortlandt Park. Tanks, infantry, cavalry, motor lorries, moving machine shops, trench mortars, aeroplanes and big guns will take part in the great "Panorama of Victory."

The Chemical Warfare Service will give demonstrations of all kinds of gases, liquid fire, burning oil, smoke screens and other devices while the procession is in progress.

The program of events for today is as follows:

Victory Way.
"FLANDERS DAY."

9:00 A. M. Reveille, Flag Raising.
10:20 A. M. Guard mount, in area south of Forum.
12:00 Noon. "Star-Spangled Banner," band; introductory address, Martin Vogel; address, Lieutenant Brown; address, Major Southerland; address, Colonel Frieze; address, long-distance telephone, General Peyton C. March; "America," band and audience.
12:30 Posting first relief of guard.
1 to 2 P. M. Forum, band concert.

Women's Liberty Loan Committee with Bureau of Outdoor Activities.
PULPIT.

1:30 P. M. Address, Lieutenant E. J. McDonald; address, Jeff Davis, "King of the Hobos"; address, Mischa Appelbaum; address, Rev. Dr. G. H. L. Mason; address, Joe Taylor; address, Major Guy T. Viskniskki; address, Corp. Johnston; address, L. H. Kukis; vocal selection, Senor Ordones, baritone; instrumental selections, Florence Stern, violinist; instrumental selection, Edith Egis Friedman, pianist; address, Regis H. oat; address, Sergeant John McCormack; selection, Signor Piotti and band; selection, M. Shafer and Vivian Piero.

FORUM.

2 to 3 P. M.—Pageant and drills, children, P. S. 83; selection, songs, children, P. S. 101; physical training drill, children, P. S. 66; pageant, "The Growth of Freedom," children, P. S. 168; selection, symphony orchestra, fifty children, P. S. 83; Color Guard, children, P. S. 83.
7:30 P. M.—Retreat.
7 to 8 P. M.—Band concerts.
"SYRIAN NIGHT."

8 to 10 P. M.—Parade forms on Forty-sixth Street, 7:30, and moves north on Madison Avenue, to Fiftieth Street; east on Fiftieth Street to Park Avenue; around the Victory Way to form on Fiftieth Street. The order of march is as follows: Military band, American flags, carried and escorted by soldiers, "Gold Star" banner, ladies' division, United Syrian Society division, Lebanon League of Progress division, Beirut Young Men's Society division, Ramallah and Palestine division, Syrian-American Club division, Overture, military band; singing of "America," audience, led by Miss B. E. Carey; opening address, Dr. Elias J. Mussallem, Chairman Syrian Division; address, Joseph Hartigan, manager Foreign Language Bureau; address, Dr. Howard A. Bliss, President American College, Beirut; baritone solo, Gabriel Hader; address, Salim Munyer; address, Shuery Baccash; piano selections, Professor Alexander Maloef; address, William Kataflis; address, Dr. Phillip M. Hitti; "Star-Spangled Banner," military band.
10 P. M.—Taps.

Van Cortlandt Park.
WAR SHOW BY YOUR ARMY.

2:30 P. M.—Drill on parade grounds by West Point batteries; horse and motor artillery.
3 P. M.—Drill and manoeuvring by 11th U. S. Cavalry.
3 P. M.—Balloon ascension, U. S. Signal Corps.
4 P. M.—"The Breath of Death," staged by Chemical Warfare Service, U. S. Army, (north end of parade ground.)
8:30—Motion pictures on parade ground, showing work of U. S. Signal Corps in France and A. E. F. in action.

Sub-Treasury.

12 Noon.—Victory Liberty Loan campaign meeting. Speakers will include Major Gen. Barnett, U. S. M. C.; Lieut. Col. John A. Hughes, U. S. M. C., and Major Gen. Davis E. Shanks; vocal selection by Miss Cecil Arden and Four-Minute Song Men; naval band.

Seaplane Race.

4 P. M.—Starting from Columbia Yacht Club, seaplanes will engage in three races—an all-navy contest for Government boats; a manufacturers' race for boats owned by builders; a free-for-all handicap. Planes will proceed to Tarrytown, return down the river.

Tanks.

9 A. M.—Squads of whippet tanks continue tours of New York City, New York State, and New Jersey.

Grand Central.

9 to 11 A. M.—Women's Liberty Loan meeting.
4 to 6 P. M.—Meetings in concourse, Grand Central Station. Prominent speakers will be in attendance.

Union Square.

12 Noon—Girls of the Art Students' League repainting 88. Recruit.

City Hall Park.

11:45 to 2 P. M.—Business Women's Committee Victory Liberty Loan.
4 to 6 P. M.—Prominent speakers, music.

Block Party.

8 P. M.—42nd St., between Lexington and Third Avenues. Colonel Deman will speak. There will be tanks, trophy trucks, and other special attractions.

Movie Making.

12 Noon.—Famous Players-Lasky Corporation will make motion pictures at Aeolian Hall, Forty-second Street. Victory Note purchasers will receive photographs of favorite movie stars.

Victory Ride.

12 to 2 P. M.—Van Cortlandt Park, passenger planes will carry purchasers of $50,000 Victory Notes or more.

Movies.

8 P. M. to 12.—131st Street and St. Nicholas Avenue, 96th Street and Broadway, 60th Street and Fifth Avenue, 125th St. and Seventh Avenue, 10th St. and Second Avenue. Motion pictures, vocal and instrumental selections, traveling movies; down Broadway from 110th Street to 37th Street.

Victory Loan Festival.

School Pageants, staged by New York Drama League:
P. S. 88, Bronx.—"Seeds of Service"; P. S. 78, Manhattan, "Honor Bound"; P. S. 41, Manhattan, "Patriotic Pageants"; P. S. 45, Manhattan, "Rise Up, Jennie Smith"; P. S. 14, Bronx, "Seeds of Service"; P. S. 145, Brooklyn, "Patriotic Pageants"; P. S. 168, Brooklyn, "The Golden Star"; P. S. 125, Brooklyn, "Seeds of Service"; P. S. 6, Brooklyn, "Honor Bound"; P. S. 15, Tompkinsville, S. I., "Seeds of Service."

Altar of Liberty.

11:45 A. M., 2 P. M.—National League for Women Service in charge. Gerhard Dahl, Dr. William T. Manning, Lieutenant G. E. Dussen, Rutger Jewett, Colonel William Hayward, John Drew, and Thomas Wise will speak.

Liberty Bank.

11:45 A. M., 2 P. M.—National League for Women Service in charge. Gerhard Dahl, Dr. William T. Manning, Lieutenant G. E. Dussen, Rutger Jewett, Colonel William Hayward, John Drew, and Thomas Wise will speak.

Liberty Theatre.

11:45 A. M. to 2 P. M., 2 P. M. to 6 P. M., 7:30 P. M. to 10 P. M.—Public Library, Fifth Avenue and Forty-second Street, War Camp Community Service in charge. Prominent speakers, music, vocal selections.

Russian Concert.

8 P. M.—Russian Division Liberty Loan Committee concert and mass meeting, Carnegie Hall. Elihu Root and A. A. Baublikoff will speak. Other attractions: Adolph Bohn and Russian Ballet, Russian Symphony Orchestra, Helen Tomanoff, Mlle. Vera Smirnova, John Barrymore, Alex Umansky, Mozart Orchestra, and Russian Balalaika Orchestra.

U-B 148.

Captive German submarine, Hoboken and Jersey City. Lieut. Commander Smith in charge.

ENGLAND TO OFFER BIG LOAN

LONDON, Friday, May 2.—The British Government is about to offer a great new loan equivalent to 5 per cent. consols unless this decision is altered at the eleventh hour, says The Daily Mail.

The newspaper adds that the loan will be issued within the next few weeks and will take the form of consolidated stock, bearing 4 per cent. interest. The issue price will be 80, thus making the yield 5 per cent.

The loan, according to The Mail, will be repayable by a sinking fund to become operative in 1967, and which is to redeem the loan entirely in 1977.

Are you casting about for a Firm yet Friendly Fiduciary?

The New York Trust Company
FIFTH AVENUE OFFICE
5th Avenue and 57th Street.

Our willingness when acting as trustee, to receive suggestions and debate proposals, while safeguarding the interests of our clients, removes the one real objection to placing money in trust.

MAIN OFFICE
26 Broad Street

FIFTH AVE. OFFICE
5th Avenue & 57th Street

FOR THOSE WHO WANT THE FINEST

Saks Motor Livery

Has an Unusual Appeal

Saks suits for the "man at the wheel" are quite different to those of any other make.

They are exclusive Saks productions, individually styled, and so skillfully tailored they *must* give good service.

We do the largest motor livery business in America—there's a reason.

Spring Suits, $32.50 to $50.00

$7.85 $9.50 $12.00

Saks & Company

Offer Splendid Values in

Men's Cordovan Oxfords

the finest of their kind

At $7.85, 9.50, 12.00

Nothing like a cordovan for the man who makes big demands upon his shoes. They're more durable than any other shoes made, and hold their original lines until the very end.

These are made over very graceful lasts, finished with that skill and care which gives assurance of their unusual staying qualities. All sizes and widths in each model.

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street

Store Open 9 A. M. to 5:30 P. M.

Gimbel Brothers
31st ST.—BROADWAY—33rd ST.

Store Open 9 A. M. to 5:30 P. M.

Men's Clothes With Spring Flavor In Unusually Broad Variety

$35, $40, $45, $50, $60

Broad variety of materials; broad variety of shades and colorings; broad variety of styles, sizes, ideas. In other words, the Gimbel Clothes Store is intended to please everybody, if such a thing is possible.

Here are suits from twenty-five leading tailoring establishments, the pick of each line. They should fit every taste in the metropolitan district.

A Special Friday and Saturday Feature

585 Men's Suits at $29.50

A group chosen for its particularly good style to enliven the interest today and tomorrow. This season's new one, two and three button styles, including the attractive waist line models and some new double-breasted ideas. Plain blue, plain brown, dark worsteds, and fancy mixtures. All sizes.

Military Clothing
At "Armistice" Prices

The end of the war has not ended military service by a long shot, but it has certainly sent down prices in the Gimbel Stocks.

Trench Coats—Officers' Raincoats and Army Suits

Suitable for Motoring, Hiking and Camping—besides being attractive to men in service.

At Considerably Reduced Prices.

GIMBELS—MEN'S CLOTHING STORE—Fourth Floor

Saks
CLOTHES OF CUSTOM QUALITY

EVERY new customer that is attracted to Saks-tailoring has one regret: that he was not attracted sooner.

$30 UP

Saks & Company
BROADWAY AT 34th STREET

Gordon & Dilworth
REAL
ORANGE MARMALADE

MADE from wild bitter oranges giving that distinctive flavor which has made Orange Marmalade a traditional breakfast relish with the English and Scotch for centuries

Sold by leading dealers
If unobtainable at yours call
Bryant 5244

Gidding
Importers 5TH AVE AT 46TH ST Originators
PARIS NEW YORK

now present their
LATER SPRING DEVELOPMENTS IN SMART FASHIONS
especially featuring
Country Clothes

BUSINESS HEADS ASK CONGRESS AID

National Commerce Chamber, However, Rescinds Call for President's Return.

BUDGET SYSTEM IS URGED

Resolutions Are Passed Dealing with Many Phases of the Country's After-War Needs.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, May 1.—The Chamber of Commerce of the United States at the closing session of its convention here today adopted twenty-two resolutions, among which was one which expresses the hope that President Wilson "will assemble Congress in extraordinary session to formulate legislation necessary to safeguard the social and business structure of the country." While the chamber had previously taken a vote urging Mr. Wilson to "hasten back to America," it reconsidered that part of its action today and eliminated all reference to the President's return.

A national budget system was recommended by the convention, the resolution on that point declaring that "expenditures of the National Government have reached sums beyond all earlier contemplation." Another resolution urged the speedy completion of river improvements and waterways projects already authorized by Federal laws, and another asked that Congress create a Federal Highway Commission to aid in the building and extension of good roads and in "articulating rail, water, and highway transportation."

The resolutions in part were as follows:

"We recommend consideration of revision of all Federal laws dealing with business conditions, to the end that by proper readjustment of their provisions, and of the functions of Federal agencies, industry and commerce in the United States may clearly know, at all times, their powers, rights, limitations, and obligations.

"Every American is urged to make it a mater of individual honor and patriotism to continue to support the Government in its call for war loans and to respond with such liberal subscriptons to the Victory Loan as will further demonstrate the unity, strength, and vigor of our Republic.

"Employers generally have adopted a policy of re-engaging soldiers, sailors, and marines formerly in their employ, and this chamber recommends a continuance of this policy, to the end that every soldier, sailor, and marine shall find employment in the community where he was employed when he entered the service."

Urge Readjustments of Peace.

Problems of the greatest importance in the country's domestic readjustment from war to peace, the resolutions continued, await the attention of the Government, and require for their solution Executive consideration and maturely developed legislation.

"The very essence of civilization is that there be placed upon the individual only that degree of restraint which shall prevent his encroachment upon the rights of others, thus realizing to the utmost, individual initiative in every proper direction. Our form of government most effectively expresses and maintains this principle. Within our basic law exists ample provision for such changes as may, from time to time, be necessary to safeguard our people.

"It is therefore essential that our Government should scrupulously refrain from entering any of the fields of transportation, communication, industry, and commerce, or any phase of business when it can be successfully undertaken and conducted by private enterprise. Any tendency of Government to enter such fields should be carefully weighed in the light of its possible effect upon the genius of our Constitution.

"The stimulation and development of the nation's international trade is vital to the country's prosperity and the solution of its economic and industrial problems. The members of this chamber, with all business, agricultural and industrial associations and organizations, should direct the attention of their members to the importance of this subject, and the necessity for encouragement and support of all measures which will facilitate and enlarge American trade with other countries, extending American banking and insurance to accompany and supplement the foreign enterprises of American commerce, and provide adequate cable and wire facilities.

"The position of the United States as a creditor nation tends to stimulate American investment abroad. It is desirable that every possible encouragement be given such investment as an essential factor in the development of American foreign trade.

"Legitimate American investment abroad is entitled to the same measure of protection in the countries where made that is given by this Government to foreign investments in the United States.

"The interests of the public require an immediate resumption of construction activities in order that the housing and other construction needs of the nation, necessarily deferred by the war, may be provided, and that labor may find ample employment.

"The Federal Government, especially the Railroad Administration, the Treasury Department, as well as State, county, and municipal authorities, should proceed with public work wherever possible.

Wire Service Discussed.

"The Government should promptly return to their respective owners the telegraph and telephone properties, now being operated by the Government, and Congress is urged to enact such legislation as will permit, by voluntary agreement and under proper Federal consent and regulation, any consolidation of companies or joint utilization of facilities that may be found to be of economic advantage and in the public interest.

"While the utilization of natural resources, the development of industries and extension of commerce depend upon adequate transportation, existing facilities are inadequate to meet the increasing needs of the nation.

"We urge that the Government speedily complete river improvement projects already authorized and that Congress provide for a comprehensive system of waterways with co-ordination of the services of waterways and railroads.

"That highways are an integral part of our nation's system of transportation has been emphasized by the war and an enormous development is at hand, so important as to require a comprehensive national policy under which Federal appropriations for highways will be applied to national needs for interstate commerce, agriculture, postal delivery, common defense, and general welfare.

"Congress should create a Federal Highway Commission, independent of present departments of the Government, composed of members from the different geographical sections of the country, to perform all executive functions of the Federal Government pertaining to highways, including those relating to existing appropriations in aid of State construction. Such a commission should act in co-ordination with any Federal agency that may have functions of regulating rail, trolley, water, and highway transportation.

"True conservation of the water power resources of the United States in the acceleration of its industrial and commercial progress awaits the enactment of appropriate legislation. After a referendum to the membership this Chamber has announced the principles which it advocates in such legislation. Legislation, very largely in accordance with these principles, was practically agreed upon by the last Congress. The new Congress is urged to enact such legislation in the early days of its forthcoming session.

"A national budget will introduce standards of business in correlating income and outgo and afford information as to the disposition and sources of public funds. Expenditures of the Federal Government have reached sums beyond all earlier contemplation.

"The budget system should be accompanied by a Central Government Agency, which will be permanent, and properly equipped for proposing standardization, simplification and increased efficiency in Government offices. For this purpose Congress should authorize a commission to which the President may look for suggestion of improvements in the Administrative Government."

NAVY TUG SINKS WITH 16.

Lost Off French Coast After Aiding Foundering Mine Sweepers.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—Two officers and fourteen men of the crew of the naval tug Gypsum Queen were drowned when that vessel struck a rock and sank near Armen Light, off the coast of France, on April 28, while returning to Brest after assisting a fleet of mine sweepers in distress.

Vice Admiral Knapp, commanding the American naval forces overseas, in reporting to the department today gave the names of the drowned as follows:

Officers.

EDWARDS, GEORGE CHARLES, Ensign, Mt. Desert, Me.

MILLS, CHARLES DRAKE, Gunner, Stamford, Conn.

Enlisted Men.

SORRELS, CLYDE CHARLIE, Chief Boatswain's Mate, Cartersville, Ga.

GOLDSTONE, MORRIS, Chief Quartermaster, 4,419 Woodland Av., Cleveland, Ohio.

TROJANEK, JOSEPH ANTON, Boatswain's Mate, 1,616 Allport St., Chicago.

GRUBB, WALTER HAROLD, Boatswain's Mate, Circleville, Ohio.

LIGHT, ANTONIO LUIS, Boatswain's Mate, Portugal.

PETERS, Magnus Lewis, Chief Machinist's Mate, Washington, D. C.

Punch, Raymond Vincent, Engineman, Henlock, N. Y.

SAXILD, THOMAS LESTER, seaman, Gloucester, Mass.

ROSENHEIM, PERRY, seaman, 660 Fourteenth Avenue, Paterson, N. J.

DISHAW, HERMANN KENNETH, seaman, Canton, Ohio.

O'CONNELL, WALTER DENNIS, seaman, 3,046 Keith Avenue, New York City.

BLACKBURN, HOMER A., seaman. Next of kin not known.

COLEMAN, GEORGE MONTGOMERY, oiler, Huntington, L. I., N. Y.

OROINE, ALIPIO, D., mess attendant. Next of kin not known.

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Boys' washable sailor suits.
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Girls' washable dresses.
Girls' middy dresses.
Girls' separate skirts.
Girls' washable waists.
Boys' and Girls' hats designed to be worn with De Pinna Summer clothing.
"Anniped" shoes for boys and girls.
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And they tell us now that Ditto is doing the work of nine typists, enabling these girls to devote their time to other tasks. The saving effected is placed at $450 monthly.
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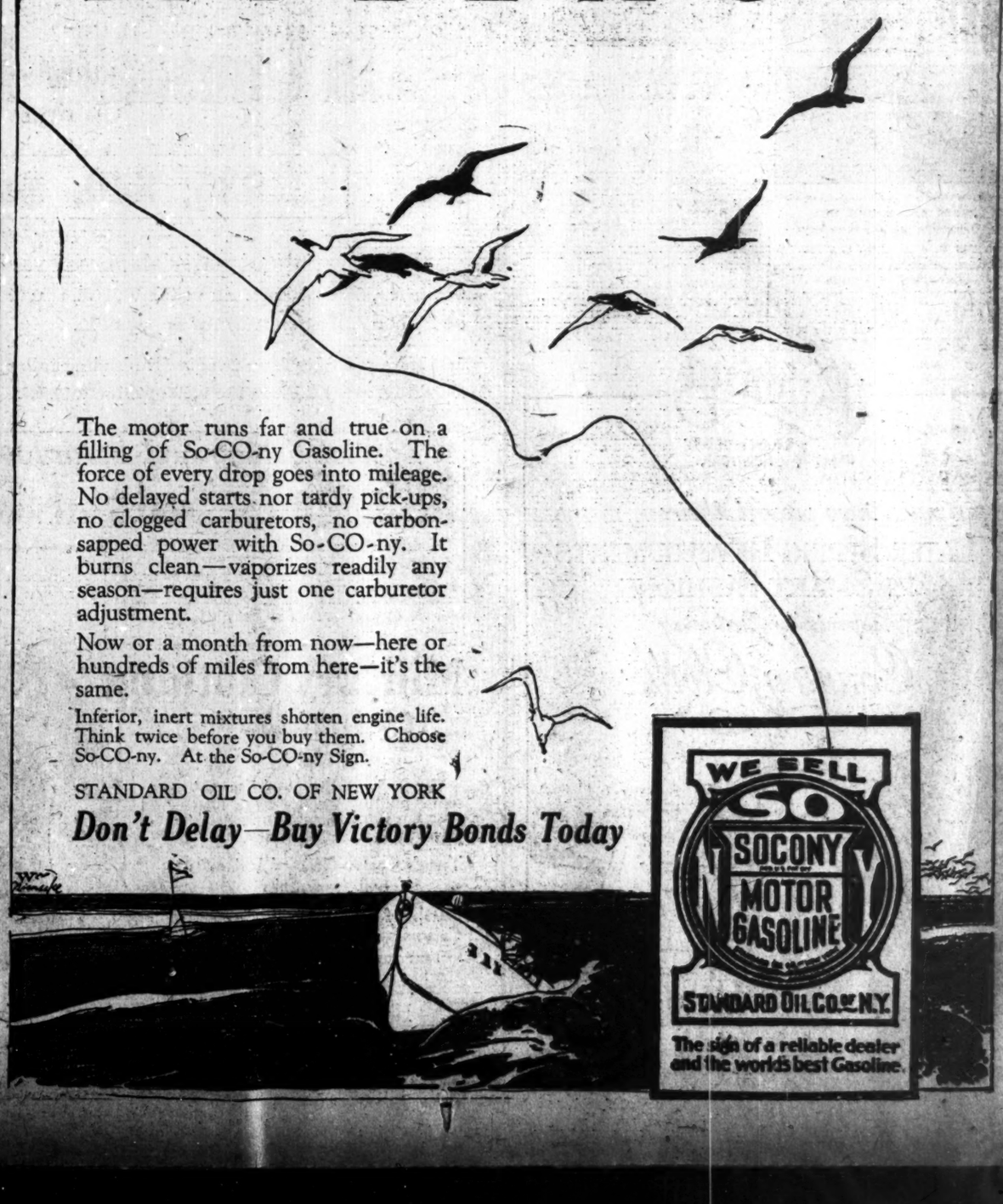
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NEAR TO BLOWS AT BRIBERY INQUIRY

Frank Moss, Thompson's Counsel, and Burke, Star Witness, Barely Restrained.

LATTER ADMITS LYING

Asserts Senator Told Him He Feared Indictment and Spoke of Two Women.

CALLS LEGISLATOR LIAR

Lawyer Seeks to Show Burke Was Concerned in Brooklyn Policy "Graft"—Stanchfield Deposition Read.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, May 1.—The cross-examination before the Senate Judiciary Committee this afternoon of Richard Henry Burke, star witness in the bribery investigation started by the Legislature following charges by Senator George F. Thompson of Niagara, had not proceeded far when Senator Burlingame, Chairman of the committee, took steps to prevent a physical encounter between Burke and ex-Police Commissioner Frank Moss, who was acting on behalf of Senator Thompson.

The session was stormy from beginning to end. Mr. Moss made a fierce attack on the character of Burke and his credibility, and was overruled again and again as he attempted to show that the witness had been dismissed from the Aqueduct police on charges of graft and grave neglect of duty, and had been dropped from the Goddard Anti-Policy Society, of which he was Superintendent, for accepting money from a man who was known as the "Policy King" of Brooklyn. Burke, in denying these allegations, called Moss a "con man," "hypocrite," and "scavenger."

From snatches of testimony that were interrupted before completed on objections interposed by Mr. Moss, but which Burke was assured he would have an opportunity to present in full on redirect examination, it appears that the names of women are likely to be dragged in and that Burke is prepared to testify that Senator Thompson was anxious "to avoid being indicted in New York County." Burke had as counsel Clark L. Jordan. Jordan will cross-examine Senator Thompson when he resumes the stand.

Moss protested against the overruling by Chairman Burlingame of many of his questions. He said he wanted to examine ex-Governor Whitman and Republican State Chairman George A. Glynn, and hinted that he would ask that subpoenas be issued for other witnesses. The examination of these will be deferred to hearings to be held in New York City next week. Burke will resume the stand at tomorrow's session here.

Burke, in reply to the opening question of Mr. Moss, said his wife and children did not live with him at the Great Northern Hotel. He repeated in testimony, previously made before the committee, how he got into Senator Thompson's good graces by telling him he was the man who had telephoned valuable information to the Senator during the Public Service Commission investigation of 1915. In reality the telephone messages had been sent by President Cade of the Federal Signal Company, now dead.

"Why did you lie?" asked Moss.

"I thought I would put myself on the same basis with Thompson," said the witness.

"Did you know that he was a liar then?"

"Sure," said Burke.

"Whom did you represent?"

"I represented myself."

"Were you representing August Belmont?"

"No. I did on one occasion at Mr. Thompson's solicitation."

"Do I understand you correctly—in order to get into the favor of Mr. Thompson, a liar, you would be a liar, too?"

"Absolutely."

"Did you ever tell him that it was Cade who sent those messages?"

"No."

"You remained a liar with him to the end, then?"

"Sure, as far as that was concerned."

Burke said he had not tried to make Thompson believe that he represented big interests, but had sought to impress upon him that he wanted to serve him in the investigation and get other scalps, as Moss put it.

"Is a liar a hypocrite?" asked Moss.

"Some of them are," Burke replied, looking the lawyer in the eyes and half rising from the chair.

"What name did you see Senator Thompson under?"

"My own name," said the witness. "I introduced myself. Then the first time I saw him I told him I was Carter."

"Well, that's the second lie," said Moss.

"No, that is the first, sitting right at the table with him and Sophie Irene Loeb."

"Are you living with your wife?" Moss asked.

"That is none of your business," said Burke in anger.

"Why did you speak of Sophie Irene Loeb?"

"That is none of your business."

"Are you supporting your family?"

"That is none of your business."

"But you have already testified here that you had to support your family."

"None of your business," replied the witness, objecting to the line of questions.

"I think the questions were provoked by the witness," said Moss.

"Well, you provoked something that will kill you," said Burke belligerently.

"I won't be killed by you, Mr. Burke," said Moss with suppressed anger. "There have been too many on that job before you began."

"Well, the man at the other end of the table, then," said Burke, pointing to Senator Thompson. The Senator regarded the witness fixedly with a tense, set expression and a deep pallor on his face.

Then Burke rose and pointed his finger at Moss, an arm's length away.

"I have listened to you for years and your con," he cried, thumping the table in front of him with one fist. "You don't make any impression on me at all."

Senator Burlingame restored order with a sharp demand that the colloquy cease.

The witness said he had used the name Carter subsequently in telegraphing to the Senator and introducing himself to others, but always at the Senator's suggestion.

The episode which compelled Chairman Burlingame to place the entire length of the committee table between Burke and Moss, to make sure they would not come to blows, occurred when Moss asked Burke if he had suggested to Senator Thompson that certain interests—among them the Consolidated Gas Company—would chip in and pay the hotel expenses of the Thompson Committee if its time, which was about to expire, could be extended by the Legislature so that they might be heard at greater length regarding the tenor of the committee report and amendments to the law to be recommended.

"There was no such suggestion," said the witness. "The suggestion was made by Senator Thompson that he did not want to be indicted, and he asked me to go to the District Attorney's office, and he said he had two women in the Biltmore—"

"You are not answering my question," said Moss, sharply. His face flushed. "You are not going to throw any of these nasty insinuations into the record."

By this time Moss was practically standing over the witness, who arose in the chair and, pounding the table in front of him, seemed on the verge of attacking the lawyer as he exclaimed in anger:

"This is not a nasty insinuation, it is a statement of fact."

Chairman Burlingame directed Moss to take up his position at a point far away from the witness.

"We will have a little fun here now," said Burke with belligerence in his voice and demeanor, as he resumed his seat. "I will stand no criticism from you," he added, shaking his finger at Moss. "We all know you."

Moss read a resolution of the Aqueduct Police Board showing that Burke was dismissed on account of neglect of duty and "generally unsatisfactory service."

"Were you forced out of the Goddard Anti-Policy Society for taking graft?" asked Moss.

"No," said the witness.

Moss asked him if he remembered a raid on Brooklyn policy headquarters in Vesta Avenue in 1908 by the Society for the Prevention of Crime. He handed a slip of paper to Burke and asked him if he recalled that this slip was discovered in the strong box at police headquarters. The witness said he did not.

"Weren't you called upon to make explanation to the society about this very slip of paper, and didn't you fail and weren't you dropped because you failed?" asked Moss.

The testimony of John B. Stanchfield, taken at his home in Islip, L. I., which was read into the record, did not provide any surprises. Mr. Stanchfield did not corroborate the testimony given by Burke that there had been four meetings between Senator Thompson and himself. According to his testimony, he had seen the Senator only twice and the Carson-Martin bill had not been discussed by them at all, only the plan of Senator Thompson for a general investigation of traction finances with a view to ascertaining whether the demand for increased fares was justified.

"This talk about a half million slush fund to be raised by the traction companies to influence the legislative action of Senator Thompson is the idlest nonsense, for the reason that even if the traction companies had the disposition to do such a thing there is no conceivable way in which they could provide the money, that I can see," the closing paragraph of the Stanchfield testimony read.

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You can come to one of the Brill Stores and surely find the thing you are looking for in choice fabrics, fine patterns and real tailoring.

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Do It Now!—Invest In The Victory Loan

BURLESON DECLINES MACKAY'S REQUEST

Refuses to Return Postal Wires to Private Ownership Until Congress Acts in Matter.

POSTAL HEAD ASSAILS HIM

Asserts Action Shows He Is Conspiring with Western Union for Continued Government Control.

Clarence H. Mackay, President of the Postal Telegraph-Cable Company, sent the following dispatch last night to Postmaster General Burleson in reply to the statement of the latter that he would not grant Mr. Mackay's request for the return of the land lines owned by the Postal system:

The Hon. A. S. Burleson, Postmaster General, Washington, D. C.:

I gather from your telegram that you propose to hold on to the Postal Telegraph lines as long as you can. This confirms the intimation we have received from various sources, including one of your representatives, that the Western Union and Bell Telephone Companies are working for continued Government control, and it is clear now that such is your purpose. Our lines, however, will come back automatically when peace is proclaimed, and if Congress meets before that date we shall ask Congress to order their return at once, and we will not ask Congress for any appropriation, such as you apparently intend to ask for the Western Union and Bell Telephone Companies.

Your admission that you cannot successfully compete with us I can well understand. In view of your mode of operation, but your statement that we have the most profitable territory is incorrect inasmuch as through the Western Union you have the telegraph business in all of the railroad stations in the country without paying any rent or the usual expenses connected with the telegraph business. The Western Union obtained these railroad contracts many years before we went into the business. The Postal Telegraph System reaches points at which originates 70 per cent. of the entire telegraph business of the country.

Your intimation that you are working in the interest of the public service is not borne out by the recent heavy increases in the telephone and telegraph rates inaugurated by you in the interest of the Western Union and Bell Telephone Companies and against which we protested. In fact, all your acts have been in the interest of those companies, and your telegram cannot but be considered as further evidence of that.

I entirely disagree with you that the business of the Postal Telegraph System will not be jeopardized by your continued control. You have removed our principal officers and placed in charge of our system a telephone man with Bell Telephone affiliations, you have terrorized our staff by threats of dismissal if caught criticising your actions against this company; you have stopped them from distributing our house organ, and your representatives are engaged in villifying our officers with our staff. If this is not jeopardizing our business I would like to know what is. I presume there is no use in further attempts at persuasion, and we shall rely on the joint resolution of July 16, 1918, and on Congress and the courts.

CLARENCE H. MACKAY,
President Postal Telegraph-Cable Company.

Earlier in the day Mr. Mackay officially notified the employes of the Postal that control of the cable lines would revert to the owners tonight at midnight. His notice read:

"The attempted control of our cable system by Mr. Carlton of the Western Union, appointed for that purpose by Postmaster General Burleson, ends on paper tonight. The purpose was to carry out Mr. Vail's idea of a monopoly of all wire communications. The attempt has failed ignominiously. I congratulate the staff of the Commercial Cable Company on the utter defeat of Messrs. Burleson, Vail, and Carlton."

A statement issued by the company explains that the cable lines were taken over by the Postmaster General on Nov. 16, 1918, five days after the armistice was signed, and the companies involved are described as follows:

"The Commercial Cable Company, which owns five transatlantic cables from New York via Canada to England, the Azores, and France, and also a cable from New York to Cuba; the Commercial Pacific Cable Company, operating a cable between San Francisco and the Far East; the Western Union Telegraph Company, which leases eight Atlantic cables between New York and Europe, four of which cables are now, and have been nearly a year past, out of operation, and the Central and South American Telegraph Company, which owns a system of cables from New York via Cuba to Panama and South America."

The statement says that no satisfactory reason has ever been given by Mr. Burleson for taking over these cables except that it was done at the suggestion of Theodore N. Vail, President of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company, who issued a pamphlet after the cables were taken over favoring the consolidation of all cable and land lines. The statement says that Mr. Burleson's control of the cables was merely nominal because the British Government refused to recognize his control of lines touching British land.

The statement then referred to the removal of Mr. Mackay, George G. Ward, and William W. Cook, President, Vice President, and general counsel of the Postal system. After telling of the appointment of Newcomb Carlton, President of the Western Union Company, whose lines competed with those of the Postal Company, as the head of all the cable lines, the statement reads:

"The removal of these officials however made no serious difference to the Commercial Cable Company, because the control of Postmaster General Burleson and Newcomb Carlton was limited to the three-mile limit of the United States, which is a very small part of the cable system of the Commercial Cable Company.

"There will be absolutely no change in the operation of these cable lines because Postmaster General Burleson has not been able to inaugurate any changes of any kind and the cables have been run as they were before they were taken over by Postmaster General Burleson."

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—Clarence H. Mackay's request that the telegraph lines of the Postal Telegraph-Cable Company be returned to private ownership immediately was denied today by Postmaster General Burleson. The Postmaster General sent this telegram to Mr. Mackay:

Mr. Clarence H. Mackay, Postal Telegraph and Cable Company, New York, N. Y.:

Replying to your telegram 30th, you are advised that the public interest requires that the telegraph and telephone systems now being operated under Government control will be handled as one proposition until Congress takes some action with respect to them. To do as you request would result in the wires under Government control being in competition with a private corporation in those parts of the country where the traffic is most profitable and leaving the burden of giving to the public under a comprehensive schedule of rates a nation-wide telegraph service serving the unprofitable territory as well as the profitable. This would enable your corporation to take the profitable business and continue to disregard the equally important but more costly service for the entire country. The interest of the public service must be guarded before private interest can be considered. The business of your company is in no way jeopardized by continued Government control and under no circumstances will be. A. S. BURLESON.

Shoreham, at Morris Cove, Burns.

NEW HAVEN, May 1.—The Hotel Shoreham, at Morris Cove, in former years well known as the Pequot House and the first rendezvous of the New York Yacht Club on its annual cruise from Huntington, L. I., to Newport, was burned down today. The loss is $65,000. The hotel was owned by Daniel Sullivan.

Lost and Found Advertisements on Page Eighteen.

LOCAL MEN OF 77TH TO BE OUT MAY 12

Plans Made at Camp Upton for Mustering Out Nearly 11,000 Soldiers in One Day.

PARADE SEATS HARD TO FIND

Mayor's Committee Fears Many Persons Will Be Disappointed—Stories of Gen. Alexander.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMP UPTON, N. Y., May 1.—Major Joseph Klapp Nicholls, Camp Personnel Adjutant, announced today the schedule he will follow in the demobilization of the 77th Division. In all 10,000 officers and men of the unit will come here on May 7, the day following the parade, and on the afternoon of May 10 their muster out will have been completed. By units they will be discharged as follows:

Friday, May 9—Division Headquarters, Headquarters Troop, 153d Infantry Brigade, 305th Machine Gun Battalion, 305th Infantry, 306th Infantry, 154th Infantry Brigade, 306th Machine Gun Battalion, 307th Infantry, 308th Infantry, Argonne Players, Postal Detachment, 77th Military Police, Casual Detachment, 308th Field Artillery, 152d Field Artillery Brigade, Quartermaster Rail Head Detachment, Casual Detachments of 304th and 306th Field Artillery and 302d Sanitary Train, 302d Field Signal Battalion, Salvage Squad, Sales Commissary No. 307, Headquarters Detachment No. 1, 302d Mobile Ordnance Repair Shop, 302d Engineer Train.

Saturday, May 10—304th, 305th, and 306th Field Artillery, 302d Engineers, 302d Ammunition Train, 302d Sanitary Train, 304th Machine Gun Battalion, 302d Supply Train.

The discharged officers and men on Friday will total nearly 11,068, which is practically twice as many as were mustered out when the record for one day was made here recently. All of the officers and men of the division who will come here are from New York, Rhode Island, and Connecticut.

The problem of supplying tickets for the grand stand to the friends and relatives of the soldiers, before taking up the requests of others entitled to consideration, occupied the entire time of members of the Mayor's Committee yesterday. Despite the fact that privately owned grand stands have been commandeered and arrangements made for erecting new stands, the number of seats thus provided was inadequate to the needs of the committee.

The only hope of being able to satisfactorily apportion the seats, according to members of the committee, lies in the chance that the military authorities may grant the request of several thousand replacement troops from other States who want to be discharged before the day of the parade. Unless this happens many wounded soldiers, members of local draft boards, who feel they have a claim for seats because they sent the boys to the army, and officials from this and other cities will not get seats, it was said.

The Mayor's Committee had a block-to-block examination made of the entire line of march endeavoring to find places where seats could be placed on the day of the parade.

Incidents which show how Major Gen. Robert Alexander, commander of the 77th, has earned the sobriquet of the Private's General in the A. E. F., were told yesterday by Sergeant Alfred E. Glassford of Company A, 306th Infantry, the General's orderly. He said that General Alexander gave the greatest attention to the comfort of the enlisted men, frequently saying that those who wore bars on their shoulders were able to take care of themselves.

"He paid great attention to the food that the men ate. He would visit the different mess halls or tents frequently and eat with the soldiers," Sergeant Glassford said. "He seemed to take a keen delight in standing in line with a mess kit, waiting for the handout."

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When your health is at stake it's a poor time to take chances with substitutes and imitations. Look for the Bayer Cross on Aspirin tablets.

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Monroe Clothes give you 100% Value—Every element that goes to make up Value—Style—Quality—Price—is to the *n*th degree embodied in Monroe Clothes.

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—in low rent Upstairs Shops
—from America's largest Clothiers.

Come up and see how much real value is yours when you buy Monroe Clothes—

$21. $25. $30.

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NASSAU " " FRANKFORT
3 COURTLAND " " B'WAY
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125th. " cor. 7th. Ave.
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BRONX
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BROOKLYN
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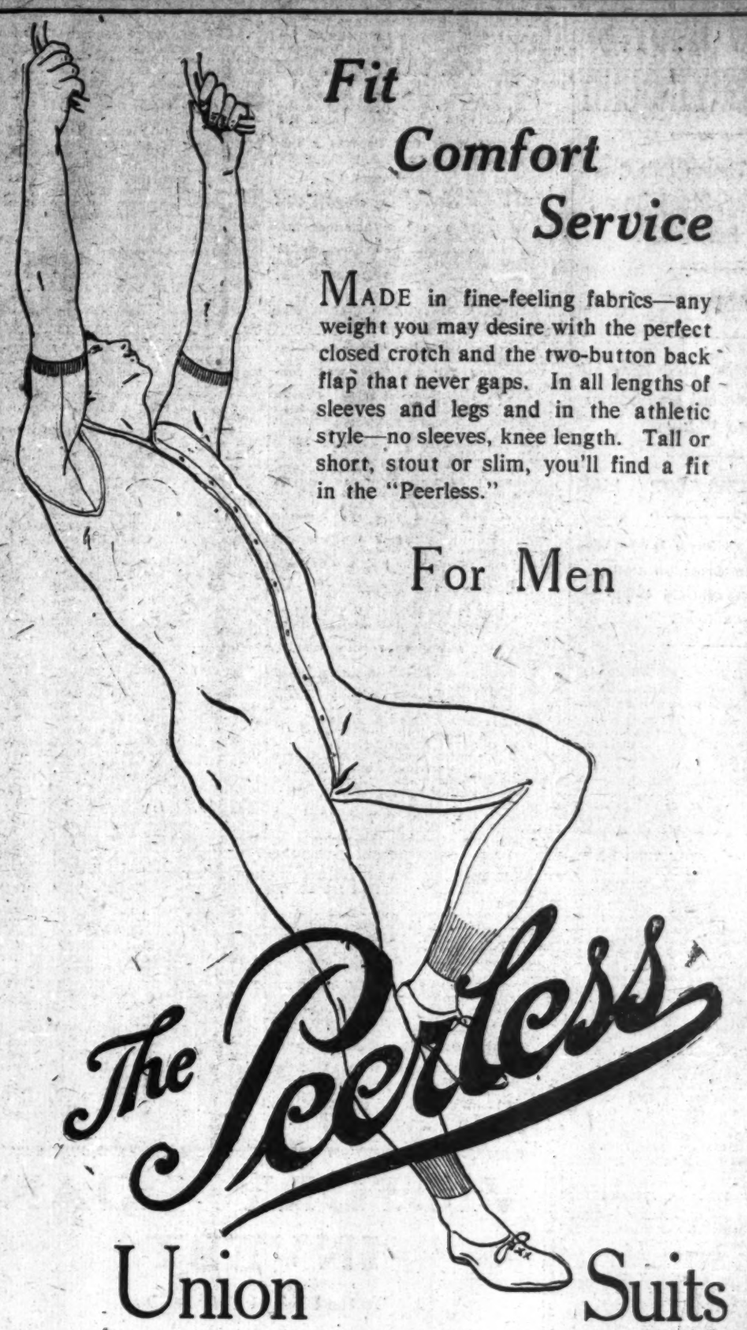

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30x3½	$12.47	36x4½	$26.95
34x4	19.97	35x5	36.50
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The Annalist, published by The New York Times Company, discusses financial problems in a way to be understood by investors. 10 cents on news stands—$4.00 a year by mail.—Advt.

PERSHING REPORTS 245 NEW CASUALTIES

Bring Total Thus Far Reported for the Army Up to 281,610.

NO MARINE CORPS LIST

Thirteen Dead and 232 Wounded Named in the Latest List Given Out at Washington.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—The War Department today gave out one army list, containing 245 names, bringing the total for the army up to 281,610. This total includes 5,434 prisoners released from German prison camps and returned to the American Expeditionary Forces. No Marine Corps casualty list was issued today, but the total previously announced for that arm was 5,950. The total for the army and Marine Corps is now 287,500.

Summary of Army Casualties to Date.

	Previously Reported.	Reported May 1.	Total.
Killed in action	32,155	4	32,159
Lost at sea	733	..	733
Died of wounds	13,467	2	13,469
Died of accident	4,569	6	4,575
Died of disease	22,883	1	22,884
Total	73,807	13	73,820
Wounded (83% returned to duty)	198,890	232	199,122
Missing and prisoners (not including prisoners released and returned)	4,134	..	4,134
Prisoners released and returned	4,534	..	4,534
Total	281,365	245	281,610

The following abbreviations are used to indicate rank and the nature of the casualty:

Gen.	General.	Corp.	Corporal.
Col.	Colonel.	Bgl.	Bugler.
Maj.	Major.	Mch.	Mechanic.
Capt.	Captain.	Wagn.	Wagoner.
Lt.	Lieutenant.	Mus.	Musician.
Sgt.	Sergeant.	Hrs.	Horseshoer.

(DA) Died from Accident or other Cause.
(DD) Died from Disease.
(DF) Died from Airplane Accident.
(DW) Died from Wounds.
(KA) Killed in Action.
(LS) Lost at Sea.
(MA) Missing in Action.
(P) Prisoner.
(RD) Returned to Duty.
(WL) Wounded Slightly.
(WS) Wounded Severely.
(WU) Wounded, (Degree Undetermined.)

The names for which no rank is indicated are those of privates. The list is given in full for the States of New York, New Jersey, and Connecticut; in other States the names of only the dead are given.

Casualties.

NEW YORK CITY.

BURKE, JOHN J., 742 11th Av.....(WL)
CONWAY, JAMES J., 1,547 2d Av....(WL)
GONZALEZ, EDWARD, 132 Sheridan Av., Brooklyn .....(WL)
HOLMES, JOHN C., 97 Claremont Av., Brooklyn .....(WL)
HOROWITZ, HARRY, 388 S. 2d St., Brooklyn .....(WL)
KELLY, EDWARD, E., Herkimer St., Brooklyn .....(KA)
KENNEDY, CHARLES J., 146 West 68th St. .....(WL)
KOLODGY, J. J., 352 W. 120th St.....(WU)
MCKENNA, PATRICK, 314 E. 16th St..(WU)
MACK, PETER F., 25 E. 4th St.—Corp.(WU)
NIELSON, WOODRUFF H., 984 Morris Av. .....(WL)
O'NEILL, EDWARD, 410 Metropolitan Av., Brooklyn .....(WU)
ORTGIES, JOHN A., Forest Hills..Av.(WU)
PERKINS, JOHN W., 1,140 Kenmore Place, Brooklyn—Lt. .....(WL)
RAISIN, EADORE, 50 E. 99th St.....(WL)
RITANI, JOHN J., 314 E. 106th St...(WU)
ROGERS, A. T., 118 Bedine St., West New Brighton, S. I. .....(WL)
ROONEY, F. J., 841 8th Av.—Corp.....(WL)
RUTHENBERG, H. P., 684 Lefferts Av., Richmond Hill—Sgt. .....(WL)
SABESKY, BENNY, 302 Broome St....(WU)
SCHIAFFO, FRANK, 73 E. 115th St...(WL)
SCHIFFRIN, A., 762 Madison Av.—Sgt..(WL)
SCHWARTZ, A., 67 E. 7th St.....(WL)
SILVERMAN, A., 907 Kelley St.....(WL)
SILVERSTON, N. J., 420 Sheffield Av., Brooklyn .....(WU)

OTHER PARTS OF NEW YORK STATE.

BURKE, JOHN F., Rochester.....(WU)
DOLAN, JOHN W., Hudson.....(WL)
GORE, G. H., 105 Coleridge St., Manhattan Beach—Sgt. .....(WS)
HORNI, PAUL P., Huntington—Corp...(WL)
KEYES, JAMES J., Westchester.....(WU)
LANG, JOSEPH P., Rochester.....(WL)
PERCY, W. J., Niagara Falls—Sgt.....(WL)
PROIETTE, F., Newburg.....(WL)
ROLLINS, H. B., West Edmeston—Wagoner .....(WU)
RUDLOFF, C. J., Port Chester.....(WU)
SMITH, JACOB J., La Salle.....(WU)

CONNECTICUT.

HAVESSY, M., South Norwalk.....(WL)
HOGAN, PATRICK F., Torrington....(WU)
O'BRIEN, JOHN A., Bridgeport—Sgt..(WU)
MICKALEK, CARL, Chester.....(WL)
MOLLOY, PETER S., New Haven—Sgt.(WL)

NEW JERSEY.

BENDER, A. F., Jr., Jersey City—Corp.(WL)
ELLISON, JAMES J., Orange, N. J....(DA)
FOSTER, EDWARD G., Highlands...(WL)
GOODRICH, EMIL, Wortendyke.....(WL)
HORNER, SAMUEL E., Tuckerton....(WL)
JOHNSON, CALVIN C., Somerville....(DA)
NOONAN, CORNELIUS, Orange.....(WU)

OTHER STATES.

BENNETT, I., Waynesfield, O.—Corp..(KA)
DEERBERG, C. J., Lawden, Iowa....(DA)
GUNDERSON, S. P., Hindoro, Wis...(KA)
JOHNSON, G., Middlesex, N. C.....(WL)
KINNEAR, JOHN, Conneaut, Ohio....(DA)
LOWE, WALTER, Lyleaville, N. C....(DW)
MARKHAM, CHARLEY, Shreveport, La.(DD)
OELDRICH, C., Sheboygan, Wis.....(KA)
OSTROM, FRED, Negaunee, Mich.....(DA)
TARRANT, ROBERT, Hooker, Okla..(DW)
WRIGHT, JAMES B., Eastland, Tex...(DA)

Revised List of Casualties.

NEW YORK CITY.

	New Reptd.	Prev. Reptd.
CALABRIA, F. J., 4,200 Ell Av.	(RD)	(MA)
DORAN, GEORGE H., 2,318 Bedford Av., Brooklyn	(WU)	(MA)
FORMICA, RICHARD, 228 Degraw St., Brooklyn	(RD)	(MA)
FORS, H. E., 450 E. 138th St.	(KA)	(D)
MEEHAN, JAMES, 549 St. John's Place, Brooklyn	(WL)	(KA)
ROBERTS, L. A., 568 3d Av.	(RD)	(MA)

OTHER PARTS OF NEW YORK STATE.

GROBER, J. M., 10 Carnegie Av., Far Rockaway.....(RD) (MA)

OTHER STATES.

CANON, ANTONIO, Phila., Pa.(KA) (D)
COLBERT, H., Shay, Okla.....(WS) (KA)
BAKER, HENRY, Withers, Ky. (D) (DW)
BARNES, OWEN E., Mount Enterprise, Texas .....(DD) (DW)
FLUTZ, JOHN A., Dayton, O....(KA) (MA)
HARROD, SCOTT, Millville, Ark.(KA) (D)
HOSLER, C., E. Jordan, Mich...(KA) (MA)
KOEHLER, C. H., Etna, Penn..(KA) (D)
McMILLION, E. E., Cass, W. Va.(KA) (MA)
MERTZ, A. R., Allentown, Penn. —Corp. .....(KA) (D)
MILLER, B., Nellsville, Wis....(KA) (D)
NORTHCUTT, O., Dry Ridge, Ky.(WH) (MA)
OVERTON, H., Sussex, N. J....(RD) (MA)
PAULSON, H. H., Selma, Cal...(KA) (MA)
PEARSON, C. W., Redlands, Cal.(DW) (D)
SKILLING, J. G., Lonaconing, Md.—Lt. .....(KA) (D)
TICHNELL, T. E., Shinnston, W. Va. .....(KA) (MA)
ULRICH, J. A., Phila., Penn...(KA) (WL)
WOOD, H., Manassas, Ga.....(KA) (MA)

Pope Honors Army Chaplain.

Word was received yesterday that the Pope had named Chaplain George J. Waring of the United States Army a domestic prelate with the title of Monsignor. It is the first time a regular army chaplain on active duty has been so honored. Chaplain Waring has seen nearly fifteen years' service in the army, having been at one time in Cuba with his regiment, the 11th Cavalry. He has an enviable record for work among military prisoners, and has been for the last four years on duty at Castle Williams on Governors Island. Since the elevation of Archbishop Hayes, Chaplain Waring has been directing the work of the Catholic chaplains in the army.

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UNRESTRICTED choice, uncommon designs, uninflated values and an unbroken range of sizes are some of the winning features in our present showing of everything in Spring and Summer outfits for men and boys.

Time is money and money is capital—you may conserve both in supplying your clothes needs from our generous provision.

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1457-1463 BROADWAY
AT FORTY-SECOND STREET

THE NEW BIG-SIX
—the only car at its price equipped with cord tires

60-horsepower motor
126-inch wheelbase
Weighs but 3125 pounds
14 to 16 miles per gallon of fuel
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If it isn't only Four and a Half Billion Dollars this Nation Needs—

It needs twenty-five million subscribers to the Victory Loan.

The larger the number of people who subscribe to this last big war loan, the less we shall have to draw on the bank funds of the nation—and naturally the better position we shall be in to go ahead with business after the loan. Twenty-five million subscribers means a better chance for prosperity in this country, for everybody.

That's why the nation needs your subscription.

It doesn't make any difference what your circumstances, there's an easy way for **you** to subscribe. You can pay as little as $2 down and $1 a week on a $50 Victory Note by buying Victory Notes on the "partial payment plan."

You can get a Victory Coupon Book for a $50, $100 or $500 Victory Note at *any* Bank or Booth and make your payments at *any* Bank or Trust Company in Greater New York as follows:

On a $50 Victory Note—$2 down and $1 a week for 48 weeks.

On a $100 Victory Note—$4 down and $2 a week for 48 weeks.

On a $500 Victory Note—$20 down and $10 a week for 48 weeks.

Or you can buy on the Government plan as follows:

On each $100 of Victory Notes—$10 when you subscribe, $10 July 15; $20 August 12; $20 September 9; $20 October 7, and $20 November 11. This gives you over six months to complete your payments, or you can pay up your subscription more rapidly if you desire. Under the Government plan you make all payments at the bank through which you subscribe.

The success of the Victory Loan is up to You
It is your Victory—and your Loan—Invest!

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Bank of Washington Heights
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Bowery Bank of New York
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Brooklyn Trust Company
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Coal & Iron National Bank of the City of New York
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Columbia Bank
Columbia Trust Co.
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Commercial Trust Co. of New York
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Continental Bank
Corn Exchange Bank
East River National Bank
Empire Trust Co.
Equitable Trust Co. of New York
Farmers Loan & Trust Co.
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Franklin Trust Co.
Fulton Trust Company of New York
Garfield National Bank
Gotham National Bank of New York
Greenwich Bank of the City of New York
Guaranty Trust Company of New York
Hanover National Bank of the City of New York
Harriman National Bank
Henry J. Schnitzer State Bank
Hudson Trust Co.
Importers and Traders National Bank of New York
International Bank
Irving National Bank
Irving Trust Co.
Italian Discount & Trust Co.
Lawyers Title & Trust Co.
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Pacific Bank
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Second Federal Reserve District
LIBERTY LOAN COMMITTEE
120 Broadway - - - - - New York

YANKEES POUND OFFERINGS OF CARL MAYS AND BEAT RED SOX IN FIRST BATTLE AT BOSTON

YANKS SETTLE OLD DEBT WITH MAYS

New York Spoils Boston Opening by Defeating World's Champions, 7 to 3.

PLAYERS IN SCRAPPY MOOD

Pratt and Mays Have a Run-In—Umpires Chase Jones and Pipp to Clubhouse.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, May 1.—The world's champion Red Sox opened their home season at Fenway Park here this afternoon with a defeat at the hands of Miller Huggins's Yankees, the final figures being 7 to 3. A rally in the ninth inning, after the home team had come from behind to tie up the game in the eighth, gave the Yankees four runs.

A line drive over second base by Frank Baker, after the New Yorkers had filled the bases with two down, was the clincher. The hit sent Sam Vick and Roger Peckinpaugh home and paved the way for two more runs which the Yankees collected at the expense of Carl Mays, the underhand expert, who shut them out at the Polo Grounds opening last week. Mays at no stage of the game looked like the pitcher who toyed with the Huggins crowd before the immense crowd at the Brush Stadium.

Poor weather conditions served to dampen the enthusiasm which Boston fans had prepared to shower on the world's champions, and not more than 13,000 were in the stands. Governor Coolidge started the teams on their way by throwing out the first ball after the players had paraded from the plate to the flagpole in centre field and had stood there with heads uncovered while Old Glory was hoisted to the top.

Mays was opposed by George Mogridge, his opponent in the opening game at New York. The New York southpaw was in much better form today than on his other appearance, yet he failed to go the limit. He was taken out in the eighth inning after the Sox had filled the bases, with nobody out and only two runs needed to tie the score. Jack Quinn could not prevent them from getting the two runs, but he stopped them after they had tied up the game and still had tne bases filled with none out.

A glittering catch by Peckinpaugh of a line drive from Scott's bat helped to pull Quinn out of his predicament. Peck shot the ball to Pratt at second, doubling McInnis, and then grabbed a hard drive from Schang's bat, ending the inning. The Sox did not threaten seriously in the ninth.

It was a bitterly fought game. Mays and Pratt had a run-in in the fourth inning, when the Boston pitcher covered third on a double play and Pratt's spikes ripped his shoe. Yankees growled at Red Sox and the latter returned the salutes. Umpire Tommy Connolly chased Sam Jones to the club house in one of the earlier innings and exiled Walter Pipp in the eighth. A play in Boston's eighth, when Umpire Nallin ruled McInnis safe at first after he had collided with Quinn and knocked the latter down, interrupted the game a full fifteen minutes. It was during the argument, led by Huggins, that Pipp and Connolly clashed.

Boston went to the front in the first inning when Barry reached first on a poor throw by Baker, second on a sacrifice, and counted on Ruth's double to the left-field fence. In New York's second, Bodie, Pipp, and Mogridge hit safely in succession after two were out, the first two scoring. In the seventh Bodie doubled to left, advanced on Ruel's infield hit, and scored on a wild pitch.

Boston tied the score in the eighth. A single by Barry, Strunk's double, and a hit batsman filled the bases with none out. Quinn replaced Mogridge at this stage. When McInnis crashed into Quinn on the slow roller along the first base line, Barry scored. Then came the big argument, and when it subsided Quinn walked Vitt, forcing Strunk home. With the bases still filled, Peck grabbed Scott's line drive, doubled McInnis off second, and then Schang forced Vitt at second.

With two out in the Yankees' ninth, Vick was safe when Mays failed to touch first on a throw from McInnis. Peck doubled past third, Lamar walked, and Baker singled to centre, scoring Vick and Peck. A wild pitch sent Lamar home, and Baker scored on a double steal with Pratt after the latter walked.

The score:

NEW YORK. (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	BOSTON. (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Vick,rf	5	1	0	2	0	Hooper,rf	5	0	1	2	0
Peck'augh,ss	4	1	1	2	7	Barry,2b	5	2	2	1	2
Pipp,1b	4	0	1	8	1	Strunk,cf	4	1	2	3	0
Lamar,1b	0	1	0	1	0	Ruth,lf	3	0	1	2	1
Baker,3b	4	1	2	1	3	McInnis,1b	4	0	2	11	1
Pratt,2b	2	0	0	6	3	Vitt,3b	2	0	0	1	2
Lewis,lf	4	0	0	0	0	Scott,ss	3	0	1	2	3
Bodie,cf	4	2	2	2	0	Schang,c	2	0	0	4	1
Ruel,c	3	1	1	6	1	Mays,p	3	0	0	0	3
Mogridge,p	3	0	1	1	3	aGilhooley	1	0	0	0	0
Quinn,p	1	0	0	0	0						
Total	34	7	9	27	18	Total	31	3	9	27	14

a Batted for Mays in ninth.

Errors—Baker, Scott, Schang, Mays.

New York	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	4	—7
Boston	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	C	—3

Two-base hits—Pipp, Bodie, Peckinpaugh, Ruth, Barry. Stolen bases—Bodie, Hooper (2.) Sacrifice hits—Lewis, Pratt, Strunk, Scott. Double plays—Baker to Pratt to Ruel to Pratt, Peckinpaugh to Pipp, Ruth to Mays, Peckinpaugh to Pratt. Left on bases—New York, 8; Boston, 9. First on errors—New York, 1; Boston, 1. Bases on balls—Off Mogridge, 4; Quinn, 1; Mays, 6. Hits—Off Mogridge, 7 in 7; Quinn, 2 in 2. Hit by pitcher—By Mogridge (Ruth.) Struck out—By Mogridge, 2; Quinn, 1; Mays, 4. Wild pitches—Mays (2.) Winning pitcher—Quinn.

BROOKLYN WELCOMES REST

Dodgers Will Open Season Today Against Boston Braves.

Yesterday's rain, necessitating a cancellation of Brooklyn's scheduled opening game with the Boston Braves at Ebbets Field, came as a welcome the athletes of Charles H. Ebbets after their twenty-inning deadlock with Philadelphia Wednesday. The season will open today, weather permitting, at 3:30 o'clock, with all the attending ceremonies scheduled for yesterday.

President Ebbets announced last night that Sherrod Smith, the Robins' southpaw twirler, who recently returned from France, has signed a contract and would join the team within a fortnight. Smith has been mustered out of Uncle Sam's service. The big left-hander was about Ebbets Field yesterday, warming up with Catcher Krueger during the storm.

Sherrod's addition to the Superbas' pitching staff strengthens that department. Uncle Wilbert Robinson now has seven dependable twirlers. In addition to Smith they are Rube Marquard, Burleigh Grimes, Leon Cadore, Jeff Pfeffer, Al Mamaux, and Larry Cheney. Pfeffer will probably start against the Braves this afternoon.

Ollie O'Mara, former third baseman, has been released to Indianapolis of the American Association. O'Mara's place at third will be taken by Lew Malone, who has shown promise as a guardian of that corner.

New York to Bowl Chicago Tonight.

New York bowlers, members of the Tunnel League, and the team of the Ocean S. S. Bowling League of Chicago will hold their annual tournament this evening. The New York players will bowl at the Grand Central Alleys in Brooklyn, while their opponents are trying to roll up a bigger score in Chicago. The scores will be wired to each side. Last year the trophy was won by the New York bowlers.

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Philadelphia at New York. (Postponed—wet grounds.)
Boston at Brooklyn. (Postponed—rain.)
Chicago at Pittsburgh. (Postponed—rain.)
Cincinnati, 6; St. Louis, 3.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York, 7; Boston, 3.
Washington at Philadelphia. (Postponed—rain.)
Detroit, 8; Cleveland, 1.
St. Louis at Chicago. (Postponed—wet grounds.)

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
Cincinnati	7	0	1.000
Brooklyn	4	1	.800
New York	3	2	.600
Philadelphia	3	2	.600
Chicago	3	3	.500
Pittsburgh	2	3	.400
St. Louis	1	7	.125
Boston	0	5	.000

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
Chicago	5	1	.857
Boston	4	2	.667
New York	3	2	.600
Cleveland	3	2	.600
Philadelphia	2	3	.400
Washington	2	4	.333
Detroit	2	4	.333
St. Louis	1	5	.167

Where They Play Today.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Philadelphia at New York. (Game starts at 3:30 P. M.)
Boston at Brooklyn.
Cincinnati at St. Louis.
Chicago at Pittsburgh.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York at Boston.
Washington at Philadelphia.
Detroit at Cleveland.
St. Louis at Chicago.

TIGERS POUND COVELESKIE.

Detroit Takes Opening Game in Cleveland by 8 to 1 Score.

CLEVELAND, May 1.—Detroit defeated Cleveland, 8 to 1, in the opening game here today. Coveleskie, who also lost the opening contest at Detroit, was hit very hard in the first two innings.

Pitchers Enzmann and Phillips, who succeeded him, were more effective. Boland pitched well throughout and was brilliantly supported. Rain fell the last three innings. The score:

DETROIT. (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	CLEVELAND. (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Bush,ss	4	1	2	0	1	Graney,lf	4	0	1	1	0
Jones,3b	5	1	2	1	0	Chapman,ss	4	0	0	4	1
Cobb,cf	5	2	2	3	0	Speaker,cf	3	1	2	4	0
Ellison,lf	4	2	3	3	0	Smith,rf	4	0	2	3	0
Heilman,lb	4	1	2	7	0	Gardner,3b	3	0	0	1	1
Flagstead,rf	5	0	1	2	0	Evans,2b	4	0	0	1	3
Young,2b	4	0	1	2	3	Johnson,lb	4	0	1	8	0
Stanage,c	4	1	1	7	0	O'Neill,c	2	0	1	3	1
Boland,p	5	0	0	0	2	N'amaker,c	1	0	0	0	0
						Coveleskie,p	1	0	0	0	3
Total	40	8	14	27	6	Enzmann,p	1	0	0	0	0
						Phillips,p	0	0	0	0	1
						aJamieson	1	0	0	0	0
						bWood	1	0	0	0	0
						cThomas	1	0	0	0	0
						Total	34	1	7	27	10

Errors—Chapman, 2.

a Batted for O'Neill in seventh inning.

b Batted for Enzmann in seventh inning.

c Batted for Phillips in ninth inning.

Detroit	3	2	0	1	0	0	1	1	—8
Cleveland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	—1

Two-base hits—Ellison, Heilman, Bush, Speaker 2, Graney. Stolen bases—Bush, Johnson, 2. Double play—Chapman and Johnson. Left on bases—Detroit, 10; Cleveland, 8. First on error—Detroit, 1. Base on balls—Off Boland, 2; Coveleskie, 1; Phillips, 1. Hits—Off Coveleskie, 11 in 4 innings; Enzmann, 2 in 3; Phillips, 1 in 2. Hit by pitcher—By Coveleskie, 1, (Ellison.) Balk—Coveleskie. Struck out—By Boland, 2; Enzmann, 2. Wild pitch—Coveleskie. Losing pitcher—Coveleskie.

SEVEN STRAIGHT FOR REDS.

Bunch Hits and Beat Cardinals Again, 6 to 3.

ST. LOUIS, May 1.—Hard, consecutive hitting in the second inning enabled Cincinnati to win from St. Louis today, 6 to 3. Goodwin replaced Sherdel in the second and pitched good ball, but it was too late to stop the visitors.

The score:

CINCINNATI. (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	ST. LOUIS. (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Rath,2b	4	0	1	1	3	Shotton,lf	5	0	2	3	0
Neale,rf	5	0	1	1	0	Smith,rf	5	1	1	1	1
Groh,3b	3	0	0	4	0	Heathcote,cf	5	0	1	2	0
Rousch,cf	4	2	2	2	0	Hornsby,ss	5	1	3	4	4
Magee,lf	2	1	1	1	0	Stock,3b	5	1	3	1	2
Daubert,1b	4	1	2	8	0	Paulette,1b	3	0	1	10	0
Kopf,ss	4	1	2	1	1	Miller,2b	4	0	0	0	2
Rariden,c	3	1	2	8	0	Snyder,c	4	0	1	2	3
Eller,p	3	0	0	0	1	aMcHenry	0	0	0	0	0
						Clemons,c	0	0	0	0	0
						Sherdel,p	0	0	0	0	0
						Goodwin,p	3	0	1	0	7
						bSchultz	1	0	0	0	0
						Tuero,p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	32	6	10	27	5	Total	40	3	12	27	19

a Ran for Snyder in eighth.

b Batted for Goodwin in eighth.

Errors—Neale, Shotten.

Cincinnati	0	4	0	0	1	0	0	1	0—6
St. Louis	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0—3

Two-base hits—Stock, Neale, Rariden. Three-base hits—Daubert, Kopf, Stock, Rariden. Sacrifice hit—Magee. Sacrifice flies—Rariden, Eller. Double play—Snyder, Hornsby, and Paulette. Left on bases—Cincinnati, 8; St. Louis, 11. First on error—St. Louis, 1. Base on balls—Off Eller, 1; Goodwin, 2. Hits—Off Sherdel, 4 in 1 inning, (none out in second;) Goodwin, 5 in 7; Tuero, 1 in 1. Hit by pitcher—By Goodwin, (Groh.) Struck out—By Eller, 7; Sherdel, 1. Losing pitcher—Sherdel.

CORNELL TO PLAY COLUMBIA

Ithaca Nine Here for Game on Heights Today.

Cornell will invade Morningside Heights this afternoon for the annual baseball game with Columbia. Fred Dawson will pit Cy Meany, the Blue and White's best pitcher, against the Ithacans, and in order to get better results at the bat he has shifted the batting order all around, dropping Bonoguaro from the top to the bottom of the list, and putting Ackerman in the clean-up position. The game will start at 3:30.

FINE PITCHING BY DUNLEVY.

Aids Evander Childs in Defeating Mount Vernon, 1 to 0.

Excellent pitching by Dunlevy gave the Evander Childs High School nine a victory over Mount Vernon H. S. yesterday on the latter's diamond by a score of 1 to 0. The contest was called in the sixth inning because of rain.

Dunlevy pitched himself out of a dangerous position in the fifth inning.

The score by innings:

				R.	H.	E.
Evander Childs	0	1	0	0	0	—1	5	0
Mount Vernon	0	0	0	0	0	—0	2	1

Batteries—Dunlevy and Schellburg; Doyle and Wilkens.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

All games postponed—rain.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
Buffalo	1	0	1.000
Toronto	1	0	1.000
Rochester	1	0	1.000
Reading	1	0	1.000
Jersey City	0	1	.000
Newark	0	1	.000
Baltimore	0	1	.000
Binghamton	0	1	.000

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

Buffalo at Jersey City.
Toronto at Newark.
Rochester at Baltimore.
Binghamton at Reading. (Two games.)

Southern Association Scores.

Atlanta, 5; New Orleans, 1.
Mobile, 7; Birmingham, 5.
Little Rock, 6; Chattanooga, 2.
Memphis, 6; Nashville, 2.

POL PERRITT WILL RETURN TO GIANTS

Tall Pitcher, Now Affluent Oil Magnate, Will Resume Arduous Baseball Tasks Monday.

The big May Day party which the Giants had arranged at the Polo Grounds yesterday with the Phillies was called off on account of the rain. If the weather is favorable today, the National League season will be ushered in with the same pomp and ceremony that was planned for yesterday. It just gives an additional day for the band to practice and for Alderman Bob Moran to practice his wind-up.

Manager McGraw, while he was deeply disappointed over the forced postponement, received some good news which brightened him up considerably. Pol Perritt, who was one of the Giants' most dependable pitchers last season, will report for duty on Monday. Fred Toney, the husky pitcher, who was bought last year from Cincinnati, is also expected to report next week, and the New York pitching staff will be greatly strengthened. The Giants' pitchers this Spring have been slow in getting started and McGraw is badly in need of the services of Perritt and Toney.

The advent of Perritt brings a bloated oil magnate into the ranks of the Giants. Pol, last Winter, discovered an oil well on his farm near Shreveport, La. Since then, the oil has been bubbling up into dollars and Pol has been so busy finding cans to put it (the oil) in that he had to postpone joining the Giants until next week.

Being an oil magnate, in addition to drawing a salary from the baseball club, Perritt will be one man who cannot be frightened by New York landlords. No matter how high they boost the old rent, Pol can just laugh at them. He can live on Riverside Drive in an apartment with a marble vestibule. He can ride back and forth to his daily toil in Harlem in a Rolls-Royce. He can even afford to buy three meals a day in a Broadway restaurant. In fact, that oil well makes living in New York a simple matter for Pol Perritt.

Last year, Perritt won eighteen games for the Giants and lost thirteen. He was the best reason McGraw had. Pol saved many a game after it had slipped away from some of the other pitchers.

Dave Robertson, the tempermental outfielder, will report to the Giants today. With Burns, Kauff, and Young in the outfield and with Lee King and Jim Thorpe as extra outgardeners, it is hard to see why McGraw is going to use Robertson. It is believed that the Giants' manager will make a trade whereby he will strengthen his pitching staff. In 1917, Robertson hung up a batting average of .500 in the world's series against the Chicago White Sox.

HOME RUN BEATS HARVARD.

Crimson Nine Bows to Maine by Score of 9 to 8.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., May 1.—Harvard lost a 9-to-8 baseball contest to the University of Maine nine this afternoon on Soldiers' Field. For two hours and forty minutes the visitors fought an uphill battle in a cold mist, finally winning out in the ninth, when two errors and a hit brought a pair of Maine runners across the plate. The teams cnalked up eleven hits and four errors, but the Crimson batters failed to come through in a ninth-inning rally. Captain Reardon of Maine handled Johnson well and brought in two runs himself, smashing out a homer in the ninth.

The score:

MAINE.	AB	R	H	PO	A	HARVARD.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Wood,lf	5	1	1	2	0	Evans,cf	4	0	1	2	1
Thompson,3b	3	0	0	2	1	Ellis,cf	0	0	0	0	0
Sargent,3b	1	0	0	0	0	Emmons,ss	4	1	1	4	2
Wat'man,1b	4	3	2	9	1	Gross,rf	5	0	2	2	0
Wyer,rf	4	1	0	3	0	Perkins,3b	4	2	2	0	2
Faulkner,2b	4	1	0	2	2	McLeod,2b	4	1	0	2	3
Slattery,ss	4	1	0	1	2	F'th'ham,1b	5	1	2	11	0
Young,cf	4	1	3	0	0	Knowles,lf	5	2	2	0	0
Reardon,c	4	1	1	10	2	Blair,c	3	2	2	6	3
Johnson,p	3	0	1	0	2	Hardell,p	1	0	0	0	3
						Erb,p	2	0	0	0	1
						aBullard	0	0	0	0	0
						bBigelow	1	0	0	0	0
						cBaldwin	1	0	0	0	0
Total	37	9	11	27	14	Total	38	8	10	27	15

a Batted for Evans in eighth inning.

b Ran for Bigelow in the eighth inning.

c Batted for Erb in the eighth inning.

Errors—Thompson, Waterman, Faulkner, Young, McLeod, Blair, (2.) Bullard.

Maine	0	1	2	1	0	0	1	2	—9
Harvard	0	4	0	0	0	1	0	1	—8

First base on errors—Harvard, 3; Maine, 2. Two-base hit—Blair. Three-base hit—Wyer. Home runs—Blair, Reardon. Sacrifice hit—Reardon. Stolen bases—Evans, Perkins, (2,) Wood, Watsman, Faulkner. Left on bases—Harvard, 7; Maine, 8. Bases on balls—Off Hardell, 3 in 3 1-3 innings; Erb, 2 in 4 2-3; Bullard, 1 in 1; Johnson, 4. Struck out—By Erb, 4 in 4 2-3 innings; Bullard, 2 in 1; Johnson, 7. Hit by pitcher—By Johnson, (McLeod.) Hits—Off Hardell, 6 in 3 1-3 innings; Erb, 4 in 4 2-3; Bullard, 1 in 3; Johnson, 11. Time of game—2 hours 40 minutes. Umpires—Barry and McLaughlin.

GET McLAREN AS COACH.

Panthers' Great Full Back Engaged by Kansas State.

PITTSBURGH, May 1.—George McLaren, the University of Pittsburgh's All-American fullback and Captain of the Panther eleven last year, has accepted a position as coach of football, basket ball, and track athletics at the Kansas State Normal College, Emporia, Kan., and next Fall will assume his duties there. McLaren was recommended for the position by Coach Glenn S. Warner, and a representative was sent here recently to confer with him. Kansas State Normal School has an enrollment of over two thousand students and the athletic teams there have been so strong recently that they have successfully competed with the University of Kansas and other leading teams in that section.

George McLaren is considered one of the greatest all-around athletes the university ever produced. He is a local product pure and simple, being a graduate of Peabody High School, where he won fame in football, basket ball, track, and swimming. At Pitt he made good from the very start and under Glenn Warner's coaching developed into one of the greatest plunging fullbacks of all time. Eastern football critics, including Walter Camp, Tiny Maxwell, and others, were enthusiastic over his great playing in the Pitt-Syracuse game of 1917, and as a result, Camp placed him in his All-American outfit.

In addition to winning his letter in football at the university for four successive years, McLaren is a letter man in basket ball and track. He specialized with the weight events at Pitt, although at high school he took his turn at the broad jump and hurdles. His position in basket ball is guard, and he is a star in that branch of sport also.

McLaren is the second Pitt man to land a good coaching position, as Dr. J. B. (Jock) Sutherland, famous guard of the 1917 team under Warner, has been made head coach of the Lafayette College team.

FREE TICKETS FOR SOLDIERS

Tars Also to be Guests at the Polo Grounds Games.

The Presidents of the two New York major league baseball clubs, Jacob Ruppert of the Yankees and Charles A. Stoneham of the Giants, have arranged with the Committee of Welcome to distribute tickets to visiting soldiers and sailors for all games at the Polo Grounds with the exception of Saturdays and Sundays. Five hundred tickets will be distributed each day at the committee's booth in Times Square.

COREY IN SQUASH FINAL.

Will Play S. H. Johnson for Title of Yale Club.

Alan Corey and Stewart H. Johnson are the finalists for the club squash title of the Yale Club, both winning their semi-final matches yesterday after the hardest kind of competition. Corey defeated Edwin J. Clapp in a five-game match, 8—15, 15—12, 15—10, 2—15, 15—4. Johnson defeated Donald Mackay in a match which took up over an hour and a half, and was finally won by Johnson at 15—17, 17—15, 15—9, 17—15.

Mackay gave Johnson a fast battle, and it was the latter's good judgment and coolness which brought him victory. Johnson made many clever "gets" after some of Mackay's smashing strokes, and, although Mackay attempted several kills by his terrific driving, he was wild and smashed the ball into the telltale frequently.

Johnson showed good generalship and played his shots accurately, many times scoring aces on well-placed cross-court drives. In the final game of the match Johnson at one time was leading at 10—3, when Mackay started a rally which brought him along at a terrific gait until he brought the score to 14-all. In this run Mackay tallied numerous kills by his hard smashes, but in the extra set for three aces Johnson scored his necessary three aces on well-placed strokes while Mackay was gaining one.

Corey won his match through his fast driving tactics, and for a heavy player he covered the court with remarkable agility. The final match will be played on Saturday afternoon.

TO SWIM IN JERSEY POOL.

Title Events May Have to be Transferred from Brighton Beach.

The fire which destroyed the Winter Pool at Brighton Beach will necessitate a transfer of several championship swimming events which the Metropolitan A. A. U. had scheduled for that resort. It is probable that the competitions will be transferred to the People's Palace in Jersey City, N. J. George W. Saxtan, who conducts the Jersey City pool, yesterday offered to give the People's Palace tank to the local A. A. U. officials for any events which they plan.

The People's Palace has issued entry blanks for the men's Metropolitan A. A. U. indoor 500-yard championship swim, and the women's 50-yard title race, which will be conducted there on May 17. Three other races have been arranged to fill out the program. They are a 400-yard relay swim, fancy diving contest from a three-foot board, and a fancy diving contest from a three-foot board for junior girls.

AMATEUR TITLES AT STAKE.

State Boxing Championships to be Held at City A. C.

Three New York State amateur boxing champions have entered for the annual title tournament which will be conducted Tuesday and Thursday nights at the City A. C., West Fifty-fourth Street. Sam Lagonia, champion at 158 pounds, and Louis Aldrip, 145-pound title holder, will defend their laurels. Sam Sieger, last year's champion at 108 pounds, will strive for the 125-pound title.

PENN STATE CUBS TO PLAY.

Return to One-Year Rule Permits a Freshman Eleven.

STATE COLLEGE, Penn., May 1.—With the return to the one-year residence rule next Fall, Penn State will again have a freshman football team and Graduate Manager Fleming has just announced a four-game schedule. The two big games are with the Cornell freshmen and Pittsburgh freshmen, the former being played at Ithaca on the same day that the two Varsity teams meet, while the Pitt yearlings will play at State College as part of the Pennsylvania Day attraction.

The schedule follows:

Oct. 25, Indiana Normal, at home; Nov. 1, Bellefonte Academy, at home; Nov. 7, Pitt freshmen, at home; Nov. 15, Cornell freshmen, away.

MAT CHAMPION DEFEATED.

Dialetes is Thrown in Greek-American Tourney.

A surprise was furnished last night in the preliminary round bouts of the Greek-American A. C.'s amateur wrestling tournament when A. Dialetes, Greek-American A. C., metropolitan district 125-pound titleholder, had his shoulders forced to the mat. The champion's conqueror was J. George, and the fall was accomplished in a peculiar manner in 9:51 3-5. Dialetes several times during the match had his rival near a fall, but always George squirmed and slipped out of dangerous situations with the consistency of a professional. Within a few seconds of the ten-minute limit, however, Dialetes was forced into a neutral corner of the ring. Here George suddenly reached out, and grasping the champion about the body, hurled him over his head and to the floor. The shock of the fall evidently stunned Dialetes, and it was an easy matter for George to complete the fall.

In the heavyweight class, B. Abramides, Greek-American A. C., local A. A. U. champion, came out with flying colors. He scored a fall over Anton Glass, Hungarian-American A. C., in 8 minutes 50 seconds. Three other bouts resulted in falls being obtained. The finals will be held tomorrow night.

The summaries:

125-Pound Class.—G. Mulinos, Greek-American A. C., threw W. Mix, unattached, in 1:12; J. George, unattached, threw A. Matates, Greek-American A. C., in 9:51 3-5.

135-Pound Class.—V. Psaitis, Greek-American A. C., defeated J. Angelo, Greek-American A. C., in 10 minutes, referee's decision; C. Camineris, Greek-American A. C., defeated George Hiltunen, Greek-American A. C., in ten minutes, referee's decision; P. Hirsch, Boys' Club, defeated S. Deutsch, Hungarian-American A. C., in ten minutes, referee's decision.

145-Pound Class.—D. Fields, East Side Y. M. C. A., threw G. H. Anderson, East Side Y. M. C. A., in 6:55; L. Galgle, Greek-American A. C., drew a bye.

115-Pound Class.—J. Collins, Greek-American A. C., defeated S. Rousdall, Norwegian-American A. C., in ten minutes, referee's decision; N. Frank defeated N. Nielson, Norwegian-American A. C., in ten minutes, referee's decision.

Heavyweight Class.—B. Abramides, Greek-American A. C., threw Anton Glass, Hungarian-American A. C., in 6:50; Paul Mallaron, Greek-American A. C., threw Peter Smith, Boys' Club, in 8:35.

TRINITY TENNIS SCHEDULE.

Seven Matches Are Arranged for Coming Season.

Special to The New York Times.

HARTFORD, Conn., May 1.—The Trinity College tennis schedule, including matches with Yale, Williams, Amherst, Wesleyan, and the New England Intercollegiates at Boston on May 12, was announced tonight by Manager Joseph Hartzmark.

The schedule is as follows:

May 2, Wesleyan at Middletown; May 3, Amherst at Amherst; May 8, Yale at New Haven; May 10, open; May 12, New England Lawn Tennis Association tournament at Boston; May 17, Williams at Williamstown; May 21, Holy Cross (pending); May 24, open; May 30, Holy Cross (pending).

Samaclar A. C. Games Tonight.

The leading athletes of the district will strive for prizes this evening at the third annual indoor athletic meet of the Samaclar A. A. to be conducted in the Seventy-first Regiment Armory. Six open A. A. U. races have been arranged, the principal event being a special 300-yards run which will bring together Loren Murchison, St. Louis A. A.; E. Hosmer, Glencoe A. A.; J. J. O'Brien, Loughlin Lyceum; Arthur Reilly, Knights of St. Antony, and A. Rothchild, Kings County A. A.

OMAR KHAYYAM IS IN OLDTIME FORM

Viau's Thoroughbred Comes Back to Win the Rennert Handicap at Pimlico.

PIMLICO, Md., May 1.—A drizzling rain, alternating with mist and fog, marred but could not entirely spoil the opening of the Maryland Jockey Club meet here today. The meeting has been heralded as the best ever promised for this State, and many thousands braved the weather to see by far the best card offered this season. Rain held no terrors for the spectators, nor apparently for the high-class thoroughbreds, and those present had the satisfaction of seeing the mighty Omar Khayyam make his first appearance of the season in the colors of Wilfred Viau, and perform in a manner that indicates that this wonderful three-year-old of two years ago has regained the form that earned him the championship of his year.

Old Rosebud, too, which came back at Havre de Grace after a long rest, also gave evidence that his resuscitation is likely to be permanent by galloping off with a six-furlong race, in which he defeated Flags, one of the fastest sprinters of last season. George W. Loft's Papp also attempted to break into the crowded ranks of successful comebacks, but he was not quite keyed up for a mile race, and after leading the field until the last furlong he had to give way to the speed and gameness of Omar Khayyam and Boniface.

The greatest interest was taken in the effort of Omar Khayyam in the Rennert Handicap to re-establish himself in the first division after being under a cloud for the whole of last season. The great son of Marco looked the picture of health, and reminded one both by his looks and his manner of going of the remarkable horse of 1917 that carried off classic after classic. He proved once more that all tracks are alike to him, for he met in Commander Ross's Boniface, a confirmed mudder, a horse that was fitted to give him an extreme test over the sloppy going. Gameness has always been the strong point of Omar Khayyam, and he showed that quality by coming from behind and, in a gruelling drive through the stretch, outlasting Boniface to gain the verdict by a neck.

The progress of the horses in the early part of the race could not be clearly discerned, but when they emerged from the mist on turning into the stretch it was seen that Papp was carrying the Loft colors in the van, with Boniface and Omar Khayyam closing rapidly as the Futurity winner of 1917 began to crack under the strain. Boniface, on account of his mud-running ability, was the favorite in the mutuel speculation, but the popular sentiment favored Omar Khayyam, and there were wild shouts for the champion as, at the furlong pole, he lengthened out his stride and gained on the two horses in front of him. Papp was disposed of, though not beaten off, but it was a different matter to pass Boniface, which Sande had put under the whip to hold his advantage of a length.

Sande's efforts roused Boniface to his best effort, but that was not good enough to withstand the rush of the son of Marco, which seldom met defeat in 1917. Gradually Omar Khayyam closed the gap, and his admirers went into ecstasies when he showed that he still possessed the finishing power of old. At the sixteenth pole he ranged alongside of Boniface, and once on even terms he never faltered. There were fears that he would crack as Boniface's head got forth undiminished speed, but the old Omar had come back, and as they raced through those final yards his fighting spirit urged him on, so that slowly but surely he drew away from the Ross candidate.

Kummer had little to do but keep his horse's head up, for Omar Khayyam was running one of his old races, and he stretched his handsome neck out a little further as he reached the judges, so that he won by the margin of a neck. Papp hung on well and was beaten only half a length. For the place there were cheers for the old champion when he returned to the stand, and he trotted off as proudly as though he had just won another Derby.

In disposing of Flags in the six-furlong dash, Old Rosebud had a much easier task than did Omar Khayyam. Flags was starting for the first time and Old Rosebud had been keyed up by a previous victory. When the field came into view in the stretch, Old Rosebud was swinging along with a lead of two lengths on Flags and he increased this a little before passing the judges. The Greentree Stable's Peter Piper was third four lengths back and the rest of the field, which included the good three-year-olds Lion d'Or and Thunderstorm, was beaten off.

That the Greentree Stable is likely to prove prominent in cross-country events was indicated when Petan easily carried off the steeplechase, leading all the way and winning by three lengths from Goldilocks, with Powers easing the Greentree representative at the finish.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.—For three-year-olds; selling; six furlongs. The Desert, 108 pounds, (Encarnacion,) $13, $9.90, and $4.60, won; Daily Connell, 105, (Ambrose, $10.20 and $3.90, second; Sylvano, 108, (Coltlett,) $2.80, third. Time—1:15. Balarosa, Dr. Fae, Florenz Hurricane, Glenn, Sky Man, and Padua also ran.

SECOND RACE.—For maiden two-year-olds; four furlongs. Mr. Brummel, 114 pounds, (Loftus,) $7.60, $3, and $2.80, won; Panoply, 100, (Troxler,) $2.60 and $2.50, second; Shoal, 110,

READING PRAISES WILSON IN WAR

Says History Will Find It Hard to Estimate the President's Part In Victory.

GREETINGS BY KING GEORGE

Sends Cable to Pilgrims' Dinner Bespeaking Close Union of English Speakers.

Lord Reading, the retiring Ambassador and High Commissioner of Great Britain to the United States, who sails for England tomorrow on the Cunarder Aquitania, delivered his farewell speech in America last night at a dinner given in his honor by the Pilgrims of the United States in the Grand Ballroom of the Waldorf-Astoria.

Lord Reading said that his tenure of office in Washington had been the most important and eventful of his career and said that his relations with President Wilson, Secretary Lansing, and other officials of the Government had been so close and so intimate that he had felt that instead of being an Ambassador he was a member of the same ministry. History, he said, would find it difficult to describe adequately the great service rendered the Allies in the supreme moment of the war when President Wilson threw everything into the struggle and brought about the unified command under Marshal Foch and started the war on to its speedy and victorious conclusion.

In the course of the evening and just before the speechmaking began cablegrams were read from King George, Secretary of State Lansing, and the Duke of Connaught, the Duke cabling as an official of the British Society of Pilgrims. The whole audience rose and cheered when that part of the King's cablegram was read in which he expressed his wish for "an enduring and steadfast brotherhood of our two great English-speaking nations," and the applause was just as prolonged and generous that followed Secretary Lansing's expressed hope for a further strengthening of the "bonds which already are so many between the American and British peoples."

The message from King George, Secretary Lansing, and the Duke of Connaught were read by George T. Wilson. That from King George, which was a reply to a message sent to the King by the Pilgrims, read:

"Windsor Castle, April 30, 1919.

"I sincerely thank the Pilgrims and their distinguished guests, who on the occasion of the farewell banquet to Lord Reading have conveyed to me in such gratifying terms the expressions of their affection and good will. I rejoice to think that at the close of my Ambassador's special mission the clouds of war which at its commencement overshadowed the world are now disappearing, and I look forward not only to the assurance of a lasting peace, but to an enduring and steadfast brotherhood of our two great English speaking nations.

"GEORGE R. I."

Secretary Lansing cabled to Lord Reading personally, his message reading:

April 24, 1919.

My Dear Lord Reading:

I deeply regret that you are about to sever your official relations with the United States and to return to England. From the first, our intercourse, both official and personal, has been so cordial that our countries will lose much by your departure, although I realize that you only intended to remain until the war was ended and the imperative need of your services at Washington would no longer exist.

In retiring from your high diplomatic post to assume again the great judicial office which you so ably fill, permit me to express on behalf of my countrymen, as well as on my behalf, an appreciation of the spirit of good-will and friendship which has throughout your mission to the United States characterized your every act. You have won for yourself a place in our hearts which memory will jealously guard, and you have impressed the relations between the two nations with a mutual esteem and confidence which will strengthen the bonds which already are so many between the American and British peoples.

I would only add a personal word to tell you that I shall always consider our intimate relations privileges which have come to me from the office which I hold and I shall often look back with pleasure to the hours which I passed in your company and in that of Lady Reading, to whom I send my respectful remembrances.

I sincerely hope that when you are again in England you will not forget your friends in America and that you will continue to perfect the unity of purpose and the mutual desire to aid one which you have done so much to foster and promote during the days of the struggle against a common foe.

With my warm regards and the best of wishes, I am, my dear Mr. Ambassador, most cordially yours,

ROBERT LANSING.

This was the message from the Duke of Connaught:

"On the occasion of the dinner given by American Pilgrims to Lord Reading I desire in the name of the British Pilgrims to associate myself very warmly with them and to express the hope that the function will be a great success and will promote the warm feelings that have already existed between our two branches.

"ARTHUR, Duke of Connaught, presiding."

As Lord Reading, who was the first speaker, began the diners arose and cheered him a full minute.

"It was a charming and gracious thought," said Lord Reading, "on the part of this society to invite me here tonight on the eve of my departure for home.

"I am not inclined to be sad tonight. For a fortnight I have been saying good-by to my American friends. If I thought that I was leaving the United States never to return my heart would indeed be sad, but I know that I shall return and I shall be delighted, more than I can tell you, to do so, for I have learned to know the American people.

"You have just heard the splendid message from the King of England, and also that other splendid message from Secretary Lansing. I cannot refrain from an allusion to that message to me from the Secretary of State. It is so cordial, so sincere, so complete in its understanding of this occasion that it touches me to the very heart.

"We in Washington have had but one thought during all that time, and I have in mind the President, the Secretary of State, Mr. Polk, who is here tonight, and all the members of the Cabinet, and that was the winning of the war and tonight I can only express the heartfelt gratitude of my country for the aid the Government of the United States has given to us. So complete was the understanding between us that it was just as if we were all the members of the ministry of the same country. It was right that it should have been so for we were working for the same cause and our ideals were exactly the same.

"I am but the representative of my country, and I know that all this but expresses the harmony and the sentiment that is characteristic of the relations between the American and British peoples at this moment.

"May I recall now my second arrival in America? It was in the Fall of 1917. America was then in the war. You had made common cause with us and had set the seal of your great moral influence on the struggle in which we were engaged. The third time I came as Ambassador, and this was early in 1918, and then I understood for the first time what it meant to us to have America with us. There was nothing that the United States was not prepared to do to win the war. When in England I had heard the news that the United States had joined in the great fight I said, 'If any human being has any doubt about the final outcome of this war, let him dispel his doubts, for the ultimate victory, with America in the struggle on our side, is as certain as the day will follow the night.'"

Lord Reading then told of his historic conference with President Wilson, at which the decision was reached by the President to rush the American forces to Europe as fast as ships could be found to take them and, as Lord Reading expressed it, "as fast as the American and British Navies could clear the ocean track for those ships." He said that this President's action at that time, when the Allies were fighting in France with their backs to the wall, will form a chapter in American history "of such momentous importance that it will be almost beyond the power of historical description."

Great events are happening in Paris. The first technical step has been taken with the verification of the credentials of the German delegates. That is not a matter of greatest importance, but it nevertheless marks the opening of intercourse between Germany and the Allies. That incident has taken place almost immediately following a great and solemnly historic event, one of the greatest in the history of the world, namely, the acceptance of the League of Nations by the Plenary Conference. Whatever may be the fate of the League of Nations, it is significant that the great nations which have been waging war have been struggling to make peace permanent. Whatever happens, whatever the result, the fact that these nations are trying to make peace in the world permanent will stand out in history as of great promise to humanity."

BODANZKY LEADS NEW ORCHESTRA

Wins a Triumph In a Program of Widely Representative Music at Carnegie Hall.

POLICE THERE ON 'PROTEST'

But "German Music," Including Wagner's "Tannhaeuser" Overture, Caused No Disturbance.

Musicians and music patrons of New York, who had looked with eager expectancy to a fresh try-out of the New Symphony Orchestra enterprise at Carnegie Hall last evening, and more especially to the virtual début in a symphony concert here of Artur Bodanzky, the Metropolitan conductor, were doubly gratified by the event. Both the leader and orchestra emerged triumphant in a program of widely representative music, superbly interpreted, while a threatened disturbance directed against the inclusion of so-called "German music" did not take place. Soldiers and sailors, it had been said, were to make a protest against the audience's hearing Wagner's "Tannhauser" overture, if not also against the First Symphony of Brahams and the familiar "Midsummer Night's Dream" scherzo by Mendelssohn.

But none of these threatened disturbances took place. A few police were at the front of the house and a small squad at the stage door. They had nothing to do. On the other hand, there was a liberal sprinkling of soldiers of the American, French, and Italian Armies among the large audience, many of whom wore medals for more valorous services than making war on the music of dead German composers. The foreigners joined in the applause with particular enthusiasm.

The reports of trouble to come at the concert added to the triumph of Mr. Bodanzky and the orchestra. After the first Brahms Symphony something very unusual for a New York audience at a symphony concert happened. In addition to the burst of handclapping there was a wave of cheering—a genuine expression of enthusiasm and foreign to the rumpus of the claque which invariably gives itself away. It was a real response to the magnificent playing of the symphony which ends in a very pinnacle of musical emotion.

Mr. Bodanzky was truly a leader; he held every piece and part of the orchestra in his grasp, welding them together into a perfect harmony. There was never a question of the guiding mind; there was no pose and no beating the air. It was the master hand and the dominating brain that made the music greater than that of others. With Bodanzky as revealed last night New Yorkers who visit the Metropolitan can feel that the loss of Toscanini is not irreparable.

The program was as interesting as the manner of its presentation. After the Brahms symphony came Berlioz's overture to "Benvenuto Cellini," a beautifully rendered example of this master of the instruments of the orchestra. Debussy's "Afternoon of a Faun" was as cool and limpid as a stream, and as refreshing, after the tense storm of the mighty Brahms. Mendelssohn's Scherzo from "The Midsummer Night's Dream," music bright and delicate, followed, and finally the "Tannhäuser" overture, to which it was said some took exception, though it has probably been played on hundreds of phonographs and pianolas without serious casualties since the war.

The concert began with "The Star-Spangled Banner," and was carried through with admirable directness and precision. Many persons prominent in society were in the audience.

SOTHERN-MARLOWE AGAIN.

They Will Return to Stage in Shakespearean Plays Next October.

E. H. Sothern and Julia Marlowe (Mrs. Sothern) will return to the stage next October in Shakespearean repertory. Miss Marlowe has not acted since January of 1914, when she became ill while appearing in Los Angeles, and Mr. Sothern has been off the stage for more than two seasons. Recently the Sotherns have been engaged in war work, and have appeared before American soldiers in both France and England.

Their return to the stage will be under the direction of Lee Shubert, with whom they were affiliated before, and their plays will be "Twelfth Night," "The Taming of the Shrew," and "Hamlet." Following a New York season they will probably visit Boston, Philadelphia, and Chicago.

Miss Marlowe, it is said, has now entirely recovered her health. It was her illness which compelled Mr. Sothern's retirement, which took place following a farewell tour for charity in a revival of "If I Were King." It was said at the time neither of the Sotherns would ever act again and that they would live in England. They returned from abroad about a month ago and are now living at 130 West Fifty-seventh Street.

Misses Hoyt In Matinee Musicale.

A crowded house greeted Misses Frances and Grace Hoyt in a matinée musicale in costume at the Morosco Theatre yesterday. This was one of the first entertainments given by them since their return from France, where they entertained the soldier boys, and their program, varied and interesting, and faultlessly rendered, opened with "Twenty Minutes of Barn-Storming at the Front." The program included songs, tableaux, and recitations, and a one-act comedy, all most cordially received by the audience.

SEEK REPUBLICAN HARMONY

Leaders May Make Concessions to Independents and Progressives.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—Republican leaders of the Senate, representing the stalwart wing intend, it is now predicted, to make every concession to the Independents and Progressives in the reorganization of the Senate to prevent a factional dispute which might interfere with united action in Congress and cause a divided party in 1920. It was learned today from a leader who is influential in Republican councils that the spirit of harmony will go so far as to tender the Presidency pro tempore of the Senate to Senator Miles Poindexter of Washington, who is the only member of the Senate who bolted the party in 1912.

NOTABLES AT HORSE SHOW.

Polo Ponies Star Attraction as Horse Show Closes.

Durland's Horse Show, which has held the tanbark for three nights, during which high and mighty military and naval dignitaries have vied with the aristocracy of the horse world in attracting visitors, closed last night with the most distinguished crowd of all present. As a result there will be a substantial amount to turn over to the Motor Corps of America, the organization for which the equine favorites have been showing their best paces.

Early in the evening the large special box was well filled by officers in uniform. In the interested group were Baron Sony, a Lieutenant in the Belgian Army, and Commander Henry Servais, Chairman of the Belgian Commission. Colonel Clarence W. Smith and Mr. and Mrs. Rene De May accompanied the officers. There also was a group of French officers on their way to Siberia, including Captain Dorvet, Captain Midy, Captain Vonamy, Captain Morndrot, Lieutenant Duffoy, and Lieutenant Keck. These were backed up by American warriors, among them being Lieut. Col. Frank Dean, Major Edward G. Murray, and Captain H. D. White, Jr.

Polo is almost second nature to an army officer, and with so many present in uniform, it was only fitting that the class for teams of three polo mounts should turn out the most interesting and exciting of the evening. The mounts were shown by members of the different clubs in uniform and under the judging of Chairman H. L. Herbert of the Polo Association the exhibition took on almost the character of a real game.

The awards:

Jumpers.—Performance over jumps 5 feet high to count—Won by Young Kaufman's ch. m. Lady Batty; S. S. Norton's b. g. Confidence, second; Wayside Farm's b. g. The Christian, third; William Schenstrom's b. g. Rainspo, fourth.

Single High-Stepping Horses, Not Exceeding 15.2 Hands.—Won by Mrs. F. P. Garvan's b. g. Hamilton Flame; Mrs. F. P. Garvan's b. g. Hamilton Dianthus, second; Mrs. E. B. Moffett's blk. g. Fire Flirt, third; Miss Constance Sala Regan's b. m. The Moth, fourth.

Saddle Horses.—Amateur class, horses over 14.2 hands.—Won by Dean Bedford's blk. g. Toronto King; Major L. J. Ladew's b. g. Bay's Miles Eagle, second; E. A. Stevens's b. m. Lady Margaret, third.

Model Saddle Horses, Shown in Hand.—Won by P. D. Mackay's b. g. Checkmate; Miss Alice A. Dodsworth's br. g. Thus, second; R. Lawrence Smith's ch. g. Meadow Lark, third; Miss Judith Shearer's b. g. The Spider, fourth.

Harness Horses, Shown to Ladies' Phaeton.—Won by A. W. Atkinson's ch. g. Ideal Mathias.

Hunters, Corinthian Class.—Won by Charles D. Lanier's ch. g. Down East; Wayside Farm's b. g. The Christian, second; Miss Lida L. Fleitmann's ch. m. Palmetto, third; R. Douglass Ewell's b. m. Confidence, fourth.

Polo Mounts, Teams of Three.—Won by Royal Air Force; Outcasts, second; Meadow Lark, third.

Women's Saddle Horses, 15.2 Hands and Over.—Won by Miss Alice A. Dodsworth's br. g. Thus; R. Lawrence Smith's ch. g. Meadow Lark, second; Mrs. C. M. Allaire's ch. g. The Minstrel, third; Casalli Farm's br. g. Triggers, fourth.

Model Hunter, to be Shown in Hand.—Won by Charles D. Lanier's ch. g. Down East; Miss Lida L. Fleitmann's ch. m. Palmetto, second; Wayside Farm's b. g. The Christian, third; Miss Josephine De Wyckoff's ch. m. Lady Jerry, fourth.

Tandems, Wheelers Over 14.2 Hands.—Won by R. Lawrence Smith's br. g. Hamilton Star and b. m. Fairy Thread. No second awarded.

Lost and Found Advertisements on Page Eighteen.

Park & Tilford Coffees

represent the finest grades obtainable in a great variety of blends, which enable us to provide a satisfactory article to meet every demand.

It is a privilege to assist patrons in selecting the blend of coffee best suited to their taste.

Our coffees are roasted in our own Coffee department, thus insuring an absolutely fresh supply.

Considering the fine quality of these coffees, the prices are most reasonable.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES

EMPIRE Broadway & 40 St. Evs. at 8:20. Matinees Tom'w & Wed., 2:20. "BARRIE AT HIS BEST."—Times. William Gillette in BARRIE'S BEST PLAY.—Herald. Dear Brutus

GLOBE B'WAY, 46 ST. Evs. 8:20. LAST 3 Times. Last Matinee Tom'w, 2:20. TIMES "AN OVATION"—Herald. Otis Skinner in His Greatest Success THE HONOR OF THE FAMILY

NEXT MONDAY NIGHT—SEATS NOW CHARLES DILLINGHAM'S SPRING GLOBE THEATRE PRODUCTION SHE'S A GOOD FELLOW A Musical Comedy by ANNE CALDWELL Music by JEROME KERN. Company includes Joseph Santley, Anne Orr, Ivy Sawyer, Duncan Sisters, Scott Welsh, Olin Howland, and Globe Theatre Star Chorus.

Cohan & Harris' 4 Big Hits

COHAN & HARRIS Thea., W. 42d St. Evs. at 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15. The Royal Vagabond Biggest Success Since "The Merry Widow." A Cohanized Opera Comique

GEO. M. COHAN Thea., B'way & 43 St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat., 2:30. GEO. M. COHAN'S GREAT CHARACTER COMEDY A Prince There Was with GRANT MITCHELL of "A Tailor-Made Man" fame

HENRY MILLER'S THEATRE, 124 W. 43d St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:30. Mrs. FISKE in "HIS' NELLY OF N'ORLEANS" A Comedy of Moonshine, Madness and Make Believe

LONGACRE West 48th St., Nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Wed. & Sat. 2:30. Most fascinating mystery play ever written THREE FACES EAST with Emmett Corrigan and Violet Heming

LYCEUM West 45th St. Evenings at 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Thurs., 2:30. DAVID BELASCO Presents DADDIES

KNICKERBOCKER THEATRE B'way and 38th St. Evs. 8:15. Matinees Tom'w & Wed., 2:15. 150th PERFORMANCE TONIGHT JOHN CORT'S NEW MUSICAL COMEDY LISTEN LESTER!

NEW AMSTERDAM West 42 St. Evs. at 8:15. MATINEES TOMORROW AND WED., 2:15. The Musical Show of 1,000 Laughs THE KLAW & ERLANGER'S GALLOP OF FUN AND MELODY VELVET LADY MUSIC BY VICTOR HERBERT ON THE ROOF Ziegfeld 9 o'Clock Revue & Midnight Frolic

MATINEE TODAY at 2:30. LIGHTNIN GAIETY B'way, 46th St. Evgs. at 8:30. MATINEE TODAY. Sat. & Wed., 2:30. SMITH-GOLDEN SUCCESSES. 3 WISE FOOLS

CRITERION B'way, 44th St. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:30.

LIBERTY West 42d St. Evenings at 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:30. Henry Miller, Holbrook Blinn, Blanche Bates, Estelle Winwood in a new play by Philip Moeller "MOLIERE"

BELASCO West 44th St. Evenings at 8:20. Matinees Tom'w & Thurs., 2:20. DAVID BELASCO presents A Comedy of Irish Life DARK ROSALEEN

HARRIS W. 42d St. Evs. at 8:30. LAST 3 Last Mat. Tom'w, 2:30. TIMES Margaret Illington, Wilton Lackaye, Robert Edeson, Katharine Kaelred in the Dramatic Sensation "A Good Bad Woman" Next Week "Fires of Faith" Salvation Army Motion Picture Special.

CORT West 48th St. Evs. 8:20. "Ulle's 're's a ...r." The Better 'Ole With MR. and MRS. COBURN

STANDARD B'way & 90 St. Evs. 25c to $1. Matinee TOM'W, 25-75c. TIGER ROSE with LENORE ULRIC

Turning Them Away! At every performance of Tony Sarg's wonderful Marionettes, in Thackeray's "The Rose and the Ring," at the Punch & Judy Theatre, 49th St. E. of B'way. That's why the engagement has simply had to be extended. It's a triumph! Mat. Today at 2. Sat. A. M. at 11, and Mat. at 3. Every Evening at 9. SEATS NOW FOR NEXT WEEK.

77th DIVISION PARADE TUESDAY, MAY 6TH. GRAND STAND Review Parade from Best Location on Fifth Avenue, Northeast Corner 95th St. & 5th Av. Full View Down the Avenue. RESERVED SEATS TICKETS $5.00 & $5.00 BOXES $40.00 & $50.00 SEATING SIX ON SALE AT McBRIDE'S TICKET OFFICES Phone 1100 Bryant. Uptown Office, 1497 Broadway. Downtown Office, 71 Broadway. HOTELS Waldorf-Astoria McAlpin Wallick

Grand Stand tickets to review the 77TH DIVISION, New York's own, on PRIVATE STAND located at 5th Ave., between 94th & 95th Sts. Broadway Theatre Ticket Co. Candler Bldg., 218 W. 42d St. PHONE 6300 BRYANT

Aeolian Hall, Mon. Eve., May 5th, at 8:15 —PAQUITA— MADRIGUERA Piano Recital. Mgt. Loudon Charlton.

HIPPODROME, Sun. Eve., May 18 ONLY JOINT RECITAL OF ALL TIMES YSAYE & ELMAN Tickets 75c to $2.50. Mail Orders to Van Hugo Musical Society, 220 West 42d Street

Aeolian Hall, Tomorrow (Sat.) Eve. at 8:15 SONG RECITAL GRAVEURE Mgt. Antonia Sawyer, Inc. Steinway Piano.

AEOLIAN HALL, TUES. EVE., MAY 6 Song Recital by EUFEMIA GIANNINI Tickets 75c to $2.50 at Box Office.

GREENWICH Village Thea., 4th St. & 7th Av. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:20. 7th Avenue Subway to Christopher Street SHAKUNTALA The Great Hindu Love Drama

CARNEGIE HALL, TODAY at 2:30 NEW SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA Mr. ARTUR Bodanzky CONDUCTOR Tickets 75c to $2. Box Office. NO WAR TAX April 26 Tickets good for TODAY.

B. F. KEITH'S PALACE B'way & 47th St. Mats. Daily 25c-$1. BLANCHE RING CHARLEY GRAPEWIN "Nuts Across the Sea" CLIFTON CRAWFORD HAIG & LOCKETT

B. F. KEITH'S RIVERSIDE B'way & 96th St. ALL FAVORITES' BILL George MacFarlane, Four Mortons, Norton & Lee, George Price, Others.

Loew's American Roof 42d St. W. of B'way Every Evening at 8:15. ADELAIDE BELL & JAZZ BAND, WM. S. HALL & CO., BERT | Reserved WALTON, SIX OTHER BIG ACTS. | 25, 35, 50

COLUMBIA B'way & 47th. Twice Daily | Pop. Prices MOLLIE WILLIAMS and Her OWN COMPANY.

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS UNDER THE DIRECTION OF LEE & J. J. SHUBERT.

WINTER GARDEN B'way & 50th St. MATINEE TOMORROW AT 2. A Carnival of Travesty in 2 Acts and 16 Scenes "The world's greatest entertainment."—Times. Charles Darnton, Eve. World. "The World is Mine" MONTE CRISTO, Jr. Astonishing assemblage of artists. A diamond mine of entertainment The most beautiful woman in the world.

CENTURY GROVE, Roof of Century Theatre. MORRIS GEST MIDNIGHT WHIRL at 11:30—A SENSATION—Plans Col. 3800

44TH ST. THEATRE, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:10 Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:10. Season's Greatest Musical Play "TAKE IT FROM ME"

PLAYHOUSE West 48th. Evenings at 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed. 2:30. ALICE BRADY in FOREVER AFTER

LYRIC 42d St., West of B'way. Evenings 8:20. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:30. THE SEASON'S HIT with RICHARD BENNETT | 1 GREAT BIG MONTH. Roland West's Thriller of Thrillers UNKNOWN PURPLE

TOBY'S BOW With NORMAN TREVOR REAL COMEDY at the COMEDY THEATRE 41st St., Near B'way Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Thurs.

48TH ST. Thea., E. of B'way. Evenings 8:30. Matinees Tom'w & Thurs., 2:30. COME-ON CHARLEY

FULTON West 46th St. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Tomor'w & Wed., 2:30. Oliver Morosco's Whirlwind Farce PLEASE GET MARRIED with Ernest Truex & Edith Taliaferro

"OUR PLEASANT SINS" With HENRIETTA CROSMAN "Best Play since 'Paid in Full.'"—Eve. World. BELMONT THEATRE, 48th St., E. of B'way Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.

MOROSCO West 45th St. Evs. at 8:30. Last Matinee Tom'w at 2:30. COURTENAY & WISE LAST 3 TIMES "CAPPY RICKS"

REPUBLIC W. 42nd St. Evenings at 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:30. THE WOMAN IN ROOM 13

ELTINGE WEST 42D ST. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:30. "UP IN MABEL'S ROOM"

HUDSON WEST 44TH ST. Evenings, 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:30. SAM BERNARD & LOUIS MANN FRIENDLY ENEMIES

THESE THEATRES GIVE SUNDAY NIGHT CONCERTS SEATS NOW ON SALE. Winter Garden B'way & 50th, at 8:15. Phone Circle 2370. A WONDERFUL ARRAY OF TALENT. Nora Bayes THEA., 44th, W. of B'way, at 8:30. Phone Bryant 61. 3D OF A SERIES OF SOPHIE TUCKER SPECIAL SUNDAY NIGHTS. Central THEATRE, B'way & 47th St. at 8:15. Phone Bryant 17. BIG ALL-STAR BILL. ★ ALWAYS STAR BILLS ★

BOOTH Thea., 45th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Tom'w & Wed., 2:30. I LOVE YOU A new farce comedy by WM. LE BARON. "Evokes Spontaneous and Rib-Warming Laughter."—Times. "Is a Promising Candidate for a Long Summer Run."—World.

Broadhurst 44th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Thurs., 2:30. Rachel Crothers' Newest Comedy "39 EAST" With Henry Hull and Constance Binney. MatSinees Tom'w & Wed., 2:30.

VANDERBILT 48th, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed. 2:30. Rachel Crothers' Brilliant Comedy A LITTLE JOURNEY With Cyril Keightley and Ethel Dane. 136TH PERFORMANCE TONIGHT

COME ALONG Musical Comedy Hit NORA BAYES Thrs., 44, W. of B'way Evs. 8:15. Mts. Tom'w & Wed. 2:15. "Will hold the boards till our soldiers come home."—Mail.

Plymouth 45th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:10 Sharp. Mats. Tom'w & Thurs., 2:10. JOHN and LIONEL BARRYMORE in "THE JEST"

! EAST IS WEST With FAY BAINTER ASTOR THEA. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed.

TEA for 3 with ARTHUR BYRON, ALBERT LAWRENCE, FREDERICK PERRY and Others at Maxine Elliott's Theatre, W. 39th. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:30.

GARRICK 35, E. of B'way. Greeley 1522. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Thurs. 2:30. Theatre Guild Comedy BONDS OF INTEREST

CLEF CLUB ORCHESTRA SELWYN THEATRE SUN. NIGHT NEW SOLOISTS NEW PROGRAMME Tickets $2.00 to 75c Now at Box Office

BIJOU Thea., 45th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinees Tom'w & Wed., 2:15. 3 FOR DIANA Wit, Charm and Romance, with MARTHA HEDMAN

SHUBERT Thea., 44th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:15. The Big Musical Comedy Hit Good Morning, Judge George Hassell, Mollie King, Charles King.

ARTHUR HAMMERSTEIN HITS BIG MUSICAL COMEDY SPLASH "TUMBLE-IN" SELWYN THEATRE, West 42d Street. Evgs. 8:20. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:20.

MUSICAL PLAY—DIFFERENT "SOMEBODY'S SWEETHEART" CENTRAL THEATRE, B'way & 47th St. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:15.

MERRY MUSICAL ROMANCE SOMETIME With Ed. Wynn CASINO THEATRE, B'way & 39th St. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:15.

SHUBERT-RIVIERA, B'way, 97th. Mat. Tomorrow A BURGOMASTER OF BELGIUM Next Week—Maxine of Motty

39th St. Theatre, near B'way. Evgs. 8:30. Smartest & Brightest of All Musical Successes. Oh, My Dear! Matinees Tom'w & Wed. 2:30. GOOD SEATS, 75c, $1, $1.50, $2.00

LOEW'S 7th Ave. at 125 St. Evs. 25c to $1. Mat. Sat., 25c to 75c. Marion's Rambeau in "The Fortune Teller" Next Week: Courtenay & Wise in 'Cappy Ricks'

EVERYTHING AT THE Hippodrome Mat. Today at 2:15. Best Seats (Except Boxes) $1.00 Evgs. at 8:15

LEXINGTON 51ST ST., LEX. AVE. Mat. Sat., 2:15. Ev. 8:15. THIS WEEK FRANCES FERNE AND BROADWAY PLAYERS. Next Week "Fair and Warmer." YES OR NO

GIANTS TO-DAY WITH PHILADELPHIA, 3:30 P. M. Polo Grounds. Adm. 50c.

"Buffalo" Band Concert Lieut. E. E. Thompson, 367th Inf., U. S. A. Bandmaster, CARNEGIE HALL, Saturday, May 3, 8:30 P. M. Ticket Sale 50c. to $2.00. Fri. and Sat., Box Office. Benefit W. 182th St. Branch Y. M. C. A.

77TH DIVISION PARADE Tuesday May 6, Grand Stand. Review New York's own from best location on Fifth Ave. Tickets $1.50, $2.00 and $5.00. FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH Fifth Ave., between 11th and 12th Sts.

MOTION PICTURES. | MOTION PICTURES.

HARRY GARSON Presents BLANCHE SWEET in Rupert Hughes' The Unpardonable Sin

TONIGHT AT 8:30 BROADWAY THEATRE—AT 41ST ST. DIRECTION B. S. MOSS

THE MOST DARING PICTURE OF ALL TIMES—IT TELLS THE TRUTH AND DRIVES IT HOME.

Directed by Marshall Neilan

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NEW YORK, FRIDAY, MAY 2, 1919.

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THE BRITISH BUDGET.

The British Empire is so far flung, and its commercial relations are so close with all other nations, that its budget has international significance. That is so this year particularly with ourselves, because of signs which may mark the beginning of England's adopting some measure of protection, and the possibility of our adopting some measure of freer trade. Those changes would correspond with the new economic conditions in both countries, which both countries will be slow to recognize. Not easily will England admit that she is challenged as mistress of the sea by the country which lost its mercantile marine by the fortunes of war, and is now finding it where it was lost. Not easily will England see that the difficulty with her own finances reduces her ability to sustain her trade by credits to foreign nations, which buy where they borrow. Nor, on the other hand, shall we see unitedly the opportunity in the world's affairs which enables us to sell where we lend, and which requires us to balance our foreign exchanges in the only way which can be permanent, that is by the admission of foreign goods. Our bankers and economists see it clearly enough, but our politicians are opposing the necessary changes in fiscal policy just as the British Opposition is doing.

The British budget has increased nearly tenfold in the fourteen years since AUSTEN CHAMBERLAIN last presented it. The war hastened the pace, but the increase began before the war, and will continue after the war, until other countries as well as England find a solution for the demand that Governments shall assume social burdens hitherto thought to be matters of individual duty. Tariff reform with England means restraint of trade, just as tariff reform with us means lessening the restraints of free trade. But the restraints England proposes are not such as we are removing. The British Chancellor does not propose the restraint of the trade of other nations. He proposes merely encouragement of the trade of the empire, but in a manner which will make more difficult the trade of competitors. West Indian products, such as sugar and cocoa, Egyptian products, such as cotton, will have an imperial preference of a sixth of the duty. On cocoa that amounts to a subsidy equal to the loss of $1,000,000 revenue, at a time when revenue is bitterly needed. What may be called the sugar subsidy amounts to $2,500,000, and is a startling contrast to the abandonment of the colonies in the Brussels convention so that the home jam makers might have cheap Continental sugar. Tea concerns us only in so far as the loss of $11,000,000 revenue for colonial preference may turn tea from this market. The list is longer, and its importance will not appear until the effect on trade is disclosed. The revenue results are of small importance in total, but of great importance as denoting progress with imperial preference, by the method of abandoning a tariff for revenue only, and adopting protection by subsidy. This was the only feature of the budget challenged by the House, and the resolutions were not allowed to pass until there was an agreement for later debate.

The British budget has increased as the debt has grown. The Chancellor stated the pre-war debt at £645,000,000, and the present debt at £7,435,000,000. The debt has grown despite taxation for the current year to cover 34.4 per cent. of the expenditures, and yet the Chancellor fails to balance his budget by £114,000,000 for what he calls a normal year. Actually the deficit is larger. With such a prospect the Chancellor is bold in reducing taxes, perhaps because they are so great that they are failing to be productive, by reducing production of goods. The excess profits tax is reduced by half to 40 per cent. and limited to one year. The luxury tax is removed, just as ours goes on. The beer tax is increased, but larger production is authorized. There is a floating debt of £1,412,000,000 which calls loudly for funding. We have been so fortunate as not to issue floating war debt to add currency to tax troubles, and we have funded all Treasury issues in anticipation of taxes in the manner illustrated in the Victory Loan. The budget evidences fiscal difficulties on every hand, but it is brave and honest in the manner in which it faces the future. The current year's reduction of debt by £545,000,000 under such conditions calls for sympathetic remark, but seems futile compared with the borrowing which cannot be escaped. It is a novelty for England to announce an external debt of £1,350,000,000, but such a borrower for such purposes deserves whatever accommodation can be given.

VICTORY LOAN ENCOURAGEMENT.

Yesterday's Victory Loan gain overnight was the largest yet reported, but that is not the most encouraging news to be remarked. One way to encourage the workers is to tell them how much they are behind. That is a good way, and there is too much room for using it, but perhaps it may serve an equally good purpose to remark how unexpectedly well some are doing. The quotas of the various trade teams average 16 per cent., but there are many far above the average. The women's clubs' record is 245 per cent. of the quota and leads them all. Next comes the music trades, 224 per cent. The largest total subscribed to date is $21,187,050, by the hardware and metals trade, making 60 per cent. of its quota. Petroleum comes next with $8,168,500, 44 per cent. There are many trades with several millions to their credit, and it is remarkable that the women's trades are as conspicuous as the women's clubs. The hospitals naturally could not be expected to find large sums of money, but there are many money-making businesses which have cause to envy their record of 98 per cent. of their quota.

Looking outside New York, the encouragement regarding the loan is to be found in the unlikeliest places. Atlanta, which has been leading the rear guard, has now three districts behind it, including New York. Atlanta has increased its percentage fourfold within a day or two, and there are others that will do the same. St. Louis leads the districts, and perhaps will until New York makes its usual finish. Chicago may regard St. Louis's challenge addressed rather to it than to New York. St. Louis leads in percentage, 52 per cent., but the Chicago district leads in 100 per cent. communities, 553 in number. All can find something to boast of in their record, for nothing like failure or despair is reported anywhere. But there are some with more to boast of than others.

THE BOMB PLOT.

Bolsheviki, anarchists, and I. W. W.'s are pointed out by all the indications as the men who intended to assassinate by bombs so many officials connected, in one way or another, with the restriction of immigration, with the deportation of anarchist or Bolshevist aliens, with court decisions unacceptable to these dangerous elements; and a few capitalists, hated on general grounds by these as yet unknown champions of the proletariat and murder, were to be included among the victims. An innocent belief that great capitalists invariably open their own mail is the only innocence that can be attributed to these baffled miscreants. It is not their fault that a poor colored girl in Georgia, deprived of both hands by the explosion of one of the infernal machines that reached its address, is as yet the principal sufferer from their crime.

The Post Office Inspectors share with the Secret Service men the gift of subtle and often successful ratiocination. They must catch, and presumably they will catch, these distributers of death, fourteen specimens of whose work lay in the General Post Office for some three days simply because the senders happened to seal each end of each of the packages with an indented or scalloped red seal. This little coquetry made the packages first-class matter. So, for want of a few cents postage, they were detained. The packages of assassination are ingenious enough, almost too ingenious. Apparently clever mechanics, clever chemists, persons with a certain demoniac carefulness, neatness, almost artistry, had a hand in the making. That polished, hard, basswood, carved cylinder in the bright green cardboard box shows skillful and patient labor. But what clues have these makers of this Bolshevist contrivance left for the ratiocinators? There is the printed forged inscription of a commercial house; there is the printed word "Novelty"; there is the printed drawing of the man with the alpenstock and the pack; a sort of Excelsior; there is the printed "Mr." with the dotted line for the addressee; there is the piece of typewriting paper with the typewritten name and address in three lines. Whether the wrapping paper or the box can be traced or not, there is the printing on three of the four eight-inch faces of the package. Surely, the font from which the type came can be identified, and thereby the place where the printing was done. Possibly the typewriting may also furnish a clue. The fulminate of mercury, like the stick of dynamite that it was to explode, could be had here only by permit. Probably it was procured outside of New York. The cylinder of basswood curiously bored and carved inside, the tapering phial, the two brass screws whose untwisting would have broken the glass phial and poured its contents against the cotton wadding in which the three little fulminating caps were tucked above the stick of dynamite—here is ample room and verge enough for the insight, the intuition and reasoning powers of the most accomplished detectives. The devisers of mechanical destruction are cunning, no doubt, but there is always a weak spot in depraved intelligence, such as theirs; and the community cannot admit that criminals so dangerous are safe from detection.

Crimes innumerable Bolshevism has perpetrated, and is perpetrating, in its Russian home. This series of May Day crimes that failed, plotted evidently for revenge and example by sympathizers and propagandists in the United States, may serve to remind our boudoir Bolsheviki of the devilry they are playing with.

BERNSTORFF AND GERMANY.

Count VON BERNSTORFF'S comments on the conditions of peace would have more weight if they came from some one else. There is much apparent reason in them, but a nation which had a long acquaintance with BERNSTORFF is apt to suspect that the purposes of that amiable statesman are not necessarily the same as his professions. Would it not be better, he says, if Germany were to keep the Sarre district, in view of the undeniable difficulties confronting the temporary French tenure, and supply "the necessary tribute of coal" from other mines? Germany is quite ready to supply France with coal, but "why "place the whole burden on one par-"ticular district?" The answer is obvious; because France knows Germany, because France knows that if the German coal tribute were allowed to come from districts chosen by the Government, there would be failure to deliver, delays, refusals, obstructions—all for the benefit of German industry and for continuing damage to French industry. If France has the Sarre Valley under military occupation, the coal can be got out; if not by German workers, then by others.

BERNSTORFF also says that Germany cannot sign a treaty providing for the surrender of Danzig. This remark may be taken into consideration with that attributed to his cousin and colleague, BROCKDORFF-RANTZAU, who holds that a truce with the Bolsheviki is desirable, so that Germany can use all her troops on the eastern front against the Poles. It would seem that some Germans high in authority think that while the Allies will perhaps enforce their demands in the west, they will not give Poland effective support after the treaty is signed. It ought to be made quite clear that German attacks on Danzig or Posen will be regarded as an act of war against the whole alliance, that they will result in the prompt stoppage of food supplies and any other measure that may be necessary. As MAXIMILIAN HARDEN so conveniently reminds us, the German Foreign Minister is "the only "diplomat in an important post who "did not oppose the U-boat war"; the Chief of Staff is the man who devastated Northern France; a member of the Peace Commission is the head of the tribunal which exonerated the murderers of Captain FRYATT; a high official of the Imperial Chancellery is Dr. ALBERT, of whom Americans know more than enough.

"Words fail" BROCKDORFF-RANTZAU'S secretary when he is asked for his impressions of what he has seen of the devastated districts in France. But words will not fail him or his superior when they come before the Peace Conference to ask for a dismissal of the indictment or mitigation of the sentence. The war has been won; it will stay won, but only on condition that the Peace Conference realizes the quality of the men it is dealing with and makes them understand its inflexible purpose.

OBSOLETE SANTIAGO WARSHIPS.

Judged by their years the battleships Indiana, Iowa, and Massachusetts, which will soon go out of commission, are venerable pre-dreadnoughts, for they belong to the early 90's of the last century; compared with the giant Tennessee, which was launched on Tuesday, they are painfully obsolete. The Tennessee, as she will be armed and equipped when put into commission, would make short work of the survivors of the American fleet that destroyed CERVERA'S squadron of cruisers off Santiago on that blistering July day whose sun was to go down upon the Spanish warships beached and shattered under the frowning heights of the Sierra de Maestre. For sentimental reasons, in part because she made the run around Cape Horn under forced draught to join in the sea battle, the Oregon is to be retained in service, and it is fitting that she should do her last turn of duty with the Pacific fleet.

To designate the Indiana, Massachusetts, and Iowa as "coast battleships Nos. 1, 2, and 4" is to prepare them for the ending of the Texas, another Santiago relic, which became a target for the gunners of the fleet. It would be a better disposition of them than sale to the junk dealers. Our sailors need practice at ranges of from 10,000 to 15,000 yards, at which distances the fighting in the battle of Jutland was done; the practicable target is a superannuated ship. More than one of BEATTY'S battle cruisers went down quickly before the well-placed armor-piercing shells of the enemy. Once a magazine exploded and the cruiser was literally blown to pieces. It is economy, then, to train American sailors to sink obsolete ships at battle ranges.

In their day the Indiana, Iowa, and Massachusetts passed for formidable warships with their main batteries of 12-inch and 13-inch guns, but it was because they were slow, never exceeding 17 knots and generally falling below that speed, that the Spaniards with their cruisers, which were fast for the period, hoped to elude the American battleships and escape to Havana. Fortunately, the engines of the Spaniards were not in the best of order, and they had to deal with a swift enemy cruiser in the Brooklyn, the New York coming up too late to do much damage. To the Iowa fell the honor of piercing the Maria Teresa with a shell that blew up one of her magazines and made her a total wreck. Either the Oregon or the Texas set the Oquendo on fire, and she drove ashore with half her crew killed or wounded. The Oregon, despite her handicap in speed on paper, repeatedly hit the Vizcaya with six-inch shells; and burning fore and aft the Spaniard hauled down her colors and was beached.

To the Oregon also belonged the credit of aiding materially in destroying the Colon, which reached a point fifty miles west of Santiago before she turned for the shore and piled up a wreck. The honors of the pursuit were with Admiral CLARK'S ship, and if any one of the surviving veterans was to enjoy the distinction of staying in commission with a fleet the Oregon was indicated.

THE MAY DAY STRIKE.

The French workingman must be of a different genus from the American workingman; he shows it by obeying the May Day strike ordered by the General Labor Federation in Paris. Everybody was ordered to strike, and the pathetic thing about it is that the midinettes, who have less to do with the purpose of the walkout than anybody else—and that is saying a good deal—began it. You could not get the American workingman to walk out on a political question. You have got to show him that his interests as a laboring man are in some way involved before you can get him to drop his hammer. When the Paris wage earner strikes for things in which he has no concern he is evidently obeying the orders of Socialist and Internationalist leaders.

It is true that the first demand was based on a labor question—the eight-hour day; but the Paris workingman was called on by the leaders to demand "total amnesty." What does that mean? Amnesty for Germans? Or does it mean that seditionaries and traitors shall be released? Is it a special provision in the interest of spies? Does it mean that BOLO PACHA'S accomplices must go scot free? Whatever it means, it means something absolutely foreign to the interests of laboring men as a class, for they are neither Germans, seditionaries, spies, nor traitors.

The Paris workingman was asked or made to sign a card demanding "rapid demobilization." The French Army is being demobilized as rapidly as possible; this demand is a political one, made for the purpose of discrediting the Government's intentions. There was a demand for "a just peace and disarmament." The word "just" is intended to imply that the peace which brings Germany to her knees is not just. As for disarmament, the allied Powers are doing everything they can to bring it about, and this demand is merely a sneer at their efforts. What have the labor interests to do with that? Is it not, and is not the whole program, purely Bolshevist socialism? And why should the workingman concern himself with it as if it were a matter of his class interests?

"I respectfully protest against intervention in Russia." Can anybody imagine a general strike being called in New York for such a purpose? The workingman was called upon to declare against income taxes on wages, martial law, and the censorship. In the first of these three he might have an interest, but the second and third are political questions. The May Day strike was plainly a Socialist, not a labor, manifestation.

THE A. C. A.

There is no need to be concerned about the Constitution in future. The Allied Citizens of America have just been incorporated to "uphold Ameri-"can ideals and the United States "Constitution." More confidence is to be given to the Allied Citizens of America because they seem to be a phase, style, or name of the State Superintendent of the New York Anti-Saloon League. He is to be the President and General Manager. The Vice President is the editor of The American Issue, the State Superintendent's personal organ. The Secretary and counsel is the counsel of the State Anti-Saloon League. Yet we are assured that the A. C. A. "is not primarily a prohibi-"tion organization, though its first "objective under the slogan 'Enforce "Prohibition to Uphold the Consti-"tution' is to carry into effect the "Eighteenth Amendment to the Con-"stitution of the United States—the "finest act of altruistic self-restraint "ever achieved by and for a great "people."

"For" is the right word. It is necessary. In California, for example, the people voted against prohibition by good fat majorities in 1914, 1916, 1918. The Legislature kindly achieved altruistic self-restraint for them. In this State, too, and in other States, prohibition was achieved for the people, by the Legislature, at the command of the Anti-Saloon League.

The A. C. A. is "broad enough ulti-"mately to afford the means through "which the people of each community "may deal with any issue involving "vindication of Americanism." Such ancient ideas as the rule of the people, the rule of the majority, the right of the town, city, State, citizen to attend to their own business are not American in the view of these Allied Citizens of America and the Anti-Saloon League.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Senator Lenroot's Views and Vote.

The Milwaukee Sentinel seems a good deal interested in the possibility of nominating Senator IRVINE L. LENROOT for President. There are a good many things to be said in favor of Mr. LENROOT, and The Sentinel says a good many of them, while avoiding the best thing that could be said. The best thing is that at the last moment Mr. LENROOT stood up for these United States as against all their enemies, and prevented the disgrace of having a man of suspected loyalty chosen to be a Senator from Wisconsin.

The Sentinel does not mention this, but it points out that he has a plan for the solution of the railroad problem which is neither too radical nor too conservative, that he stands high with his associates, that he is a man of real usefulness in public business, and that he has been an industrious legislator.

These things are all true and to Mr. LENROOT'S credit. But when the next Republican Convention meets a question will be asked about the events in the House of Representatives on March 7, 1916. Mr. LENROOT was a member of that body. It will be hard to forget that he then arose in his place and said, "I propose to vote against tabling the McLemore resolution." It will be difficult to forget Mr. LENROOT'S remark about the right of American citizens to travel on the high seas undisturbed: "That right is not clear. Is not so unquestioned, as to justify this country in going to war for a violation of that sort of right." It will be difficult indeed to forget how Mr. LENROOT voted on that resolution.

The Army Hospital Workers.

The enlisted men of the Medical Corps who have been on duty at the home hospitals, like that at Colonia, for instance, see no prospect of honorable discharge for a long time to come, perhaps for a year or more; and yet in many cases they have dependent families and naturally desire to resume their old jobs. The department point of view is that these hospital aids must not expect to share in the general demobilization until the sick and wounded are well enough to go home. This seems to be a reasonable position until the side of the enlisted men is heard. Most of them, whether they wanted to go overseas or not, reluctantly obeyed the call to hospital duty in the States. As a matter of fact, the general desire among them was to follow the flag to France and do their share in the fighting. But a soldier must obey orders, and if he is detailed to hospital work, to the hospital he goes.

The men who went to France are now returning, some of them never having been in battle; but there is no question about their discharge after brief detention at demobilization camps. The hospital workers are faithfully caring for the sick and wounded as they arrive, and in some cases these hospital men like the service and are willing to stay in it indefinitely; but others want to return to their families, as the men from overseas are doing. Is there to be no demobilization for any of these hospital attendants who were denied the opportunity to go to France? Is the "emergency" in their case to mean service after peace is proclaimed? It would seem to be simple justice for the War Department to arrange to discharge those who have a good record. Their places could be filled by enlisted men. Discrimination between soldiers who volunteered or were drafted to serve their country should not be commended.

Burglars in the Julius Turm.

The Julius Turm at Spandau has come back into the news, but in a changed and diminished character. This building was the storehouse in which the German Government, in the early seventies, deposited $30,000,000 in gold coin, part of the French indemnity, which was to serve as a supply of cash always available for immediate use, and destined at some future day to defray the first expenses of German mobilization. Mere recollection of the name is sufficient to provoke a sigh of regret at the passing of those simple days when $30,000,000 was a sum of money worthy of respectable mention, even of some conceivable use to a Government. There was elaborate ceremonial connected with the constant inspection of the supply, the checking and weighing and examination of sacks, to make sure that no robber had tampered with the treasure of this triply guarded fortress.

When war finally came the $30,000,000 was a sum of no importance. Perhaps it was spent, more probably it was used to fortify the Reichsbank's gold reserve. At any rate, it now appears that enterprising followers of Spartacus broke into the Julius Turm a few weeks ago and got away with the entire contents. The amount was small according to pre-war standards—a few million francs of Rumanian paper money—but as Rumanian paper is at a premium in Berlin just now it is estimated that the robbers obtained the equivalent of some 20,000,000 marks. A possible burglary of the Julius Turm was a subject of considerable interest to fiction writers in the past, but nobody ever foresaw that the time would come when it could be done easily, and when the burglars would get nothing but Rumanian paper money.

An Indiana Straw Vote.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Permit me to call your attention to a little error in your interesting editorial article this morning on the Presidential straw vote taken by a Fort Wayne newspaper. You say: "It is curious that Mr. Hughes, like Mr. Taft, did not figure in the Indiana straw vote." Mr. Hughes did figure in the vote, and made a very respectable showing, receiving the second highest number of votes cast.

CHARLES C. HART.
House of Representatives, Washington, April 30, 1919.

LODGE ON FIUME.

Comparison with the Mississippi Mouth Favors the Jugoslavs.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Senator Lodge, in his statement regarding Fiume, declares:

"Italy regards Fiume as the founders of our own Republic regard the mouth of the Mississippi, when it was said that any other nation holding the mouth of the Mississippi was of necessity an enemy of the United States."

The comparison of Fiume with the mouth of the Mississippi is to the point, but it speaks in favor of the Jugoslavs, and not of Italy, for in both cases the axiom prevails that a hinterland cannot be deprived of its natural outlet. As the founders of this great Republic rightly declared that any other nation holding the mouth of the Mississippi was of necessity an enemy of the United States, so Italy, if possessing Fiume, will be of necessity an enemy of the Jugoslavs.

As matters stand today, Fiume is the only Jugoslav port which has a broad-gauge railroad connection with the interior, and must therefore, for a long time to come, be the chief harbor of Serbia and Croatia alike. Even if the trade of Belgrade is eventually diverted further to the south, Fiume will always remain the chief Adriatic outlet of Zagreb, Budapest, Central and Southern Hungary, and even of Bohemia.

The chief reason of Italy's insistence on Fiume is to secure for Trieste a monopoly at Fiume's expense. For this reason the Italian Government has succeeded in goading a small fraction of Fiume's Irredentists into a course which would spell the complete ruin of the city. The so-called "National Council" of Fiume, which is supposed to have proclaimed the annexation of Fiume to Italy, has no authority to speak in the name of the town—not to mention the purely Slav suburb of Susak and surroundings—as it has never been elected by anybody, and is a mere tool of the Italian Government. It is simply one of the many illustrations of the Machiavellian policy of the Consulta.

The liberal Italians, C. Marinelli and G. Salvemini, in their book "La Questione Adriatica," say:

"The political annexation of the Liburnia (Fiume and near-by coast land) to Italy is not necessary, either for military reasons or in order to assure liberty of culture and life to the Italian element in Fiume, or in order to protect the legitimate interests of the Harbor of Trieste. On the other hand, this annexation would bring to Italy very grave difficulties on account of the administration of a country which is Slav in its overwhelming majority. And as it is the only fit outlet which the millions of Slavs, living in the hinterland, possess on the Adriatic, it would be a permanent cause of hostility between Italy and the Jugoslavs, without any necessity or advantage for Italy and to the very profit of Germany."

R. F. HLACHA,
Jugoslav Information Bureau.
New York, April 30, 1919.

ART NOTES.

Chinese and Japanese Art at Anderson Galleries.

At the Anderson Galleries is the Saito collection of Chinese and Japanese objects of art. A principal feature is the section of embroidered silk robes and hangings, Mandarin curtains used in the houses of wealthy Mandarins upon festival occasions, magnificent in color and composition, and an Imperial Gobelin jacket with the five-clawed dragon and other precious emblems. These embroideries and tapestries were secured by the collector by means of a twenty-nine day trip on horseback to the inaccessible mountain Province of Szechwan.

Another interesting feature is a group of opium pipes picked up by Mr. Saito during an extensive series of travels in China, a most interesting relics of a habit now abandoned by the newly awakened Chinese nation. Ivory and jade and cloisonné are the materials chiefly used for these pipes, many of which are elaborately decorated and very beautiful in color.

A Spring Drive on the Parks.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Coincidentally with the passage of the bill to abolish the present Court House Board and turn over to the Board of Estimate for sale or other disposal the large plot acquired for the Court House appears the recommendation of a sub-committee of the Mayor's Committee on Taxation and the Investigation of Mortgage Loans that City Hall Park be further invaded for Court House purposes. The committee recommends additional stories on the present Court House, and a new building where the present brownstone building occupied by the City Court stands. Incidentally the sub-committee recommends the abolition of the Tenement House Department.

It is not surprising to learn that the Chairman of a sub-committee with these views of the public interest is a real estate dealer and auctioneer.

Among their further proposals is that of sandblasting the exterior of the present building. A sandblasted court house in a public park continues to be, it seems, the civic ideal of a certain type of real estate mind.

New York should awaken to the fact that there is another drive against one of its greatest assets, the public parks. The proposal to turn over the Arsenal in Central Park to the Museum of Safety is another illustration.

ALBERT S. BARD,
President, the Municipal Art Society of New York.
New York, April 29, 1919.

OUR NEWLY FATHOMED DEPTHS.

Who's he that dares, with impious tread,
Invade the eternal solitudes;
That, all unbidden and unsought,
Within the glacial zone intrudes;

That violates the sacred realm
The feathered nomads called their own,
And claims divided empire where
Erstwhile the Eagle reigned alone?

Who's he, by science schooled in flight,
Would gaze on Andes from above,
O'ertop Mont Blanc's majestic dome,
And Himalaya's fastness prove?

As well might he whose tutored sight
Spies out, in space, some lonely star,
Essay to tread the path that leads
Where uncomputed nebules are,

And claim the petty lords of Earth,
To whom terrestrial sway is given,
Should parcel out, by term and bound,
The void immensity of Heaven!

No more shall he life's thrall elude
Who climbs the empyrean height;
Though soaring, in his venturous trail
Condor and vulture share his flight!

Space is man's home! Creation hides
No refuge for the enfranchised soul;
Asylum lurks not in the clouds,
Nor in the silence of the Pole!

How shall this ancient orb of ours,
All seething with intestine heat—
Old Vulcan's lair, the Forge of Hell—
For long man's scrutiny defeat!

Not long shall Aetna waste its fumes,
Nor Chimborazo spout its fires,
When sateless Science, boring deep,
With Earth's volcanic heat conspires!

ROBERT S. RANTOUL.

BALK AT CAUCUS ON LEAGUE.

Senate Progressives Refuse to be Bound by Republican Leaders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—Republican Senators, who are ranked as progressive, expressed themselves today as firmly opposed to any move that would bind the Republican Party in conference to any attitude on the League of Nations covenant. They interpreted the telegrams sent out by Senators Lodge and Curtis early in the week as indicating that the Republican leaders expect to bind the party Senators to a caucus vote.

Senator McNary of Oregon, who has come out in favor of the covenant, declared that if the Republicans attempted to bind themselves by caucus vote the party would make a fatal mistake.

"The Republican Party will go down to defeat if it tries any move of that character," said Mr. McNary. "I consider it a blunder to have sent out the telegrams urging Senators not to speak their minds until a conference may be held at the Capitol."

Senator Johnson of California, who finds much fault with the League covenant as adopted at Paris, declared that no party caucus action would affect his attitude.

"This is not a party matter: it is a matter of Americanism alone," said Mr. Johnson. "No matter what the Republicans may do in conference, I intend to vote my own way. The League of Nations matter transcends everything before the American people at this time."

Senator Jones of Washington, while willing to subordinate his personal views in ordinary matters to the judgment of a caucus, would not, he said, be bound by any decision the caucus might take on the League of Nations. Senator Borah of Idaho felt the same way about it, saying: "I shall vote in the Senate regardless of what any conference may decide, unless it happens to decide along the line of my own views."

Senator Curtis, the Republican whip, hastened to explain, after hearing what the recalcitrant Progressives had to say, that the call for a conference of the Republican Senators was not at all for the purpose of binding them in their attitude toward the League covenant.

"As a matter of fact, there is to be no regularly constituted conference," said Mr. Curtis. "The Senators merely will get together among themselves once they reach the Capitol and talk over the League covenant. No action to bind them to vote one way or the other will be undertaken. They will confer merely to air their views."

The attitude of the Progressive Senators as voiced today indicates to Senate leaders that the real line upon the League of Nations covenant will not be determined definitely until the Senate has debated it and the time arrives for a vote.

While opponents of the League of Nations disputed the prophecy of the League to Enforce Peace that the support of enough Senators is already assured to adopt the covenant when it reaches the upper body, they offered no poll of their own to combat it. No Senator appears seriously to believe that a majority could be mustered to insert any amendment that might throw the Treaty of Peace back to the Paris delegates, thus reopening the entire peace program for indefinite debate. This is what inclines some Senators to think that a qualifying resolution is the vehicle upon which they will have to depend.

GRONNA STILL ANTI-LEAGUE.

But Senator Won't Commit Himself Finally on New Draft.

Special to The New York Times.

FARGO, N. D., May 1.—Although unwilling finally to commit himself on the new draft of the League of Nations, United States Senator A. J. Gronna of North Dakota declared today that he stood firmly by the position he had already taken on the League issue.

"I am for America for Americans," he said, "and am not in favor of permitting other nations to dictate to this country as to what we should or should not do. In the proposed council we would be but one voice in nine, and, while I am hopeful for world betterment, certainly I cannot approve anything that will take from Americans the control of their own country. We did not whip Germany to surrender control of our own country to somebody else."

"They told us that there was nothing to the issue that was raised in connection with the Monroe Doctrine. The very fact, however, that changes have been made in the section referring to the Doctrine indicates that there was ground for criticism. As for the extension of the Monroe Doctrine, that is impossible. The Doctrine is purely American. When it becomes something else we no longer have the Monroe Doctrine."

Mr. Gronna is one of the signers of the Senatorial declaration against the League of Nations.

SEES BIG NAVY FOR LEAGUE.

Daniels is Discussing with Allied Admiralties Types of Vessels.

LONDON, May 1.—A large naval international police force will be necessary under the League of Nations plan immediately after peace is declared, in the opinion of Josephus W. Daniels, American Secretary of the Navy, and one of the objects of his trip abroad is to discuss with the Admiralties of Italy, France, and England some details as to this force, particularly the types of vessels desirable.

"The desire of conquest may still linger in the hearts of some nations after peace," said Secretary Daniels, "and such nations must be shown that it would be unprofitable to attempt to accomplish those desires."

As the League of Nations becomes established, Secretary Daniels added, the naval police force would certainly be decreased in proportion to the strength of the League.

The Secretary, who has just returned from a visit to the interned German battle fleet at Scapa Flow, declined to express an opinion as to the disposition of the German warships.

In a conference with newspaper correspondents today and in a speech at a joint luncheon of the Anglo-American Society and the Sulgrave Institute, Mr. Daniels emphasized what he considered the absolute necessity for a big American Navy, should the League of Nations fail to function.

To pointed questions of British correspondents regarding the extensive American building program, the Secretary explained that the action of Congress could be changed by the President should the covenant of the League provide for smaller armaments.

At the luncheon Secretary Daniels recalled the co-operation of Admiral Chichester and Admiral Dewey at Manila Bay, of which this day was the twenty-first anniversary. He confidently predicted that the co-operation of the British and American navies would continue. Without the League of Nations Britons must realize that the United States has problems similar to those of Great Britain.

"We have a great foreign trade," the Secretary continued, "which is bound to grow, and a carrying trade that is bound to grow with it. We also have obligations growing out of the League of Nations covenant. The United States does not aspire to possess such sea strength that we can impose our decrees arbitrarily upon free peoples. * * *

"But if the evolution of the League of Nations is not such as its friends and devotees in Europe and America hope it will, competition in armaments must continue as in the past, then, regrettable as the choice may be and repugnant as it will be to the American people, it will be essential from the dictates of elementary national interest that they shall build and maintain a fleet commensurate with the needs of national defense and international obligations."

Sir Robert Hadfield presided at the luncheon. The Duke of Connaught proposed and Viscount Bryce, former Ambassador to the United States, seconded the health of Secretary Daniels. Ambassador Davis, Consul General Skinner, and Rear Admiral Knapp and several British naval officers attended the luncheon. John Kennedy read a letter from the Dean of St. Paul's saying that the Dean and the Chapter would gratefully accept the offer of the Sulgrave Institute to place a bust of George Washington in St. Paul's.

FINDS WIGMORE VIOLATED NO LAW

Palmer Holds Secretary Baker Was the Judge on Framing Army Courts' Plea.

CHAMBERLAIN IN REJOINDER

Senator Declares This Decision Opens Way to Abuse of Governmental Propaganda.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—Attorney General Palmer, after investigations conducted by himself and by Postmaster General Burleson, finds that no law was violated in sending to members of the American bar, through the mails, under Government frank, the copies of a discussion of the army court-martial system by Colonel John H. Wigmore of the Judge Advocate General's office.

Some 70,000 of these documents were printed. They consisted of letters by Judge Advocate General Crowder, defending the courts-martial, and also by Colonel Wigmore, the endorsement ordering their printing and distribution being signed by Secretary Baker.

Recent criticisms of the system by Lieut. Col. Ansell were not included in the documents sent out. Mr. Palmer holds, in effect, that members of the Cabinet are proper judges of what mail matter relating to their departments may be distributed under the franking privilege.

Both Mr. Palmer and Mr. Burleson wrote to Senator Chamberlain of Oregon, Chairman of the Senate Military Affairs Committee, in announcing the result of their investigation. Mr. Palmer's letter, as given out by Mr. Chamberlain tonight, cited the two main items in the documents referred to, as well as the laws on the franking privilege, and concluded as follows:

"From the facts disclosed, it clearly appears, that the printing and distribution of these two letters were at the direction of the Secretary of War, and can in no sense be said to be the personal or self-asserted act of Colonel Wigmore. The Secretary of War is the lawful head of that department, and it is for him to determine whether any given action not forbidden by statute will promote the interests of his department.

"In view of the undoubted importance of all questions affecting the administration of military justice under the supervision of the War Department, the Secretary was fully warranted, with all of the facts before him, in determining what action he deemed necessary to be taken 'in the interest of the War Department.' If in his judgment he believed it necessary to direct the printing and distribution of the letters here involved, to the end that what he regarded as the truth might be available to the public, his action cannot be called in question by the courts."

Postmaster General Burleson, in his letter to Senator Chamberlain, after saying that Colonel Wigmore had acted with due authority, went on to explain that some of the envelopes used were those prepared for the War Industries Board, in stock when that board went out of existence, and that the use of such left-over envelopes by the departments was permitted to save expense in having other envelopes manufactured and printed by the Government.

"In considering the result of these opinions of the Attorney General and Postmaster General," said Senator Chamberlain in his statement of rejoinder today, "it must be borne in mind that the official communications from the Secretary of War to General Crowder and from General Crowder to the Secretary of War, both written in fact by Colonel Wigmore, as for the extension of the Monroe Doctrine, that is impossible. The Doctrine is purely American. When it becomes something else we no longer have the Monroe Doctrine."

Mr. Gronna is one of the signers of the Senatorial declaration against the League of Nations.

"Colonel Wigmore's letter does not relate exclusively, or at all to the business of the United States. It is a personal appeal by Colonel Wigmore, not as an officer of the army, but as a member of the bar, a private citizen, to other members of the bar as private citizens, and not upon a matter of Government business, but upon a personal defense of the conduct of the Secretary and General Crowder.

"In my opinion, by no fair interpretation of the statute can the term 'interest of the War Department' be construed as equivalent to the term 'business of the Government.' In this particular case, it is to the interest of the Secretary of War and of General Crowder to distribute misinformation and to befog the issue and thus to try and justify their failure and refusal to take any action looking toward modernizing the administration of military justice.

"The Attorney General and the Postmaster General have, in effect, announced that every executive department has full license to carry on, at public expense, by the printing and distribution through the official mails, postage free, of any writings and documents, any propaganda, that its then chief may favor. All he has to do is to certify that it is in the interests of the department.

"All the weight of intrenched Government influence, all its power of publicity, may be used to serve the personal interests of the head of the department or of any of its bureaus. If such is the case, if such fl

PUTS FLIGHT DELAY UP TO AIR MINISTRY

Raynham Asserts He Would Have Started Yesterday with Earlier Advices.

REPORTS CAME TOO LATE

Local Weather Adverse When Transatlantic Teams Received Word Ocean Conditions Were Favorable.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. JOHN'S, Newfoundland, May 1.—The inadequacy of the British Air Ministry's weather information service for the purposes of transatlantic flying was vividly illustrated today when Raynham and Morgan of the Martinsyde team were unable to start because of uncertainty as to the direction of the northerly edge of the high pressure area 600 miles from here until the receipt, at 1 P. M., of a favorable official bulletin, by which time the local wind, favorable all the morning, had shifted from the west to a stiff southeast breeze sweeping straight across Quidi Vidi Valley and making it practically impossible for the Martinsyde to rise fully loaded.

Raynham declared he would have started this morning had he been sure the edge of the area mentioned would have carried him toward Ireland, as afterward proved to be the case. He did not dare to take the chance in advance of definite information, because between the local high pressure area and that 600 miles away was a low area with a fifty-mile-an-hour northwest beam wind, and it was unsafe for him to buck this unless he was certain of finding favorable conditions on the other side.

Raynham pointed out that one Air Ministry morning report covered the twelve hours previous and one afternoon report the twelve hours previous, so that in the afternoon the fliers here have an excellent view of the weather for the last twenty-four hours. Allowing some six hours for passing through local conditions about which there is more definite information, this means that when the aviators are well out to sea their information is some thirty hours behind.

Sharp protests have gone from some members of the two expeditions here to London in the last few days on account of the slowness and sparsity of the Air Ministry service. Some connected with the flights are insisting that the service is getting worse instead of better, and are asserting that the reports have been particularly lacking in the last few days in information showing the conditions on the other side, which is readily enough gatherable and transmissible by the official branch of the Government. Whether such protests are justified and will lead the Air Ministry to bestir itself remains to be seen.

The members of the expeditions here, on the other hand, have nothing but praise for the services of Lieutenant Lawrence Clements, the local Air Ministry representative, who organized the local service with the aid of the senior naval officer here when the ministry failed, it is said, for two weeks after his arrival here either to give him instructions or co-operation. It is pointed out as an example of official London lethargy that reports of the weather on the other side were received here today for the first time in four days.

Though the field is three hundred yards wide and has a 3 per cent. grade it is represented as being far better than Quidi Vidi or Mount Pearl. Part of a road had to be filled in to complete the job, which required many men and cost much money. All the wharfage at Harbor Grace was torn out by ice during the Winter, so the Digby will tie up at the dry dock wharf here, where a crane will lift the great case, thirteen feet high and forty feet long containing the folded wings, into two twenty-eight-foot flat cars of the Reid Newfoundland Narrow Gauge Railroad and take it overland seventy-five miles to Harbor Grace.

ST. JOHN'S, N. F., May 1.—Despite adverse conditions today, late reports by wireless from ships in midocean left open the possibility for the start of the transatlantic flight tomorrow, and orders to keep both Hawker's Sopwith and Raynham's Martinsyde planes in constant readiness were renewed tonight.

Morgan, Raynham's navigator, spent the day trying out smoke bombs and a signal pistol for use in case of emergency during the flight, the one for day and the other for night. These were announced as the only signaling devices available for Raynham's machine, as it will carry no wireless sending apparatus.

Raynham and Morgan have installed navigator's aid devices to show the plane's "drift" as she flies on her course so that her pilot can make his course as nearly as possible a beeline for Dingle Bay, Ireland. The mechanism for this device consists of metal shelves placed on each side of the cockpit, each shelf charted off in 90 degrees. It is used in conjunction with the trail left by smoke bombs thrown overboard during the flight.

By sighting along the marked disk and finding the angle made by the smoke trail and the path of the flight, the navigator can determine the extent of the plane's "drift" in the wind.

A system of signaling to ships at sea has been worked out by Morgan. Commanders of transatlantic vessels arriving from England have reported the receipt of instructions at variance with flight plans here. Commander McKenzie Grieve, Hawker's navigator, said that in case of trouble at night a white flare will be sent up, which can be seen for miles, and only a white light or a wireless call in the case of the Sopwith plane will indicate an S O S for help.

Requests for information of a directional nature from ships will be made by flares of red, it was added.

NAVY TELLS ROUTE FOR OCEAN FLIGHT

From Newfoundland to Azores, Thence to Portugal, and Perhaps to Plymouth.

Following the sailing yesterday of five superdreadnoughts to act as mother ships along the navy's transatlantic flight route and the first air trip of the NC-4, which surpassed expectations, Commander John H. Towers announced the official route the seaplanes will take on the long journey which may bring to the United States the honor of blazing the air trail to Europe.

If local weather conditions permit the necessary test flights, three NC hydroplanes will leave the Naval Air Station at Rockaway Beach next week for Halifax, N. S., a distance of 540 nautical miles. The craft will be refueled and proceed the next morning to Trepassy, N. F., a distance of 460 nautical miles, which will be the taking off place for the long flight.

Trepassy is about sixty miles as the crow flies south-southeast of St. John's, where the pilots of the Martinsyde and Sopwith planes are being held up by bad weather. It was chosen because of its sheltered harbor, guarded by the necks of Trepassy Bay, the southernmost point of the big island.

"The two 'hops' to Newfoundland will be made in daylight," said Commander Towers. "The first leg of the journey will be made in about eight hours and twenty minutes. We will leave Rockaway Beach early in the morning, probably at 7 o'clock, and will start if possible the following morning for Trepassy."

After a wait of from three to seven days in Newfoundland the planes will start the first leg of the actual transatlantic flight, bound for Horta, in the Island of Fayal, Azores, a distance of 1,200 miles. If the conditions are favorable the seaplanes will continue 150 miles further to Punta del Gado, Island of San Miguel, Azores, and not stop at Horta. This would make the distance of the first leg 1,350 nautical miles.

From the Azores the planes are scheduled to fly to Lisbon, Portugal, the terminal of the overocean trip of 2,350 miles. From Lisbon, if the motors are still "good," the planes will proceed to Plymouth, England, a distance of 775 miles. The average speed of the seaplanes, disregarding wind, on the long flights is expected to be sixty-five miles an hour. This means that the flight to the Azores will take eighteen and a half hours and, not counting the hour and fifty minutes difference in time, the aircrafts will have to leave Newfoundland at about 3 o'clock in the morning to make a daylight landing in the Azores.

The warships which left yesterday to act as escort to the destroyers, which will be stationed along the route were the New York, Arkansas, Texas, Utah, and Florida. These ships, under command of Admiral Plunket, are called the "mother ships" and will be at anchor, whereas the destroyers will travel in the direction of the fliers at a distance of 400 miles apart.

In spite of fog and a drizzling rain the NC-4 on her maiden flight surpassed the hopes of the crew when she left the water in forty-eight seconds after the motors were put in first speed. She circled about Jamaica Bay and then headed out to sea, remaining in the air for forty minutes. The plane was in charge of Commander H. C. Richardson. With him were Lieut. Commander D. H. McCullough, Captain W. E. Hall of the Coast Guards, Lieutenant J. L. Breese, Jr., Chief Special Mechanic E. H. Howard, and a man from the Curtiss factory.

FLIERS OPEN AIR MEET.

Make Trip to Atlantic City, Despite Rainstorm.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., May 1.—Flying in the face of a thirty-five-mile-an-hour wind, that swept a chilling rain in from the Atlantic, "Eddie" Stinson and Roland Rolff, aviators, covered 120 miles from New York this afternoon. Their arrival opened the second Pan American Aeronautic Convention, which is to be held for a month. The circling descent of the rain-soaked airmen also marked the dedication of Atlantic City's municipal air port, designed as a terminal for future air commerce, the first of its kind in the country.

The convention, in addition to conducting aerial contests of all kinds, will discuss the future of the airplane, laying special emphasis on its commercial possibilities. The meeting is under the joint direction of the Aero Club of America, the Aerial League of America, and the Pan American Aeronautic Federation. Delegates from Europe and South America are on the way to participate.

The ascent of Stinson and Rolff was made against the advice of army and navy experts, who said the venture would be exceedingly dangerous because of the semi-gale blowing in from the ocean. At 12:20 o'clock Rolff, with Victor Hugo Barranco, Cuban representative, as a passenger, climbed into a Curtiss "Oriole" at Westbury, L. I., and was off. At almost the same time Stinson and Lieutenant W. G. Shaw, U. S. N., huddled into a ninety-six-horsepower Curtiss army training plane at Queens, L. I.

Neither plane had been in the air long before the occupants realized they had a fight ahead. Seeking easier going, Rolff climbed up to 3,000 feet, and, maintaining that height, held straight to his course, coming down for a perfect landing at the air port. Stinson had to drop down at Sea Girt Point to refuel. When he came into sight through the misty rain he thrilled the small group that braved the weather by looping the loop six times in his descent.

Rolff's time was two hours flat, while his rival took two hours and thirty-five minutes. At 4:32 o'clock Rolff left on a return trip to New York, the successful completion of the flight entitling him to $650 in prizes donated by The New York World and The New York Herald. Stinson's share was $250, or second award.

The formal opening of the convention was held soon after the flights, Alan R. Hawley, President of the Aero Club, presiding. Addressing the delegates on the steel pier, Mr. Hawley outlined the purposes of the gathering and then introduced Augustus Post, Secretary of the Aerial League, who read a number of messages, wishing success to the exposition.

A radio from Secretary of War Baker, in Paris, read: "I send greetings to the Second Pan America Aeronautic Convention. Here in France one sees the great triumph which has been achieved in aeronautics during the war and America's contribution, its value, and significance."

Lord Winston Churchill of the British Ministry cabled: "All good wishes for the success of the Pan American Aeronautic Convention. May this new art and science prove a bond of kinship between the English-speaking people. The oceans have divided us. Let the air unite us in the comradeship of daring and the painstaking study of mutual protection."

Other messages were from President Menocal of Cuba, the Royal Aero Club of Great Britain, Captain Gabriel d'Annunsio, M. Santos-Dumont, Norwegian Aero Club of Christiania, Rear Admiral Peary, Rear Admiral Bradley A. Fiske, and the Governments of Chile, Guatemala, Panama, Haiti, Venezuela, Ecuador, Paraguay, Uruguay, Mexico, and Costa Rica.

ADVERTISEMENT.

National Conference On Lynching

May 5 and 6

Opening Mass Meeting Monday Night, 8 P. M.

CARNEGIE HALL

SPEAKERS:

Charles Evans Hughes
Dr. Anna Howard Shaw
Gen. John H. Sherburne
Emmett O'Neal, ex-Gov. of Alabama
James Weldon Johnson

THE PUBLIC IS CORDIALLY INVITED

AMERICAN CAPITAL IN DEAL WITH REDS?

Is Back of So-Called Hannevig Concession in North Russia, Soviet Organ Asserts.

RIGHTS IN VAST TERRITORY

Include Railroads, Mining, Shipping, Forest, and Banking for Period of 80 Years.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 1.—A definite statement that American capital is behind the so-called Hannevig concessions in North Russia is contained, THE NEW YORK TIMES learns, in the March 26 issue of the Severnaja Kommuna, the official organ of the Petrograd Government. It gives full details of the proposed enormous railroad, mining, shipping, forest and banking concessions, and states that "the question of granting concessions is, according to official reports, so to speak, already decided beforehand."

Commenting on this, Advocate Puntervold said in the Christiania Soviet paper Demokraten of April 2:

"The concession has been agreed upon already in principle by Lenin's central Government and the highest economic council in Moscow, and the question is merely whether the Hannevig group or some one else should get it. In official circles at Petrograd it was evidently accepted a month ago that Hannevig and his American associates would obtain the concession, for the Severnaja Kommuna said that it had been granted to the Russian artist Borissov and the Norwegian subject Ganevitsch, [Hannevig,] behind whom there is American capital."

Subject to alteration in details, the concession is for the construction and the operation for eighty years of the Velliki-Severni-Putj, or Great Northern Railroad, from the River Ob in Siberia at its confluence with the River Irtish, due west to Kotlas, on the River Dwina. Thence it would send one line to Sokori on the Murman Railroad, and the other line either to Svanka, the junction of the Murman and Petrograd-Viatka Railroads, or to Petrograd itself. Moreover, it is proposed to build branches to the Velliki, Ustjug, and Nadjesdinski factories. This represents a line of about 3,000 versts. The concessionaires would also get 8,000,000 desjatin, or about 2,666,000 acres, of forest. They would be permitted for a term of eighty years to use a quarter of these entirely for their own purposes, and to add all profits to those of the railroad; and over the other three-quarters they would have extensive cutting rights for forty-eight years.

Moreover, if minerals are discovered by the concessionaires, they will have the right to mine them; and they will be permitted to construct and operate shipyards and harbors for steamship lines, and towns and villages. They will be authorized to develop all water power near the railroad, and may establish banking businesses at all railroad stations and in adjacent towns, such as Archangel, Vologda, Viatka, Ekaterinburg, Moscow, Perm, Petrograd, Tymen, Jaroslav and Tvellkiutsjug.

Ralph J. M. Bullowa, a director of Christoffer Hannevig, Inc., a shipping firm at 139 Broadway, said that this firm was not the Hannevig interests referred to in the cablegram. Christoffer Hannevig is now in London and is expected to return in a week. Mr. Bullowa said:

"I do not think Mr. Hannevig has any interest in the reported Russian concession, and our firm is not a party to it."

There are two other Hannevig firms in the same Broadway building—Hannevig & Johnson, steamship brokers, and the Hannevig Shipping Company. Christoffer Hannevig is Vice President of the former and his brother, Finn Hannevig, is the head of the latter concern, but neither of these concerns was a party to the Russian concessions, so far as Mr. Bullowa knew. It is thought that Edward Hannevig, brother of Christoffer Hannevig of Norway, was one of the heads of the syndicate mentioned in the report of the concession.

REPORT BOLSHEVIKI LEAVING PETROGRAD

Seek to Prevent News of the Capture of Olonetz Becoming Known to People.

HELSINGFORS, April 30.—Petrograd is being evacuated by the Bolsheviki, according to reports from reliable sources.

Many of the inhabitants are being sent away and the Bolshevist Government is taking rigorous measures to prevent the news of the happenings at Olonetz from reaching the people. (Olonetz, 110 miles northeast of Petrograd, has been in the hands of Finnish troops and Karelian non-Bolshevist forces since Sunday.)

LONDON, April 30.—An Associated Press dispatch from Archangel says that the Bolshevist flotilla, according to a prisoner captured yesterday on the Dvina, has reached a point about half way between Kotlas and the allied positions south of Bereznik. Preparations are under way to rush an allied flotilla southward as soon as the ice clears near Archangel.

Along the Murmansk Railway the Bolshevist troops under allied pressure have withdrawn to new positions thirty miles west of Petrozavodsk, on the western bank of Lake Onega.

A Russian wireless message reporting the withdrawal, says that the Bolsheviki have carried out an advance on the front south of Archangel and that on the eastern front the Siberians have been driven back twenty miles in the region east of Orenburg.

Concerning the situation on the Archangel front, the Russian statement claims that the Reds have advanced on the left bank of the Dvina to the mouth of the river Shuvega, east of the Vaga. A further advance has been hindered by Spring floods.

In the Orenburg region the Bolsheviki claim to have crossed the river Dema and to have advanced to a line thirty-five miles northeast of Buzuiuk, (between Orenburg and Samara,) and to have advanced fighting in the region of Bugurusian, (east of Samara.)

Consolidation of Law Offices.

Announcement was made yesterday that the law offices of Evarts, Choate & Sherman and Maurice Leon have been combined under the firm name of Evarts, Choate, Sherman & Leon at 60 Wall Street. André Lesourd, who acted as legal adviser to the French Government in London during the war, has resumed active practice at the Paris Bar and will represent the firm there.

NEW BUDGET LINES UP BRITAIN ON TARIFF

London Press Foresees a Fight on Free Trade and Predicts a New Chancellor.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 1.—"It is a disaster, from an international point of view, that at the moment when we are praying for a League of Nations the British Empire should defect from the liberal principle of free trade." This sentence from The Westminster Gazette sums up the strongest opinion in opposition to the imperial preference proposals embodied in Austen Chamberlain's budget.

Some Liberals, in view of the necessities of the hour, content themselves with a mild protest against what they describe as the thin edge of the wedge of protection, but the stalwarts among them are going to make a strong fight on "the acid test for free traders." Chamberlain's proposals require legislative sanction, and all probabilities are that they will be riddled before they reach the statute book.

One fact which must be taken into consideration, before the conclusion is reached that Britain is entering upon an era of protection, is that Lloyd George's influence in the coalition evidently has been insufficient to carry his land duties scheme, which was heralded with a great glare of trumpets, for the whole question now has been shelved by reference to a special commission.

With the country obviously reacting against the coalition in favor of the strong Liberal opposition, the measure of imperial preference which Mr. Chamberlain has espoused, mild as it is, is bound to meet the most strenuous resistance. The tariff reformers are not enthusiastic. Some of them described the budget proposals as a method of causing annoyance to the Allies without greatly benefiting the Dominions.

It is pointed out that the proposals will chiefly benefit monopolists in this country who own large areas producing tea, coffee, sugar, or cocoa in India and the Crown colonies. The preference given to manufactured goods within the empire is the subject of much caustic comment.

What benefit, it is asked, will Canada, Australia, and South Africa derive from preferential duties on clocks, watches, cinema films, motor cars, or musical instruments, none of which they manufacture for export? In this respect the "thin edge of the protective wedge" is considered most dangerous.

Chamberlain's proposals, disguised as imperial preference, are held to be really a guarantee for British manufacture of these articles that affords a permanent protective tariff against all foreign competition. Where, it is asked, is the line to be drawn? Will not manufacturers of other commodities ask for similar protection under the guise of imperial preference?

Austen Chamberlain's budget does not profess to be more than a makeshift, temporary measure. The real necessities of national finance are left for another year, or, as The Daily Mail hints, for another Chancellor of the Exchequer, who unless all signs and expectations fail, will have to stand or fall upon the question of free trade or protection.

Get 75 Per Cent. More Beer.

LONDON, May 1, (Associated Press.)—The features of the Government's budget announced in the House of Commons yesterday by Austen Chamberlain, Chancellor of the Exchequer, that today are exciting most discussion here are the continuance of the policy of heavily taxed wealth, without an increase of taxes for persons of moderate means, and the launching of the scheme of preference for imports from the Dominions and colonies.

The taxation on wealth and business is illustrated by the increase on inheritance taxes, beginning with 5 per cent. more on £15,000 estates, so that they pay 10 instead of 5 per cent. as at present, while an estate of £1,000,000 pays 50 instead of 20 per cent. Business is taxed by the retention of an excess profits tax of 40 per cent., which is half the existing rate, but which brings complaint from business men, who argue that it discourages enterprise.

The policy of imperial preference on imports, it is asserted, begins, after years of discussion in the cabinet, without any arrangement for reciprocal favors by the colonies for British products. Preference for the colonies, it is pointed out, means a tariff on goods from other countries. Free trade sentiment, however, is far from dead, and the old line free traders promise a strong fight next year, which many consider to be favorable to the profiteers.

MISS JESS LAWSON WEDS.

Sculptor Marries Lieut. H. M. Peacey—Will Live In London.

The marriage of Lieutenant Howard Marriott Peacey of London, England, and Miss Jess M. Lawson, formerly of Edinburgh, Scotland, and a well-known sculptor, took place at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon in the chapel of Trinity Church. The Rev. Joseph McComus, vicar of St. Paul's Church and a curate at Trinity, officiated. The bride's sister, Miss S. J. I. Lawson, was her only attendant, and C. B. Hoyt was the best man. A small reception followed at the bride's studio, 53 East Fifty-sixth Street.

Mrs. Peacey won the Widener Gold Medal at this Spring's exhibition at the Pennsylvania Academy of Arts for her sculpture "Belgium, 1914." Lieutenant Peacey, who was wounded and retired with the rank of Lieutenant, served in the war in the 3d Royal Sussex Regiment. He is an orphan. Mrs. Peacey's mother, Mrs. Lawson, lives in London, and with Lieutenant Peacey she is sailing tomorrow on the Aquitania to live in that city. Lieutenant Peacey is a writer of plays, and has been in this country for some time.

CASTLE WEDDING REPORTED

Aviator's Widow, It Is Said, Is to Marry R. E. Treman Tomorrow.

It was reported yesterday that Mrs. Irene Castle, widow of Vernon Castle of the Royal Flying Corps, who was killed while flying in Texas on Feb. 14, 1918, was to marry again. The name of her fiancé was given as Robert E. Treman of Ithaca, N. Y., formerly a Captain in the aviation service, and it was also said that the ceremony would take place tomorrow afternoon at the Church of the Transfiguration.

Reports that Mrs. Castle was to be married have been circulated before, the last time late this Winter during her absence abroad, which was subsequently denied. At the home of Mrs. Castle, 120 Lexington Avenue, it was said last evening that no one there knew of the approaching marriage, and that Mrs. Castle expected to leave this morning for the Adirondacks to spend a fortnight in motion-picture work.

Mr. Treman is the son of Robert H. Treman, Deputy Governor of the Second Federal Reserve Bank of New York, who resides at the Waldorf-Astoria. He first met Mrs. Castle, it is said, while she was posing in a motion-picture play at Ithaca.

Miss Elsa L. Rudolph Engaged.

The engagement of Miss Elsa Louise Rudolph, daughter of Henry Rudolph of 363 West 119th Street, to Paul H. Bilhuber has been announced. Miss Rudolph is a graduate of the Teachers' College, Columbia University, and has been active in war relief work. Mr. Bilhuber returned recently from overseas with the 311th Infantry, 78th Division, from which he has received his discharge. He is the son of Ernest Bilhuber of Maywood, N. J.

LIONESS TERRIFIES NEW JERSEY TOWN

Circus Animal Kills Keeper and Escapes, Scattering the Matinee Audience.

SHOT AFTER A CHASE

Schools Keep Children In Until Posse Corners Beast in Patch of Woods.

WOODBURY, N. J., May 1.—This town was thrown into wild excitement this afternoon when it became known that a lioness, which less than ten minutes before had attacked and killed her keeper, was at large, and that a posse of men and boys, with sticks, guns, and stones was chasing the animal through a patch of woods.

Women ran into the streets, seized their children and carried them into their homes and locked themselves in. Storekeepers closed and locked their shops, and word was sent to the schools not to dismiss the pupils while the search for the lioness was in progress.

During the chase a hundred shots were fired at the animal. Some of the attendants who led the posse managed to dispatch the beast, firing a dozen bullets into her head and heart, after she had been cornered.

Lucy, as the lioness was known, was one of the attractions with Cook Brothers Circus exhibiting here. John Henry, a lion tamer, went into the cage to clean it. He chased the mother lion into one section of the cage, closed but did not lock the iron door, and began to play with her two cubs. The lioness threw herself against the door, burst it open, leaped upon the tamer and broke his neck. With iron bars, hooks, tent poles, and other implements attendants beat off the lioness, which jumped from the cage and ran to the main tent. The audience fled in a panic.

Henry was thirty years of age and lived at Newburgh, N. Y. He was recently discharged from service.

DENIES AID FROM McADOO.

Carse Says He Loaned $42,000 to Ex-Secretary's Brother.

Henry R. Carse, President of the Submarine Boat Corporation and the Electric Boat Company, denied yesterday in the Chancery Court at Newark the allegation that he had given $40,000 to Malcolm Ross McAdoo to procure navy contracts through the influence of his brother, ex-Secretary of the Treasury William Gibbs McAdoo. Carse admitted lending him $42,000, and sending him to Washington to represent the company in its dealings with the Navy Department.

Mr. Carse denied the charges of the plaintiff, Elihu B. Frost, that it was understood that $25,000 of the sum was to go to William Gibbs McAdoo. Carse said that he had known Malcolm McAdoo personally for several years, and had advanced the money to help him through financial difficulties. He said that in 1915 and 1916 he had on two separate occasions made loans of $10,000 and also $10,000 and $2,000 to M. R. McAdoo.

When the position of Washington representative of the company was first offered to M. R. McAdoo he raised the objection, according to Mr. Carse, that his brother might disapprove of it. The witness asserted that Malcolm McAdoo then went to Washington to see the Secretary of the Treasury. He returned in a few days, and said that he had had a long conversation with his brother, according to the witness.

After this trip to Washington, Malcolm McAdoo accepted the position. He said, according to Carse, that his brother had taken the matter up with President Wilson and the Cabinet and they all agreed that there was no impropriety in Malcolm McAdoo's representing the Electric Boat Company in its dealings with the Navy Department.

Malcolm McAdoo did not appear as a witness, but Dr. David H. M. Gillespie of 440 West End Avenue testified that he was too ill to appear. Testimony in the suit, which was brought by Frost to oust Carse as a voting trustee of the Electric Boat Company, will probably be concluded today.

DE BILLY'S FAREWELL.

Sure Friendship of America and France Will Be a Force for Peace.

Edouard de Billy, Deputy High Commissioner of the French Republic, who is sailing for France today after two years in this country, yesterday issued a statement in which he said he found it a very agreeable duty to say how deeply "I have appreciated the help which has been given to France and the cause of the Allies by the American press.

"In answer to a question which is often asked me—what are my strongest impressions on leaving this country?—I would state that having experienced the strong feeling of sympathy and love which exists between the United States and France, I am convinced that their friendship, founded on such a solid ground and cemented by the glorious experiences of these last years, will be a splendid and lasting force, acting in the life of our two nations for the benefit of the peace of the world and for our common moral and material welfare."

REPORTS POGROM AT PINSK.

Central Zionist Office Hears 56 Jews Were Killed.

LONDON, May 1.—Fifty-six Jews have been killed in a pogrom at Pinsk, according to an announcement from the Central office of the Zionist Association, which received its information from the organization's Copenhagen bureau.

Forty persons were imprisoned and brutally treated, it is said, and three women were flogged, one schoolmistress being driven insane by the torture. The synagogues at Pinsk are reported to be closed, and the Jews have been impressed at forced labor. Military leaders are said to have demanded 100,000 marks, threatening to shoot Jewish leaders if that sum is not paid within twenty-four hours.

JEWS HERE TO PROTEST.

Mass Demonstration Against Massacres in Poland and Galicia.

Some 300,000 Jews of New York City, it was announced yesterday, are planning to hold a mass demonstration shortly as a protest against the series of massacres of Jews which have been taking place in Poland and Galicia in the last few weeks. A committee has already been formed, and it contemplates the organization of a mourners' parade, similar to the one held here in 1905 after the Kishinef pogrom, in which more than 1,000,000 men, women, and children participated. It is also planned to hold a mass meeting at Madison Square Garden.

A cable message has been sent by the committee to President Wilson urging him to intercede at the Peace Conference in behalf of their coreligionists in countries where pogroms are being organized against them. Cables have also been sent to members of the Jewish Congress Organization who are now in Paris.

Dr. Lonergan Weds at Bellevue.

Dr. Michael P. Lonergan of Bellevue Hospital and Miss Bertha Simpson were married yesterday morning in the Catholic Chapel of Bellevue, the Rev. Father Otto of the Paulist Fathers performing the ceremony, which was attended by a number of physicians and nurses of the hospital and school. Dr. Lonergan has been attached to the psychopathic ward of Bellevue for some time, and on account of the number of patients there requiring treatment he has postponed his bridal trip until later.

URGES RETURN OF WIRES.

Chamber of Commerce Says Federal Control Was Inefficient and Costly.

The Chamber of Commerce, at its meeting yesterday, adopted resolutions stating that the Government operation of the cable, telegraph, and telephone lines "has been inefficient, vexatious, and costly," and that so far as the Postal system is concerned, continued control of it is no longer necessary. The resolutions also state that the chamber is opposed to any further control and operation by the Government of public utilities.

The resolutions and a long preamble which introduced them were presented to the Chamber by Darwin P. Kingsley, as a Director, and not as Chairman of the Committee on Insurance, so that the position of the officials of the Chamber might be set before the members. The preamble states that a marked deterioration has followed the Government control of the cables and land lines, and that the emergency which led the Government to take them over must now have subsided.

After referring to the decision of the Postmaster General to return the cable lines to the control of their owners on "Friday, the second, at midnight," and to an alleged attempt of the Postmaster General, through Judge Moon, to extend indefinitely Government control of all the lines, the preamble says that "there is no earthly reason why the Postmaster General should not return the Postal system's lines to their owners immediately." Reference is made to the communication of Clarence H. Mackay to the Postmaster General, stating that the Postal Company was willing to take back its lines and to charge the Government for their use only the amount that they earned.

JOSEPH W. JEFFERSON DIES.

Son of the Famous Actor Starred Years Ago in "The Rivals."

Joseph Warren Jefferson, the actor, a son of the famous Joseph Jefferson, died yesterday at the age of 49 at his residence, 173 West Seventy-second Street. He had been operated on for cancer last December at the New York Hospital.

Mr. Jefferson first appeared on the stage with his father in Denver in 1885 in "Rip Van Winkle." He starred in "The Rivals" in 1902 as Sir Lucius O'Trigger. Of recent years he had appeared chiefly in the vaudeville sketches "In 1999" and "Poor Old Jim," both written by W. C. de Millo.

Mr. Jefferson was a thirty-second degree Mason and belonged to The Lambs and the New York Athletic Club. He is survived by his mother; his wife, his brother, William, a daughter, and a son.

WALLACE W. PAGE DEAD.

Originator of "Sunny Jim" Was Head of National Wire Wheel Works

Wallace W. Page, President of the National Wire Wheel Works and Secretary of the Geneva Cutlery Corporation, died suddenly on Tuesday of pleural pneumonia, three days after moving into his new house in Geneva, N. Y. He was 38 years old.

He was one of the owners of W. Reed Williams, Inc., a large export company, one of whose officials stated last night that Mr. Page was the originator of "Sunny Jim" and had managed the advertising campaign which made that character famous.

Editor Follows Sister in Death.

Stephen Tyng Higginson, formerly an editor on the Boston Globe, died late Wednesday night at Bellevue Hospital a few hours after the death of his sister, Florence Krawser, Mr. Higginson had long been a patient at the hospital. His sister, who was 48, lived at 867 West 191st Street. Both were born in Boston. There will be a double funeral on Saturday at 2 o'clock at the Campbell Funeral Church, Broadway and Sixty-sixth Street.

Obituary Notes.

MORRIS LEVY ISAAK, proprietor of an employment agency in Brooklyn, died of Bright's disease on Wednesday at his home, 34 Nevins Street, Brooklyn. He was in his seventieth year.

CHARLES W. SEITZ, a Brooklyn real estate broker and superintendent emeritus of the Sumner Avenue M. E. Church Sunday School, died on Wednesday at his home, 333 Bainbridge Street, Brooklyn, at 75 years of age. He was an active worker in the Boy Scout movement and for a time was President of the Brooklyn Scoutmasters Club.

Mrs. HARRIET WIGLEY, widow of John W. Wigley, an artist, died at Oneonta, N. Y., yesterday at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Wigley was 63 years old and lived with another daughter at 123 Kenmore Place, Brooklyn.

ANSON DUDLEY BRAMHALL died on Wednesday at his home, 32 East Sixty-fifth Street, aged 68. He was in the woolen business in this city, first as a member of Bramhall Brothers & Co., and later of James C. Swift & Co.

Captain CLARENCE B. CARVER, instructor in the schools of the Third Army Corps, and formerly of the 23d and 49th Infantry, died on April 11 in the hospital at Hijeres, France. He was 25 years old.

Mrs. JOHN BENJAMIN SWILEY, the mother of Amelia Bingham, the actress, died on Wednesday at her home in Hicksville, Ohio. She was 79 years old.

GEORGE W. DAVIS of New Brunswick, N. J., died suddenly at his home there yesterday. He was formerly connected with the New Brunswick Lamp and Bronze Company.

HENRY BOTSFORD, one of the founders of the meat-packing industry in Chicago, died there yesterday at the age of 85. He was formerly head of the Chicago Packing and Provisions Company. He was a Director of the Continental and Commercial National Bank. A daughter, Mrs. Bernhard Hoffman of New York, survives.

HARRY de GARMO, an American baritone, who had won some success in Wagnerian roles on the German operatic stage, died on Tuesday in Wiesbaden, Germany, where he had been singing in the Royal Opera. He was 38 years old. He went to Germany before the war.

JOHN M. KNAPP, a son of the late William K. Knapp, died yesterday at his home on St. Mark's Avenue, Islip, L. I., at the age of 52. He was formerly the floor member of the Stock Exchange firm of Coster, Knapp & Co., which failed on April 29, 1908.

WALTER GOULD AVIS, Director for many years of the Meteorological Bureau of Argentina, died in Danville, Vt., yesterday. He was 67 years old.

GEORGE W. STOVER, aged 75, former Postmaster at Oak Tree, N. J., and a veteran of the civil war, serving with Company H, 12th New York Volunteers, died at Muehlenberg Hospital, Plainfield, last night.

Married.

PEACEY—LAWSON.—In the chapel of Trinity Church, New York City, on May 1, Miss Jess M. Lawson of Edinburgh, Scotland, to Lieutenant Howard Marriott Peacey of London, England.

Born.

LEVY.—Mr. and Mrs. Julius Levy, (nee Bertha Cohen,) a son, at Woman's Hospital, 19 West 101st St., on May 1.

MARSHAK.—To Mr. and Mrs. Walter Marshak, a boy, May 1, at the Bedford Private Maternity, Brooklyn.

SEAKWOOD.—To Mr. and Mrs. Max E. Seakwood (nee Constance G. Lyons) of 4,215 15th Av., Brooklyn, a daughter, April 28, 1919.

Died.

BARRETT.—At St. Luke's Hospital, Julia Barrett. Funeral from her late home, Verbank, N. Y., Sunday, May 4.

BOWMAN.—Jacob J., beloved son of Caroline and the late Julius Bowman, brother of William, Dr. Harry, Dr. Leon, Mrs. M. J. Freund, and Mrs. Max Frank. Funeral service at his late residence, 108 East 73d St., Friday, 2 P. M. Interment private.

BRAMHALL.—Anson Dudley, beloved husband of Louise B. and son of the late Moses B. and Emily M. Bramhall, in the 69th year of his age. Funeral services at his late residence, 32 East 65th St., Friday, May 2, at 2 P. M. Interment at convenience of the family.

BREMER.—On Tuesday, April 29, 1919, at New Paltz, N. Y., after a brief illness, John Bremer, in his 82d year. Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral services on Saturday, May 3, at 2 P. M., from St. Peter's Evangelical Lutheran Church, Bedford Av., near De Kalb Av., Brooklyn.

BURT.—On April 30, 1919, John Burt, aged 80 years. Funeral services at his late home, 432 Herkimer St., Brooklyn, Friday afternoon, at 4 o'clock. Interment at Glenville, N. Y.

BUTLER.—Hackensack, N. J., April 30, 1919. Charles W. Butler, for many years former residence at New London, Conn.

CLARK.—At Westfield, N. J., April 29, 1919, A. Lincoln Clark, in his 54th year. Funeral services at his late residence, 408 Prospect St., Westfield, on Friday, May 2, at 12 o'clock noon. Interment private.

Bringing Home Our Soldiers

The cost of bringing home each American soldier from France is estimated at $200, a total of $400,000,000 for 2,000,000 men. To maintain a soldier one year requires $1,270, and demobilization can not be completed for several months. These are only a few of the expenses our country must meet before the bills of the war are paid.

The Victory Liberty Loan notes not only appeal to patriotism but constitute the most attractive offering which our Government has made, and are an investment of the very highest grade.

We urge our customers and friends to subscribe liberally to this fifth and last loan, and this bank will receive and finance subscriptions upon the most favorable terms.

THE CITIZENS NATIONAL BANK
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Died.

CLARKSON.—On Wednesday, April 30, 1919, Sarah Henrietta Clarkson, in her 72d year. Funeral services Friday at 4 P. M. at her late residence, 1,015 Church Av., Brooklyn. Kindly omit flowers.

DAY.—On April 30, at 101 East 74th St., Thomas Charles, II., precious son of Dwight H. and Clara B. Day, in his 8th year. Funeral service at late residence Friday morning, May 2, at 10 o'clock.

DECKER.—On April 29, Ellsworth W. Decker, aged 50 years. Masonic services at his late residence, 2,030 Richmond Terrace, Mariners' Harbor, Staten Island, Friday evening, May 2, at 8 P. M. Interment Saturday, at 10 A. M., Fairview Cemetery.

EAGER.—On Wednesday, April 30, at Newfane, Vt., Abbie Kenny Eager, wife of Ward Eager. Funeral Saturday, May 3, at 2 P. M., at Newfane, Vt.

EGGERS.—Entered into rest Wednesday, April 30, 1919, Henry Eggers, dearly beloved husband of Herminie Schmidt, in his 69th year. Services at his late residence, 2,493 Valentine Av., near Fordham Road, thence to the Church of Our Lady of Mercy, Marion Av. and Fordham Road, on Friday, May 2, at 11, o'clock. Interment private.

EVERITT.—On Thursday, May 1, 1919, Louise Everitt, in the 76th year of her age. Funeral from her late residence, 312 St. James Place, Brooklyn, on Saturday, at 2:30 P. M. Kindly omit flowers.

FEAKINS.—On Tuesday, April 29, 1919, at 20 North Burnett St., East Orange, N. J., Harold Feakins, son of William B. and Jennie M. Feakins. Funeral services at late residence, Mount Arlington, N. J., Friday, May 2, at 3 P. M. Conveyances meet noon train via D., L. & W. R. R., from Hoboken.

FISCHER.—Robert. CAMPBELL FUNERAL CHURCH services, 1,970 Broadway, Friday, 10:30 A. M., auspices Actors Fund.

FOLLETT.—In Wrentham, Mass., May 1, Helen S. Follett. Funeral from late residence, 31 St. Wrentham, Mass., May 3, at 2:30 P. M

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Strong Advance by Many Speculative Stocks—Foreign Nations Seek Credits Here.

Stocks were churned about with a great deal of force yesterday and in the main prices were higher at the close than at the start of business. In fact, a number of specialties, some of which had been reactionary the day before, were bid upward with speed of the violent order. United States Steel common was rather wabbly at times, yet overcame the handicap of much short selling to an extent sufficient to end the day with only a fractional loss. Most of the familiar features of the preceding session of rising prices were in evidence and speculation on the buying side was reported as active as ever from outside sources. At the same time there was enough irregularity in the price list at the close to show that caution had ruled among the followers of steel shares, most of which lost a little ground, while railroad stocks moved sluggishly until the last hour. Liberty bonds displayed a greater degree of firmness than at any previous date since the Victory Loan campaign got under way, an occurrence which attracted considerable attention because of the dragging tendency of the new offering. The Victory Loan campaign thus far has seemed to have only slight relation to the stock market, but it would not be surprising if from now on stocks were influenced by the effort being put forth to float the great issue. The public is being made aware that more enthusiasm must be put behind the note sales if the Government is to place its paper among as many subscribers as the Fourth Loan reached and success or partial failure in this respect may find reflection in speculative activities.

News which came to light in the financial district contained one item which promises to be of far-reaching influence on the near future of American finance and industry. This was information showing that Italy, Rumania, Greece, and other countries were urgently pressing their requirements for credits in this country. Italy desires to buy a round amount of steel and the other potential borrowers are presumably looking for means to replace their depleted supplies of raw materials and rolling stock for their railways. The significance of this news was emphasized by reports showing Japan was making many inquiries for goods to be imported by that country and the presence of large credit balances owned by that nation in the United States might be looked upon as an indication of really heavy purchases. Such developments as this day brought forward were expected to materialize about the time that the peace treaty was signed and the fact that the outside nations are already active stands as a prophecy of expanding business in export lines possibly before the Spring weeks are much further advanced. A favorable factor in favor of foreign credits is the general feeling that money rates will be easier after the Victory Loan is financed, and this, too, with full allowance for additional large borrowings by the Government through the banks to liquidate the fag end of war costs.

In connection with the Government's outlay it was interesting to note in estimates received from Washington that in April the Treasury expenditure had been $1,420,000,000, the largest disbursement since January. Of this total, however, about one-third, approximately $438,000,000, represented advances to the allied nations, which made the Government's actual expenditure in liquidating war contracts, caring for soldiers on foreign details, &c., some $982,000,000. This is the smallest direct monthly expense account for nearly a year. It stands to reason that the outlay for some months to come will be heavy, and it is hoped in many quarters that lessons learned by Congress in handling war finances will be productive of a carefully planned budget for the next fiscal year. A cogent argument for a scientific budget attracted attention yesterday as presented in a speech by Paul M. Warburg at St. Louis. In connection with this it was noted that the former member of the Federal Reserve Board predicted that "many billions" would have to be raised, largely through offerings of certificates to the banks, after the Victory Loan was completed.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call Loans on Stocks and Bonds.

MIXED COLLAT'L	ALL INDUSTRIALS.
High 6	High 6½
Low 6	Low 5½
Renewals 6	Renewals 6½
Last 5½	Last 5¾

Call Loans on Acceptances.
Prime eligible acceptances.....4½

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLAT'L	ALL INDUSTRIALS.
Sixty days.....5½	Sixty days.....5¾
Ninety days.....5½	Ninety days.....5¾
Four months.....5½	Four months.....5¾
Five months.....5½	Five months.....5¾
Six months.....5½	Six months.....5¾

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days	4½@4¼
Nonmember banks and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days	4¾@4½
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days	5½@5

Commercial Paper.

30 to 90 days	5¼@5¼
4 to 6 months	5¼@5¼

Other Names.

4 to 6 months	5½

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.
Range of Rates.

Sterling—	High.	Low.	Last.	Change.
Demand	$4.66¾	$4.66¼	$4.66¾	+.00¼
Cables	4.67¾	4.67¼	4.67¾	+.00¼
Francs—				
Demand	6.07	6.07	6.07	—.00¼
Cables	6.05	6.05	6.05	—.00½

Closing Rates.

Normal Rates of Exch.	—Yesterday's Close.— Demand or Checks.	Cables.
4.8665 London	$4.66¾	$4.67¾
5.1813 Paris	6.07	6.05
5.1813 Belgium	6.39	6.36
China—		
Hongkong	81.00	81.25
Shanghai	118.00	118.25
Peking	125.00	125.25
40.20 Holland	40.12⅝	40.37½
19.30 Greece	19.25	19.50
32.44 India—		
Bombay	35.23	35.50
Calcutta	35.25	35.50
5.1813 Italy	7.50	7.48
Japan—		
Kobe	51.25	51.50
Yokohama	51.25	51.50
19.30 Spain	20.12	20.20
50.00 Philippine Islands—		
Manila	49.65	49.75
26.80 Scandinavia—		
Stockholm	26.55	26.75
Copenhagen	24.55	25.05
Christiania	25.55	26.75
South America—		
42.44 Buenos Aires	44.00	44.25
32.44 Rio	26.85	27.00
5.1813 Switzerland	4.94	4.91
51.46 Russia, (currency)—	Bid.	Asked.
100 rubles	11.10	11.20
500 rubles	11.05	11.15

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

—Bankers.— 60 Days.	90 Days.	—Commercial.— 60 Days.	90 Days.
Nominal.		$4.62¾	$4.61¾

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $818,856,776; balances, $66,137,286; Sub-Treasury credit balance, $903,826; Federal Reserve credit balance, $44,791,466.

Domestic Exchanges.

Rates on New York at domestic centres: Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis 25@15c discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, $26.37½ premium.

Silver Quotations.

Bar silver in London, 48 13-16d; in New York, $1.01¼, official; Mexican dollars, 77½@80¼c.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—Receipts and expenditures:

	April.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$19,243,544	$141,263,980
Internal revenue—		
Income and excess profits taxes	104,941,128	1,993,718,775
Miscellaneous	129,181,972	1,043,409,104
Miscellaneous rev.	152,906,815	401,809,908
Total receipts	$406,209,601	$3,870,010,959
Excess of ord. disb. over ord. receipts	1,036,216,079	9,867,025,689
Excess of total disb. over total receipts	429,736,020	498,128,923
Expenditures	942,418,770	13,259,066,949

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

THURSDAY, MAY 1, 1919.

	1919.	1918.	1917.
Day's sales	1,358,432	457,532	899,970
Year to date	78,876,894	41,277,541	64,621,657

Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge
30½	31	1,700	Adams Express	31¼	31¼	30¾	31	...
32	32½	3,600	Advance Rumely	31½	32⅝	31	32¼	+¼
68½	69½	400	Advance Rumely pf	65½	69½	65½	69½	+1½
		3,800	Ajax Rubber	93¾	94½	92⅝	92⅝	—1
3¼	3¼	100	Alaska Gold Mines	3½	3½	3½	3½	+⅛
38	38½	3,200	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	38	38½	38	38¼	+¼
93¼	94	200	Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf	94	94	93	93	—1
113¾	113½	7,600	Am. Agricul. Chem	113⅝	113⅝	112	113⅝	+1½
80½	81	13,800	Am. Beet Sugar	81	82½	80½	80½	+1½
54⅝	54¾	14,500	Am. Can	55	55⅝	54	54⅝	+⅜
95¾	95½	1,000	Am. Car & Fdry	94½	95⅞	94½	95⅝	+1
57⅞	57½	7,400	Am. Cotton Oil	55¾	57⅞	55½	57½	+2½
12⅝	13	500	Am. Druggists	13	13	12⅝	12⅝	...
28	28¼	6,800	Am. H. & Leather	27⅞	28⅜	27⅝	28	+⅛
115¼	116	3,700	Am. H. & L. pf	113½	116⅝	113½	116	+1½
49¼	50	1,400	Am. Ice	48¼	50	48¼	49⅝	+⅜
69	70	500	Am. Ice Sec. pf	69	69½	68½	69½	+1½
86⅝	87	37,200	Am. International	86⅝	88¼	86⅝	86⅞	+⅝
54⅝	55	3,200	Am. Linseed	54½	55	53½	55	...
76¼	76	6,800	Am. Locomotive	76	76½	74½	75½	+⅝
2¾	2⅞	1,000	Am. Malting	2¾	2¾	2½	2⅝	+⅛
54½	55⅜	200	Am.M.1st pf.c.of d.s.	55½	55½	55½	55½	...
71½	71⅝	3,700	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	71⅛	72	70½	71½	...
105½	106½	400	Am. Smelt. & R. pf.	106	106	105¾	105¾	—⅜
105	106	29,000	Am. Steel Fdries	105	109¼	104½	108	+2¾
129¼	130	4,600	Am. Sugar Ref.	130	130⅞	129	129	+¼
110	111	11,700	Am. Sumatra Tob.	110⅝	111⅞	108½	110	...
103⅜	104	3,400	Am. Tel. & Tel.	104½	104½	103⅜	103¾	—¼
208	208¼	300	Am. Tobacco	208¼	208¼	208	208¾	—¼
100½	101	100	Am. Tob. pf. new	100¾	100¾	100⅝	100⅝	...
66⅝	66¾	900	Am. Woolen	66⅝	66⅞	66	66⅛	—⅜
99¾	100	100	Am. Woolen pf	100	100	100	100	+⅛
43½	44	6,100	Am. Writing P. pf.	45	46	43¼	44	...
13⅝	13⅞	100	Am. Zinc, L. & S.	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝	—⅜
61½	62	4,000	Anaconda Copper	61⅝	62	61⅛	61½	+⅜
42½	44	200	Asso. Dry Goods	43	43	42¼	42¼	—1
70	...	100	As. Dry Gds. 2d pf.	75	75	75	75	+12
81	84¼	100	Associated Oil	84⅜	84⅝	84⅜	84⅜	—¼
94¾	95	1,200	Atch., Top. & S. F.	94½	95	94½	95	+1
85	85½	810	Atch., T. & S. F. pf.	85¾	85¾	85¼	85¼	...
7½	8½	100	At., Birm. & At.	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	...
96¾	97½	100	Atlantic Coast Line	97	97	97	97	—⅝
148¾	149	29,700	At., Gulf & West I.	145½	151	143¼	148⅞	+6⅝
75	76	1,400	At., Gulf & W. I.pf.	74	75¾	74	75	+1
91⅝	91¾	12,200	Baldwin Loco.	91¼	91⅞	90⅝	91¾	+1½
48	48½	800	Baltimore & Ohio	47⅝	48½	47⅝	48¼	+⅛
53	53¾	300	Baltimore & O. pf	53¼	53¾	53¼	53¾	...
129	130½	500	Barrett Co.	129½	129½	128¾	129	...
114	115	100	Barrett Co. pf.	114½	114½	114½	114½	...
1¾	1¾	200	Batopilas Mining	1¾	1¾	1¾	1¾	+⅛
74	74	106	Bethlehem Steel	72¼	72¾	72¾	72¾	—1⅝
72¾	72¾	17,500	Beth. Steel, class B.	73½	73½	71⅝	72½	—⅛
21	21½	1,900	Booth Fisheries	21	21½	20⅝	21	...
20½	21½	100	Bklyn Rapid Tran	20⅜	20⅜	20⅜	20⅜	—⅛
20½	21	100	Do. cfs. of dep.	20⅜	20⅜	20⅜	20⅜	—⅛
85	89	400	Brown Shoe	84	85¾	84	85¾	+1½
10¾	10½	200	Bruns. Ter. & Ry.S.	10⅜	10⅝	10¼	10¼	+¼
71	75	35	Buffalo & Susqueh.	72	72½	72	72½	...
50	52	35	Buffalo & Susq. pf.	50¾	50½	50¼	50½	...
154	162	100	Burns Brothers pf.	158	158	158	158	+4¾
7	7¼	200	Butte Cop. & Zinc	7⅛	7⅛	7	7	...
21¾	22	100	Butte & Superior	21¾	21¾	21¾	21⅜	—⅛
63¾	64	2,300	California Packing	64	64	63¾	64	+1
27¾	27½	400	California Petrol.	27⅜	27⅝	27¼	27½	—⅛
71½	72½	200	California Pet. pf.	71⅜	71⅝	71¼	71½	—¼
162⅜	163¾	2,500	Canadian Pacific	161¼	163⅞	161¼	163⅜	+2⅝
96½	99	300	Case (J. I.) Co. pf.	97	97	97	97	...
30	35	3,200	Central Fdry pf	30½	30½	30½	30½	+2½
79¼	79½	5,400	Central Leather Co.	79⅝	79⅝	78¾	79½	+1
45	46	300	Certain-teed Prod.	46½	46¾	45¾	45½	—½
39¾	40	9,600	Cerro de Pasco Cop.	40	40¼	38½	39¾	—⅛
142	143	100	Chandler Motor	143	143	143	143	...
61⅛	62¼	1,400	Chesapeake & Ohio	61¼	62⅛	61¼	62¼	+1
9	9½	200	Chi. Great Western	9	9	9	9	...
25½	26½	100	Chi. Great West.pf.	25	25	25	25	—⅛
38¾	38¾	1,100	Chi., Mil. & St. P.	38¾	38½	38	38¼	+⅛
68½	69	1,600	Chi., M. & St. P.pf.	69⅝	69⅝	68¾	68⅝	+⅛
96	96¼	500	Chi. & Northwest'n.	96	96⅝	96	96⅝	+1
129	131	185	Chi. & Northw. pf.	130	130	130	130	...
25½	25⅞	1,100	Chi., Rock Isl. & P.	25	25⅛	25	25⅜	...
77½	78	200	C., R. I. & P. 7% pf.	77½	77½	77½	77½	...
66¼	66¾	100	C., R. I. & P. 6% pf.	66	66	66	66	—⅛
22½	22¾	3,400	Chile Copper	22¼	22⅝	22¼	22½	+⅛
36	36¾	900	Chino Copper	36¼	36¼	35¾	36½	+⅛
65	68	200	C., C., C. & St.L.pf.	66½	68	66½	68	+1½
73⅝	75	1,400	Cluett, Peabody	72	75	72	73¾	+2
41⅝	41½	1,300	Col. Fuel & Iron	42	42	41¾	41½	—1
28	29	200	Col. & Southern	28	28	28	29	+⅛
45	50	100	Col. & South. 2d pf.	47½	47½	47½	47½	+2½
45¼	45½	800	Columbia Gas & El.	45½	45⅝	45¼	45¼	...
78½	79	200	Continental Can	78¾	79	79	79	+⅝
71	72	100	Continental Insur.	71¼	71¼	71¼	71¼	+⅝
62½	62½	15,100	Corn Products Ref.	61¼	62⅞	61¼	62¼	+⅝
107	108	300	Corn Prod. Ref. pf.	107	107⅛	106⅞	107⅛	+⅛
71	71½	11,500	Crucible Steel	70⅝	71⅝	69¾	71	+1
32½	32⅝	12,200	Cuba Cane Sugar	32⅜	32⅞	31½	32⅝	+⅛
79	79¼	1,500	Cuba Cane S. pf.	78¼	79½	78½	79	+1
176	182	400	Del., Lack. & West.	179	179	177	178	—2
6⅜	6½	200	Den. & Rio Grande	6⅜	6⅜	6½	6½	—⅜
7⅜	8	1,700	Den. & Rio Gr. pf.	8	8½	8	8	...
13½	13¾	300	Dome Mines	13¾	13¾	13¾	13¾	—⅛
16⅞	17⅛	800	Erie	17⅛	17⅛	17	17	+⅛
28	28¼	400	Erie 1st pf.	28	28¼	27⅞	28¼	+⅛
18½	19	600	Erie 2d pf.	18⅝	19	18⅝	18⅝	+⅛
37½	39	200	Federal M. & S. pf.	38½	38½	38½	38½	+½
55	58	200	Fisher Body	59½	59½	59	59	...
28¾	29¾	2,300	Gaston, W.& W.x d.	28¾	29¾	28	29½	+⅝
64½	64½	25,900	General Cigar	57⅞	64⅝	57⅞	64⅝	+7½
161	162	400	General Electric	160¾	161¾	160¾	161¼	+1½
181¼	182	4,300	General Motors	182	182¼	180¾	181¼	+1½
90	90¾	100	General Motors deb.	90¾	90¾	90⅝	90⅝	+⅛
71¾	72	5,000	Goodrich (B.F.) Co.	72⅛	72⅝	71¾	71⅞	—⅜
92	93⅜	2,500	Great Northern pf.	93	93⅜	92⅜	93⅜	+⅛
43	43½	5,300	Gt. Nor. Ctfs for C. P.	42⅜	43¼	42½	43¼	+⅜
39¼	39½	200	Greene-Can. Cop.	39¼	39¾	39¼	39¾	...
8½	9½	200	Gulf, Mob. & Nor.	9	9	8⅝	9	+⅜
52⅝	53¼	900	Haskell & Barker	52	53¼	52	53	+⅞
49¼	49½	4,000	Inspiration Copper	49⅜	49⅝	49	49¼	+⅞
3⅞	4	100	Interboro Consol.	4	4	4	4	...
13	13½	200	Interboro Con. pf.	13¼	13¼	13	13	...
22½	22	4,800	Int. Agricultural	20⅞	22⅝	20¾	22⅞	+2⅛
78	78¾	2,800	Int. Agricultural pf.	70½	75⅞	75¼	78½	+3⅝
133¼	133⅝	2,400	Int. Harvester new	131	134	131	133	+1½
41½	41⅝	66,000	Int. Mer. Marine	41	42¼	40⅜	41¾	+⅞
		1,100	Int. Mer. M.pf.cash	118⅝	120⅝	118⅝	120⅝	...
110⅜	110¼	35,100	Do. x d	108⅜	110⅜	108⅛	110¼	+1⅜
25½	25½	16,600	Int. Nickel	26¼	26¼	25¼	25½	—⅝
51½	52	4,000	Int. Paper	52⅝	52⅝	51	51⅜	—¼
73	73½	100	Int. Paper pf., sta.	75⅝	75⅝	75⅝	75⅝	...
36½	36⅝	2,600	Jewel Tea, Inc.	37⅝	37⅝	36⅝	36⅝	—1⅝
84	85	100	Jewel Tea pf.	84½	84½	84½	84½	—½
23	23½	7,600	Kansas City South.	21⅝	23⅜	21¼	23⅛	+1⅝
126½	127⅝	4,400	Kelly Springf. Tire	126½	127	125¼	127	+2¼
31⅞	32	5,500	Kennecott Copper	32½	32½	31⅞	32	...
96¼	97	19,400	Keystone T.& R.x d.	95¼	99¼	93⅝	96½	+5½
69½	71	400	Lackawanna Steel	70	70½	70	70	—½
35¾	36	12,500	Lee Rubber & Tire	33¾	37	33¾	35⅞	+1⅝
55¼	55½	1,800	Lehigh Valley	55¼	55¾	55¼	55½	+2½
52½	54	500	Loose-Wiles Biscuit	55⅝	55½	55⅝	55½	+2⅝
150½	153	100	Lorillard (P.) Co.	152	152	152	152	—⅜
74½	76	300	Manhattan Elev.	74	74½	74	74	...
...	...	800	Manhattan Shirt	112⅜	112⅜	110	110	—3
40	40½	700	Maxwell Motors	41	41⅛	39½	40	—1
68¼	70	100	Max. Motors 1st pf.	69	69	69	69	...
31⅝	32	200	Max. Motors 2d pf.	31⅞	31⅞	31⅝	31⅝	—½
179½	179½	74,300	Mexican Petroleum	176½	180⅝	173⅞	179	+4
22⅝	22¾	500	Miami Copper x d	22⅞	22⅞	22⅝	22⅞	+⅛
44⅞	45	5,500	Midvale Steel	45	45¼	44⅜	44⅞	—⅛
13	13¼	3,100	Minn. & St. L. new	11⅞	13¼	11⅞	13¼	+2
9½	9⅝	7,900	Mo., Kan. & Texas	9⅝	9⅝	8⅝	9⅜	...
16½	17	500	Mo., Kan. & T. pf.	15½	16	15½	16	—⅛
28½	29	11,500	Missouri Pac. pf.	27½	29	27½	29	+⅞
54	54½	500	Missouri Pacific pf.	53	54½	53	54½	+1
70	70½	600	Montana Power	70	70	70	70	...
36¼	36⅞	200	Nat. Acme	36½	36½	36½	36¼	—⅛
121	123½	200	Nat. Biscuit	123½	123½	123½	123½	+⅛
85	87	400	Nat. Cloak & Suit	84½	85	84½	85	+1
19¼	19½	1,900	Nat. Cond. & Cable	19½	19½	19½	19½	...
90	90½	900	Nat. Enam. & St.	60¾	60¾	60	60¾	+⅛
74½	74½	3,300	Nat. Lead	72	74¾	72	74½	+1⅝
108	110	17	Nat. Lead pf.	108	108	108	108	...
10¾	11	600	N. Rys. of M. 2d pf.	11	11	10½	10½	—⅛
16	16¼	100	Nevada Con. Cop.	16¾	16¾	16¼	16¼	+⅛
108	110	200	N. Y. Air Brake	109	109	109	109	...
74	75	2,000	N. Y. Central	75	75½	75	75	...
27	27	100	N. Y., C. & St. L.	28	28	28	26	...
31	32½	200	N. Y. Dock	30½	31	30½	31	+1½
30	30½	1,200	N. Y., N. H. & H.	29½	30	29½	30	+½
19½	20½	300	N. Y., Ont. & West.	20½	20½	20½	20½	+½
103½	103⅝	600	Norfolk & Western.	104⅜	105	104⅜	105	...
55	55½	300	North American	55½	55½	55	55	—⅞
93	93½	900	Northern Pacific	93¼	93½	92⅝	93	—⅛
63	64	800	Nova Scotia S. & C.	64⅜	64⅝	63⅜	63⅜	—⅛
44½	45	57,500	Ohio Cities Gas	43¾	45	43¼	44½	+1⅛
10⅜	10⅝	8,300	Okla. Prod. & Ref.	10⅜	10⅝	10⅜	10⅜	—⅛
53⅞	54	400	Owens Bottle Mach.	54	54	53⅝	54	...
45	55	100	Pacific Coast	47	47	47	47	+2
37	38	300	Pacific Mail	37⅞	38	37⅝	38	+⅛
...	...	100	Pacific Tel. & Tel.	26½	26½	26½	26½	—1
83½	86	46,400	Pan-Am. P. & T.	83½	86	82½	85½	+2¾
44	44½	1,900	Penn. R. R. x d.	44	44¼	44	44⅞	...
23,200			Pere Marquette	18½	18⅝	17¼	18⅝	+1⅜
		100	Pere M.prior pf. x d.	60¾	60¾	60¾	60½	+1⅞
		100	Pere Marquette pf.	43	43	43	43	...
		3,200	Philadelphia Co.	41½	41⅝	40⅝	41¼	—⅛
		7,000	Pierce-Arrow	51	51	50⅝	50⅝	—⅛
		4,800	Pierce Oil	25	25½	25	25¼	—⅛
		100	Pierce Oil pf.	45	45	45	45	+1
		3,800	Pittsburgh Coal	50¼	51⅜	50	51¼	+⅝
		900	Pitts. & West Va.	36	36¾	36	36⅝	+⅛
		200	Pond Creek Coal	15	15	14½	14½	—⅛
		1,800	Pressed Steel Car	74⅜	74½	74	74⅜	—⅛
		900	Pullman Co.	119	119	119	119	...
		1,400	Punta Alegre Sugar	59	59¾	58½	59¼	+⅝
		1,200	Railway Steel Sp.	86¼	88¾	86½	88	+⅝
		1,300	Ray Con. Copper	20¼	20¾	20¼	20¼	+⅛
		10,700	Reading	84	85¾	83¾	85¾	+1½
		1,200	Rep. Iron & Steel	80¾	81¾	80½	81	+⅛
		6,200	Royal D., Am. shs.	109¾	110¾	109	109	—⅛
		27,400	Do., N. Y. shs.	109½	109¾	107¾	108½	—⅛
		66,700	St. Louis-San Fran.	21¼	24⅜	20¼	24⅝	+3¾
		2,000	St. L.-San F. pf.	31⅜	36¼	31⅜	36¼	+4¼
		200	Saxon Motor	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	—⅛
		9	Seaboard Air Line	9	9	9	9	...
		200	Sears, Roeb. & Co.	185¼	185¾	185¼	185¼	+⅛
		100	Sears, R. & Co. pf.	120	120	120	120	...
		5,000	Sinclair Oil Refin.	59	60¼	58½	59½	+1
		26,600	Sloss-S. Steel & I.	52⅞	62⅞	52⅜	52⅝	+⅛
		6,900	Southern Pacific	107	107¼	106¼	107⅜	+1⅛
		300	So. Porto Rico Sug.	170	170	170	170	...
		6,900	Southern Railway	23¼	23¾	23¼	23¼	+1⅛
		300	Southern Ry. pf.	65½	65½	65½	65½	...
		10	Standard Milling Tr.	145	145	145	145	...
		200	Strom. Carburetor	43¼	43¼	43	43	...
		9,500	Studebaker Co.	76¼	77⅞	76	76⅝	+⅜
		1,500	Stutz Motor	58¼	59¾	57½	57½	—⅛
		4,800	Tenn. C. & C.	14⅜	15⅞	14⅜	15½	+1
		6,700	Texas Co.	224	227½	223½	226⅝	+2½
		8,500	Texas & Pacific	24½	25⅜	24	25	—⅛
		100	Texas Pacific L. T.	395	395	395	395	+60
		79	Do., odd lots	390	400	390	400	...
		4,850	Tobacco Products	86¾	87⅜	86¼	87¼	+⅜
		100	Tobacco Prod. pf.	100⅜	100⅜	100⅜	100⅜	+⅛
		3,200	T., St. L. & W. tr.	5	7⅞	5	7½	+3
		800	T., St.L. & W. pf. tr.	11	13¼	11	13¼	...

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SAY PRE-WAR TRADE CONDITION IS NEAR

European Representatives Here Already Have Opened Negotiations for Credits.

JAPAN IS BUYING AGAIN

Without Waiting for Signing of the Peace Treaty Various Agents Make Proposals.

Developments in financial and commercial circles within the last few days indicate that business interests are rapidly maturing plans for a return to normal pre-war conditions of trade without waiting for the final signing of the peace treaty. Representatives of most of the European countries are here and have already opened negotiations with bankers looking to the establishment of credits, both long-term and short-term, while Japanese agents and others from the Far East are exhibiting more inclination to purchase American goods than at any time since the signing of the armistice.

It was learned yesterday that agents of a very large Italian manufacturing concern have made proposals for a $5,000,000 credit, to run for three years, at about 6 per cent., and have stated their willingness to deposit Italian Government bonds as collateral. This credit, when it is arranged, will be used mainly for the purchase of steel products. Another group of Italian interests are here trying to open a credit for the purchase of American cotton, and it is expected this transaction will be closed within a short time.

Representatives of the Rumanian Government are also among those who are making efforts to open bank credits in this country. The Rumanian proposition is for that Government to issue its bonds in dollar denominations at 6 per cent. interest, for maturities from three to twenty years, the bonds to be deposited with American banks and to be paid, interest and principal, in American money. Later, when conditions improve, it is suggested that the bonds might be offered in the open market. A similar arrangement is being negotiated at London, where the Rumanian Government proposes to issue its bonds in sterling. The proceeds of whatever credit the Rumanians arrange will be used chiefly for the purchase of locomotives and other steel products, with a portion going for food.

Greece has already suggested to American banks the possibility of floating an issue of $5,000,000 of Greek bonds here among Greek nationals. The Greek Government is anxious to have some American banks underwrite the offering, which will be in bonds of the interal Greek issues.

A delegation of Poles, it was further learned yesterday, is now en route to the United States for purposes of opening up financial and commercial relations with this country, and some private interests in Belgium, quite distinct from the group which a month or so ago negotiated the $50,000,000 acceptance credit, are said to be making inquiries in the financial district. As has been previously reported, Finland and Czechoslovakia are both making overtures to American bankers and are believed to have the indorsement of Washington in their efforts.

Trade representatives of Japan were yesterday reported very active, following the cabled report that the Peace Conference has decided to allow Japan to hold Kiao-Chau. In leading circles this announcement was interpreted to mean that any possibility of misunderstanding with Japan nas passed, and Japanese interests, which have been more or less quiescent since the signing of the armistice, are now said to be placing orders for steel, cotton, and a number of other commodities. Japanese purchases in this country were going ahead at a high pace last Fall, but with the ending of active hostilities buying ceased, on the theory that prices would rapidly fall. Prices did not fall, but Japanese buying was retarded by the uncertainty of the peace negotiations. Now this uncertainty, it is thought, has largely passed and the business is quickening materially.

A somewhat similar situation obtains as regards the Scandinavian countries and Spain, where there is a shortage of goods. These countries are well supplied with funds, and the chief drawback to trade with them has been the unsettlement attending peace negotiations and the various embargoes which have been applied, but which are expected soon to be lifted.

National City Co. Gets Wire to Coast

The National City Company yesterday began operation of a private telegraph wire between New York and the Pacific Coast offices of the company. This wire arrangement has been in contemplation for some time, but it is only now that the company has been able to obtain the necessary facilities. The connecting link in the company's wire system runs from Denver, through Salt Lake City, Walla Walla, and Seattle to San Francisco, and makes the total mileage of wires operated in excess of 10,000.

New Harriman Bank Officers.

Directors of the Harriman National Bank elected three new Vice Presidents yesterday. They are Orlando H. Harriman, former cashier; William A. Burke, former assistant cashier, and Hubert F. Thomas, former Assistant National Bank Examiner for the New York District. H. B. Fonda, assistant cashier, was elected cashier, and Morton Waddell, assistant cashier, was empowered to assume the additional title of trust officer.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Martin, Berwin & Co., investment bankers, have removed their offices to the Exchange Court Building, 52 Broadway.

The Island Oil and Transport Corporation closed a contract with the Warner, Quinlan Asphalt Company for the annual delivery of 700,000 barrels of petroleum. Island Oil's contract deliveries now amount to more than 7,000,000 barrels.

T. A. Azar has left for Buenos Aires to open a branch of the Export Finance Corporation in that city. The corporation expects to open branches at Santiago, Chile; Lima, Peru, and Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.

Salomon Brothers & Hutzler have ready for distribution the ninth edition of their booklet on short term securities, which gives data on a large number of issues. Copies are obtainable on application.

The investment firm of Potter, Choate & Prentice has been dissolved and a new partnership has been formed under the name of Potter Brothers & Co. The new firm is composed of E. N. Potter, Fuller Potter, Thomas H. Frothingham, Alexander I. McAllister, P. Lydon Dodge, Adrian P. Driggs, and Bernard B. Badgley, as general partners, and Alfred O. Hoyt as a special partner. Arthur O. Choate and John H. Prentice have retired to become partners in the firm of Clark, Dodge & Co.

J. Herbert Ware, Jr., has been admitted as a partner in the firm of Ware & Leland, members of the Stock Exchange.

Benjamin H. Ettelson and William J. Lyons have been admitted to partnership in the firm of Thomson & McKinnon.

Lieutenant H. S. Holt has returned from military service to the firm of Holt & Woodward.

Announcement was made yesterday that the merger of the Midwest Oil Company and the Salt Creek Producers' Association had been completed.

M. S. Wolfe & Co. have issued a circular describing the Wyoming oil fields.

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	83.51	82.95	83.45	+ .35
25 industrials	95.09	94.08	94.95	+ .51
50 stocks	79.80	78.50	79.20	+ .43

DAILY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
April 30	79.57	78.04	78.77	— .56
April 29	79.95	78.81	79.33	— .01
April 28	79.91	78.75	79.34	+ .15
April 26	79.44	78.42	79.16	+ .58
April 25	78.96	78.12	78.58	+ .33
April 24	79.10	77.88	78.25	— .42
April 23	79.36	78.26	78.67	+ .07

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

May.	High.		Low.		Last.
*1919	79.30	May 1	78.30	May 1	79.20
1918	74.22	May 10	67.58	May 1	69.38
1917	85.78	May 31	78.57	May 9	82.77
1916	80.16	May 25	82.39	May 5	87.94
1915	72.94	May 1	64.14	May 10	67.06

*To date.

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1919	79.95	Apr. 29	60.73	Jan. 21	79.20
†1918	70.93	Feb. 17	64.12	Jan. 15	68.60
Full Years.					
1918	80.16	Nov. 13	64.12	Jan. 15	73.39
1917	90.46	Jan. 4	57.43	Dec. 20	65.83
1916	101.53	Nov. 20	80.91	Apr. 22	88.22
1915	94.13	Oct. 12	58.90	Feb. 24	91.33

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

		Net Change— Day.	Month.	Year.
40 issues	76.87	—.02	+.14	+.39

DAILY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

Apr. 30	76.89 — .12	Apr. 23	76.91	+.15
Apr. 29	77.01 +.06	Apr. 22	76.78	...
Apr. 28	76.95 +.02	Apr. 21	76.76	—.07
Apr. 26	76.93 +.07	Apr. 19	76.83	—.15
Apr. 25	76.84 —.08	Apr. 18	Exch. closed	
Apr. 24	76.92 +.01	Apr. 17	76.98	+.04

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

*1919	79.01 Jan. 3	76.60	Mar. 31	76.87
†1918	77.43 Jan. 31	75.77	Apr. 5	76.49
Full Years.				
1918	82.36 Nov. 12	75.65	Sep. 27	78.78
1917	80.48 Jan. 20	74.24	Dec. 20	74.54
1916	80.18 Nov. 27	86.19	Apr. 29	88.64

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

SHIFTS IN NEW HAVEN STOCK

Express and Insurance Companies Sell Heavily During Year.

In the last year there has been a big shifting of holdings in the stock of the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad. Figures recently compiled indicate that express companies and life insurance companies, heretofore substantial holders of shares, either have disposed of a large percentage of their stock or have changed the holdings to other names.

In view of the decrease in the market value of the securities in the last four years, it is assumed many former stock owners sustained losses. The records of April 16 show a number of new names on the lists as heavy holders of stock. The lists also show the holdings of brokerage houses have increased about 25 per cent. over the amount credited to them April 1, 1918.

Apparently there has been virtually no liquidation of the holdings in the company by other railroads. The Pennsylvania Railroad is credited with the same amount of stock, 48,125 shares, that it held in 1916, and the same is true of the New York Central Railroad, which holds 15,456 shares. On the other hand, the American Express Company this year held only 625 shares of stock, as compared with 20,324 shares in 1918, 1917, and 1916. The Adams Express Company now holds 14,730 shares, as compared with 24,730 in the three preceding years.

The Mutual Life Insurance Company reduced its holdings 5,000 shares, holding now, as far as the records show, 30,640 shares. An indication of the increase of holdings in banking and brokerage houses is shown in the case of Kidder, Peabody & Co., which in 1916 held 1,942 shares, and on April 16 was credited as holding 17,723 shares.

The records show the directors of the company disposed of some of their shares. T. De Witt Cuyler reduced his holdings from 6,050 shares to 5,650. Walter H. Langshaw of New Bedford doubled his ownership of 3,600 shares. Godfrey L. Cabot increased his investment by 50 per cent.

A record of the holdings of some of the largest stockholders as compiled by Dow, Jones & Co. is shwn in the following table:

	1919.	1918.
Pennsylvania Railroad	48,125	48,125
Mutual Life Insur. Co.	30,640	35,640
American Express Co.	625	20,324
Adams Express Co.	14,730	24,730
C. M. Pratt, tr.	16,045	15,045
Kidder, Peabody & Co.	17,723	14,026
New York Central	15,456	15,456
J. J. Slocum	6,300	6,300
C. D. Barney & Co.	4,700	3,000
T. De Witt Cuyler	5,650	6,050
Estabrook & Co.	7,921	5,209

MAY REMIT TO GERMANY.

Relief Administration Will Transmit Funds at Best Rates.

The War Trade Board, at the request of the Supreme Economic Council, and through the Division of Foreign Exchange of the Federal Reserve Board, yesterday announced that Germany had been added to the list of European countries to which funds may be remitted through the American Relief Administration. The War Trade Board, in compliance with this request, has issued a general license through the Bureau of Enemy Trade. The Relief Administration will not quote rates of exchange on Germany, but will undertake to make the remittances at "the best rate obtainable."

This is the first time that it has been possible to remit funds to Germany since the suspension of the foreign exchange market for reichmarks in the last week in March, 1917. At that time the quotation was about 70 cents for four marks, a quotation which represented a depreciation in German exchange of about 26⅔ per cent. Recently German exchange has been selling at a discount of approximately 70 per cent. in Holland and other European neutral countries. To be on a parity with these quotations, reichmarks here would have to sell at about 28 cents for four marks, the way German exchange was formerly quoted in this country, or at the rate of seven cents for one mark, which compares with a mint par of 23.8 cents.

The present arrangement does not provide for transfer of funds for commercial purposes, and probably no commercial arrangements will be made until the Allies lift the blockade on Germany. However, individuals who desire to remit funds to individuals in Germany may now do so. The scheme, which is the same as was announced on April 22 for the benefit of other countries in Central and Southeastern Europe, provides that the comparative value of food in the United States and in the European countries shall govern the rate of exchange.

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Asked.
Lead	..	4.90	..	4.90
Spelter	..	6.37½	..	6.40
Antimony	..	6.75	..	6.75
Quicksilver	$75.00	..	$75.00	..
Aluminum	31.00	33.00	31.00	33.00
Iron, No. 2 silicon	..	31.90	..	31.90

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market at 15c and on the Metal Exchange at 14⅝@15¼c.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s.	d.	Wednesday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	76	0	0	76	10	0
Copper, futures	76	5	0	76	15	0
Tin, spot	226	15	0	226	5	0
Tin, futures	226	0	0	225	5	0
Spelter, spot	35	5	0	35	10	0
Spelter, futures	35	10	0	35	15	0
Lead, spot	24	10	0	24	10	0
Lead, futures	24	0	0	24	0	0

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Airplane	1½	2	La Rose	32	35
Amer Oil	5¾	6	Iron Blos	40	45
Bay S Gas	6	7	Iron Cap	12¾	13
Bos Ariz	..	..	Jer Verde	56	62
Boston Ely	1⅛	1¼	Majestic	.15	17
Bos Mont	.73	75	Max Metals	.16	19
Bohemia	.75	90	Moj Tung	.10	11
Begole	.25	50	New Ballic	1	1¼
Butte & Lon	.10	13	Nat L & Z	.13	15
Champ. old	2	2⅛	Nixon Nev	.18	19
Calaveras	1	2	Nev Doug	.15	20
Chief Con	5⅛	5¼	Onseo	.20	40
Con Cop	4⅝	5	Onondaga	.12	18
Cortez	.12	16	Pilgrim	.35	45
Crystal	21	24	Rainier	.75	80
Crown Res	.33	46	Seven Mtrs	.30	32
Earle Eagle	4	5	S W Miami	1¼	1⅝
Eagle B B	2⅛	2⅜	Texana	.53	57
Fortuna	3	4	U V Exten	.36	38½
Gold Lake	5	6	Victoria	.20	24
Hampden	90	95	Yukon	.75	80
Homa	.55	60			

COTTON CLIMBS UP ON WESTERN BUYING

Some Interests Which Caused Break Early in Week Send Prices Skyward.

45 TO 65 POINT ADVANCE

Peace Conference Developments Aid Market—A Quickening Foreign Demand Seen.

The western interest, which had much to do with the break in cotton early in the week, when it sold heavily here, largely in sympathy with the break in its own corn market, started in to buy back its holdings yesterday and in the process succeeded in sending the market up nearly as far as it had succeeded in breaking it on the previous day.

At the top, prices were up 45 to 65 points and most of these gains were maintained right up to the close of business. Buying for Liverpool account was also a factor in yesterday's rise, and Wall Street contributed something along the same lines.

The Peace Conference developments appeared more favorable than they have been in some days, the apparent settlement of Japan's claims being considered a strong bull factor as regards the potential early shipment of considerable quantities of cotton to the Orient, and it was argued that the same might be said about the possibilites of export to other parts of the world. A general quickening of foreign demand for American goods, including cotton, was talked of and the bulls made much of this.

The technical position of the market, too, helped in the advance for the break earlier in the week, and while it may not have added much to the short account, it certainly cleared out many of the longs who yesterday displayed inclination to rebuy.

The fact that trading in old style contracts expired with the beginning of the new month probably reduced the gross volume of business on the Cotton Exchange, but it added materially to the business in new contracts and it is likely will continue to expand this business. The Liverpool Exchange also put into effect a change yesterday, when the spot market went back to pre-war conditions, being now based on American middling, instead of the two standard classifications which have been obtaining there.

The weather map showed rain over most of the belt, but this was not regarded as unfavorable because of the recent lack of moisture. Temperatures were generally warmer.

NEW CONTRACTS.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Day.
May	28.30	28.65	28.12	28.63@28.68	28.03
July	26.37	26.91	26.30	26.88@26.90	26.25
Oct.	24.50	25.05	24.50	25.02@25.05	24.48
Dec.	24.15	24.55	24.05	24.54@24.55	24.00
Jan.	23.97	24.35	23.85	24.15@24.20	23.70
March	23.60	23.75	23.50	23.85@23.90	23.35

The local market for spot cotton was quiet, up 25 points to 29.40c. for middling upland; sales 300 bales.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 29.00c.; New Orleans, 27.75c.; Havannah, 27.25c; Augusta, 28.25c.; Memphis, 28.00c.; Houston, 28.60c.; Little Rock, 26.75c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last Wk.	Last Yr.
Port receipts	7,308	12,735	6,156
Exports	8,619	.....	.....
Exports, season	3,866,020	3,761,062	3,258,607
N. Y. stocks	80,250	82,185	176,293
Port stocks	1,200,610	1,273,627	1,444,780
N. Y. arrivals	1,459	480	.....

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton was in increased demand at 16.95c. for middling. Sales, 6,000 bales, of which America 5,000. Imports, 20,000, of which American 18,000. Futures opened steady, 4 to 8 points decline and closed steady, 12 to 33 points up on the day. Prices: May 16.78d, June 16.62d, July 16.43d, Sept., 15.80d. Manchester yarns and cloths were firm.

Big Decrease in N. J. Zinc Income.

A big decrease in gross income is shown in the report of the New Jersey Zinc Company for the first quarter of this year, the 1919 figures being $2,355,427 as compared with $5,338,796 in the corresponding quarter of 1918. The reserve for Federal taxes was only $570,000 as compared with $1,600,000 in 1918. The net for the first quarter was $2,170,427, or the equivalent of $6.20 a share on the capital stock as compared with $3,603,796, or $10.29 a share in the March quarter of 1918.

Dome Mines Annual Report.

The Dome Mines Company in its annual report for last year shows a deficit of $455,456 as compared with a deficit of $72,254 in the preceding year. No provision is made in this year's report for war taxes, whereas in 1918 $26,384 was set aside for this purpose.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

FOREIGN ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government and municipal bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
Am. For. Sec. 5s	99½	99¾
Anglo-French 5s	97	97½
Argentine 5s	82	82¾
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1921	97⅛	97⅛
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1926	96¾	97
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1931	96⅝	97
Chinese Government 5s	70½	71½
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1944	98½	99
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1949	91¼	93½
Republic of Cuba ext. 4½s, 1949	84½	86
Dominican Republic 5s	98½	..
City of Bordeaux 6s	90¼	90¾
City of Lyons 6s	90¼	90¾
City of Marseilles 6s	90¼	90¾
City of Paris 6s	98¼	98⅝
Japanese 4½s	90¼	91
Japanese 4½s, second series	91	91½
Japanese 4s	74	77⅝
City of Tokio 5s	79⅝	80
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1919	99¾	99¾
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1921	98½	98½
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1937	99¾	99½
United States of Mexico 5s	65	73
United States of Mexico 4s	55	60
Russian Government 4s, 1894	23	..

UNITED STATES ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	98¾	99¼	Pan 2s, c, 1938	98¾	..
2s, c, 1930	98¾	99¼	Pan 3s, r, 1961	90½	92
3s, r, 1946	89	92	Pan 3s, c, 1961	90½	92
3s, c, 1946	89	92	Pan 3s, c, 1961	90½	92
4s, r, 1925	106¾	106¾	P 4s, '34	90	96
4s, c, 1925	106¾	106¾	P 4s, '35	90	96
Pan 2s, r, 1936	98¾	99¼	P 4s, '36	90	96
Pan 2s, r, 1938	98¾	99¼	Dist. of C 3-65s	97	100

STOCKS.

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Alaska J.	1⅞	2	B'ch Cr'k	29¾	..
Alb & Sus.	..	185	Beth S 7% pf	97	99
Am-Ag Ch. pf	100	100½	Do 8% pf	100½	110
Am B N, ex div	39¼	40	B'klyn Ed.	97	99
Do pf	45½	47½	B U Gas	80	82
Am B Sug pf	92	93	Brown Sh pf	99	101
Am C pf	102¾	103½	B. R & P	60	66
Am C & F pf	116	116½	Do pf	90	100
Am Coal	45	..	Burns Bros pf	110	112
Am Cot O pf	90	93	Bush Ter	80	97
Am Exp	82½	84	But'k Co	23½	25
Am Lin pf	96½	96½	Cal P pf	100	115
Am Lo pf	104½	106	Cal & Ar	53½	59½
Am M 1st pf ctfs	53	55	Can So	45½	48½
Am Shipb	115	142	Cent L pf	111½	113
Am Sm pf	..	115	C R of N J	201	230
Am Snuff	112	115	C & S A pf	113	115
Do pf	90	100	C'tain-teed 1st pf	88	90
Am Sug Ref pf	117¼	118¼	Chi & Alt.	9	10½
Am S Tob pf	94	95	Do pf	11½	13⅝
Am T & C	88	92	Chi. St P, M & Om	68	75
Am Z pf	47	48½	Do pf	104	115
Ann Arbor	3	..	C C, C & St L	41	42
Do pf	10	30	Cl & Pitts	67½	80
Assets R	1¼	2	Clu-P pf	103	105½
Atlas P G pf	72	73	Col, F & I	106	125
Atl Gulf & W I pf	72	76	Col Gas	86	86
Bald L pf	103¼	106	Comp T R	41½	45½
Balt Tr	1	2	Cons Gas	96¼	96¾
Barn C & F A	2	3	Con Int	6	7
Beech-Nut	100	..	Cont C pf	100	..
Bkln Edison	120	121	Crex Carp	44	54
Bkln Man Tr	85	87	Crucible	94	97
Bkln Rap Tr	80	82	Cuba Cane	19	20
Bkln Un Gas	70	72	Cuba Cane pf	100	108
Bkln Un Tr	75	77	Cuba Cane Sug	6	7
Bk Un Tr pf	70	72	Cuba Cane Sug pf	66	71
Bk Un Tr rts	1	1½	Cuba Co	3	4
Bk Un Tr 1st pf	80	82	Cuba Co pf	8	10
Bk Un Tr 2d pf	70	72	Cuba R R	73	77
Bk Un Tr 3d pf	60	62	Cuba R R pf	28	30
Bk Un Tr 4th pf	50	52	Cuban-Am	47	52
Bk Un Tr 5th pf	40	42	Cuban-Am pf	103	106
Bk Un Tr 6th pf	30	32	Cuban Dom	97	99
Bk Un Tr 7th pf	20	22	Cuban Dom pf	104	106
Bk Un Tr 8th pf	10	12	Cuban Tob	38	40
Bk Un Tr 9th pf	5	7	Cuban Tob pf	87	90
Bk Un Tr 10th pf	1	3	Cudahy P	97	99
Bk Un Tr 11th pf	1	3	Cudahy P pf	99	101
Bk Un Tr 12th pf	1	3	Cuyamel F	30	35
Bk Un Tr 13th pf	1	3	Del & Hud	105	105½
Bk Un Tr 14th pf	1	3	Del Lack & W	113	116
Bk Un Tr 15th pf	1	3	Denver & R G	93	97
Bk Un Tr 16th pf	1	3	Do pf	72½	73
Bk Un Tr 17th pf	1	3	Det Edison	113	116
Bk Un Tr 18th pf	1	3	Det U Ry	93	97
Bk Un Tr 19th pf	1	3	Dist Sec	3½	4
Bk Un Tr 20th pf	1	3	Do pf	8	10
Bk Un Tr 21st pf	1	3	Elec S & L	73	77
Bk Un Tr 22d pf	1	3	Elk H C	27¼	28
Bk Un Tr 23d pf	1	3	Do pf	..	47
Bk Un Tr 24th pf	1	3	Erie & P	..	70
Bk Un Tr 25th pf	1	3	F M & S	10¼	12
Bk Un Tr 26th pf	1	3	Fisher Body pf	95	98
Bk Un Tr 27th pf	1	3	Gen Chem	174	180
Bk Un Tr 28th pf	1	3	Do pf	103	103¾
Bk Un Tr 29th pf	1	3	Gen Clg pf	104	105
Bk Un Tr 30th pf	1	3	Gen M pf	80½	92
Bk Un Tr 31st pf	1	3	G'drich pf	108¾	108½
Bk Un Tr 32d pf	1	3	Granby C	65	66½
Bk Un Tr 33d pf	1	3	G M & N pf	31½	34½
Bk Un Tr 34th pf	1	3	Gulf S S	53½	55
Bk Un Tr 35th pf	1	3	Do 1st pf	92¼	98½
Bk Un Tr 36th pf	1	3	Hartman	71	73
Bk Un Tr 37th pf	1	3	Homestake	83½	97
Bk Un Tr 38th pf	1	3	Ill Cent	100	102
Bk Un Tr 39th pf	1	3	Int H pf	115¼	117
Bk Un Tr 40th pf	1	3	Int N pf	96	..
Bk Un Tr 41st pf	1	3	Int Pa pf	90	100
Bk Un Tr 42d pf	1	3	Int Salt	..	54
Bk Un Tr 43d pf	1	3	Iowa Cent	3½	4½
Bk Un Tr 44th pf	1	3	K C, Ft S & M pf	59	65
Bk Un Tr 45th pf	1	3	Kan C So pf	52	54
Bk Un Tr 46th pf	1	3	Kayser (J)	110	125
Bk Un Tr 47th pf	1	3	Do 1st pf	103	120
Bk Un Tr 48th pf	1	3	Kelly S T pf	94	98
Bk Un Tr 49th pf	1	3	Kelsey Wh	38	40
Bk Un Tr 50th pf	1	3	Do pf	90	94
Bk Un Tr 51st pf	1	3	K & D M	3	4
Bk Un Tr 52d pf	1	3	Do pf	..	80
Bk Un Tr 53d pf	1	3	Kresge(SS)	124	128
Bk Un Tr 54th pf	1	3	Do pf	107¼	..
Bk Un Tr 55th pf	1	3	Kress(S H)	85¾	70
Bk Un Tr 56th pf	1	3	Do pf	106	..
Bk Un Tr 57th pf	1	3	Lacl Gas	68	70
Bk Un Tr 58th pf	1	3	L E & W	8	9½
Bk Un Tr 59th pf	1	3	Do pf	18	19½
Bk Un Tr 60th pf	1	3	Ligg & M	200	235
Bk Un Tr 61st pf	1	3	Do pf	111½	112
Bk Un Tr 62d pf	1	3	L-W Bisc	..	3
Bk Un Tr 63d pf	1	3	Do pf	101	103
Bk Un Tr 64th pf	1	3	Do 2d pf	103	110
Bk Un Tr 65th pf	1	3	Lorill'd Co pf	109	119
Bk Un Tr 66th pf	1	3	Louis & N	113½	115
Bk Un Tr 67th pf	1	3	M'kay Cos	76½	78
Bk Un Tr 68th pf	1	3	Do pf	64	65
Bk Un Tr 69th pf	1	3	Man B'ch	½	1½
Bk Un Tr 70th pf	1	3	Marlin R	76	85
Bk Un Tr 71st pf	1	3	Math Alk	31	36
Bk Un Tr 72d pf	1	3	M Dep Sts	85¼	87
Bk Un Tr 73d pf	1	3	Do pf	106½	110
Bk Un Tr 74th pf	1	3	Mich Cent	85½	90
Bk Un Tr 75th pf	1	3	M St P & S S M pf	100	110
Bk Un Tr 76th pf	1	3	Do 1	61	68
Bk Un Tr 77th pf	1	3	Mon P pf	105½	106½
Bk Un Tr 78th pf	1	3	Mor & Es	70½	87½
Bk Un Tr 79th pf	1	3	N, C & St L	114	117½
Bk Un Tr 80th pf	1	3	Nat B pf	118	120
Bk Un Tr 81st pf	1	3	Nat C & S pf	105	106
Bk Un Tr 82d pf	1	3	Nat En pf	100	106
Bk Un Tr 83d pf	1	3	Nat Rys of M 1st pf	16	23¼
Bk Un Tr 84th pf	1	3	N Y, O & W pf	61	66
Bk Un Tr 85th pf	1	3	St L 1st pf	40	45
Bk Un Tr 86th pf	1	3	Do 2d pf	40	45
Bk Un Tr 87th pf	1	3	N Y Dock pf	50½	54
Bk Un Tr 88th pf	1	3	N Y L & W	92	98
Bk Un Tr 89th pf	1	3	Norf So	15½	17
Bk Un Tr 90th pf	1	3	Norf & W pf	72½	..
Bk Un Tr 91st pf	1	3	Nor Cent	87	73
Bk Un Tr 92d pf	1	3	Ohio F S	48	50
Bk Un Tr 93d pf	1	3	Ont Min	7	7½
Bk Un Tr 94th pf	1	3	Owens B M pf	101	104
Bk Un Tr 95th pf	1	3	Pac C 1st pf	68

Oil Bonds

Conservative investors who wish to share in the prosperity of the oil industry without departing from their "safety first" policy should look into the features of oil *bonds* which have convertible or participating provisions.

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We beg to advise that on April 1st, 1919,
Mr. Arthur Barnwell, Jr.
withdrew from our firm.
TEFFT & CO.

GENERAL MOTORS AIMS AT BILLION

President Durant Recommends Increase in Capitalization to Stockholders at Meeting.

PROVIDING FOR FUTURE

Head of Concern Disclaims Any Purpose of Absorbing Other Automobile Firms.

The growth of the General Motors Company to a billion-dollar concern, the second of this size in the United States, was recommended yesterday at the deferred annual meeting of the stockholders by W. C. Durant, the President. The United States Steel Corporation is at present the only corporation with a capitalization of approximately a billion dollars. The proposal of the Board of Directors of the General Motors Corporation to increase the authorized issue of debenture stock to $500,000,000, and the authorized issue of common stock also to $500,000,000, will be acted upon at a special meeting of shareholders to be held June 12.

Mr. Durant, in commenting upon this proposal to increase the company's capitalization, said that it was not taken with any idea of acquiring other automobile companies. It has been reported from time to time that General Motors was negotiating for the purchase of the Ford Motor Company and also the Maxwell Motor Corporation. He said that no steps had been taken in this direction and that none was contemplated.

The capital increase, he asserted, was proposed in order to make provision for future financing. While the authorization will be asked to increase the capital to $1,000,000,000, it is not the intention to issue this amount of stock for the present. It will be retained in the treasury to be put out as the future needs of the company demand.

At yesterday's annual meeting W. P. Chrysler was elected First Vice President and H. H. Bassett was made a Director and became a member of the Executive Committee as well. He was also appointed General Manager of the Buick division. F. W. Hohensee, General Manager of the Chevrolet division, was elected Vice President of General Motors. The other retiring Directors were re-elected.

EARNINGS.

Railroads.

CAROLINA & CLINCHFIELD AND OHIO RAILROAD CO. for March—

	1919.	1918.	Increase.
Gross	$441,048	$363,162	$78,786
Bal. after taxes	78,685	96,164	*17,479
Net op. income	56,566	126,683	*70,117
3 mos.' gross..	1,350,044	1,012,858	337,156
Bal. after tax.	235,524	267,145	*31,620
Net op. income	171,936	367,951	*196,015

CHICAGO, ST. PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS & OMAHA for March—

Gross	2,006,472	1,963,103	143,270
Bal. after tax.	160,898	355,223	*194,325
Net op. income	141,776	388,659	*246,883
3 mos.' gross..	6,264,476	5,241,086	1,023,389
Bal after tax	704,561	456,554	248,007
Net op. income	576,351	501,645	74,706

HOCKING VALLEY for March—

Gross	500,190	855,525	*355,335
Def. after tax.	132,129	198,629	230,758
Net op. deficit.	134,584	1160,564	295,148
3 mos.' gross..	1,451,010	2,210,775	*759,765
Def. after tax.	645,370	126,925	518,454
Net op. deficit.	520,626	16,176	513,452

KANSAS CITY SOUTHERN for March—

Gross	1,112,777	1,251,997	*139,220
Def. after tax.	9,744	1373,087	383,303
Net. op. deficit.	21,406	1311,092	338,400
3 mos. gross.	3,510,732	3,516,431	*5,698
Bal. after tax.	144,809	1,020,059	*875,250
Net op. income	97,372	923,703	*826,332

MINNEAPOLIS & ST. LOUIS for March—

Gross	1,011,633	977,899	33,734
Def. after tax.	20,084	1114,115	134,199
Net op. deficit.	20,614	1147,711	168,325
3 mos. gross.	2,803,201	2,671,272	$131,928
Def. after tax.	411,707	1107,433	304,274
Net op. deficit.	416,801	1306,960	723,761

PITTSBURGH & WEST VIRGINIA for March—

Gross	100,369	150,514	*50,145
Def. after tax.	61,856	17,197	79,053
Net op. deficit.	56,137	115,224	71,361
3 mos.' gross..	320,936	381,584	*60,648
Def. after tax.	184,225	14,021	170,204
Net op. deficit.	164,885	21,172	143,714

RUTLAND RAILROAD CO. for March—

Gross	359,490	384,731	*25,240
Def. after tax.	4,866	117,169	22,035
Net op. income	372	22,043	*21,672
3 mos.' gross..	985,340	957,780	27,560
Def. after tax.	127,075	38,571	88,505
Net op. deficit.	106,801	11,609	95,192

TEXAS & PACIFIC for March—

Gross	2,593,599	2,005,034	588,566
Def. after tax.	36,173	1451,401	487,524
Net op. deficit.	11,099	1424,605	535,613
3 mos.' gross..	7,693,097	5,806,762	1,886,334
Def. after tax.	139,423	1,184,304	1,323,727
Net op. deficit.	441,674	1995,260	436,943

TOLEDO & OHIO CENTRAL for March—

Gross	588,349	736,606	*148,257
Def. after tax.	8,709	192,558	101,267
Net op. deficit.	25,719	1169,071	134,790
3 mos.' gross..	1,715,406	1,729,460	*14,053
Def. after tax.	239,216	155,912	83,304
Net op. deficit.	290,028	120,797	169,231

WHEELING & LAKE ERIE for March—

Gross	696,772	865,477	*168,704
Def. after tax.	113,484	1125,414	236,898
Net op. income	99,619	177,001	176,620
3 mos.' gross..	2,084,453	2,250,188	*165,735
Def. after tax.	456,601	127,218	483,819
Net op. deficit.	406,156	165,321	270,829

Public Utilities.

AURORA, ELGIN & CHICAGO for March—

Gross	197,567	168,639	28,874
Net earnings..	35,836	30,182	5,654
Def. after chgs	10,640	13,020	*2,380
3 mos.' gross..	563,585	493,402	70,177
Net earnings..	82,276	29,250	52,976
Def. after chgs	60,022	98,653	*38,631

HAVANA ELECTRIC RAILWAY, LIGHT & POWER CO. for the year ended Dec. 31—

	1918.	1917.	1916.
Gross	8,176,544	6,980,509	6,017,708
Net after tax.	3,709,889	3,604,129	3,573,823
Sur. after chgs	2,031,646	2,615,261	2,421,291
Dividends	2,155,613	1,976,254	1,796,901
Balance	706,033	639,007	624,390

PHILADELPHIA CO. and affiliated operating companies for March—
Natural Gas Department:

	1919.	Increase.
Gross earnings	1,407,934	283,185
Net after taxes	810,849	387,046
Oil Department:		
Gross earnings	122,280	46,529
Net after taxes	108,345	44,702
Coal Department:		
Gross earnings	65,602	*79,974
Net after taxes	13,487	*57,387
Electric Light & Power Department:		
Gross earnings	992,240	126,197
Net after taxes	310,276	55,580
Street Railway Department (Excluding Pittsburgh Railways Company):		
Gross earnings	55,117	8,279
Net after taxes	7,324	1,608

From Jan. 1 to March 31, 1919—
Natural Gas Department:

Gross earnings	4,271,348	744,488
Net after taxes	2,551,672	952,409
Oil Department:		
Gross earnings	354,825	126,042
Net after taxes	299,865	137,559
Coal Department:		
Gross earnings	210,360	*187,117
Net after taxes	43,310	*89,370
Electric Light & Power Department:		
Gross earnings	3,188,471	511,275
Net after taxes	1,233,453	516,560
Street Railway Department (Excluding Pittsburgh Railways Company):		
Gross earnings	159,502	25,627
Net after taxes	29,626	29,483

*Decrease. †Income.

Miscellaneous.

NEW JERSEY ZINC CO. for the quarter ended March 31—

	1919.	1918.	1917.
Total income..	2,855,427	5,338,796	6,735,444
Int. & revs....	115,000	115,000	115,000
Federal taxes.	570,000	1,620,000	615,793
Net income....	2,170,427	3,603,796	6,006,759
Dividends	1,400,000	1,400,000	4,200,000
Surplus	770,427	2,203,796	1,800,739

SWAN & FINCH CO. for the year ended Dec. 31—

	1918.	1917.	1916.
Net income ...	82,780	203,469	63,062
Dividends	28,070	24,250	.....
Surplus	54,701	179,219	63,062
P. & L. surp..	1401,185	580,083	230,114

†After deducting $46,733 dividends charged against 1917 earnings, and other adjustments.

SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO. sales for April, 1919, $10,153,881, an increase of $4,235,274. Total sales for the four months of 1919, $71,500,975, an increase of $8,987,728.

NAMES RENT INVESTIGATORS

Speaker Sweet Announces Assembly Members of Joint Committee.

ALBANY, May 1.—Speaker Thaddeus C. Sweet today announced the personnel of the Assembly Committee which is to act with a committee of the Senate to investigate rental and housing conditions throughout the State with particular scrutiny into the New York City situation.

His appointments followed the announcement by Mayor Hylan of New York that he would ask Governor Smith to call an extra session of the Legislature in the hope that some action could be taken by that body to bring prompt relief to the thousands of tenants who are unsuccessfully seeking new homes.

The Speaker named as the committee Mrs. Ida B. Sammis of Suffolk, Assemblymen E. H. Miller of the Bronx, Thomas A. McWhinney of Nassau, and James H. Caulfield of Kings, and is expected to appoint M. M. Fertig of the Bronx.

The Senate Committee of Four to be named by Majority Leader J. Henry Walters has not yet been appointed. Mr. Walters is in New York City.

The appointment of the joint committee is authorized by the resolution of Senator Peter A. Abeles, Republican, of the Bronx, which provides that it shall ascertain the causes of the lack of construction of buildings for rental and also of the continual increases in rents.

MANY MAY DAY EVICTIONS.

Hundreds of tenants were evicted from their homes yesterday. It was the one day in the year in which a landlord could rush through the courts, with "three hours' notice, dispossess proceedings against tenants. In Manhattan, the Bronx and Brooklyn many landlords availed themselves of this privilege, and the result was that not infrequently the sidewalks held the furniture of tenants who had been evicted before finding other apartments.

It usually takes five days to carry through dispossess proceedings, but the law makes an exception on May 1. There was a great rush yesterday for moving vans to carry furniture to storage warehouses and to country homes.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—Forecast:

N. C., S. C., and Ga.—Fair Fri. and Sat.; mild temperature; gentle w. winds.

Fla., Ala., and Miss.—Fair Fri. and Sat.; gentle, variable winds.

Tenn. and Ky.—Fair Fri. and probably Sat.; mild temperature.

Ind.—Fair Fri.; warmer in n. and c. Sat., fair and warmer; fresh n. w. winds.

Ohio—Clearing and cooler Fri., preceded by rain in early morning. Sat., fair, with rising temperature; strong s. w. and w. winds.

Mich.—Rain, followed by clearing, Fri.; cooler in s. e. Sat., fair, with rising temperature; fresh and strong s. w. winds diminishing.

Ill.—Fair Fri.; slightly warmer. Sat., showers.

Wis.—Fair Fri. Sat., warmer; probably showers.

Minn.—Fair and warmer Fri.; showers at night or on Sat.; cooler Sat.

Iowa—Fair and warmer Fri. Sat., unsettled and cooler.

N. Dak.—Cloudy and warmer Fri. Sat., fair and cooler.

S. Dak.—Probably cloudy and warmer Fri. Sat., fair and cooler.

Neb.—Partly cloudy and warmer Fri.; showers at night in e. Sat., fair and cooler.

Kan.—Cloudy and warmer Fri.; showers in e. and s. Sat., fair and cooler.

COMMODITIES MARKETS.

CORN.
CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	$1.65	$1.57¾	$1.64¾	$1.57¾	$1.27¾
July	1.63¼	1.56¾	1.63¼	1.56	1.47¾
Sept.	1.50¾	1.52¾	1.50¾	1.52	..

OATS.
CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	70¼	68½	69¾	68½	77¼
July	72	69¾	71¾	69¾	69
September	70¼	68	70⅞	68	..

In the local cash market standard was quoted at 81c; No 2 white 81c; No. 3 white, 71½@80½c; No. 4 white, 78½@79½c; ordinary clipped, 79½@81c.

PROVISIONS.
CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
May	33.35	32.40	33.25	32.90	24.87
July	31.80	30.80	31.80	30.60	25.20
September	31.20	30.50	31.20	29.85	..
Ribs—					
May	..	..	28.05	28.70	22.67
July	28.05	27.25	28.05	27.00	23.42
Pork—					
May	53.70	53.40	53.40	52.75	45.20
July	51.50	49.40	51.40	49.20	45.53

COFFEE.

Range of Prices.	High.	Low.	Closing Bid.	Prev. Close.
March	16.55	16.35	16.55	16.82
May	..	..	18.00	18.10
July	17.55	17.48	17.60	17.85
September	17.12	17.00	17.16	17.45
October	..	..	16.97	17.27
December	16.45	16.41	16.61	16.90

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Last.
May	$1.69	$1.68¾	$1.69
July	1.73¼	1.71	1.73¼

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday 5,515 packages. Creamery about 1c lower and unsettled, with supplies slightly exceeding the demand. Renovated a little easier. Ladies and packing stock in free supply and firmer. Creamery, higher than extras, a lb., 60½@61c; extras, 93 score, 60c; firsts, 88 to 91 score, 58½@59½c; seconds, 85 to 87 score, 56@58c; lower grades, 54@55c; unsalted, higher than extras, 62@63½c; extras, 62@62½c; firsts, 60@61c; seconds, 58@59c; State dairy tubs, finest, 56@60c; good to prime, 54@56c; common to fair, 47 to 53c; renovated, extras, 51@52c; firsts, 49½@50½c; lower grades, 46@48c; imitation creamery, firsts, 48@49c; ladles, current make, firsts, 46@47c; seconds, 44½@45c; lower grades, 43@44c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 43½@44c; No. 2, 43c; lower grades, 39@42½c.

EGGS.—42,244 cases, not including 486 cases in transit for export. Arrivals liberal, current distributing trade moderate, but there is continued free movement to cold storage. Western advices are firm and prices here rule steady on most grades. Dirties and checks are in pretty good demand and fine qualities show some further advance, but the stock must be closely graded to reach top quotations. Nearby white eggs are having a fair demand for storage purposes and prices hold steady. The bulk of the supply sells in bunches of mixed marks at a range of 50@52c. Fresh gathered, extras, a dozen, 47½c; storage packed, extra firsts, 46½@47c; storage packed, firsts, 45½@46½c; gathered, extra firsts, 46@46½c; firsts, northerly sections, 44½@46c; southerly sections, 45½@45c; seconds and poorer, 41@43c; dirties, No. 1, 41@42c; No. 2 and poorer, 36@40c; checks, good to choice, dry, 40@40½c; under grades, 34@36c. State, Pennsylvania, and nearby Western hennery whites, fine to fancy, 52@56c; ordinary to prime, 47@51c; gathered whites, ordinary to fine, 47@51c; Pacific Coast whites, extras, 52c; Western and Southern, gathered whites, 46@50c; State, Pennsylvania and nearby hennery browns, 48@49c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 44@47½c; duck eggs, nearby Indian Runner, fancy, 66@67c; Baltimore, 62@65c; Virginia, 55@65c; Western and other Southern, good to prime, 55@62c; far Southern, common to fair, 40c; storage eggs, 70@70c.

NEW INCORPORATIONS

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, May 1.—Fifty-three new corporations, with an aggregate capitalization of $2,234,250, were chartered today. They include:

Steel Alloys Co. of America, Manhattan, 10,000 shares common stock, no par value; active capital, $40,000; L. D. Schwartz, M. O Bennett, W. T. Jerome, 37 Wall St.

Crowe & Co., Manhattan, mercantile business, $100,000; D. P. Bergheimer, J. J. Gallagher, R. J. Bergheimer, 30 Wall St.

East Side Building Co., Buffalo, $5,000; I. Pietzker, M. E. and G. Friedrick, Buffalo.

B. Abramowitz, Inc., Brooklyn, clothing, $10,000; I. and M. and B. Abramowitz, 826 Watkins St., Brooklyn.

Jurk Auto Safety Device Co., Buffalo, $100,000; A. H. Jurk, F. A. Shoemaker, H. T. Chamberlain, Buffalo.

Furl Engineering Works, Inc., Manhattan, $10,000; J. N. Furl, C. E. Stafford, H. K. Gray, Brooklyn.

Afterglow Farm, Inc., Manhattan, institutions for physical exercise and rest, $100,000; J. W. Samuel, C. Upper, L. J. Parlowitz, 309 William St.

Artcraft Clock Co., Manhattan, $10,000; A. Frankenberg, M. Teicher, H. E. Reid, 137 Joralemon St., Brooklyn.

The Peerless and Domestic Sales Corp., Manhattan, $5,000; J. Margolies, S. Farber, N. L. Solomon, 946 Kelly St.

Jacquin Overseas Corp., Manhattan, importing and exporting, $50,000; J. J. Kling, S. Chard, L. J. Jacquin, 11 Wadsworth Av.

The Buffalo Gravure Co., Buffalo, $30,000; W. J. Connors, Jr., F. W. Hyman, J. Hermann, 263 9th Av.

Peekskill Garage and Supply Co., Peekskill, $5,000; F. A. Lent, F. W. Otto, E. M. Drum, Peekskill.

Childs-Johnson, Inc., Manhattan, merchandise and marine engineering, $200,000; H. K. Eggleston, F. Johnson, S. D. Childs, 25 Church St.

International Player-Roll Co., Brooklyn, $20,000; E. Salisbury, G. S. Gelston, W. H. Thomas, 924 East 15th St., Brooklyn.

Simplex Syndicate, Inc., Manhattan, printing and publishing, $100,000; E. D. R. and E. V. Browne, N. V. Rothenberg, 35 Nassau St.

"Standard "8" Sales Corp., Buffalo, autos and motor vehicles, $150,000; G. L. Reichardt, M. Packard, J. E. Barry, Buffalo.

American and Canadian Allied Flying Circus, Inc., Manhattan, $50,000; M. D. Levitt, W. Flapper, P. Isaacs, 92 St. Nicholas Av.

F. H. Brayton Co., Manhattan, textiles, $25,000; F. J. Smith, Jr., L. D. Amerman, F. H. Brayton, Freeport.

A. B. D. Merchandise Co., Manhattan, dry goods and notions, $50,000; M. P. Bernstein, W. Davis, C. Appel, 1,049 Simpson St.

National Interocean Corp., Manhattan, storage and warehousing, $100,000; J. E. Malino, M. C. Sullivan, P. B. Mead, 1,000 Washington Av.

R. G. Monroe & Co., Manhattan, goods, wares, and merchandise, $800,000; L. Jacobi, D. V. and R. G. Monroe, 190 Riverside Drive.

John F. Patching & Co., Manhattan, make laces, curtains, and embroideries, 770 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 30 shares common stock, no par value; active capital, $80,000; L. F. Scoboria, R. J. Naylor, J. F. Patching, 20 East 20th St.

W. H. Awe, Inc., Manhattan, trucking and forwarding, $10,000; L. A. Miller, C. H. and W. H. Awe, 236 West 17th St.

Twenty-seven East Seventy-second Street, Inc., Manhattan, realty and construction, $750,000; C. Tiffany, M. T. Lusk, J. T. Parker, 806 Madison Av.

The 1,063-5 Lexington Avenue Realty Corp., Manhattan, $20,000; A. Blumberg, J. W. Suling, E. Miehling, 258 Broadway.

Trojan Cloth Manufacturing Co., Troy, $50,000; J. W. Smith, M. A. and M. A. Gormly, Troy.

Fisher-Turner Co., Inc., Buffalo, realty, $10,000; T. Fisher, G. M. and R. H. Turner, Buffalo.

Victory Theatre Corp., Herkimer, $40,000; T. P. Griswold, W. T. Manion, F. M. Baker, Herkimer.

New Era Toy Co., Buffalo, $10,000; A. B. Fox, A. J. Allen, W. Raber, Buffalo.

The Capitol Specialty Co., Albany, $5,000; J. M. Rosengarden, H. Fleishman, F. J. Moore, Albany.

Estate of William F. Schulz, Inc., Brooklyn, realty and construction, $18,000; F. E. Degroff, S. Burckhardt, E. F. Schulz, 286 6th St., Brooklyn.

Morton Leather Co., Manhattan, make novelties, $5,000; S. and B. Krasner, B. Rocker, 447 West 40th St.

9 West 31st Street Corp., Manhattan, operate hotels and restaurants, $5,000; R. Baskin, S. Dundish, A. Grossman, 104 2d Av.

Hospital Holding Corp., Manhattan, $7,000; F. R. Minrath, M. J. Katz, J. B. Mason, 22 William St.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Andes Creamery Co., $15,000 to $75,000.

J. Witkin, Inc., Manhattan, $15,000 to $30,000.

Industrial Engineering Co., Manhattan, $100,000 to $200,000.

Newman Tire and Rubber Co., Manhattan, $5,000 to $200,000.

CHANGE OF NAME.

Harrington Bros. & Smith, Inc., Watertown, to Harrington Bros. & Co., Inc.

NEW DESIGNATION.

Wisconsin Cabinet and Panel Co., New Jersey; new representative, W. Stevens, 10 5th Av.

DISSOLUTIONS.

The Couch Checker Mfg. Co., Newburg.

Horseheads Creamery Co., Horseheads.

H. Lichtenberg, Inc., Manhattan.

Campbell's Point Summer Resort, Inc., Watertown.

Kane & Cohen, Inc., Manhattan.

Nassau Co-operative Telephone Co., Nassau.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., May 1.—Charters filed:

Colonial Timber and Coal Corp., $10,000,000; Walter L. Sticksel, Ralph E. Sinderland, Omaha, Neb.; J. B. Ellison, William H. Culver, Charleston, W. Va.; Jessie T. Gregory, Chicago, Ill.

American Finance and Investment Co., $1,000,000; Charles W. Heffritz, Clarence Heifer, Edward James, Dayton, Ohio.

Redulta, Incorporated, $2,000,000; T. L. Croteau, P. B. Drew, M. M. Clancy of Wilmington.

Emerling Products Co., $500,000; T. L. Croteau, P. B. Drew, M. M. Clancy of Wilmington.

Overseas Sailing & Ship Corp., $500,000; T. L. Croteau, P. B. Drew, M. M. Clancy of Wilmington.

Adriatic Harvesting Machinery Co., $360,000; Miket Vukovich, Mick Begdar of Bingham Canyon, Utah.

Honduras Public Service Co., $300,000; M. L. Hory, M. C. Kelly, S. L. Mackey of Wilmington.

Moclain Mfg. Co., $250,000; M. L. Horty, M. C. Kelly, S. L. Mackey of Wilmington.

The Rex Sanitary Bakers' System, Inc., $150,000; M. L. Horty, S. L. Mackey, M. C. Kelly of Wilmington.

Franklinville Ice Mfg. Co., $100,000; F. R. Hansell, Philadelphia; J. Vernon Pimm, E. M. MacFarland, Camden, N. J.

Stanford Advertising Agency, Inc., $50,000; Frank Jackson, Charles H. Jones, W. I. N. Lofland of Dover.

Oldham Stone Co., $50,000; F. R. Hansell, Philadelphia; J. Vernon Pimm, E. H. MacFarland, Camden, N. J.

Anderson Brothers Co., $25,000; E. E. Allison, A. M. Skevers, New York City; A. A. Anderson, Jersey City, N. J.

INCREASE IN CAPITAL.

Standard Commercial Tobacco Co., New York City, $1,500,000 to $2,500,000.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., May 1.—Charters filed: Savage Realty Corp., East Orange, N. J., $20,000; — Savage, East Orange; F. M. Justic and Emanuel Fitchtandle, both of New York.

Leo T. Wallen Co., Newark, mechanical engineers, $100,000; Leo T. Wallen, Harry Hanflein, and Frederick F. Wallen, all of Newark.

American Iron Works Co., Camden, $50,000; Herman Odlin and Clara Odlin of Audubon and John B. Kats of Collingswood.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

CHILE COPPER COMPANY.
120 Broadway, New York, April 15th, 1919.
Collateral Trust Six Per Cent. Gold Bonds, Series A.

To the Holders of Second Extended Installment Receipts:

Notice is hereby given that the holders of Second Extended Installment Receipts are offered the privilege of extending the date of payment of the final installments on account of the purchase of this Company's Collateral Trust Gold Bonds, Series A, from May 29, 1919, (the date fixed in the Second Extended Receipt,) to September 29, 1919.

Holders of Second Extended Installment Receipts electing to extend the time of payment will surrender their Receipts at the office of Guaranty Trust Company of New York, 140 Broadway, New York City, on or before May 29, 1919, and at the time of such surrender or as soon thereafter as shall be practicable, will receive in exchange therefor THIRD EXTENDED INSTALLMENT RECEIPTS.

The Company will pay interest on the outstanding Receipts on May 29, 1919, and will continue to allow the holders of the new receipts interest at the rate of 6% per annum on the first installment of the purchase price of the Bonds.

The respective rights and obligations of the Company and of the new receipts shall be as stated in the Second Extended Installment Receipts now outstanding, except as necessarily modified by the further extension of the date for payment of the final installment therson.

Holders of Second Extended Installment Receipts electing to pay the final installment on May 29, 1919, will receive the Bonds called for by their Receipts.

To receive the interest due May 29th, receipt holders must present the Guaranty Trust Company "Ownership Certificates" as required by the Income Tax Law.

DANIEL GUGGENHEIM, President.

BARCELONA TRACTION, LIGHT & POWER COMPANY, LIMITED,
(Incorporated under the Laws of the Dominion of Canada.)

To the Holders of First Mortgage 50-Year Bonds:

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that in accordance with the terms of Supplemental Trust Deed dated 31st day of December, 1918, as approved by the Resolutions passed Year Bondholders of the above company held on Thursday, the 10th day of December, 1918, Bondholders are requested to produce their bonds at the offices of the company, 608 Dominion Bank Building, Toronto, Canada, or 3 London Wall Buildings, London, England, for the purpose of having indorsed thereon a memorandum modifying the rights of Bondholders and of the Supplemental Trust Deed executed in pursuance of such Resolutions.

For and on behalf of
BARCELONA TRACTION, LIGHT & POWER COMPANY, LIMITED.
R. MERRY, Secretary.
30th April, 1919. Toronto, Canada.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

CHILE COPPER COMPANY.
120 Broadway, New York, April 15th, 1919.
Collateral Trust Six Per Cent. Gold Bonds, Series A.

To the Holders of Second Extended Installment Receipts:

Notice is hereby given that the holders of Second Extended Installment Receipts are offered the privilege of extending the date of payment of the final installments on account of the purchase of this Company's Collateral Trust Gold Bonds, Series A, from May 29, 1919, (the date fixed in the Second Extended Receipt,) to September 29, 1919.

Holders of Second Extended Installment Receipts electing to extend the time of payment will surrender their Receipts at the office of Guaranty Trust Company of New York, 140 Broadway, New York City, on or before May 29, 1919, and at the time of such surrender or as soon thereafter as shall be practicable, will receive in exchange therefor THIRD EXTENDED INSTALLMENT RECEIPTS.

The Company will pay interest on the outstanding Receipts on May 29, 1919, and will continue to allow the holders of the new receipts interest at the rate of 6% per annum on the first installment of the purchase price of the Bonds.

The respective rights and obligations of the Company and of the new receipts shall be as stated in the Second Extended Installment Receipts now outstanding, except as necessarily modified by the further extension of the date for payment of the final installment therson.

Holders of Second Extended Installment Receipts electing to pay the final installment on May 29, 1919, will receive the Bonds called for by their Receipts.

To receive the interest due May 29th, receipt holders must present the Guaranty Trust Company "Ownership Certificates" as required by the Income Tax Law.

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For and on behalf of
BARCELONA TRACTION, LIGHT & POWER COMPANY, LIMITED.
R. MERRY, Secretary.
30th April, 1919. Toronto, Canada.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

NOTICE OF SALE

of securities pledged under Indenture of International Traction Company, dated November 1, 1913, securing Collateral Trust Four Per Cent. Gold Bonds.

Default having been made in the payment of the instalment of interest which became due and payable on January 1, 1918, upon the Collateral Trust Four Per Cent. Gold Bonds of International Traction Company, and said default having continued for a period of ninety days, and default having been made in the payment of the principal of said bonds which by declaration became due and payable on April 23, 1919,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Guaranty Trust Company of New York, as Trustee under the Indenture of International Traction Company, dated November 1, 1913, securing said Collateral Trust Four Per Cent. Gold Bonds, in the exercise of its rights and powers as such Trustee and by virtue of a lien held by it as such Trustee, will offer for sale at public auction, at the Exchange Sales Rooms, Nos. 14 and 16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan and City of New York (which is the city where such lien was acquired), on the 20TH DAY OF MAY, 1919, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, all and singular the securities pledged under said Indenture, which are more particularly described as follows:

1. 167,075 shares of the aggregate par value of $16,707,500 of the capital stock of International Railway Company.

2. $60,000 principal amount of the First Mortgage Gold Bonds of Tonawanda Street Railroad Company, due July 1, 1922, bearing interest at 6%, secured by mortgage or deed of trust to State Trust Company of New York City, as Trustee (Guaranty Trust Company of New York, successor Trustee), dated October 1, 1892.

3. $518,000 principal amount of the First Mortgage Gold Bonds of The Niagara Falls and Suspension Bridge Railway Company, due July 1, 1937, bearing interest at 5%, secured by mortgage or deed of trust to The Fidelity Trust & Guaranty Company of Buffalo, as Trustee, dated May 10, 1893.

4. $22,500 principal amount of the First Mortgage Gold Bonds of Niagara Falls Whirlpool and Northern Railway, due July 1, 1923, bearing interest at 6%, secured by mortgage or deed of trust to The Fidelity Trust & Guaranty Company of Buffalo, as Trustee, dated July 24, 1894.

5. $40,000 principal amount of Mortgage Bonds of the Tonawanda Electric Railroad Company, due April 1, 1927, bearing interest at 6%, secured by mortgage or deed of trust to John Cunneen, as Trustee, dated April 1, 1895.

6. $4,344,000 principal amount of Refunding and Improvement Five Per Cent Gold Bonds of International Railway Company, due November 1, 1962, secured by mortgage or deed of trust to Bankers Trust Company, as Trustee, dated November 1, 1912.

The said securities will be offered for sale in one lot and as an entirety, and will be sold to the highest and best bidder, subject, however, to the conditions herein stated.

No bid will be received unless the bidder shall have first deposited with the Trustee or the Auctioneer fifty thousand dollars ($50,000) in cash, or a certified check for that amount drawn upon a bank in the City of New York, payable to the order of the Trustee, as security for the completion of the purchase of said securities in accordance with his bid and these terms of sale.

The Trustee will give appropriate receipts for all deposits so made and will immediately after the sale return to the unsuccessful bidders any deposits made by them.

The successful bidder will be required to sign a memorandum of his purchase at the time and place of the sale. The purchase price will be payable

Santa Cecilia Sugar
Sinclair Opt. Warrants
Midwest Refining
Famous Players-Lasky
Columbia Graphophone

Common & Preferred
Bought, Sold & Quoted

Charles E. Doyle & Co.
30 Broad St., N. Y. Tel. Broad 7106-7-8-9.

Lone Star Gas
Midland
Securities
Texas Pacific
Coal & Oil

C. C. Kerr & Co.
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Continental
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A seasoned enterprise with great possibilities. Active market on New York Curb.

Write for Information.

DUNHAM & Co.
Investment Securities
43 Exchange Place, New York
Telephone 1960-5 Hanover.

Bought—Sold—Quoted

Prairie Oil
& Gas Co.

McKinley & Morris
11 Wall St., N. Y. Tel. 2244-6 Rector.

WANTED
Butte Water 5s
Empire Lumber 6s
Waltham Watch, Com. & Pfd.
Richmond Rad., Com. & Pfd.
Buffalo & L. Erie Trac. 5s
Northwest Water & Light
Boston Mexican Petroleum
Clevl'd, Painsville & Ash. 1st 5s

HOTCHKIN & CO.
53 STATE ST.
Tel. Main 4600 **BOSTON** Cable Tonkin

Peekskill Nat'l Bank
Union Exchange Nat'l Bank
Yorkville Bank
Carib Syndicate
Cent'l Sugar Com. & Pfd.
N. Y. State Rys. Pfd.
Rockwood & Co. 1st Pfd.
Santa Cecilia Sug. Com. & Pfd

Hanson & Hanson
74 B'way, N. Y. Tel. Rector 2721

Port Lobos Petroleum Com.
Semet Solvay
Lima Locomotive Pfd.
Carbon Steel
Kaufmann Dpt. Strs. Com. & Pfd.
Celluloid Co.

Stone, Prosser & Doty
52 William Street, New York
Telephones Hanover 7733-7734-7735

Berdell Brothers
Public Utility Securities
111 Broadway, N. Y.

We specialize in
Standard Gas &
Electric Company
Common & Preferred Stocks
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Wanted Offerings
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J.K.Rice,Jr.&Co.
Phones 4000 to 4010 John. 36 Wall St., N. Y.

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Lobitos Oilfields Co., Ltd.
Mexican Eagle Oil Co., Ltd.
N. Y. Oklahoma Oil Co., Pfd.
Oilfields of Mexico Co.
Pennsylvania Gasoline Com. & Pfd.

E. BUNGE & CO.
4 Broad St., N. Y. Phones Broad 6951-6.

We Specialize in
Caddo Oil & Refining
(Old Stock and New Bonds)
Republic Motor Truck
Imperial Oil of Canada
Gwynne Bros.
7 Broad 8238 to 8235. 25 Broad St., N. Y.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

	Yester-W'nes-day. Bid.	Ask.	Bid.
4½s July, 1967	101	101¼	101
4½s June, 1965	101	101¼	101
4½s Mar., 1963	101	101¼	101
4½s Nov., 1957	101	101¼	101
4½s Mar., 1957	101	101¼	101
4½s Mar., 1960-30	96¼	96⅝	96¼
4½s Mar., 1964	96¼	96⅝	96¼
4½s Mar., 1962	96¼	96⅝	96¼
4½s Mar., 1966	96¼	96⅝	96¼
4½s Sept., 1960	96¼	96⅝	96¼
4s May, 1959	91¼	91⅝	91¼
4s Nov., 1958	91¼	91⅝	91¼
4s Nov., 1957	91¼	91⅝	91¼
4s Nov., 1956	90¼	91¼	90¼
4s Nov., 1955	90⅜	91¼	90¼
4s Nov., 1936	92¼	93¼	92¼
3½s Nov., 1954	81½	..	81½

	Yester-W'nes-day. Bid.	Ask.	Bid.
3½s Nov., 1954	81¼	82¾	81½
3½s May, 1954	81½	..	81½

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

4½s 1924-1931	4.65	..	4.65
4½s 1920-1923	4.65	..	4.65
4½s 1919-1923	4.60	4.40	4.60
4½s 1924-1933	4.60	4.40	4.60
4½s 1940-1953	4.65	4.50	4.65
3½s 1930-1939	4.70	4.55	4.70
3½s 1923-1929	4.70	4.55	4.70
3½s 1918-1921	4.70	4.55	4.70
3s 1940-1955	4.65	4.50	4.65
3s 1919-1925	4.70	4.55	4.70
3s 1926-1930	4.70	4.55	4.70

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Sales.	High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
945 Cities Service	362	359	359	361
1,785 Cities Service pf	79¾	79½	79½	79¾
$148,500 Cities Service deb. B	7s. 128¾	128¾	128¾	129¾
230,500 Cities Service deb. C	7s. 102½	102½	102½	102½

	Bid.	Asked.
Adiron Electric Power..	14	16
Adiron Elec Power pf...	74	76
Am Gas & Electric...	148	150
Am Gas & Electric pf...	41¾	42¾
Am Light & Traction..	247	250
Am Light & Trac pf...	98	100
Am Power & Light...	61	62
Am Power & Light pf.	76	80
Am Public Utilities...	10	15
Am Public Utilities pf..	32	37
Am W W & Electric..	4½	5¾
Am W W & E 1st pf..	56	61
Am W W & E partic..	10	12
Carolina Power & L...	32	35
Colorado Power	23	25
Colorado Power pf....	97	103
Columbus Electric pf..	70	75
Com Pow, Ry & Lt....	22½	24
Com Pow, Ry & Lt pf..	47	49
Comn Power pf.....	73	..
Consumers' Power pf.	80	83
Eastern Texas Electric.	55	60
Eastern Texas Elec pf..	75	..
El Paso Electric.....	85	100
Electric B & S pf....	92	93
Empire Dist Elec pf..	70	75
Federal Light & Trac..	10	11¾
Federal Light & Tr. pf.	46	49
Galveston-Houston Elec	15	17¾
Galveston-Hous El pf..	65	68

	Bid.	Asked.
Miss River Power.....	10	12
Miss River Power pf...	40	44½
Northern Ohio Electric.	18	20
Northern Ohio Elec pf..	55	58
Northern Ont L & P....	11	35
Northern States Power.	70	72
Northern States Pr pf.	80	90½
Nor Ont Lt & Pow pf..	56	..
Northern Texas Elec..	49	54
Northern Tex Elec pf..	70	75
Pacific Gas & Electric.	56	57
Pacific Gas & Elec pf.	86½	88
Puget Sd Trac, Lt & P.	16	18
Puget Sd T, L & P pf.	67	69¾
Ry & Light Secur pf...	80	82½
Republic Ry & Light..	20	22½
Republic Ry & L pf....	60	62
Southern Cal Edison...	87	89
Southern Cal Edison pf	98	102
Standard Gas & Elec..	39	46
Standard Gas & Elec pf	42½	44½
Tampa Electric	110	112
Tenn Ry, Lt & Pow....	4½	5
Tenn Ry, Lt & Pow pf.	20	21½
United Light & Rys....	40	40
United Light & Rys pf.	71	72½
Western Power	16¾	17¾
Western Power pf.....	64½	66
West, Church & Kerr..	61	64
West, Church & K pf..	80	86

Bonds.

Am W W & E col 5s..	84½	67½	Gt West Power 6s. '27.	89	92	
Appalach Power 1st 5s.	71	74	Middle West U 6s. '25.	87	90	
Arizona Pow 6s, 1933..	84	88	Miss Riv Power 1st 5s..	77	79	
Central P & L 6s, '46..	90	95	Nor Ont L & Pow 6s...	82	86	
Con Gas & Elec 5s, '36.	91	93½	Nor States Pow 6s, '26.	93½	93¾	
Cities Fuel & P 7s....	99	99½	Nor States Pow 5s, '41.	87½	89½	
Col G & E deb 5s, '27..	77	80	Pac Gas & El 6s, 1931.	88	95	
Col Power 5s, 1953....	87	89	Puget Sd Tr, L & P 7s.	99¼	100¾	
Conn Power 5s, 1963...	88	94	So Cal Edison 5s, '39..	88	90½	
Dallas Electric 5s, '22..	90	94	S W Power 5s, 1945...	80	85	
East Tex Elec col 5s..	85	88	Twin C G & E 5s, '55..	73	76	
East Tex Elec 7s, '21..	98	99	Un L & R 1st 5s, '32..	84½	87½	
El Paso Elec col 5s....	85	90	Un L & R deb 8s, '26..	83	86	
Empire Gas & F 6s....	97	98½	Un Util cv 6s, '43.....	78	87	
Empire Refining 5s....	93	96	U S Pub Svc 6s, '27...	84	91	
Gt West Power 5s, '46.	83¼	84½	Utah Securities 6s, '22..	90½	91¼	

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

BALTIMORE.
Stocks.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
165 Con Coal	79	78¼	78¼	85 MtV Mills pf	77	77	77
615 Cosden	9⅞	9¼	9⅜	10 MMistNatBk	28½	28½	28½
3 Davis'nChem.	36½	36⅞	36⅞	15 Con Power..	105¼	105	105
10 Elkhorn Fuel	36	36	36	10 Un Rys	15¾	15¾	15¾
70 Hous Oil.....	131	125	130	50 Wayland	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞
1,385 Do pf.....	92½	90	92				

Bonds.

$10,000 Con Coal 6s	100	99¾	99¾	$5,000 HousOildiv6s.	111	110½	111
1,000 Con G 4½s.	87¼	87½	87½	1,000 Un Ry 1st 4s	70	70	70
1,000 Elkhorn 6s.	99	99	99	2,000 Wil Weld 5s.	100	100	100
1,000 Kirby L 6s.	99	99	99				

PHILADELPHIA.
Stocks.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
20 Brill	43	43	43	250 Phila R T....	24	24	24
470 Elec Storage	74	73½	73¾	100 Tono Belm't.	3¾	3¼	3¾
25 Gen Asphalt.	65¼	65¼	65¼	175 Tono Min....	3¼	3¼	3¼
100 Do pf.....	99	99	99	30 Un Trac	38¼	38¼	38½
29 Ins Co. N A.	30¼	30	30	193 Un Gas Imp.	68½	68½	68½
5 Key Tel pf...	50	50	50	100 Welsbach ..	47	47	47
565 Lake Sup....	19¾	19¼	19¾	375 Wm Cramp & Sons	122	121	121
45 Lehigh Nav.	67¼	67¼	67¼	10 York Rys pf.	31½	31½	31½
25 Phila Co....	37	36½	36½				
147 Phila Elec..	25⅜	25⅜	25⅜				

Bonds.

$2,000 Am G & E 5s	83¼	83½	83¼	$3,000 PhilaElt 5s.	93¾	93¾	93¾
10,000 Lake S inc 5s	61¾	61¼	61¼	5,000 PhilBal&W 4s	90⅝	90⅝	90⅝
2,000 L V Coal 6s.	100	100	100	6,000 Un Ry inv 5s	72	71½	72
2,000 PhilaCo 6s	86½	86½	86½				

BOSTON.
Mining.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
15 Ahmeek	71	70½	70½	165 New Riv pf..	69	67	69
30 Alloues	34	34	34	150 New Corn'a..	17½	17½	17½
5 Anaconda	61⅝	61⅝	61⅝	1,312 Nipissing	9	8½	9
60 Ariz Com'l..	11½	11½	11½	90 North Butte..	10	10	10
37 Calu & Ariz..	59¾	59¾	59¾	233 Old Dominion..	32½	32	32
5 Calu & Hec..	395	390	390	210 Pond Creek..	14⅜	14	14⅜
275 Cop Range..	42¼	41½	42	60 Quincy	56	55	55
280 Daly-West...	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	960 Seneca	15½	14¼	15¼
200 Davis-Daly..	5¾	5¾	5¾	50 Trinity	2½	2½	2½
10 East Butte..	8¼	8¼	8¼	1 Shannon	2½	2½	2½
676 Franklin	2½	2	2	400 Tuolumne ..	78c	78c	78c
40 Hancock	5	4½	4½	100 U S Smelting	49⅞	48¾	49⅜
680 Helvetia	50c	40c	50c	145 Do pf	47½	47	47
50 Indiana	50c	50c	50c	5 Utah Con	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜
270 Isle Royale..	26	25	25	750 Utah Metals..	1½	1½	1½
400 Mayflow-O C	4	4	4	16 Victoria	2	2	2
20 Mohawk	56	56	56	10 Wolverine	16	15½	15½
100 New Idria ..	7	7	7				

Railroads

4 Bos & Alb...	135½	135½	135½	20 Bos & Me pf	45	45	45
85 Bos Elev ..	73⅜	73	73⅜	127 New Haven..	29¾	29½	29½
7 Do pf	92¼	92¼	92¼	16 Old Colony..	96	96	96
2 Bos & Me..	30½	30½	30½	139 West End ..	45½	45	45½

Miscellaneous.

35 Am Agr Ch..	112¼	112¼	112¼	15 Int Port'l'd...	7	7	7
57 Do pf	100⅜	100¼	100⅜	495 Island Oil ..	8¾	8½	8½
10 Amoskeag ..	93	92½	93	1,450 Libby	31½	31¼	31½
40 Do pf	80	80	80	125 Mass Gas ..	78	78	78
1,540 Am Sugar ..	82	80½	82	7 Do pf	68	68	68
5 Am Sugar ..	130	130	130	35 N E Tel.....	93½	93	93½
6 Do pf	117	117	117	180 Punta Sugar	59¾	58¾	59
745 Am T & T..	103¾	103¾	103¾	485 Stewart	46¾	47¼	46¾
108 Am Wool pf.	100	99¾	99¾	985 Swift	143	143¼	144½
25 Am W W 1st	146½	148½	148½	1,520 Do Int	91	90	90¾
35 Booth	21	21	21	90 United Fruit.	175	172½	175
115 CenturySteel	14¼	14	14½	1,710 United Shoe.	53½	53	53
335 CubanPort'l'd	13½	13	15½	79 Do pf	27½	27¼	27½
80 East Boston.	6	6	6	985 Ventura Oil.	11¾	11¼	11¾
10 Eastern SS..	8¼	8¼	8¼	2,120 Warren	43½	36½	43½
6 Edison	157	157	157	195 Do 1st pf..	71	69½	71
1,300 Fairbanks...	63	62½	62⅝	32 Do 2d pf..	70	70	70
395 Gorton	54½	53½	53⅝				

Bonds.

$1,000 AmAgrCh 5s	98⅝	98½	98⅝	$6,000 PuntaSug 6s.	100	98¾	99¾

CHICAGO.
Stocks.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
32 Am Radiat..	275	275	275	15 Midwest Util	35	35	35
212 Armour pf..	100½	100¼	100½	10 Nor Wire..	3¼	3¼	3¼
300 Booth Fish..	21¾	20¾	21	45 Quaker Oats.	300½	300	300½
20 Chi Pneu T.	65¼	65¼	65½	25 Do pf....	100	100	100
60 Chi Ti & Tr.	185	185	185	20 Sears, Roeb.	187	187	187
720 Cudahy	121½	120½	120¾	100 Stew Mfg..	46	46	46
50 Com Edison.	110¾	110	110	200 Stew Warn..	92	91¾	91¾
7,050 Cont Motors	9¼	9¼	9	9,115 Swift Inter.	62	60	61
65 Deere & C pf.	97¾	96	96	6,585 Swift & Co.	146	145¾	146
10 Dia Match..	113	113	113	1,480 Un Carbide.	69¾	69	69½
8,795 Ely Coal ..	32	31	31¾	100 West Stone..	8¼	8	8¼
1,040 Lindsay L..	21¾	21	21	375 Wilson	85½	83½	85⅜
100 Do pf.....	9	9	9				

Bonds.

$5,000 C C & C 5s.	41¾	41¼	41½	$1,000 C Ed 1st 5s	93	93	93
2,000 C Ry 5s, Ser B	40	40	40	3,000 Swift 1st 5s.	96½	96¾	96¾

PITTSBURGH.
Stocks.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
1,230 Am Sewer P	29½	28¾	28¾	160 Ohio Fu Sup	49¾	49¼	49¾
130 Am W G Ma	86½	86	86½	125 Okla Gas...	36½	36⅜	36⅜
50 Do pf.....	83	83	83	2,000 Pitts Jer Cp	20c.	19c.	19c.
25 Reh Mfg. B.	72	72	72	160 Pitts O & G.	12¾	12¾	12¾
20 Harb-W Ref.	116	116	116	800 Riv East Oil	1¼	1¼	1¼
100 Ind Brew....	3½	3½	3½	50 Sinclair Oil.	59	59	59
255 Lone S Gas.	286	273	283	15 Un Nat Gas.	134	134	134
150 Mfrs L & H.	52½	52¼	52½	60 U S Glass..	32¼	32¼	32¾
455 Nat Firepfg.	9	9	9	260 U S Steel..	97	96¾	96¾
120 Do pf....	17	17	17	728 West A B...	110	108¾	108¾
910 Ohio Fu Oil.	25¼	24	25¼	145 Westing El..	51	50½	51

Bonds

$1,000 Cent Dist Tel 5s					95½	95¼	95½

TOBACCO STOCKS

	Yester-W'nes-day. Bid.	Ask.	Bid.
Am Cigar	138	139	134
Do pf.....	88	94	88
Conley Foil	205	215	205
Geo W Helme Co..	160	170	160
Do pf.....	106	111	106
J S Young.....	130	140	130
Do pf.....	100	107	100
MacA & Forbes....	200	210	200

	Yester-W'nes-day. Bid.	Ask.	Bid.
MacA & Forbes pf.	90	100	90
P R-Am Tobacco..	150	160	155
R J Reynolds, A...	400	430	400
Do B.....	355	370	355
Do pf.....	111	114	111
Weyman-Bruton ..	170	175	170
Do pf.....	106	111	106

MISCELLANEOUS STOCKS

	Yester-W'nes-day. Bid.	Ask.	Bid.
Am Brass	216	219	218
Atlas Powder	140	146	140
Do pf.....	89	92	89
Babcock & Wilcox.	119	125	119
Bliss	250	350	250
Do pf.....	60	80	60
Colt's Arms.....	45	48	45
Columbia Graph...	244	246	244
Do pf.....	95	96	95
Du Pont	270	280	270

	Yester-W'nes-day. Bid.	Ask.	Bid.
Du Pont deb pf....	93	96	93
Hercules	220	225	220
Do pf.....	107	108	107
Ingersoll-Rand Co.	168	173	168
Do pf.....	102	107	102
Niles-Bem't-Pond...	110	117	111
Do pf.....	95	100	95
Scovill Mfg	360	375	360
Standard Screw....	330	340	330
Vale & Towne.....	225	235	225

FAMINE MENACES INDIA.

May Be Worse Than Visitation of 1900, Say Private Advices.

LONDON, April 25. (Associated Press.)—Official confirmation has been received here of local famine conditions in India, a fact to which scarcely any publicity has been given owing to the world's preoccupation with the Peace Conference and industrial troubles. Little definite information concerning the famine is available, but it is said to be confined to a few districts and particularly in the Punjab.

Private advices, however, are more alarming. They suggest, according to one newspaper, "that India may be on the verge of a worse food famine than the visitation of 1900."

KRACKE STAYS IN POLITICS.

Public Service Commissioner Kracke last night confirmed a report that he had refused a promising chance to go into business at a high salary, because it carried with it the proviso that he would have to quit politics. Mr. Kracke, who has been legislated out of his place as Commissioner, explained:

"I have devoted years to politics, and have built up a good organization. I am not disposed to see it scattered. When I became a Public Service Commissioner which is a place carrying quasi judicial powers, I became less active politically, but I expect to resume my former place in politics, and I shall not surrender it for the sake of business, which does not appeal to me so strongly."

Mr. Kracke is the Republican leader of the 21st Assembly District of Kings.

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

There was an improved tone at the close of an active market yesterday on the Consolidated Stock Exchange. Final trading, however, was rather confused and mixed in character. With the exception of the steel and kindred shares, a majority of the issues in the active list scored gains. Railroad stocks were in demand after midday and had resultant gains.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
50 Ajax Rubber	94	94	94
50 Alaska Jun..	2	2	2
70 Allis-Chalm..	38⅝	38¼	38⅝
580 Am Can	55½	54	54⅝
50 Am Car & F..	95⅝	94⅝	95⅝
210 Am Cot Oil..	57½	55½	57¼
70 Am H & L...	28⅝	28	28⅝
210 Do pf	116⅝	114¼	116⅝
20 Am Ice	49	49	49
9,800 Am Int'l ...	89¼	87	87¼
280 Am Linseed..	55	54½	54⅝
250 Am Locomo	76	74¾	75¾
430 Am Sm & R.	73¾	70⅝	71⅝
580 Am Stl Fdrs.	106⅝	104¾	104⅝
20 Am Sugar ..	130⅜	130⅜	130⅜
500 Am Su Tob..	111⅜	108½	110⅝
10 Am Tel & T.	103⅝	103¼	103⅝
40 Am Zinc	14	14	14
160 Anaconda ...	61⅜	61¼	61½
30 A. T & S Fe.	94⅝	94⅝	94⅝
880 A. G & W I.	150⅝	144¾	145½
1,850 Brown Lcco.	91⅝	89¾	91⅜
20 Balt & Ohio.	47⅝	47⅜	47⅝
580 Beth Stl, B..	73⅜	72	72½
50 Cal Packing.	64¼	64¼	64¼
100 Cal Petrol ..	27½	27¼	27¼
20 Can Pacific..	163½	163½	163½
160 Cent Leather	70⅝	70⅜	70¾
40 Cerro de Pas.	38⅝	38⅜	38⅝
20 Ches & Ohio.	61¾	61⅝	61⅝
60 C. M & St P	38⅝	38	38⅜
30 Chile Copper	22½	22¼	22½
130 Col Fuel & I	42¾	41¾	41½
326 Corn Prod..	62⅞	61¾	62⅜
1,280 CrucibleSteel	71½	69⅜	70⅝
950 Cuba C Sug..	32⅞	32¾	32¾
30 Erie	17	17	17
10 Do 1st pf..	28½	28¼	28½
150 Gaat'n, W & W	28½	27¾	28
130 Gen Cigar ..	64½	63⅞	64⅜
240 Gen Motors.	182⅜	180½	181⅞
180 Goodrich Co.	73¼	72	72¾
80 Gt Nor pf...	93⅝	92⅜	93⅜
90 Gt Nor Ore..	43	42½	42⅝
50 Inspira Cop..	49¼	49¼	49¼
880 Int-Mer Mar	42⅜	40¾	41¼
900 Do pf	110¾	110¾	110¾
1,240 Int. Nickel ..	26½	25⅞	25¾
60 Int Paper ..	52⅜	51⅝	51⅝
180 Kan City So.	23¾	21⅝	23¾
10 Kelly Spgfld Tire	126	126	126
660 Keyst'e T&R	99½	93¾	96
10 Lack Steel..	70½	69⅝	70½
1,180 Lee Rub & T	37	34¼	36

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
50 Lehigh Val..	55¼	55⅛	55¼
50 Maxwell, Mot	41	39¾	39¾
6,730 Mex Petrol..	180½	173⅜	179½
5 Miami Cop..	23	23	23
121 Midvale Steel	45¾	44⅜	45
50 Mo, K & T...	9½	9¼	9⅜
230 Nat Conduit.	19¾	19½	19¾
180 Nat Lead ...	73⅜	73⅛	73⅜
60 N Y Central.	75⅝	75⅛	75⅜
10 New Haven..	30	30	30
800 Ohio Cit Gas	45½	44	45¼
160 Okla Oil	10⅝	10⅜	10⅝
1,945 Pan Am F&T	86	82⅞	86
10 Pennsylvania	44¾	44¾	44⅝
100 Pierce-Arrow	50⅛	50¼	50½
600 Pierce Oil ..	25¼	25	25¼
10 Pitts Coal ..	51½	51½	51½
70 Pitts&W Va.	36½	36⅝	36⅞
20 Ry-Stl Spgs.	88	88	88
600 Reading	85¼	85⅜	85¼
40 Rep Iron & S.	81¼	81¼	81¼
100 RayCh'k-Am.	110	109⅝	109⅝
1,140 Do N Y....	110	108¾	108½
20 St L & S F..	24¾	24¾	24¾
710 Sinclair Oil..	60	59¼	59½
930 South Pac ..	107¾	106¾	107⅜
160 Southern Ry.	29	28	28⅝
470 Studebaker...	77¼	76¼	76½
80 Tenn Copper.	15½	14⅝	15½
10 Texas Co	226⅝	226⅝	226⅝
570 Tex & Pac...	45¾	44¼	44¾
25 Tobacco Prod	87¾	87	87¾
50 Union Pac...	131½	131	131½
280 U C Stores..	132⅜	131½	132¼
710 USFoodProd.	77¾	73	76⅜
350 U S Ind Alc.	152⅝	151½	152⅝
3,220 U S Rubber.	95	92½	93½
16,350 U S Steel...	97⅜	96⅜	97⅜
30 Utah Copper	75¾	75½	75¾
140 Va-Car Ch...	66	63	66
400 Whouse El..	51½	50¾	51
535 Willys-Over..	24½	24	24⅛
50 Wilson & Co	85	83¾	84⅜

*LIBERTY BONDS.

$1,000 Lib 3½s	99.96	99.96	99.96
1,000 1st 4s.....	97.38	97.38	97.38
1,150 2d 4s.....	93.74	93.68	93.74
1,000 1st 4½s....	97.34	97.28	97.38
1,000 2d 4½s....	95.92	95.92	95.92
1,850 3d 4½s....	95.88	95.79	95.88
2,200 4th 4½s....	94.54	94.89	94.54

OTHER BONDS.

5,000 Mo P gen 4s.	61¼	61¼	61¼

*Prices include interest.

CURB TRANSACTIONS

INDUSTRIALS

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
1,500 ‡Aetna Expl	9⅝	9⅛	9⅝
25 ‡Air Reduc..	53	53	53
1,500 ‡Am B Mag.	84	81	82
100 A-B Mfg. pf	42½	42½	42½
500 ‡Am C Prod	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
700 ‡Am Sew P	30	28½	29¼
30,000 ‡A S F, w i	36½	35	35⅝
1,000 Br-Am Tob, coupon	23¾	23½	23⅝
1,500 ‡But Judson	33	30	33
2,400 ‡Cit Service, B T shares	37⅜	37	37¼
700 ‡C & A Ferry	9¼	8½	8⅝
200 ‡Cramp Ship.	122½	120	120
5,300 ‡Cudahy	123	120	121¼
1,500 End Johnson	71⅛	68	71⅛
1,000 Do pf.....	101½	101	101½
400 ‡Fairbanks..	63	62	62
1,500 ‡FamPlayers-Lasky	88	86¾	88
2

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST—Diamond earring, two stones set in platinum, April 29, between 33d St. and 5th Av. and Oppenheim-Collins, or Oppenheim-Collins and Gimbel Bros.; liberal reward; no questions asked. Communicate with L. F. Galli, 76 William St.

LOST—April 24, near Grand Central Station, about 3:30 P. M., a small handbag, no name, containing keys, check book, bond, and papers; liberal reward, no questions asked. Phone 2137 John, or address E. Rowell, 63 Pine St.

LOST—On or about April 25, probably between Park Av. and 61st St. and 5th Av. and 60th St., a diamond bar pin, 17 stones, platinum setting. Suitable reward if returned to Wm. R. Innis, 525 Park Av., New York.

LOST—Liberal reward for return diamond and pearl crescent pin, lost subway, between 72d St. and Grand Central Station, Wednesday, April 30. Return cashier Hotel Belmont, 42d St. and Park Av. No questions asked.

LOST—Diamond bracelet, set in platinum, with sapphires, Monday, between 12:30 and 2:30, between Madison Av. and 51st St., the Brevoort Restaurant; liberal reward. Return to Leon Jobin, 136 Madison Av.

LOST—Between Lexington and Madison Avs., on 56d St., afternoon of April 30, lady's blue serge coat belonging to suit, lined blue foulard. Return to Bauer, 981 Park Av.; reward $10.

LOST—On April 30, Riverside Drive or Broadway, between 92d and 103d Sts., plain gold bar pin set with square sapphires; return Apartment 11, 319 West 94th St.; reward.

LOST—Small pearl opera glasses, black case, Garrick Theatre, matinee, or 56th to 34th, 6th Av.; valued for association; reward. Office, Hotel Lucerne, 79th-Amsterdam.

LOST—Sable neckpiece, Plaza Hotel or between there and 530 West End Av. Return to Mrs. B. P. Nugent, 530 West End Av. Reward.

LOST—Wednesday, April 30, diamond lorgnette chain, between 34th and 157th Sts. Liberal reward, return to Mrs. E. J. Stivers, 3,000 Broadway, Apt. 36. Audubon 1815.

LOST—Envelope containing 28 promissory notes payable at 402 8th Av. Please deliver same to Gertrude Horvitz, 1,864 7th Av., Apartment 21; liberal reward given.

LOST—Wallet containing a clover pin, diamond solitaire ring, small gold ring with diamonds, and $23 cash; also papers. Finder please call 7374 Spring.

LOST—Lady's diamond bar pin, April 30, about 11 P. M., on 42d St., between 7th and 8th Ave. $100 reward on return. Frank A. Thompson, 55 7th Av.

LOST—Pass book 3242, Hudson Trust Co., (provident department,) Broadway and 39th St., New York; payment has been stopped on same. Please return to bank.

LOST—Pass book, J1492, Chatham and Phenix National Bank, 86th St. branch; payment stopped. Finder please return book to bank. D 736 Times Downtown.

LOST—Gentleman's Scotch mist overcoat, pass books and papers in pocket. Finder please return to Hotel Seville, Madison Av. and 29th St.

LOST—Tuesday, on Columbus Av., between 72d and 74th Sts., a pearl and diamond stick pin set in platinum; reward. 61 West 74th St.

LOST—In or about the Waldorf-Astoria, gold meshbag, sapphire clasp, initials A. C. B. Return to cashier of Waldorf and receive reward.

LOST—Scarf pin, a chicken made of diamonds set in platinum, on 4th Av., between 22d and 29th Sts.; reward. C. A. Jacobs, 428 4th Av.

LOST—A pair of eyeglasses, inclosed in case, near 112th and St. Nicholas. Finder kindly communicate Dave Lieberman, Farragut 2390.

LOST—Long Island train arriving 9:50 A. M. May 1, dress suit case; finder will receive $25 reward. Francis Bruguiere, 605 5th Av.

LOST—Silver vanity case, with initials C. E. De M., in Waldorf or McAlpin, May 1; $10 reward. Phone Apt. 15, Madison Square 2860.

LOST—On Wednesday, platinum bar pin, set with 15 diamonds; reward. Address A. L., Box 50 Times.

LOST—Black velvet bag, on 5th Av., between 48th and 46th; finder return, no questions asked. L. P. Hollander & Co., 552 5th Av.

LOST—Gold meshbag, Marlborough Hotel, Friday, April 25; liberal reward, no questions asked. Phone Schuyler 8396.

LOST—Silver fox scarf at Woodmansten Inn Saturday night; return to 36 West 59th St. and receive liberal reward.

LOST—Between 110th and 92d Sts., on Broadway, string of pearl beads; ample reward. Lee Kugel, 130 West 46th St.

LOST—Diamond ring, one carat, gold setting; please return to Room 2066 Commodore Hotel; liberal reward.

LOST—Lady's shopping bag, containing Y. M. C. A. papers. Return 230 Madison Av., or phone Murray Hill 5758. Reward.

LOST—Diamond earring, between 42d St. and Bronx Park Zoo; liberal reward for return. Commodore Hotel, Room 1056.

LOST—Brown fox scarf, second balcony ladies' room, Astor Theatre; liberal reward, K 26 Times.

LOST—Monday, diamond stickpin, red ruby in centre; liberal reward. R. Vepy, 406 Broome St., N. Y. City.

LOST—Black purse, in subway, containing gold watch; reward return. Y 40 Times Annex.

LOST—Between New York and Roslyn, one field boot; reward. Sidney Fish, Roslyn, L. I.

LOST—Black velvet dress and cloth coat, in box; $50 reward. Petrafch, 155 East 61st.

LOST—Black seal scarf, near Astor Hotel or lobby; reward. Sonne, Schuyler 1600.

$1,000 REWARD,
NO QUESTIONS ASKED,

for the return of white pasteboard box containing one diamond shell comb, diamond chain and diamond heart, fancy diamond bracelet, pearl and diamond collarette, diamond barrette, and envelope containing three loose pearls; lost Apr. 22 at the Ritz-Carlton or between Ritz, and 5th Av. and 47th St. DREICER & CO., 560 5TH AV.

$300 REWARD

return platinum bowknot pin, large diamond in centre, lost April 29 vicinity of army docks, Hoboken, N. J. A. R. Lee & Co., 15 William St., New York.

$100 REWARD

for the return of lady's flexible bracelet, diamonds and sapphires alternating; lost on Thursday, May 1, between Park Av. and 54th St. and St. Regis Hotel; no questions asked. Return to Reed & Barton-Theodore B. Starr, Inc., 876 5th Av.

$100 REWARD.

Return white gold-stripped vanity case, diamond monogram E. E. on pink enameled background; lost at Ritz-Carlton Aviation Ball April 26; no questions asked. Cartier, Jeweler, 653 5th Av.

$100 REWARD

for return of diamond bar pin, platinum setting; lost Wednesday, April 30. Dreicer & Co., 560 5th Av.

Found.

FOUND—Taxicab, Saturday, 11:30 P. M., Belmont Theatre, 48th St., gold watch, chain, and penknife. Inquire L. H. Keller & Co., 64 Nassau St., New York.

Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs

LOST—Near Desbrosses Street Ferry, white bull terrier bitch, cropped ears and tail; $25 reward. J. Harry Myers, 292 5th Av. Madison Square 7846.

LOST — April 27, Scotch terrier, answers name Laddie; New York State license; reward $50. Vernay, 930 Park Av.

RECEIVERS' NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—MEYER & BUSH CO., Plaintiff, against CHARLES WEISBECKER, (a corporation,) Defendant. —In the matter of the APPLICATION OF GEORGE P. HINRICHS, Receiver for CHARLES WEISBECKER, for permission to advertise for claims of creditors.

Notice is hereby given according to law and pursuant to an order of the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, made by the Hon. Julius M. Mayer, a Judge thereof, on the 8th day of March, 1919, to all creditors and all persons having claims against the said Charles Weisbecker (a corporation) of No. 268 West 125th Street and 2,833 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, to present their claims with the vouchers therefor duly verified to LEON DASHEW and BENJAMIN FISHER, attorneys for the Receiver herein, at their office, No. 320 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 15th day of May, 1919.

Dated, New York, March 13, 1919.

GEORGE F. HINRICHS, Receiver.

LEON DASHEW AND BENJAMIN FISHER, Attorneys for Receiver, Office & P. O. Address, No. 320 Broadway, Manhattan Borough, New York City.

U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT. Southern District of New York.

NOTICE "HEREBY GIVEN that Lee's Towing Line, Inc., owner of the steamtug Manny Lee, has filed a petition for the limitation of its liability for any loss, damage, or injury arising out of the collision claimed to have occurred between the schooner Cora F. Offeny, which was in tow of the steamtugs Maren Lee and Herman Lee, and the barge Cumberland on or about the 12th day of April, 1917; value of the vessel and freight $40,000.

All persons claiming damages because of any such loss, destruction, damage, or injury, must prove their claims before Roger B. Wood, Esq., Commissioner, at his office, No. 27 Wall Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 19th day of May, 1919, or be defaulted.

Dated, THOMAS B. McCARTHY, United States Marshal, S. D. N. Y.

FIGHTING IN THE ARGONNE.

A page illustration of fighting in the Argonne, by Lieutenant Augustus Kaiser, accompanies the story of the deeds of the 77th Division, published in the Magazine Section of The New York Times next Sunday.—Advt.

LUXURY TAX TEST DELAYED BY RAIN

Tradesmen Unable to Determine Its Effect First Day Because of Bad Weather.

SHOPPING CROWD SMALL

Soda Fountain Proprietors Seek Aid of Customers in Campaign to Have Imposts Repealed.

Rain cut down the number of shoppers to the minimum yesterday and prevented tradesmen of New York from arriving at even a vague estimate of how the so-called luxury tax on all sorts of articles would affect their trade. It was the first day of the tax, and much concern has been felt as to whether business will decline or not in view of the necessary increase in the price of some articles.

The tax on soda water, soft drinks and ice cream levied when served at a soda fountain, has caused most annoyance among tradespeople, and a determined campaign will be waged to try and arouse public sentiment to force its abolition. At the principal soda fountains, huge placards were displayed calling attention to the facts about the tax, and pamphlets were distributed containing a petition to be sent to Congress against the imposition of the tax. The petition read:

I, the undersigned, being a patron of soda fountains and ice cream parlors, believe that the tax on sodas, soft drinks, and ice cream, when served at soda fountains and ice cream parlors, is unfair and discriminates against a large and ever increasing number of people. A large proportion of these are wage earners, who at times use soda fountains and ice cream parlors to procure a light luncheon or refreshment. Very often a soda, soft drink, or ice cream is taken as part of such luncheon, or at other times is taken as food.

I protest against the tax on sodas, soft drinks, and ice cream, because they are taxed when served at soda fountains and ice cream parlors and not taxed when served elsewhere.

I also believe the tax on sodas, soft drinks, and ice cream is unfair because it is a tax on only a small part of taxable opportunity and is therefore discriminatory.

I find the tax on sodas, soft drinks, and ice cream when served at soda fountains or in ice cream parlors obnoxious and a nuisance, particularly at the busiest times of the day, and therefore urge the immediate repeal of this tax.

The soda tax schedule calls for the imposition of a 1-cent levy on 5 and 10 cent purchases, 2 cents on 15 and 25 cent purchases, 3 cents on 25 cents, &c.

Other taxes of 10 per cent., to be paid by the buyer at the time of sale, are levied as follows:

(1) Carpets and rugs, including fiber, except imported and American rugs made principally of wool, on the amount in excess of $5 a square yard.

(2) Picture frames, on the amount in excess of $10 each.

(3) Trunks, on the amount in excess of $50 each.

(4) Valises, traveling bags, suitcases, hat boxes used by travelers, and fitted toilet cases, on the amount in excess of $25 each.

(5) Purses, pocketbooks, shopping and hand bags, on the amount in excess of $7.50 each.

(6) Portable lighting fixtures, including lamps of all kinds and lamp shades, on the amount in excess of $25 each.

(7) Umbrellas, parasols, and sunshades, on the amount in excess of $4 each.

(8) Fans, on the amount in excess of $1 each.

(9) House or smoking coats or jackets, and bath or lounging robes, on the amount in excess of $7.50 each.

(10) Men's waistcoats, sold separately from suits, on the amount in excess of $5 each.

(11) Women's and misses' hats, bonnets, and hoods, on the amount in excess of $15 each.

(12) Men's and boys' hats, on the amount in excess of $5 each.

(13) Men's and boys' caps, on the amount in excess of $2 each.

(14) Men's, women's, misses', and boys' boots, shoes, pumps, and slippers, not including shoes or appliances made to order for any person having a crippled or deformed foot or ankle, on the amount in excess of $10 a pair.

(15) Men's and boys' neckties and neckwear, on the amount in excess of $2 each.

(16) Men's and boys' silk stockings or hose, on the amount in excess of $1 a pair.

(17) Women's and misses' silk stockings or hose, on the amount in excess of $2 a pair.

(18) Men's shirts, on the amount in excess of $3 each.

(19) Men's, women's, misses', and boys' pajamas, nightgowns, and underwear, on the amount in excess of $5 each.

(20) Kimonos, petticoats, and waists, on the amount in excess of $15 each.

This tax does not apply to any article enumerated in Paragraphs (1) to (8,) inclusive, if such article is made of, or ornamented, mounted, or fitted with, precious metals or imitations thereof or ivory, such articles being subject to the "jewelry tax" of 5 per cent. imposed by Section 904; nor does it apply to liveries and livery boots and hats, hunting and shooting garments and riding habits, or articles made of fur on the hide or pelt, or of which any such fur is the component material of chief value, all of which are subject to an excise tax of 10 per cent., payable by the manufacturer, producer, or importer.

Lew Hahn, Executive Secretary of the National Retail Dry Goods Association at 132 West Forty-second Street, sent a telegram to Daniel C. Roper, Commissioner of Internal Revenue, in Washington, asking for an official interpretation on some features of the tax. The telegram follows:

As an indication of difficulties retailers face in attempting to administer the luxury tax, Section 904, without specific interpretation from you, may I cite a typical experience of a merchant who has just telephoned me long-distance? Acting on the unofficial ruling of your department, that corsets are taxable as underwear, his store is collecting the tax. All other stores in his city are selling corsets without collecting a tax. This creates an intolerable condition of unfair competition. May we have a definite decision regarding corsets? Also, may we again urge the importance of an early issuance of all interpretations concerning taxable merchandise?

Officials of the association declined to comment on the tax until it shall have had a few days' trial. It was said that to call the tax a "luxury tax" was unfair. It was contended that it should be named an excise tax, that is a tax levied on goods or commodities of domestic production. In a few days, it was promised, the association will make a statement on the effect of the tax on trade in this city.

SEEK CAUSE OF RESORT FIRE

Careless Smoker, It Is Said, May Have Caused Blaze at Brighton.

Substantiation of the theory that a lighted match, thrown by a careless smoker into some dry sea weed and rubbish under the boardwalk, caused the fire which destroyed Brighton Beach resorts Wednesday night, was sought during the investigation conducted yesterday by George P. Prial, acting for Fire Marshal Thomas Brophy. Little headway was made at yesterday's inquiry. The investigation is being held at Brooklyn Fire Headquarters.

Testimony was given by Hendrick Laxin, the watchman who discovered the blaze. He practically reiterated his statements of the night of the fire.

Chauncey Marshall, President of the Brighton Development Company, which owned the burned buildings, said at the scene of the fire today:

"Just as soon as the débris can be cleared away we shall start construction of a concrete bathing pavilion, containing a Winter pool. We expect it will be completed before July 15."

LEGAL NOTICES.

ESTATE OF WILLIAM J. K. KENNY, DECEASED.

Notice is hereby given that I will sell to the highest bidder on the steps of the Court House at Mineola, Nassau County, Long Island, at 10 A. M., Saturday, May 3, 1919, the following shares of stock, property of the above estate: The Lagonda Gold Mining Co., 14,200 shares; Longacre Publishing Co., 3 shares; Rocky Mountain Gold Mining Co., 100 shares; The Schlight Combustion Co. of Long Island, 120 shares; Industrial Water Co., 50 shares; Crystal Publishing Co., 5 shares; The Dellarhide Mining Co., 2,000 shares; Song Harbor Copper Co., 180 shares; Posa Grande Gold Co., 100 shares; Cripple Creek Imperial Mining Co., 500 shares; Fuel and Gas Mfg. Co., 51 Shares.

NEAL D. BECKER, Executor, 20 Pine Street, New York City.

ARMY ORDERS

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—The War Department published the following orders today:

Medical Corps.

Dale, Col. P. A.; Rutherford, Col. H. H.; Murtagh, Col. J. A.; Bartlett, Col. C. J., and Duncan, Col. L. C., hon. discharged as colonels only.

Allen, Col. J. H., to Camp Custer.

Daugherty, Lt. Col. J. E., to Camp Dodge.

Hall, Maj. W. E.; Seadek, 1st Lt. L., and Kemp, 1st Lt. R. S., to Walter Reed Hosp.

Grant, Maj. W. W., to Hosp. No. 21, at Denver, for discharge.

Black, Maj. B., will report to Cmdg. Off., at Ft. Russell.

Powers, Maj. J. J., to Walter Reed Hosp., for instr.

Ketterer, Capt. C. H., and De Rosier, 1st Lt. L., to Hazelhurst Field.

Fink, Capt. O. E., to Camp Jackson.

Johnson, Capt. E. St. J., to Camp Devens.

Holland, Capt. J. H., to Hosp. No. 27, at Ft. Douglas.

Ireland, Capt. C. L., to Camp Grant.

Neuendorf, Capt. L. E., and Collins, Capt. W. E., to Hosp. No. 6, at Ft. McPherson.

Walker, Capt. F. M., and Whitmore, 1st Lt. N. P., to Camp Funston.

Baker, Capt. H. M., and Ballenger, Capt. E. G., A. E. F., promoted to be majors.

Clinton, Capt. R. S., will report to Surg. Gen. for temp. duty.

Murphy, Capt. C. F., will report to Cmdg. Gen. of West. Dept.

Favour, Capt. R., Jr., to Picatinny, Arsenal.

Grim, Capt. J., to Hosp. No. 42, at Camp Wadsworth, then to his station.

Devendorf, Capt. L. E., to Hosp. No. 38, at Detroit.

Humphries, 1st Lt. S. R., A. E. F., promoted to be a captain.

Hana, 1st Lt. E. F., to Hosp. No. 28, at Ft. Sheridan.

Leverton, 1st Lt. R. L., to Hosp. No. 9, at Lakewood, N. J.

Cavanor, 1st Lt. F. T., to Camp Funston, as member of board of Med. Examiners.

Henderson, 1st Lt. R. D., to Camp John Wise.

Hyland, 1st Lt. W. A., to Camp Custer for disc. hosp.

Rea, 1st Lt. M. O., to Hosp. No. 32, at Chicago.

Smith, 1st Lt. C. H., to Ft. Riley.

Infantry.

Gerhard, Col. C., to Camp Leavenworth for assignment to 49th.

Ballou, Col. C. C., to Chicago.

Berry, Col. O., detailed as Prof. of Mil. Science and Tactics at St. Louis Univ.

McAdams, Lt. Col. W. A., will report to Cmdg. Gen. at Camp Lee for assignment to 65d.

Allen, Lt. Col. B. W., to Nogales, Ariz., for assignment to 25th.

Armstrong, Capt. E. J., to Hoboken.

Painter, Capt. J. McA.; Kindler, Capt. O. J., and DuBarry, Capt. J. N., hon. discharged.

Varnado, Capt. S. R., to Hosp. No. 6, at Ft. McPherson, sick.

Frisbee, Capt. J. B.; Ledbetter, Capt. G. E.; Marker, Capt. A. R., and Orrill, Capt. A., to Columbus, N. M., for assignment to 24th.

Oxnard, Capt. O. W., and Rhodes, Capt. E. W., to Camp Kearny, Cal., for assignment to 32d.

Spoerry, Capt. G. W.; Turner, Capt. J. R.; Watkins, Capt. E. G., and Fagg, Capt. L. W., to Presidio of San Francisco.

Feeley, 1st Lt. J. P.; Newkirk, 1st Lt. F., and Ramsay, 1st Lt. J. H., to Ft. George Wright for assignment to 21st.

Meyers, 1st Lt. H. C., attached to Motor Transport Corps, New York.

Sabol, 1st Lt. S. A., to Hosp. No. 6, at Ft. McPherson, for complete physical examination.

Quartermaster Corps.

Trask, Lt. Col. G. F. D., promoted to be a Col.

Solomon, Maj. G. R., (Engs.) and Noss, Maj. O. F., promoted to be Lt. Cols.

DeArmond, Capt. F. L.; Case, Capt. R. H.; Foster, Capt. C. M.; Hayes, Capt. C. H.; Alger, Capt. W. W.; Shaw, Capt. F. D., and Moeller, Capt. E. H., promoted to be Majors.

Freeland, 1st Lt. C. D.; Andrews, 1st Lt. H. B., and Gordon, 1st Lt. T. C., promoted to be Capts.

Springstead, Maj. J. C., to Wash. as asst. to Chief of Const. Div.

McGard, Capt. W. A., to Hoboken.

Johnson, Capt. J. T., will assume duty as Const. Qm. at Camp Kendrick.

England, 1st Lt. E. W.; Faland, 1st Lt. R. R.; Witherspoon, 1st Lt. H. P., and Whitehead, 1st Lt. C. L., A. E. F., promoted to be Capts.

Costinett, 1st Lt. J. R., hon. discharged.

Ely, 1st Lt. A., Jr., will report to Judge Adv. Gen.

Field Artillery.

Campbell, Col. E. T., to temp. duty in office of Dir. of Finance, then to Boston to Zone Finance Off.

Parker, Col. Jas., to Ft. Sill, as instructor at School of Fire.

Strauss, Maj. H. A., to Wash., in Mil. Intelligence Section.

Jones, Capt. K. K., to Camp Taylor as asst. to Chief of Staff.

Foster, 1st Lt. S. M.; Scheying, 1st Lt. A. L.; Marks, 1st Lt. L. M., and Booth, 1st Lt. C. H., A. E. F., promoted to be Capts.

Fox, 1st Lt. A. E., to Alcatraz, Cal.

Hill, 1st Lt. T. W., detailed as asst. prof. of mil. science at St. Joseph High Schools, Mo.

Lay, 1st Lt. E., hon. discharged.

Cavalry.

Cress, Col. G. O., relieved from duty as Inspector-Instructor of Texas Nat'l Guard.

Broadhurst, 1st Lt. H. H., will report to Cmdg. Gen. at Ft. Oglethorpe.

Burr, Maj. E. W., assigned to Mil. Intelligence Div.

Blakelock, Maj. D. H., 17th, to Hawaii, and join his regt.

Morrison, Capt. G. L., and Hutchinson, Capt. C. S., hon. discharged as Capts. only.

Meade, Capt. W. G., to Camp Dodge.

Cooley, Capt. W. M., assigned to duty Const. Div.

Fenley, 1st Lt. H. H., hon. discharged as 1st Lt. only.

Dental Corps.

Following of A. E. F. promoted to be Capts.:

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.		
Armstrong, E.	Wood, R. I.	McCreight, G. H.
Calvert, W. A.	Semans, W. O.	White, J. D.
Darwin, R. F.	Black, H.	Williams, F. H.
Harnisch, W. H.	Barnum, W. G.	Wright, T.
Sutton, A. M.	Geisenhoner, A. L.	
Whitlock, L. C.		

Woolston, 1st Lt. L. P., to San Antonio Gen. Supply Depot, relieving 1st Lt. R. C. Hoblitzel, Dent. Corps.

Kelly, 1st Lt. O. A., to Camp Funston, temp. duty as member of Board of Med. Examiners, then resume his duties at Base Hosp. at Ft. Riley.

Ordnance Department.

Tenney, Col. C. H., will report to Dir. of Purchase, Storage, and Traffic.

Buist, Maj. J. S., to Phila.

Alliger, Capt. W. T., to Washington.

Egbert, 1st Lt. G. L., to Seven Pines, Va., as disb. off.

Pearson, 1st Lt. A. G., to Chicago.

Air Service.

Kenney, Col. F. D., hon. discharged as Col. only.

Kennedy, Col. F. R., relieved from active duty.

Harrell, Capt. R. H.; Alexander, Capt. W. C.; Goodale, Capt. F. W., and Weber, 1st Lt. A., to Camp Pike.

Usher, 1st Lt. G. L., relieved from duty at Hoboken.

Price, 1st Lt. L. G., transferred to the Hosp. at Ft. Sam Houston, sick.

Dowling, 1st Lt. J. G., to Hosp. No. 8, at Oswego, N. Y.

Engineers.

Buck, 1st Lt. C., to Ft. Oglethorpe.

Lane, 1st Lt. J. R., to Camp Humphreys.

Ryus, 1st Lt. F. S., to Hazelhurst Field, for temp. duty, then to his station.

Coast Artillery.

Canfield, Col. E., Jr., will report to Chief of C. A.

Raymond, Capt. E. H., hon. discharged as Capt. only.

Steere, Maj. T. L., hon discharged as Major only.

Hall, Maj. V. W., to Ft. Williams.

Sanitary Corps.

Williamson, Capt. W. H., to Hosp. No. 3, at Colonia, N. J.

White, Capt. E. C., to Hosp. No. 11, at Cape May.

Miscellaneous.

Glassford, Brig. Gen. P. D., hon. discharged as Brig. Gen. only.

Knowlton, Col. J. L., Gen. Staff, appointed additional member of War Dept. Board of Appraisers.

Trumbo, Lt. Col. G. A. P., detailed as Inspector of N. G. of Texas, with station at San Antonio.

Hanson, Lt. Col. E., and Avery, Lt. Col. R. L., Gen. Staff, relieved from detail as member of Gen. Staff Corps.

Knight, Maj. C. H., Chem. Warf. Ser., will report to Dir. of Purchase, Storage and Traffic.

Lynch, Maj. D. J., to Ft. Bliss.

Shelton, Maj. G. M., U. S. Guards, (Capt. Philippine Scouts,) relieved from active duty.

Bowman, Maj. S. S., to Governors Island, in office of Asst. Dept. Judge Adv.

McNair, Maj. Gen. W. S., to Camp Taylor, assume command.

Shelton, Maj. G. M., hon. discharged as Maj. only.

Frayser, Capt. F., to San Francisco as mil. representative with Postal Censorship Committee, relieving Capt. S. O. Wynne, U. S. A.

Snow, Capt. C. E., Adjt. Gen.'s Dept., hon. discharged.

Grant, Capt. G. H., U. S. A., hon. discharged.

Wynne, Capt. S. O., to Washington with Military Intelligence Div.

Cox, 1st Lt. W. E., Signal Corps, to Ft. Sill, Okla.

Lanctot, 1st Lt. W. E., and Heffner, 1st Lt. J. W., promoted to be Capts.

Pattou, 1st Lt. A. B., to Chicago, in office of Central Dept. Intelligence Officer.

Resignations.

Raymond, Prov. 1st Lt. E. H., C. A. C.

Homer, L. S., Engrs., as temp. Capt. and prov. 1st Lt.

Carrington, A. B., Jr., C. A., as temp. Capt. and 1st Lt.

Martin, R., Inf., as temp. Capt. and prov. 1st Lt.

Black, P. C., Inf.; Horton, W. D., Inf.; Kelly, E. J., Cav., as temp. 1st Lt. and prov. 2d Lts.

Leaves.

Fassett, Brig. Gen. Wm. M., U. S. A., 14 days.

Mangan, Maj. W. D., Inf., 14 days.

Hunter, Maj. J., Adjt. Gen.'s Dept., 14 days.

Goddard, Maj. G. H., M. C., 14 days.

Ferris, Capt. J. H., F. A., 14 days.

Crowley, 1st Lt. T. J., Engrs., 15 days' extension.

Sabol, 1st Lt. S. A., Inf., 1 month's extension.

Barber, 1st Lt. R. G., F. A., 14 days.

Marine Corps Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—The following Marine Corps orders were issued today:

Wise, Col. F. M., to 1st Brig., Haiti.

McKelvy, Col. W. N., and Mann, Maj. H. N., to Washington, D. C., upon arrival in U. S.

Backstrom, Lt. Col. T. E.; Reisinger, Lt. Col. H. C.; Halladay, Capt. H.; Bonehr, Capt. R. A., and Murphy, 1st Lt. R. F., to Marine Barracks, at Quantico.

South, Lt. Col. H. D., to Eastern Recruiting Div., at Philadelphia.

Kipp, Lt. Col. H. H., to 3d Naval Dist., at New York.

Bain, Maj. J. M., to remain with 2d Brig., at Santo Domingo.

Adams, Maj. R. E., detached from office of Judge Advo. Gen., at New York yard.

Stidevant, Maj. E. W., to Marine Personnel Office, at New York.

Eastman, Maj. N. A.; Hunter, Maj. R. S., and White, Maj. A. J., to Quantico, Va., upon arrival in U. S.

Madison, Capt. M. P.; Zischke, Capt. H. A.; Ostrander, Capt. W. L.; Guoshnan, 1st Lt. G. M.; Powel, 1st Lt. A. C.; Hayden, 1st Lt. T. N.; Garrett, Capt. D. I., and Scanlon, 1st Lt. J. A., hon. discharged.

Hollijes, 1st Lt. H. J., to Ft. Lyons, Co. 10, Naval Hosp.

Jewett, Capt. W. V., to the Pennsylvania.

Connor, Capt. J. A., to New Orleans.

Anderson, Capt. S. B., to Marine Barracks, at Paris Island.

Anderson, Capt. S. B., to the Pittsburgh.

Gulick, Col. L. M., to command marine detachment, at Peking.

Moses, Col. L. H., and Zellanes, Capt. E. A., to Portsmouth, N. H.

Price, Capt. W. H.; Fay, Capt. J. H.; Reidy, Capt. E. V., and Sage, 1st Lt. A. B., to New York.

Luce, 1st Lt. R. W., to recruiting headquarters, at Boston.

Willcox, Capt. C. S., to Norfolk.

Wright, 1st Lt. G. C., to inactive service.

Moore, 1st Lt. H. C.; Miller, 1st Lt. H. W.; Lovett, 1st Lt. C. H.; Hill, 1st Lt. C. P., and Kelly, 1st Lt. P. H., appointed 1st Lts. in Marine Reserve.

Naval Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—The Bureau of Navigation published the following orders today:

Richardson, Capt. L. C., from office of Naval Operations to Newport Naval War College.

Corwin, Cmdr. F. F., from the Hazelwood to the Montana, as exec. off.

Ellyson, Cmdr. T. G., from the Zeppelin, to command Flotilla "A" of the Destroyer Force.

Logan, Cmdr. G. C., from command of Flotilla "A" in Destroyer Force, to aid to Capt. Bryan, Commandant, at Charleston Navy Yard.

Mills, Lt. Cmdr. S., from the Alert to the Savannah, as Eng. and Repair Off.

Godwin, Lt. Cmdr D. C., and Clay, Lt. Cmdr. T., from aid on staff Rear Admiral Williams to aid on staff Rear Admiral Wood.

Tinsley, Lt. W. M., from the Office District Communication Supt., 1st Nav. Dist., Newport, R. I., to assist Dist. Communication Supt. of 1st Nav. Dist., at Newport.

McCarty, Lt. Cmdr. C. Y., from the New York, to Mare Island Yard, as assist. to Supply Off.

Lewis, Lt. Cmdr. A. H., from the Watonwan, to duty under S. N. A. R., at N. Y.

La Bounty, Lt. Cmdr. S. M., from Naval Post Office at Spalato, to the Stribling.

Foster, Lt. Cmdr. H. R., from duty under Dist. Salvage Off. at Stapleton, S. I., to duty under Cmdr. of Naval Forces in France.

Lynch, Lt. J. R., from Naval Base at New London, to Wards Island, N. Y., Hosp.

Muellenhagen, Lt. J., to marine recruiting station at Detroit.

Shinn, Lt. H. L., to Bureau Medicine and Surgery.

Levin, Lt. O. S., to Hampton Roads, to boop.

Allyn, Lt. G. S., to the Fulton.

Peoples, Lt. B. R., to the Mare Island Yard as supply off.

Sobel, Lt. H. H., to command Crew 12.

Taylor, Lt. W., will report to Admiral Andrews.

De Dougherty, Lt. H., to the Blackhawk.

Patterson, Lt. T. A., to the Patuxent.

McDermott, Lt. J. H., to the Blackhawk.

Shields, Lt. V. H., to Constantinople.

Frazmann, Lt. J. J., to the Prince Fredk. Wilhelm.

Brown, Lt. A. A., to the Zeppelin.

Croaby, Lt. F. T., to the Pretoria.

Adamkiewicz, Lt. L. L., to Base No. 18.

Manning, Lt. W. O., to Base Hosp. No. 5.

Gates, Lt. N. N., to the Maury.

Kneip, Lt. R., to the Schelly.

Tarbell, Lt. G. E., will report to Asst. Port Off. at Spalato.

Delavy, Lt. E., to Liverpool in nucleus crew.

Conner, Lt. S. W., to 13th Naval Dist.

Murphy, Lt. J. K., to the Von Steuben.

Thompson, Lt. R. H., relieved from all active duty.

Education Notes.

Numerous reports of thefts in the public schools have been made to City Superintendent Ettinger. He has issued instructions to Principals, which it is hoped will end the thefts.

The Protestant Teachers' Association will hold a meeting in the Young Women's Christian Association auditorium, 610 Lexington Avenue, at 8:15 P. M. today.

The High School Teachers' Association will meet at 10:30 A. M. on May 3, in the Washington Irving High School, to elect officers.

The Senior Teachers' Association will meet at 10 A. M. on May 3, at 4:30, Jefferson Avenue, Brooklyn.

The trial of Benjamin Glassberg, teacher of history in the Commercial High School, Brooklyn, will be resumed by the Board of Education this afternoon.

The Teachers' Union will hold a meeting tonight at 14 West Twelfth Street.

LEGAL NOTICES.

REORGANIZATION
OF
BAY STATE STREET RAILWAY
COMPANY
AND
MASSACHUSETTS ELECTRIC COMPANIES
PLAN AND AGREEMENT
DATED MARCH 6, 1919,
AS AMENDED,

TO CREDITORS OF BAY STATE STREET RAILWAY COMPANY WHO HAVE PRESENTED OR SHALL PRESENT THEIR CLAIMS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF THE DECREE OF MARCH 11, 1919:

Notice is hereby given that creditors of Bay State Street Railway Company who on the eleventh day of March, 1919, had presented or who thereafter have presented or shall present, their claims in accordance with the provisions of Article Thirteenth of the decree entered on that date in the District Court of the United States for the District of Massachusetts in the Consolidated Cause, entitled The Archibald McNeil & Sons Company v. Bay State Street Railway Company, in Equity, No. 834, and who have claims subordinate in lien and inferior in equity to the Refunding First Mortgage dated July 1, 1904, from Boston & Northern Street Railway Company to Adams Trust Company (American Trust Company, successor), or to the Refunding First Mortgage dated July 1, 1904, from Old Colony Street Railway Company to Old Colony Trust Company, may, subject to such regulations and requirements not inconsistent with the provisions of said decree as the Reorganization Managers from time to time shall establish, participate in said plan and agreement by filing with Old Colony Trust Company, Boston, Mass., Depositary for that purpose, on or before April 18, 1919, or in case of creditors who shall present their claims thereafter as aforesaid, within seven days after such presentation, a written declaration of their desire to participate in said plan and agreement, accompanied by such data, information and assignments of their claims as shall be required by the Reorganization Managers all in such form as shall be required by the Reorganization Managers, and upon the filing of such written declaration and other papers shall receive therefor certificates of deposit of said Depositary in form approved by the Reorganization Managers, upon the acceptance of which they shall be entitled to participate in and shall be bound by the provisions of such plan and agreement, subject, however, to the right of the Reorganization Managers in their discretion at any time, either before or after the acceptance of the assignment of any such claim or the issue of certificates of deposit in respect thereof, to require that such claim be judicially established or determined by arbitration as a condition precedent to participation or to further participation in said plant and agreement. No rights under such plan and agreement shall accrue in respect of any such claims unless so deposited. If any such claim is non-assignable, the holder thereof may, nevertheless, participate in said plan and agreement in the manner aforesaid, substituting for an assignment of the claim such other documents in respect thereof as the Reorganization Managers shall require.

For further information reference is made to said plan and agreement, particularly at pages 15 and 21. A copy of said plan and agreement will be sent upon application to the Old Colony Trust Company, Boston, Mass., Depositary.

LEE, HIGGINSON & COMPANY,
Reorganization Managers,
44 State Street, Boston, Mass.

LEGAL NOTICES.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES.
DISTRICT OF MASSACHUSETTS.

THE ARCHIBALD McNEIL & SONS COMPANY, Complainant,
v.
BAY STATE STREET RAILWAY COMPANY, Defendant.

Consolidated Cause In Equity No. 834.

AMERICAN TRUST COMPANY, TRUSTEE, Complainant,
v.
BAY STATE STREET RAILWAY COMPANY, Defendant,
In Equity No. 916.

OLD COLONY TRUST COMPANY, TRUSTEE, Complainant,
v.
BAY STATE STREET RAILWAY COMPANY, Defendant,
In Equity No. 917.

ORDER.

Upon reading and filing the application of WALLACE B. DONHAM, as Receiver of the defendant Bay State Street Railway Company, with respect to the extension of time for proof of claims, debts, and demands against the Bay State Street Railway Company or the Receiver, and it appearing to the Court that the time fixed by the Receiver, pursuant to Article Thirteenth of the Decree of Foreclosure and Sale heretofore entered by the Court in the above-entitled consolidated cause, within which the holders of the unpaid claims, debts, and demands against the

THE BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

Ten cents per word each insertion.

ASTRAKHAN Imported Cloths Wanted. Max Scott, 79 5th Av.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Botany, Deering-Milliken, Stevens, F. & H., all Fall colors. Shapiro, Mad. Sq., 1510.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Botany 315 or F. & H., spot cash. 1. Funt, 24 West 25th.

BROADCLOTHS Wanted.—Botany's 315, taupe and reindeer. Franklin 1774.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Brown and taupe. Farragut 9342.

BURELLA Wanted.—Buckley & Cohen 711 gray, or similar. Farragut 9543.

CAPES, Dolmans, Suits, Coats, Dresses, Waists, Skirts, Silk Underwear Wanted—Surplus; best grades; cash. National, Tel. Canal 4222.

CLOTHS Wanted.—American 11030, 544; Kelly 8000, brown and burgundy and cotton plush; all colors. Phone Mad. Sq. 6026.

COATS, Suits, Skirts, Waists, and Dresses Wanted.—For Fall, will look at lines from 1 to 5 P. M. Martha Lane Adams, 1,123 Broadway.

COATS Wanted — Placing orders on Fall coats of better grades; looking all week; call with samples mornings until 11 or afternoons after 4. 9 West 24th, 4th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Out-of-town jobber placing orders on Fall cloth and pile fabric coats. Friday at office of S. H. Strauss, 1,133 Broadway.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Ladies and misses; also Pile fabrics sport coats; will look from 10 to 5. 8th floor, 18 West 21st.

COATS, CAPES Wanted.—Will pay cash for Spring stock, for immediate delivery. 8th floor, 362 5th Av.

COATS Wanted for Fall Line.—Silvertones, bolivias, velours; also pile fabrics. Eisen & Son, 122 West 26th St.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at children's and infants' cloth and pile fabric coats. 30 West 21st, 11th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber exclusively buying Junior and misses' Fall cloth coats. 30 West 21st, 11th floor.

COATS, SUITS Wanted.—Looking at Fall samples, ladies', misses' and juniors'. Eighth floor, 133 West 27th St.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber is placing orders on Fall suits and coats; call with samples all week. 8 West 19th St., 8th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Exclusive jobber placing orders all week, cotton, plush. 48 West 22d, 1st floor.

COATS Wanted—Children's cloth and pile fabrics; placing orders all week; exclusive jobber. 48 West 22d, 1st floor.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on Fall coats and suits; call all week. 48 West 25th St., 4th floor.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber placing stock orders on Fall coats and suits. Call all week, 45 W. 25th, first floor.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Fall samples, ladies' and juniors' coats. Kortoff & Son, 1,140 Broadway.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Ladies' and misses'; now looking at Fall samples. S. Bernstein & Co., 30 West 33d.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobbers placing orders for Fall. Call with samples, 38 West 27th, 9th floor.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Fall coats and suits. 31 West 31st, 4th floor.

COATS, Suits Wanted.—Jobber placing stock orders on Fall garments. 118 West 27th, top floor.

COATS Wanted.—Children's exclusive; jobber looking at Fall lines all week. 3 East 17th, 9th floor.

COATS, SUITS Wanted.—Placing stock orders, better grade, Fall styles. 279 5th Av., first floor.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber, exclusively placing orders all week; better kind. 48 West 22d, 1st floor.

COATS Wanted.—Buying children's pile fabrics and cloth coats. Neumann, 137 West 27th St.

COATS Wanted.—Of better grade only; jobber placing orders. 339 5th Av., Room 506.

COATS Wanted.—2 to 6, 7 to 10, 8 to 14 pile fabrics and cloth. Neumann, 137 West 27th.

COATS Wanted.—Pile fabrics. 45 West 27th, 4th floor.

CORDUROY Wanted.—Wide wale, all shades, any quantity. Progress Garment, Chelsea 6549.

CORDUROY Wanted.—Any quantity; white; cash. Spring 8451.

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—Muslins, lawns, cabardine; open for quantity. 621 Broadway, Room 604.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted.—We are open for several hundred pieces, three and four thread crepe. Shapiro Bros., 516 Broadway.

CREPE Wanted.—Serpentine and Pacific threads; submit samples, 11th floor, 118 West 22d. Chelsea 3650.

CREPE DE CHINE and Georgette Wanted.—For cash; Room 917, 220 5th Av.

DOLMANS Wanted.—Spring jobs; also coats, suits; cash. 7th floor, 48 West 25th.

DRESSES Wanted.—Miss Lerner of Gimbel Brothers, Philadelphia basement, open for a job of dresses, Friday, May 2, 1919; show in sample room, 9th floor, 32d St. side, 10 A. M.

DRESSES Wanted.—Georgettes, taffetas, satins, crepes, voiles, ginghams, spot cash, jobs; no quantity too big. 4th floor, 43 West 27th. Farragut 5154.

DRESSES Wanted.—For Fall silks and serges, large jobber placing orders. 8 East 27th, 12th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Large quantity, high-class dresses; only for cash. Mr. Weinstein, 11th floor, 10 West 36th.

DRESSES, SERGES, SATINS, POPLINS, Wanted.—Jobber placing orders. Levine, 114 West 28th.

DRESSES Wanted.—Will place orders on taffeta dresses; bring samples. 129 West 37th, 3d floor.

DRESSES Wanted. — Large jobber buying better dresses, fall models. 44 East 32d, 4th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobs of the best; good styles; for cash. Rodstein Bros., 37 East 28th.

DRESSES Wanted.—For cash; Georgettes, crepe de chines, taffetas, and satins; must be at a price. 319 5th Av., 2d floor.

FILET LUSTRE POPLINS Wanted.—Suquehanna quality 171. Gramercy 2460, before 10 A. M.

FLANNELS Wanted.—All wool, union, navy only; also serges. Madison Square 1862.

FUR Wanted.—Baby muffion collars and set; bring samples. Neumann, 137 West 27th.

GEORGETTES Wanted.—Open for large quantity, all colors, at a price. Goldberg & Rosenblatt, 137 West 25th.

GEORGETTE Wanted.—Immediately; raw and finished; spot cash. Louis Wishbow, 72 Madison Av.

GEORGETTE Wanted in small or large quantity Esco Waist Co., 151 West 25th.

GEORGETTES Wanted.—Open for quantity; cash prices. Pansy, 145 West 30th.

GINGHAMS Wanted.—Any brand, stripes, plaid, plain. United States Textile Co., 315 4th Av. Gramercy 4815.

GINGHAMS Wanted.—Arkwright, Waverly, Spencer, and durable; will pay cash. Bubin, Chelsea 7095.

GINGHAMS Wanted.—Plaids and stripes, all kinds. Phone Stuyvesant 1118. H. & L. Sacks.

GINGHAMS Wanted.—Amoskeag plaids or better, for cash. Kailsh, 28 West 22d.

GINGHAMS AND PERCALES Wanted.—All kinds; cash. Madison Square 8671.

JERSEYS AND TRICOTINES Wanted.—Open to buy for cash. Alper Bros., 153 West 27th.

LINEN Wanted.—French and ramie; cash. Frank & Bernstein, 146 West 28th.

PLUSHES Wanted.—Peco and others for cash; also American silvertones. Gramercy 1807.

PLUSH Wanted.—Silk plush; quantities. Chelsea 7688.

POM POM Wanted.—American cotton warp, also cotton warp poplins. Greeley 4695.

POPLINS Wanted.—American or similar; all shades. Telephone Farragut 4983.

POPLIN Wanted.—Cotton, American Scotia, 0302 for cash. Chelsea 3087.

POPLINS Wanted.—Navy. Call Vanderbilt 7076.

SATEEN AND VENETIANS Wanted.—Plain and flowered; for cash. Madison Square 8671.

SATEENS Wanted.—Black and colored. Canal 1766.

SATIN Wanted.—Wash satin for underwear. Alexander, 118 West 27th.

SECO Wanted.—Also cotton goods, all kinds; spot cash. Madison Square 8671.

SERGES Wanted.—Will pay spot cash for 54289, navy, $1.87½; also open for 100 pieces W. F. N., navy, at $1.70 net, cash. Harry A. Roman & Co., 22 West 32d.

SERGES Wanted.—V. S. L., 7301, 7614, 7120; open for small or large quantities. Phone Stuyvesant 3411. Ask for Mr. James, Room 1710, 31 5th Av.

SERGES Wanted. — Tricotines, poplins, American, botany, Jullliards, Garfields, U. S., Gera, or others; state lowest cash prices. L. L., 244 Times.

SERGES Wanted.—Whitmans 94, navy, sponged or unsponged; quantity for cash. Spring 5636.

SERGES Wanted.—11433, 54289, or any such French serges in navy only; any quantity. Hyman, 35 West 31st.

SERGES Wanted.—7120, WFX, 11433, 54289, navy and black; price must be low for cash. Y 2 Times Annex.

SERGES Wanted.—Navy and tan cotton warp Parker & Wilder 4050, or similar. Chelsea 9535.

SERGES Wanted.—Open for quantity 54289, W. F. X.; also Zibeline and Pom Pom. Madison Square 5814.

SERGES Wanted.—For cash, 11433 and 54289. Perlman & Tiffany, 25 West 31st.

Buyers' Wants

Ten cents per word each insertion.

SERGES Wanted.—Open for quantity W. F. X. 54289, 11433, and other French serges; cash. Gramercy 3961.

SERGES Wanted.—U. S. 235, 828, Gilbert's 8300, also 7614 No. 3 M. S. L., similar. Spring 8849.

SERGES Wanted.—Navy, 2001, 235, 11433, 1464, 104, 0609; cash. Majestic Textile, 24 East 21st.

SERGE Wanted.—Quantity green cotton warp serge, 1210 or similar quality. E 814 Times Annex.

SERGES Wanted.—All kinds of serges; American velours. Call Fred, Chelsea 2246.

SERGES Wanted.—11433, navy. S. Reichmann & Co., 707 Arch St., Philadelphia.

SERGES Wanted.—104, 1464, 11433, 54289, 0609, 4632; spot cash. Gramercy 1814.

SERGES Wanted.—7120, 6120, 11433, 519, 47116, 1210. Gramercy 785.

SERGES Wanted.—Navy 1464, 104, 838, 235, 2001; cash. Gramercy 2452.

SERGES Wanted.—U. S. No. 235, navys only. Shapiro, Mad. Sq. 1510.

SERGES Wanted.—54289, 4th floor, 16 East 33d St.

SERPERTIN CREPE. Wanted for cash. Hamburger Bros., 134 West 26th St.

SILK CREPE De CHINE and SILK POPLINS Wanted.—36 inch all silk crepe de chine, colors light blue, lavender, Nile, navy, tan, old rose, taupe, wine, plum, reseda, wisteria, med. brown; 36 inch silk and cotton poplin, 8-ply, colors white, plum, reseda, grey, taupe, brown, black, old rose, heliotrope; silk and wool poplin, colors white, pink, taupe plum, wine, black. National Cloak & Suit Co., M. J. Carey.

Contracts Wanted.

CONTRACTORS on taffeta dresses. 4th floor, 142 West 26th.

Offerings to Buyers

Ten cents per word each insertion.

BROADCLOTHS.—315, F. & H., 362, 384, black, green; 7022, navy, black; American silvertones, velours, serges, 8200, 235 W. F. X., 54289, 4061 V. S. L., 774, poplin. Grossman Bros., new address 229 4th Av. Stuy. 6833.

BROADCLOTHS.—Botany 315, Wurmbo Steven's 7022, also velour K 544, 11050, 11052, 17009, and lightweight velours at reasonable prices. Boston Woolen Mills, 29 East 22d.

BROADCLOTH, Velours, Serges, Poplins, Tricotines, corporation and other numbers; immediate deliveries. A. Chassman & Son, 332 4th Av. Madison Square 4412.

BROADCLOTHS, velours, serges, Oxfords; quick delivery. Evans Brothers, 404 4th Av., Madison Square 292.

BROADCLOTH, Velours, Serges.—K544, 13060, 13046, 15029, F. & H. velours in all colors. Madison Square 9567.

BROADCLOTH.—Botany 315, 15 black, 3 green, 3 navy. Gramercy 3726.

CAMBRICS AND NAINSOOKS.—Levee 1334, Harvest 13. United States Textile Co., 315 4th Av. Gramercy 4815.

CAPES, DOLMANS, COATS.—Immediate delivery, high class; Bolivias, silvertones, serges, satins, taffetas, &c.; reduced prices. Mezeritzky & Stollerman, 28 West 27th.

CAPES, DOLMANS, COATS. — High-class plushes and pile fabric for jobbers only. Mezeritzky & Stollerman, 28 West 27th.

CAPES, Coats, Suits.—Large variety; snappy styles, close out prices. Julius Wolf, 279 5th Av.

CAPES.—Closing out smart styles, large variety, regardless of cost. Louis L. Ginsburg Co., 28 West 27th.

CAPES, DOLMANS, COATS, in serge, velours and silvertones; will close out at sacrifice price. Cohen-Edelman, 35 West 31st.

CAPES, COATS, DOLMANS.—Closing out; large assortment; immediate delivery. Potter & Schattman, 31 West 31st.

CAPES, COATS, SUITS.—Immediate delivery; big reductions in price for quantity. Bernstein, 118 West 27th.

CAPES, CAPES, CAPES, CAPES.—Flappers, girls, infants's; immediate shipment. Julius Goldstein, 153 West 23d St.

CAPES AND SUITS.—Silk capes and serge capes and suits to close out. Harry Maldoff, 16 East 17th. Stuyvesant 3961.

CAPES, COATS. — Girls' Spring, 2 to 14, serges, poplins, checks; immediate delivery. Kommel, 27 West 20th.

CAPES, COATS, SUITS.—Season's best styles; closing out; big values. Shapiro-Davis, 29 West 35th.

CAPES, DOLMANS, COATS.—Wonderful assortment to close out. Klepper Bros., 34 West 27th.

CAPES.—Better grade, newest styles, close out; must sacrifice. Lefkowitz, 43 West 27th.

CAPES AND DOLMANS.—Closing out entire stock. Neumann, 137 West 27th.

CAPES.—Children's capes; immediate delivery; reasonable. Neumann, 137 West 27th.

CAPES, COATS.—3,500 2-6, 8-14, and juniors to close out. Rosh-Mayers, 122 West 27th.

CAPES AND SUITS.—At great sacrifice. Stoll, 12 West 27th St.

CAPES, DOLMANS.—Attractive styles, to close out. Eisen & Son, 122 West 26th.

CAPES.—Close outs, several hundred to pick from. Frank & Frank, 141 W. 28th.

CAPES, Dolmans, Suits at closing out prices. B. Lasker, 122 West 26th.

CAPES, DOLMANS.—At reduced prices. I. Novick, 43 West 27th.

CHECKS.—Fancy shepherd checks to close out, Greeley 4377.

CHILDREN'S CAPES for immediate delivery. I. Novick, 45 West 27th.

COATS, DOLMANS.—Straight line coats and coatees, crystal cloth, silvertone, serges, and poplins at sacrifice prices. Harry Greenberg Co., 29 West 35th.

COATS AND CAPES.—To close out, at attractive prices. Klar Bros., 40-42 West 27th St.

COATS.—Children's, closing out stock at attractive prices. D. Kantor Co., 3 East 17th St.

COATS.—Salt's pile fabrics in every style; cloth coats in exclusive models and materials. N. Hurwitz, 109 W. 28th.

COATS.—Plush line ready, long and short coats; popular prices. Neumann, 137 West 27th.

COATS, Capes, Dolmans.—Snappy styles; closing out; sacrificing prices. S. B., 45 West 27th, third floor.

COATS.—Straight line; many styles; closing out. I. Frank, 49 West 22d.

Offerings to Buyers

Ten cents per word each insertion.

COATS, CAPES, SUITS.—To close out. W. Phillips & Co., 145 West 28th.

COATS.—Plain and cape, in all goods. Korostoff & Son, 1,140 Broadway.

COATS, Capes, Dolmans.—Closing out. Rineberg, 41 West 26th.

COATS, SUITS, CAPES.—350, close out; better grade. Morris Waldman, 17 West 28th.

COATS.—Straight line; 250 on racks, today's delivery, cheap. Seventh floor, 48 W. 25th.

COATS.—Smart styles, satin capes and velvet coatees. I. Novick, 45 West 27th.

CORDUROYS.—36 inch white and high shades. Phone Madison Square 8644.

CORDUROY.—Ellangar & Blumgarten, 1,500 yards, all white, at a price. Mad. S. 1075.

CREPE DE CHINE.—Striped, good quality; 40-in., $1.80 per yard. Mad. Sq. 9114.

DOLMANS.—Closing out smart styles; large variety; regardless of cost. Louis L. Ginsberg Co., 28 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Most wonderful line of taffetas, Georgettes, crepe de chines; wash dresses, $4.75 to $7.75, for immediate delivery. Doubt it? Will you believe your own eyes? Make the call today and convince yourself that you can buy here at prices other firms call "close outs." M. Kirschner & Sons, 16 East 33d St.

DRESSES.—Come right over and see our most remarkable close out jobs of printed georgette dresses at $9.75; other georgettes from $9 up; poplins $5.75; crepe de chine $6; taffeta $5.50; 3,000 dresses ready for immediate delivery. Meyer Bosniak, 20 West 27th.

DRESSES.—For after Easter sale; see our 25 assortments; lot at $7.90, comprising printed, beaded georgette, satin, taffeta, jersey; other satin, taffeta, crepe de chine, $5.50, $14.50; exceptional reduction. Feller, 30 West 32d.

DRESSES.—Beautiful new Summer dresses in high grade flowered, beaded and plain georgette, also taffetas to close out at unusually low prices; immediate delivery. Klif Dress Co., 28 West 27th.

DRESSES.—5,000 taffeta satin, to close out from $5.50 up; also Susquehannas, poplins, $3.75 up; big line of wash dresses for immediate delivery; low price. Pan-American Dress, 12 West 21st.

DRESSES.—Contractors will dispose for cash job beaded Georgette taffeta and Georgette taffeta combination; also printed voile, assorted colors and sizes; only those using better merchandise should reply. Madison Square 2369.

DRESSES.—800 high-class; immediate delivery; reduced prices; indestructible beaded and plain and printed georgette foulards, taffetas, tricolettes; first come first served. Hahn-Benjamin, 143 West 29th.

DRESSES.—You'll only know real values in outdoor dresses in our line. See our $7.75; make the call today and get "Dress Wiser." M. Kirschner & Sons, 16 East 33d.

DRESSES.—To close out at price; Georgettes, satins, taffeta, printed Georgettes, serges, and jerseys. I. Rand & Co., 37 West 28th St.

DRESSES.—Better grade printed and beaded indestructible georgettes, tricolettes, meteors, satins, immediate delivery. Glockner, 40 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Distinctive voiles, including Hand Run, $6.75, $8.50; none for immediate, but you'll be too glad to get them later. Enough said. Mariette, 30 West 32d.

DRESSES.—1,000 taffeta crepe de chine, snappy styles, $5.75 to $7.50; colors; sizes; best value in town. Loeb Nussbaum, 119 West 25th.

DRESSES.—Jobs georgette, beaded, and printed crepe de chines, taffeta, jersey, serge, poplins, Paragon, 18 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Georgette, 150; printed and beaded, to close out at the price. Davis & Katz, 19-27 West 21st St., New York City.

DRESSES.—Wash, voile, gingham, organdies; immediate shipments; $3.50 up. Queen, 114 West 26th.

DRESSES.—Job of 100 dresses in beaded georgettes and taffetas to close out. Adams & Winter, 35 West 32d.

DRESSES.—After Easter sale; 1,000 taffetas, Georgettes, to close out low price. Florand Dress, 38 West 20th.

DRESSES.—Georgettes beaded, printed taffetas, satins; immediate delivery. Cohen Tulowan, 19 West 21st.

DRESSES.—Silks, satins, georgettes, serges, voiles, ginghams, cheap. Seventh floor, 48 West 25th.

DRESSES. — Georgettes, beaded, assorted sizes, colors, to close, $8.50. Queen, 114 West 26th.

DRESSES.—Mallison's printed indestructible voile and printed Georgette dresses at $12.75 net. I. Rand & Co., 37 West 28th St.

DRESSES.—1,000 beaded georgettes and silk dresses at a price. S. Simon Co., 153 West 27th.

DRESSES.—1,000 silk to close out for a price. Gross & Leibowitz, 134 West 28th.

DRESSES.—Taffetas, jobs to close assorted; $5. Queen, 114 West 26th.

GEORGETTES.—All shades; immediate deliveries. Phone Madison Square 3313.

GINGHAMS AND PERCALES. — Wonderful assortment; big sacrifice. New York Textile Exchange, 1,182 Broadway. Madison Square 8670.

GINGHAMS.—Imported William Anderson; 500 pieces for sale. Tip Top, 35 West 32d.

JERSEYS.—12-ounce wool Jersey, Pearson mercerized plush, Davies silvertone plush, H. & H. moire and striped plush, zibelines, thibets, and 6158 poplin. Murray 1101 1166.

KHAKI CLOTH.—Jullliards No. 2075, 10 pcs. to close out cheap. Farragut 5469.

MIXTURES.—Wilson & Lawrence cloth for sale. Leipzig & Rosenberg, 34 West 27th.

PANAMA.—54-inch Cleveland 7792 navy, 10 pieces to close out; also 6 pieces Goff's white serge. River Road Woolen Co., Boston, Mass.

PANAMAS.—In all shades, BPNL., 228, PNA., SPA. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway. Spring 2716.

PLUSHES AND SERGES.—Peerless, Hudson Bay, Furmoss 0009 American, Newport, and French serge. Gramercy 1074.

PLUSHES.—Baffin seal, H. & H. Chelsea 7640.

POPLIN.—American 0326, pekin, copen, tan, brown, black, navy, on hand for immediate delivery. Chelsea 1172.

POPLINS.—Saxonia, Brightwood, navy and black; Amoskeag, Folwell's; all colors. Greeley 4377.

POPLINS.—4866, 774, PPL., Dobsons 503, Brightwood 4916, Scotia 0302. Gramercy 3725.

POPLIN.—Silk and wool, navy and Copen. Moire. Gotlieb, 1120 Greeley.

POPLIN.—All wool, navy and black, $1.50 net, Chelsea 7545.

SATEENS.—Plain and flowered, wonderful assortment; big sacrifice. New York Textile Exchange, 1,182 Broadway. Madison Square 8670.

SECO.—Plain and colors; big sacrifice. New York Textile, 1,182 Broadway. Madison Square 8670.

SERGES.—7614, 3000, 6002, 812, 7301, 7008, VSL, tricotines, silvertones, American, poplins, navy, and all high shades at reasonable prices. Boston Woolen Mills, 29 East 22d. Gramercy 4481.

SERGES.—Botany 780, MFL., WFX., YSL., PPL, navy and black, BPNL., PNA., SPA., 228; also broadcloths, kerseys, and velours in Fall shades. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway. Spring 2716.

SERGE, BROADCLOTH, AND POPLIN.—11433, 1464, 315, 535, 110; Scotia poplin 0302, Amoskeag 8138. Madison Square 2339.

SERGES.—87, 4002, 4050, 8138, black and navy; others. United States Textile Co., 315 4th Av. Gramercy 4816.

SERGES.—7614, $1.60 net, 10 days; 1210, 1209 cotton warp poplin; no brokers. Chelsea 5258.

SERGES, POPLINS.—7120, 7301, 41-102, 90610 navy, 774 black. Gramercy 4445.

SERGES.—09070 blacks, for immediate delivery. Madison Square 8797.

SERGES.—09070, 0036, navy and black, $2.55; also cashmere velours. Farragut 5759.

SERGES.—54289, 8 navy, 5 taupe, 5 plum, 2 green, 1 gray. Mad. Sq. 7527.

SERGES.—Gilbert's 3200 navy, $2.60 net, cash. Chelsea 7040.

SERGES.—7614, 7301 navy, V. S. L. black. Gramercy 2937.

SHEPHERD CHECKS, all constructions, 54 inch, immediate delivery. Mad. Sq. 8260.

SKIRTS.—Jobs of high-grade skirts, to close out before moving; extraordinary value for buyers seeking good merchandise. G. N. C. Skirt Co., 15 East 26th St., Room 1805.

SILKS of every description for immediate delivery; prices always right. M. Marks Co., 354 4th Av. Madison Square 8580.

SILVERTONES.—Arthur Joel Pekin, Copen; also all colors F. & H., duvet, and Botany Yalama. Madison Square 1520.

SKIRTS. — Susquehanna poplins, colors, changeables, $1.45, $1.95 up; stripes, plaids, $3.50 up; incomparable; spot delivery. Strike or no strike, we deliver the goods; New York Silk Garment Co., 1,140 Broadway.

SKIRTS. — Susquehanna poplin, $1.50 up; fancy silk novelty, $2 up; best models; excellent values; immediate delivery. Greater New York Silk, 44 East 23d.

SKIRTS.—Better grade to show; low prices. Pioneer Skirt, 3 West 29th.

SKIRTS.—Wash gabardine, $7.50 dozen up. Nivel, 114 West 28th.

SKIRTS.—Susquehanna silk poplins to close, $1.50 up. Ford, 114 West 26th.

SUITS.—Closing out smart styles, large variety, regardless of cost. Louis L. Ginsberg Co., 28 West 27th.

SUITS AND CAPES of better grade at reduced prices. A. H. Gittelson, 39 West 29th.

SUITS.—Closing out velour, check, tricotines and serge at sacrifice prices. Cohen-Edelman, 35 West 31st.

SUITS.—Jobs tricotines and serges, also capes, to close out. Supreme Manufacturing, 19 West 24th.

Offerings to Buyers

Ten cents per word each insertion.

SUITS, CAPES.—Closing out better grades silk-lined velours, tweeds, bolivias, serges; must sacrifice. Lefkowitz, 43 West 27th.

SUITS to close out, in navy serges, at a price. Eisen & Son, 122 West 26th.

SUITS, Capes, Dolmans.—To close out. Fensterstock & Schneir, 38 West 32d.

SUITS, Coats, Capes, Dolmans.—To close out. Rosengarten, 11 East 31st.

SUITS.—Desirable Spring styles at sacrifice. I. Frank, 48 West 22d.

SUITS, to close out, cheap. J. D., 51 West 15th St., 1st floor.

SUITS, CAPES.—Better grade to close out. Kirshman Bros., 36 West 25th.

SUITS.—Ladies', closing out; tailor-made. Gowin Co., 54 West 31st.

SUITS.—Close outs, several hundred to pick from. Frank & Frank, 141 West 28th.

TAFFETAS.—Good qualities, all shades. Madison Square 8314.

TRICOLETTES, PAULETTES, all shades; also jobs to close cheap. Madison Square 4582.

TRICOLETTES AND PAULETTES.—Immediate delivery. Phone Madison Square 8644.

TRICOLETTES and Paulettes, all shades; immediate delivery. Phone Mad. Sq. 3313.

TRICOTINES.—Ardross and Acme 2002 navy, 82han Allens and Ardrosa poiret twills, navy. Chelsea 5753.

TRICOTINE.—Andrews 5782 navy, cheap. Chelsea 7640.

UNIFORMS.—Military serges and gabardines; immediate delivery. U. S. Uniform Co., 93 5th Av.

VELVETS.—Black panne and Lyons; chiffon velvets; all colors; immediate deliveries. Madison Square 3313.

VELVETEENS.—44 inch imported, Fall shades; will sell cheap. Call Madison Square 8671.

VELOURS.—Light weight and other woolens to close. Frank & Frank, 141 W. 28th.

VELOURS, F. & H., all colors, at $3.12½. Mad. Sq. 4451.

VELVET.—2,400 yards of Sydney Blumenthal twincord corduroy, 54 inches wide, originally sold at $2.75, will close out for $1.45 for cash. Madison Square 2673.

VELVETEEN.—8,000 yards 24 inch Worral dye, good assortment, for immediate delivery, and also 27 and 36 inch. Mad. Sq. 7527.

VOILES.—Plain and flowered; wonderful assortment; 75 cases; also organdie, nainsooks, and batistes; big sacrifice. New York Textile Exchange, 1,182 Broadway. Madison Square 8670.

WAISTS.—Astonishing values, $8.50 dozen; immediate delivery. S. Schein, 1,270 Broadway.

WOOLENS.—16-17 ounce army knitted cloth, 55-54 inches wide, all wool, close out cheap. Mad. Sq. 1682.

Contracts Offered.

CONTRACTORS dresses.—Please call with samples of satin serge and taffeta dresses; we use large quantities. I. B. Skudowitz & Bro., 129 West 27th.

CONTRACTORS Wanted.—On better line of Fall satin, serge, and tricotine dresses; call with samples all week. 6th floor, 5 West 31st St.

CONTRACTORS on cotton dresses; orders placed; bring samples. 7th floor, 15 W. 24th.

DRESSES.—Contractors wanted on the better lines of satins, serges, and tricotines. 4th floor, 20 West 27th St.

CONTRACTORS wanted on better lines of Fall satin, serge, and tricotine dresses. Fourth floor, 14 East 33d St.

CONTRACTORS wanted on stout silk and serge dresses. Fourth floor, 14 East 33d St.

Allied Industries.

GROCERIES.—Close out, large and small lots at job prices. Delaware Salvage & Brokerage Co., 27 West 20th St.

KITCHEN UTENSILS. — New; close out, large and small lots at job prices. Delaware Salvage & Brokerage Co., 27 West 27th St.

PATTERNS.—Home patterns. The Home Pattern Co., Inc., 114 5th Av., New York, sole manufacturers of patterns for The Ladies' Home Journal. Telephone 4216 Chelsea.

ROPE.—18,000 yards corded cotton, D. R. Winnes victor brand, cheap. Harris Blumenfeld, 19 West 24th.

SPIRAL PUTTEE Leggins and Trenchcoats; bargains. U. S. Specialty Co., 536 Broadway.

UNIFORMS.—250 high-grade serge army uniforms, prominent manufacturer's make; to close out at once for cash; real bargain. Call or telephone Bernstein Bros., 55 West 3d St.

20 new Singer sewing machines and tables, 4 cutting machines, pressing plant complete with motor blower. Farragut 2930.

Situations Wanted.

TYPIST, office assistant, Underwood operator, young man, American, desires position. F 254 Times.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday .....5½@5¾ p. c. for the best names
Wednesday .....5¼@5¾ p. c. for the best names
The quotations are for six months' paper.

Loose Leaf Systems Wider Use.

Business in the office equipment line, according to the representative of a loose leaf ledger system, ought to be better than ever before because of the war. The point he brought out was that business men were forced during the war to adopt labor saving devices in order to overcome the shortage of help. The economies once made, he said, have been continued, and the effect has been to increase his business so that it was found necessary to double the sales organization for the East.

Bizarre Export Jewelry.

Manufacturing jewelers who do an export business with South America are finding conditions there somewhat similar to those which the clothiers met in establishing themselves with the cheap trade in the South. Everything that is "wild" finds a call, and the "wilder" it is the more opportunity there seems to be with the popular trade in South America. Necklaces that appear to be inventions of a disordered fancy of the rarebit fiend can be shipped as fast as they are produced. Imitation pearls as large as Easter eggs find a ready sale.

Handy Drying Rack.

An improvement over the usual rope strung across the kitchen on which to dry incidental washing is offered in a new rack just put on the market. This dryer has the usual frame with wooden rods, across which the wet articles are laid. But the feature of the arrangement is a pulley device which raises the contrivance to a point close to the ceiling, where it gets the benefit of the warmer air, and at the same time is out of the way, permitting the cook or the maid to work directly under it. While the article is of convenient size to be used in an ordinarily large kitchen, it will find its best demand from cottagers.

Use of Silk in Clothing.

The silk manufacturers cannot afford to overlook the way styles in men's clothing for next Fall are featuring lining silks. The quality of the clothier's wants in this direction has improved materially, and the first-class manufacturers are using a much better grade of silk than they did formerly. Another point that is brought out in a study of the Fall models is that silk is being placed in parts of garments to which it was previously a stranger. The inside of cuffs on overcoats and suit coats, for instance, is being trimmed, where it formerly was left unfinished. Silk piping, furthermore, is one of the characteristics of the new styles.

Gray Goods Sales Active.

Yesterday was another active day in the local market for gray goods. Sheetings sales were again large, including 36-inch 56-60 four-yard goods at 13½ cents, five-yard cloths at 10¾ cents, and 5.50s at 10 cents. In the fine-yarn end of the market, selling prices were based on 18¼ cents for 88-80, 8.50s, and 23 cents for 96-100 seven-yard cloths, and sales were made at these levels. The call for specialties continued very good in spite of the constant upward trend of prices. Practically all constructions of sateens and twills were in demand for deliveries as far ahead as the mills were willing to go.

"Jobs" Not So Scarce.

"Jobs" of ready-to-wear garments for women are apparently not so scarce as previous reports on the subject would indicate. In the "Offerings to Buyers" columns of yesterday's Times, for instance, there were more than thirty advertisements offering dolmans, capes and coats in quantities ranging from 300 to 5,000. Nearly 13,000 dresses were offered in ten "ads," that mentioned quantities, and there were several that did not. Apparently there are fewer suits offered at cut prices than is the case with the other outer garments. In fifteen advertisements offering these goods, the specified quantities were negligible.

Cross-Barred Organdie in Hats.

Cross-barred organdie is being used in place of the plain material in some very attractive hats for Summer wear that are now being displayed in this market. Almost all of the manufacturers are showing plain organdie, and the use of the barred material by some of them is proving a welcome change to buyers. A wide variety of these hats is being displayed, including large models with very wide sides, poke effects, large, floppy hats, and sailors. The material in question is used both by itself and in combination with faille or moiré. These silks are used to form crowns that rest on brims of ruffled or plain fitted cross-barred organdie. Fabric flowers in rich colorings are the chief trimmings used on these hats.

French Interest in New Styles.

An interesting sidelight was offered yesterday by one who is in touch with fashion and design authorities on the new bouffant styles that are promised for the coming Fall and Winter. These styles are presented by Paris, it was brought out, because of the economic benefit to the French houses. In a position to furnish the dainty ruffles that must go along with such models, the Parisian designers are very much interested in the success of the ideas they are exploiting. In other words, the new fashion will create a demand for French trimmings and accesseries that will considerably stimulate business in these lines. With such a sound foundation, it was pointed out, the costume and dress makers here should have no fear of a sudden switching of the style features that have been inaugurated.

Strong Prices for Raw Silk.

An advance of a hundred yen per picul has been scored in raw silk at Yokohama in the last week, and the late cables from that market place it on the basis of 1,710 yen for Sinshiu No. 1. Stocks, which are poorly assorted, are estimated at 16,000 bales. The Canton market continues firm, but unchanged. The principal demand there is for American account. Shanghai reports a firmer tone, with the present season's supply of steam filatures about exhausted. Tussahs are reported more active and firmer. The Italian situation shows prospects of improving, though as yet there has been no definite change reported. The Lyons market is improving steadily. The local market continues very strong and advancing. The supply of silks here is so inadequate that many importers are unable to quote deliveries for earlier than July.

Printcloth Prices Very Firm.

Printcloth prices were very firm in this market yesterday, but no advances of importance were recorded during the day. In some quarters of the market there is a disposition to believe that "top" has either been reached for the time being, or is about to be, this belief being based on the fact that prices have now reached a point which make it profitable for second hands to enter the market as sellers, and that in some cases they have already done so. In the business put through yesterday by first hands were sales of 39-inch 80 squares both at 17¾ and 17¾ cents for deliveries ranging up to Aug. 1, the former price having been paid for goods of Eastern manufacture. Twelve cents again bought 38½-inch 64-60s for the same delivery, with 8 cents the price for this construction in the 27-inch width. Nothing better than 10 cents can be done on 38½-inch 60-48s for any delivery.

WAR BILLS IN APRIL TOTAL $1,420,000,000

Increase Over Past Few Months Is Attributed to Settling of Contracts.

ALLIES GET $400,000,000

Two Years of War Has Cost America $30,500,000,000, of Which $9,000,000,000 Went to Allies.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—Nearly six months after the signing of the armistice America's war expenses not only are continuing without abatement, but actually are increasing over those of the last few months. This was shown today by a Treasury report of Government outlays for April, amounting to approximately $1,420,000,000, of which about two-thirds went to pay the nation's direct war bills and one-third went to the Allies to enable them to pay obligations incurred in this country for war materials and foodstuffs.

The gradual mounting of war expenses from month to month, following the big drop from around $2,000,000,000 a month last December and January, to $1,180,000,000 in February, was cited by Treasury officials as a very substantial reason why the Victory Liberty Loan must be generously subscribed. The increase in the last two months is attributed to the gradual settling of manufacturers' accounts by the War Department and by the higher demand of the Allies for credits with which to pay bills previously incurred in this country.

The tremendous outlays in April raised the United States's actual expenditures since the nation entered the war a little more than two years ago to about $30,500,000,000. About $9,000,000,000 of this has gon to the Allies and will be repaid eventually. Without the war, the Government's expenses probably would not have been more than three billion dollars in the two years, officials believe. On this basis, is indicated the Government has paid about $18,500,000,000 for war materials, army equipment, and supplies, merchant ships, navy vessels, and the "overhead" costs of maintaining a big fighting machine. Through sale of materials on hand, and salvaging of considerable Government property, officials hope to egt as much as $2,000,000,000.

In April the Government checks paid by the Treasury amounted to about $982,000,000 for ordinary expenses, including about $106,000,000 as interest on liberty bonds and certificates of indebtedness. In addition, $400,000,000 went to the Allies, a larger

WILL GO ON MAKING 2.75 PER CENT. BEER

Brewers Announce That They Are Acting Within Their Rights Upon Advice of Counsel.

DRYS CLAIM A VICTORY

See Precedent in Oregon Supreme Court Decision That Amendment Referendum Is Illegal.

The brewers of New York announced yesterday through R. J. Schaefer, President of the New York State Brewers' Association, that they would continue to manufacture 2.75 per cent. beer, despite the prohibition rider on the Agricultural bill which forbids the producing of malt or vinous beverages after May 1. This action is taken, according to Mr. Schaefer, on the advice of Elihu Root and William D. Guthrie, special counsel for the brewers.

"The brewers do not take this stand with the intention or in the spirit of defying or violating the law," said Mr. Schaefer in a statement, "but upon the faith and belief and with the assumption that they are acting clearly within their rights, which they have every reason to believe will be sustained by pending litigation. And for the further reason that were they to discontinue manufacturing and break up their organizations, they would suffer an irreparable damage and consequences which could never be remedied.

"They feel that there can be no just complaint because of their carrying on a business, which so far as logical interpretation of the War Prohibition act is concerned and the general consensus of opinion, both professional and lay, is legitimate and proper. On the other hand were they to abandon their business and close up their plants until the fancied doubts of the legitimacy of their operation are removed, it would avail them little against the enormous losses which would be piled up, to have even these doubts resolved in their favor. It is eminently much fairer to allow the continuance of an industry which has been sanctioned and encouraged from the foundation of our country until it is conclusively found that it may not operate than to shut it down and then endeavor to find out whether or not that action was in accordance with the law and intendment of Congressional action. Especially is this so where there is a general demand on the part of the people for the commodity in question and a practically universal belief that they are entitled to have it and that no sane legislation would undertake to deprive them of it."

William H. Anderson, Superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League, leader of the "dry" forces in this State, announced yesterday that he had received a telegram from Wayne B. Wheeler, general counsel of the Anti-Saloon League of America, stating that the Supreme Court of Oregon had unanimously decided that a State referendum on ratification of the prohibition amendment to the Constitution was unconstitutional. This decision of the highest court of Oregon, corresponding, he said, to the Court of Appeals of this State, was a death blow to the "wets" who were working for a referendum on the liquor question.

"The liquor interests are doomed to equal disappointment in their contention that 2¾ per cent. of alcohol by weight in beer is not intoxicating," Mr. Anderson said in a statement. "While a moderate quantity of such beer might have little perceptible effect on an alcohol addict, a comparatively small quantity would intoxicate those who are not alcohol addicts, which class includes most of the women and children, even of drinking men, and it is sufficient to form a habit and result in alcohol addiction, which would demand further satisfaction. Such 'light' beer would thus become a feeder to the drug habit. Even in the improbable event of the brewers securing a temporary victory in the courts on this point in the absence of Congressional legislation, the certain passage by Congress of an law defining as 'intoxicating' anything containing more than one-half of 1 per cent. of alcohol will knock out that prop.

"It ought to be fairly apparent by now that the only way in which the brewers can defeat or overcome or abrogate the Eighteenth Amendment to the Constitution is to procure the submission and ratification of one which repeals it, and on that basis we are prepared to meet them. In the meantime prohibition will be operative and its demonstrated effects will dissipate the opposition."

Mr. Anderson also announced yesterday that two branches of the newly formed Allied Citizens of America, an organization to agitate for the enforcement of the prohibition law, had been started this week in Brooklyn and Schenectady. The Allied Citizens of America would offset the propaganda of the Association Opposed to National Prohibition, he said, and answer the claim of the "wets" that the majority of the citizens of the United States were not in favor of prohibition.

PRAISE FROM LLOYD GEORGE

He Commends Salvation Army War Work in Letter to Miss Booth.

Commander Evangeline Booth of the Salvation Army in the United States has received a letter from David Lloyd George, Premier of Great Britain, declaring that the hardships endured by the troops abroad were lessened by the self-sacrifice and devotion shown to them by the Salvation Army. The letter, written from the Paris headquarters of the British peace delegation, follows:

I have very great pleasure in sending you this letter to say how highly I think of the great work which has been done by the Salvation Army amongst the allied armies in France and the other theatres of war. From all sides I hear the most glowing accounts of the way in which your people have added to the comfort and welfare of our soldiers. To me it has always been a great joy to think how much the sufferings and hardships endured by our troops in all parts of the world have been lessened by the self-sacrifice and devotion shown to them by that excellent organization, the Salvation Army.

This commendation comes at a time when the Salvation Army is preparing to launch its Home Service Fund campaign for $13,000,000, which opens on May 19, to last a week. This money will be used in carrying on and enlarging the Salvation Army's work in the United States.

MAYOR SIGNS POLICE BILL.

Measure Provides for Retirement on Pension After 25 Years.

Mayor Hylan yesterday signed the legislative bill amending the city charter to permit policemen to retire on a pension after twenty-five years of service. The present act provides that they not only shall have served twenty-five years, but shall be 55 years old before being eligible for retirement. The bill now goes to Governor Smith.

The Mayor vetoed the bill passed by the Legislature which would reinstate Mary C. Dunphy as Superintendent of the institution on Randall's Island. Mrs. Dunphy was removed by Commissioner of Charities Kingsbury during the Mitchel administration. She carried the case to the Court of Appeals, which decided against her. She had been Superintendent at Randall's Island for many years, and is now more than 70 years old. It was said at the hearing on the bill several days ago that the real object of the measure was to reinstate her so that she would be eligible for a pension. The bill was opposed by several women's civic organizations.

MORE POLICE PROMOTIONS.

Enright Makes 18 New Lieutenants and as Many Sergeants.

After appointing thirteen Captains within two days, Police Commissioner Enright yesterday turned his attention to the lower ranks in the department and bestowed the rank of Lieutenant on eighteen Sergeants and made eighteen patrolmen Sergeants. The newly appointed Lieutenants were Louis Schauberger, John Reddan, Hugo Wunsche, Floyd Horton, Frederick Hinners, Ira Ferris, James Cunningham, Joseph Hemley, Edward Lennon, Andrew McGrattan, Charles Van Buskirk, John McCarthy, Edward Hanley, William McGowan, Thomas Wynne, Timothy Sullivan, Peter Hanlon, and Charles Ernst.

The patrolmen who become Sergeants are John A. Lyons, Peter Cahill, Peter Sauerbrey, Alexander Nicolay, James Moynihan, Jacob Levy, George Ludwig, Joseph Tymann, Gottlieb Vosatka, Paul Siegener, David Elsmann, Daniel Curtayne, Steven Crowley, Carl Sayer, George Bishop, Peter Bree, Daniel Kinane, and John Murray.

GIVES EX-WIFE MILLIONS.

Lyman B. Kendall Agrees to Large Property Transfer, It Is Said.

William M. Sullivan, attorney for Mrs. Ellen B. Kendall of 520 Park Avenue, who obtained an undefended divorce decree from Lyman B. Kendall, broker, at Bar Harbor, Me., on the ground of incompatibility, announced yesterday that Mr. Kendall has agreed to one of the most generous settlements under a divorce decree ever made. Attorney Sullivan stated that Mrs. Kendall will receive $100,000 a year alimony, $1,000,000 in cash, the property at 520 Park Avenue, with contents of the residence, estimated by the lawyer at $1,500,000, and the Bar Harbor property, Sonogee, which he estimated at $2,000,000.

Mrs. Kendall, who is the daughter of ex-Governor Valentine of Idaho, married the broker twenty years ago, when she was 20 years of age and he was 30. The couple are still on friendly terms, the attorney said.

BRONX COUNTY COURT.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Tierney, J.—No day calendar.
SPECIAL TERM—Tierney, J.
Central Union Trust Co<Setzer.
Gleitsman<Rosen.
McMahon<Jacobsen.
Re Maisel.
Hyland<Hyland.
Serwer<Serwer.
Knapp<Cannon Place Const Co.
Hyland<Hyland.
Serwer<Serwer.
Gyory<Oetjen.
Fisher<Zimmer.
Brand<Silver.
Stucky<Stucky.
SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Tierney, J.—No day calendar.
TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Hendricks, J.
No day calendar.
PART II.—Tierney, J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.
PART III.—McAvoy, J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business.
TRIAL TERM—Schulz, S.—No day calendar.

County Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Gibbs, J.
No day calendar.
TRIAL TERM—Gibbs, J.—No day calendar.

Referee Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Tierney, J.—Broadway Savings Inst.<Cohn—Charles M. O'Keeffe.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department—Recess.
APPELLATE TERM—Second Department—Recess.
SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Kapper, J.—At 10 A. M.
Hahn<Hines.
Yelin<McAdoo.
Lapp<Suwasset Rty & D Co.
Verity<Baldwin Har Rty Co.
Glaser<Glaser.
Del Gaudio<Giancontieri.
Kaplan<Kaplan.
Fischer, I<Habacker.
Fischer, M W<same.
Reiss<Rose.
Re Josepher.
Re Peppard.
Re Martin.
Re Bolowitz.
Kraus<Kraus.
Frear<Lewis.
Poole<Poole.
Irwin<Riegelman.
Chelsea Rty Co<Thompson.
Sherman<O'Connor.
Cramb<Cramb.
Dalv<Daly.
Re West 19th St.
Re Prospect Place.
PART II.—Kelby, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.
SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—No day calendar.
TRIAL TERM—No day calendar.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Wingate, S.—No day calendar.

QUEENS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Cropsey, J.—At 9 A. M.—Naturalization proceedings. No day calendar.
Highest number reached on the general calendar is 3715.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY COURT.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Platt, J. For the hearing of motions only today.
Trial Term calendar will be called in Part I next Monday.

Surrogate's Court.

AT WHITE PLAINS—Slater, S.
Wills for probate:
James S Merritt.
Benjamin Collins.
Compulsory acc't's:
James A Hayden.
John J Barthel.
Caroline L Carpenter.
Executor's acc't's:
Clara F Hitchcock.
The following matters will be adjourned because of failure to file proofs of service under Rule 11.:
Re probate:
Adam Fisher.
Ellen Meeker.
Deidamia.

COURT CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(v) This character means "versus or against."

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—Richard M. Page of New York City was admitted to practice.

967—F. J. MacLeod and E. E. Stone, constituting the P. S. Com. of Mass., pets., v. New England Telephone & Telegraph Co.; and 967—Dakota Central Telephone Co., et al., plaintiffs, v. the State of South Dakota ex rel. B. S. Payne, Attorney General, et al. —Leave granted to Attorney General of Ohio to file brief herein as amicus curiae.

368—Capital Trust Co., adr., &c., plain., v. C. C. Calhoun.—Passed temporarily.

379—St. Louis, Iron Mtn. & South. Ry. Co., plain., v. D. Williams and L. Williams.—Continued.

384—T. J. Evans, sole surviving receiver, &c., pet., v. National Bank of Savannah.—Continued.

386—South Coast Steamship Co., pet., v. J. C. Rudbach.—Continued.

386—R. E. O'Brien, et al., plains., v. the P. S. Com. of the First District of New York State, &c.—Continued.

389—W. F. Hays, aplt., v. Port of Seattle, the State of Washington, et al.—Continued.

390—St. Louis, Iron Mtn. & South. Ry. Co., aplt., v. the U. S.—Passed.

391—R. P. Ervien, Commissioner of Public Lands of the State of New Mexico, aplt., v. the U. S. of America.—Continued.

Original—In the matter of Mecanno, Ltd., pet.—Motion for leave to file a petition for writ of mandamus or a writ of prohibition submitted for petitioner.

381—The Portsmouth Harbor Land & Hotel Co., et al., aplts., v. the U. S.—Argued.

382 and 383—Southern Pacific Co., plaintiff, v. J. V. Terry.—Argued for plaintiff and submitted for deft.

Adjourned until tomorrow.

Call for May 3: Nos. 368, 395, 396, 397, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, and 405.

Southern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Hough, J.—Room 3, 12th floor, Woolworth Building, at 11 A. M. Admiralty.

Dittmar<Stewart.
Vasconcellos<SS Sarala.
Roberts<Tug W B Peltier.
Rosenblum<Phoenix Ins Co.
Same<Royal Ex Ins.
Same<Western Ins.
Lees Lighters<Moskowitz.
Central Transp<Berner & Co.
Boston Prov Co<S S Guyane.
Acit, &c., Tricolor<Barge Class D L V RR<Liverpool, L, G Ins Co.
King & Co<Tug G M Sorrell.
Cent Un Stock Yds<Moran T & T Co.

DISTRICT COURT—A. N. Hand, J.—Room 235, Post Office Building, at 10 A. M.

Motion calendar. Noticed motions.

Castriotis<Phoenix.
Delasco<Megrue.
Jameson<Tug C K Stone.
Con Gas Co<Newton.
Protective Amuse Co<Pathe.
Kuhuhold<Deutsch-Australische.
Barth<Lambert.
Red Star<C RR of NJ
Clausen-Flanagan<McElligott.
Skibs<Aktus Clyde<Sorenson.
Marx<Woods.
Bartley<NY Dock Rys
Nat Ice & Coal Co<Nicsick & Niesick.
Klein<Stork, (2.)
Leyland<SS Norman Bridge.
Burnhauser<Hines.
Edison<Kuhara.
Globe<Pullman.
Am Ex Nat Bank<Palmer.
Am Steel Co<Steel Prod Export.
Am Surety Co<Am Mills Co.
Donnelly<Garnean.
Murray<US.
Becerra<Raphael.
Mfrs Com Co<Wertham.

Adjourned motions:

R Toole, Henry & Co.
Ultramarine<Cohen.
Same<Pressner.
Squill<Bank of Italy.
Szary<Erle.
Henry<Elmendorf.
Fawn<Schiffer.
Hoffman<McElligott.
Everard<Everard's Breweries.
Re Ritchie.
Simons, Shuttleworth & French<SS Asnarca.
Camp<same.
Boyce<Gaus.
Cox<Remington.
Compania<Berner.
Christiansand<Am Coal Export Co.
Becha<same.
Steinfeld<Moore.
Dampskibe<Blake.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—Room 323, Post Office Building, at 10:30 A. M.

Gen Asbestile<Gen Insulat Co—Gen. trial.)

DISTRICT COURT—Garvin, J.—Room 312, Post Office Building. Criminal calendar at 10 A. M.

USCP McManus, (for 10:30 A. M.: pleading.)
Samuel A Bouden, (for sentence.)
Quennard<Bausch Mfg Co. (for call.)

Bankruptcy calendar at 2 P. M.:

Discharges:
Charles and Millie H Tilp.
Frede Gottschadt.
H C G Schwarz.
Richard Otto.
L A O'Brien.

Composition:
John Ahern.

Motions:
Abraham Weinstock.
Max Lacher.
Domenico Manzolino.
Nelson Co, Inc.
Wheatfen<Cargo of Pickles

STATE.

Court of Appeals.

Burke<Union Pac RR.
Walker Const Co<D & H Co.
Moraman et al<Black et al.

Court recesses today until May 19.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Clarke, P. J.; Laughlin, Dowling, Page, and Merrell, JJ.—At 10 A. M. Motions.

Bigio<Sahdala & Son.
Carroll<Clarke.
Ellis<NY Rys.
Rogers<Nota.
Solomon<Union Sav Bank.
La Sage<Perpail.
Bernstein<Bernstein et al.
Hugot<Gaffney.
Blake<Mattean.
Metal Shelter Co<Fosdick.
Cairns<Bassick.
Hudson<Worth Film.
Stoddard<Stoddard.
Riggi Bros<Irving Nat Bank.
Schaefer<Taylor.
Roth<Friedman Cont.
Henig & Tucker<Palmer.
Bryde<Bryde.
Smith<Jording.
Brown<Leach.
Re Farmers' Loan & T Co<Secor.
Re Curtis.
Re Bronx Pkway Comm.
People ex rel Belt Line Ry<Dowling.
Musgrave<Musgrave (2.)

Non-enumerated motions, at 10:30 A. M.

Feaster<Scheffer.
Grening<Tribune Assn.
Robinson<Ball.
Davis<Tredenick Co.
Cal Packing Corp<Kelly & Co.
Lederer<Thompson Press Co.
Brizze<Lisman.
Mutual Thread<Oriental Textile Mfg. Inc.
Re Bayton (Miller-Spiro.)
Leaher<Mfg Jewelers Exper Co.
Lewy<Levy.
Emar Amuse Co<Corner Amuse Co.
Bryde<Bryde.

APPELLATE TERM—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Weeks, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Litigated motions.

Union Dime Sav Bk<Forehew.
Martin<Gaffney.
Arnold<Arnold.
Re Hines.
Equit Export Co<Lucas Laboratories, Inc
Weininger<Usona Const Co.
Re Kling, (N Y Telephone Co.)
Re same, (Empire Architectural Iron Works, Inc.)
Re same, (Waldo.)
Re Salkin, (Murphy Lumber Co.)
Re same, (Rothberg<King.)
Re same, (Williams.)
Re same, (Richmond Radiator Co.)
Bazzo<Hutchinson.
Hemmerdinger & Son<Winton Heyter Co.)
Scharf<Weir.
Fowler<Alvarez.
Altmark<Shapiro.
Met Savings Bank<Salatino.
Re Leopold. (Wait.)
Randolph<Roope.
Cruger<Empire Trust Co.
Steinhal<Steinhal.
Brand<Haber.
Ryder<Lincoln Trust Co. (2.)
Futterfass<Krug, (2.)
Selter<Selter.
Lawyers Mortgage Co<Solomon.
White Tar Antline Co<Sunbeam Chem Co.
Re CNY. (East Bay Land Co.)
Francis-Asbury-Palmer Co Fund<Casazza, (2.)
Friedrich<Comstock Co.
Coyne<Picker Bros. Inc.
Wistar<Wistar.
Di Paoli<NY Rys Co.
Banking<Baskind.
Hopkins<Meinhard.
Hymes<Drexel, Jr.
Ishie<Norton Co.
Christ<Warfield.
Gleason<Kerrigan.

PART II.—Mullan, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Ex parte business.

PART III.—Bijur, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Motions.

Bernheimer & Sz P B Co<Frelle.
Phoenix<Peterson.
Bromberger<Sun News Pub Co.
Battaglia<Battaglia.
Dickson<Castelli.
Nimick<Nimick.
Lardizabal<Valentine
Kelley<Kelley.

Preferred cause:

Paterno<Paterno.

Undefended divorces:

Cambi<Campi.
Van Camp<Van Camp Lesser<Lesser.
Oppenheim<Oppenheim.
Spear<Spear.
Kraft<Kraft.
Silverman<Silverman
Van Damm<Van Damm.
Wilson<Wilson.
Hill<Hill.
Alonzo<Alonso.
Burgauer<Burgauer.

General calendar: Ferley<Shubert.

PART IV.—Gavegan, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.
PART V.—Giegerich, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Clear. Case on.
PART VI.—Platzek, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.
PARTS VII. and VIII.—Adjourned for the term.
TRIAL TERMS—Part II.—Greenbaum, J.—At 10 A. M.
Kmetz<De Ronde.
Bernheimer & Schw'ts Pils Brew<Kanye.
Hoffman<Astra Sales Co, Inc.
Nauss<Nauss Bros & Co.
Gilbert<Rosen.
The Farish Co<Fine.
PART III.—Cohalan, J.—At 10 A. M.
Turner<Crystal Film.
McGuire<J A Miller Garage.
Cullam<Greenbaum.
Pescopogano<N Y Rys.
Pfeiffer<5th Av Coach
Healy<Hallenbeck & H Rty Corp.
Dunban<Garty.
Blumenthal<NY Hippodrome Corp.
Brady<CNY.
M. Leonard<Hencken.
J. Leonard<same.
Leopold<NY Times.
Orlando<Steiner.
Morgets<Klein's Bklyn Express, Inc.
B Morgets<same.
CNY<Cons Gas Co.
Cronsohn<Susquehanna Silk Mills.
Schneider<Feigenbaum.
Goldfarb<Labge.
Dugan<CNY.
Smith<Siegel.
Neiss<Bloomingdale.
Costa<Zeloff.
Gutman<Ablowitz.
Tagliamonti<Leefkovies.
Stern<Leighton.
Lucas<Int R T.
O'Connor<Brady.
Brooks<Fox, Lederer & Co.
Nugent<Bush Term Bldg.
Turner<Wanamaker.
E Solowitch<Rothschild.
L. Solowitch<same.
Cohen<5,153 Maiden Lane, Inc.
Wisely<Strauss.
Berras<Keane.
Jansen<Fifth St Ry.
Levitan<CNY.
Elliott<Degnon Cont.
Burgess<Bishop.
Dhra<Mullman.
Herrman<Wendell & Evans.
Mutnick<Vogel.
Votaw<Farrell.
Nylander<NY, NH & H RR.

PART IV.—Newburger, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on—Rafalovich<E B Leaf Co. No day calendar.

TRIAL TERM—Causes assigned from the day calendar to the various parts for trial.

PART III.—Cohalan, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART IV.—Lydon, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART V.—Wagner, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VI.—McAvoy, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART VII.—Dugro, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VIII.—Devendorf, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART IX.—Ford, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART X.—Pendleton, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XI.—Mitchell, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART XII.—Hotchkiss, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART XIII.—Adjourned for the term.
PART XIV.—Newburger, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XV.—Lehman, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XVI.—Newburger, J.—At 10 A. M. No day calendar.
PART XVII.—Erlanger, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XVIII.—Donnelly, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Fowler, S.—At 10:30 A. M.

Motion calendar:

Julius L Rosenblum.
Winthrop V Taylor.
Jacob Lorillard.
Harold L Colton.
Carlo Salvatore.
John T Zieger.
James P Coquaide.
Joseph Ajello.
William A Hoe.
Nancy O'Shea.
Beatrice Trojan.
Joseph Marek.
Robert Van.
Oscar L Smith.
Richard S Huxhan.
Mary Lee.
Anna Lee.
Ann E P Allin.
Gassman infants.
Virginia P Bacon.
Robert Roth.
Joseph Neubert.
Margaret P Humphrey
Anna M Wolf.
Joseph Walsh, infant.
Jacob Lorillard.
Carl Bernheimer.
Penchas Goldenberg.
Samuel Perling.
Jonathan Hamliton.
William F Sergeant.
Julia Coleman.
Nathan F Strauss.
Adam Boecher.
Milton L Schwartz.
Sarah J McKay.
Joseph Ajello.
Frank Gross.

TRIAL TERM—Cohalan, S. No day calendar.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—O'Dwyer, C. J.—At 10 A. M.—Motions.

Howlett & Hochmeyer Co<The Schulman Co.
Block-Costume<Dreyfuss, Inc.
Travers<Gross.
Hagenmeyer<Reading Co<Partola Mfg Co.
Rawson<Schechter.
Baxter<Bodine.
Scheenfeld<Hoeiger.
Breitung<Unger.
Frankfort<Lutrell.
Millis<Bleiden Paper Co.
Surpless<King.
Eckenroth & Son<King.
Murphy Lumber Co<same.

SPECIAL TERM—Part II.—Smith, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.

TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Walsh, J.—At 9:45 A. M.

Ins Co of N Am<Cook
Pieree<Donnelly.
Cohen<Lederman.
Cumming<Kelly.
Gass<Logue Co.
Nichols<McGoldrick.
Epstein<Int R T.
Blumenthal<Vogel.
Gordon<Kastein.
Besanee Dress Co<Progressive Dress Co.
Borough Paper Co<Progressive Paper Products Co.
Trotzky<Leggett.
Lafferty Rys.
Forman<Belt Line Ry.

SHORT CAUSE CALENDAR—Cases will be sent to Trial Term, Part II., for trial.

Silverman<Benenson Rty Co.
Am Central Ins Co<Murray. Clear.

PART III.—Allen, J.—At 10 A. M.—Commercial calendar.

Morgan<Hartog.
Paterno Bros<Benedetto.
Greenstein<Levine.
Bloom<Finkelstein.
Fox<Hill.
Star Leal, &c. Co<Rothman.
Myers<Silverstein.
Prosperity Co<Ferber.
Arnow<same.
Fein<same.
Mayer<Rubinger.
Esayee Co of China<D Nagase & Co.
Lebenson<Appelbaum.
Wolff<Pelham Park & City Island Ry. (2.)
Cooke<Creveling.
Carpenter and Builder, Inc<Beuer.
Kaarre<Campbell.
Twomey<3d Av RR.
Lundberg<Kahn.
Friedman<Gen Baking Co.
Aikana<N Y Rys.
Reynolds & Co<Strauss.
Zevitz<Md Cas Co.
Mendelson<Jacobson.
J G Leasing Co<Keller
Humphreys Co<Crowley Co.
Brooks<Rozette.
De Hart<Thurston.
Galligan & Co<Weiss.
Hall<Davis.

The following cases will be passed for the day:

Marksamer<Great Eastern Cas Co.
Tishman<Claumor Mfg. Co.
Decker<House and Home Co.
Met Bank<Adams & Grace Co.
Hartley<Mailto.
Oswald<Herschmann.
Salmowitz<Globus.
Goodrich<Berge.
Van Arsdale<Banesograph Co.

If answered ready, will be passed for the day:

Miller's Brass Fitting Co<Liberty Asroil Burner, Inc.
Heller Bros<Adler.
Brodsky<Stamilello.
Breakstone Brothers<Shinofsky.
Rehr<Rehr.
Thorman, Muller & Nussbaum<Alexander.
Isaacson<J. L. Blum Co.
Case on.

PART II.—Valente, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART IV.—La Petra, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART V.—Zeller, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VI.—Finelite, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART VII.—Meyer, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VIII.—Schmuck, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Mullan, J.—Montgomery<Parkerton—Abraham Oberstein. Re Auberi—Philip J. McCook.
SUPREME COURT—Finch, J.—Friedman<Friedman—Charles K. Beekman.
SUPREME COURT—Greenbaum, J.—N. Y. Title and Mortgage Co.<White—Stanley M. Isaacs.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Mullan, J.—Abraham Davis<Urika Realty Corp.—Samuel W. Levine.
SUPREME COURT—Finch, J.—Pauline Sperow<J. Lyman Hawes—William B. Walt.

REAL ESTATE FIELD

In the largest real estate deal which has occurred in the Bronx in several years, Alfred E. Marling and Judge Walter C. Noyes, receivers of the American Real Estate Company, yesterday sold to the Bedford Holding Corporation, through Leitner, Brener & Starr, properties valued at $1,500,000. The transaction involves five elevator apartment houses and approximately five square blocks, the latter acquired a few years ago from the Astor estate in a deal for the five-story Areco building at the northwest corner of Melrose and Third Avenues and 149th Street.

The improved property comprises the five and six story structures known as Areco Court and Hollywood Court, and covering the block front on the south side of Westchester Avenue, between Simpson Street and Southern Boulevard, and part of the blocks on the west side of Southern Boulevard and the east side of Simpson Street. The property has a frontage of 243 feet on Southern Boulevard, 261 feet on Westchester Avenue, and 28 feet on simpson Street, with a rear line extending from Simpson Street to Southern Boulevard.

The Areco Court group is composed of three buildings and the Hollywood consists of two houses. Together they cover approximately sixteen city lots, and are held at $1,000,000, with an annual rent roll of about $125,000.

The vacant property taken by the Bedford Holding Corporation contains 120 lots, located on the Grand Boulevard and Concourse, Jerome, Walton, Wythe, and Townsend Avenues, and 170th, 171st, and 172d Streets. It embraces about five square blocks and was held at $500,000. The new owners plan to subdivide the tract, sell it off to builders, and finance the operations.

In the present transaction Cadwalader, Wickersham & Taft, attorneys, represented the receivers, and Kendall & Herzog acted for the Bedford Holding Corporation.

Sheak Buys Eleven Heights Apartments.

Joseph Shenk purchased yesterday eleven Heights apartment buildings, valued at $825,000, which he has controlled under lease for the last eight years. The buildings are at 602 to 614 West 135th Street, six five-story structures, on a plot 224 by 100, and 609 to 619 West 135th Street, directly opposite, five five-story structures, on a plot 205 by 100, between Broadway and Riverside Drive. They house 220 families, who pay a gross yearly rental of $90,000. J. A. Ulanov negotiated the transaction. Rosenthal & Grotta were the sellers.

Sells Valuable Residence.

Hugh K. Prichitt bought from Mrs. James M. Duane, through Douglas Gibbons & Co., her five-story American basement residence, on lot 20 by 100.5, held at $130,000, at 109 East Sixty-fifth Street, between Park and Lexington Avenues.

Downtown Sales.

The plot, 92 by 103, now partly covered by old four-story buildings some of which are leased to the Chatham and Phenix National Bank, at 350 to 356 West Fourteenth Street, the southeast corner of Hudson Street, was sold to the 395 Canal Street Corporation for eventual improvement. Camman, Voorhees & Floyd, associated with the Duross Company, negotiated the sale.

Norman S. Riesenfeld resold to Young, Corley & Dolan, Inc., dealers in machinery supplies and tools, the five-story business building at 28 and 30 West Broadway, running through to 66 Park Place, with a frontage of forty-six feet on West Broadway, twenty-five feet on Park Place, and a depth of eighty-six feet, through Joseph P. Day. The seller bought the property, which is assessed at $90,000, from the Mitchell, Woodbury Company, a few weeks ago As part of the transaction Mr. Riesenfeld took over the lease on the space at 115 Broadway occupied by Young, Corley & Dolan, Inc., which he sold at once to the American Relief Association for its offices.

Andrew J. Bastine bought through Bastine & Co., the five-story building on lot 25 by 100 at 23 West Twenty-fourth Street. The buyer is the owner of 19 and 21 West Twenty-fourth Street.

The five-story loft building, on lot 25 by 98.9, at 128 West Twenty-sixth Street, was sold by the Land Estates, Inc., in association with the New York Title and Mortgage Company.

Brown Resells Loft Building.

Frederick Brown has resold to M. Robinson, 45 Crosby Street, a seven-story loft building, on a plot 50 by 100, held at $90,000, and purchased by the seller recently from the H. Liebknecht Company. In part payment Mr. Brown took the Robinson place at Centreport, L. I., consisting of two acres of land, a fifteen-room residence and garage, overlooking Centreport harbor, and having 300 feet water frontage. William H. Winters was the broker.

Private Dwellings.

William B. Thom sold the dwelling, on lot 25 by 100, held at $100,000, at 269 West Seventy-second Street, to Catherine F. Smith, owner of the adjoining house, 267, who will alter both houses into small suites. M. H. Tropauer negotiated the sale.

The three-story and basement brick dwelling on lot 16 by 100 at 250 East Sixty-first Street was sold by Land Estates, Inc., in association with the New York Title and Mortgage Company.

C. Grayson Martin bought the four-story and basement dwelling at 539 Madison Avenue, on lot 25 by 100, from the 539 Madison Avenue Company through Pease & Elliman.

Susan E. Laytin sold the three-story dwelling, 16 by 68.3, at 43 West 105th Street, to a client of Charles S. Kohler for occupancy.

A. J. Farmer sold the three-story and basement dwelling at 165 West Seventy-sixth Street to a client of Slawson & Hobbs for occupancy.

Warren Delano has resold the five-story residence at 46 East Sixty-fifth Street, purchased last week from Eleanor Blodgett.

Otto Stahl bought for occupancy from David Werdenschlag the three-story and basement dwelling at 303 West 103d Street, on lot 20 by 100, between West End Avenue and Riverside Drive. Jerome A. Kohn, attorney, represented Mr. Stahl and Elfers & Abberley acted for the seller.

Old Hotel Sold.

The old Compton Hotel, subsequently known as the Cumberland and the Victor Hotel, at the northeast corner of Twenty-fourth Street and Third Avenue, was sold by Werfelman Brothers to the J. M. Horton Ice Cream Company through Julius Kline. Myron Sulzberger, attorney, represented the sellers and Frederick L. Durland acted for the purchaser. The property is adjacent to the plant of the Horton Company.

Forty-eighth Street Sale.

The two five-story apartment houses, on a plot 38 by 102.2, at 11 and 11½ West Eighty-fourth Street, have been sold by John W. Diestel. The buildings, which are between Central Park West and Columbus Avenue, were bought by an investor.

Abramson Buys in Dyckman Section.

Joseph G. Abramson bought the five-story apartment, held at $78,000 and renting for over $12,000, at 974 Academy Street, adjoining the corner of Broadway, from Henry W. Gennerich through Byrne & Bowman. A. & H. Bloch represented the seller.

Heights Sale.

Clara Mulcahey sold a three-story and basement three-family dwelling at 523 West 178d Street to a client of J. Nasanowitz through the H. M. Weill Company.

Large Block of Riverdale Lots Sold.

The Newton Land Association sold over 100 lots in the Riverdale section of the Bronx to the Riverdale Country School through Joseph P. Day. Title was taken in the office of William A. White & Sons through Sprague Terry, one of the Directors of the school. The purchase completes the acquisition of fourteen acres near Broadway at 232nd Street, opposite Van Cortlandt Park. It is not planned to develop the property immediately, but eventually school buildings will be erected on it.

The Bronx Market.

E. Sharum bought from Franziska Zeller the five-story apartment house, 40 by 100, held at $40,000, at 858 Elsmere Place, between Southern Boulevard and Marmion Avenue.

The two-family brick dwelling on lot 25 by 100 at 1,221 Gilbert Place in the Hunts Point Section was sold to an investing client of Samuel Cowen.

The Hudwil Corporation, Hudson P. Rose, President, bought from Edith Hyslop the four two-family frame dwellings at 2,064 and 2,070 Mapes Avenue.

Daniel H. Jackson bought from A. L. and J. J. Newman of New Haven, Conn., the six-story apartment house with stores, on lot 37.6 by 100, at 606 and 608 East 138th Street, through Mortimer H. Hess.

E. W. Schauffler sold to R. Berbert the dwelling on lot 34 by 98 at 2,862 Marion Avenue through Allen Allen Allen.

The Benenson Realty Company has bought from a client of Richard H. Scoble the northwest corner of Southern Boulevard and Fairmount Place, a six-story new-law apartment house, on plot 50 by 127. It contains thirty apartments and four stores and rents for about $14,000 annually. The Benenson Realty Company has resold the property to J. Lieberman for investment.

Brooklyn.

The Artes Realty Corporation sold the two one-family semi-detached houses at 1,835 and 1,841 Sixty-second Street, Mapleton Park, to Joseph Spedal and Joseph Laplac, respectively. Realty Trust, William C. Demorest President, negotiated the sales.

Meister Builders, Inc., sold the four two-family brick houses, each on plot 20 by 100, at 913, 915, 929, and 933 Sixtieth Street, to four clients for occupancy.

Janey Bullard sold the three-story brick store property, on plot 20 by 80, at the southeast corner of East Twelfth Street and Avenue J, Flatbush, to an investing client of Samuel Galitzka. The same broker sold for Frederick W. Starr the two-story two-family house, on plot 30 by 100, at 886 East Tenth Street, and for William Doshin the two-story brick two-family house at 1,011 East Twelfth Street.

C. Shapiro & Co. sold the six-story apartment house, on lot 18 by 70, at 180 and 182 New Grand Extension, to a client of Joseph Metzger.

Joseph L. Weinert sold the three-story and basement brownstone one-family dwelling at 411 Sixth Street, to Annie Hayes for occupancy, through F. C. Sauter.

Marion G. Donaghey sold her brick and stone residence at 178 Midwood Street to Allison H. Baer, through Charles Partridge.

Jerome Rikor of Riker & Sanders sold for the G. & M. Improvement Company four apartment buildings, comprising the block front east side of Fourth Avenue, 57th and 58th Streets, Bay Ridge, 200 by 100, to L. Dickstein and H. Blinimowich. The block was improved about five years ago and was held at $200,000.

Queens Borough Sales.

The Long Island Bond and Mortgage Company sold the two-and-one-half-story dwelling, on lot 25 by 100, at 99 Remington Avenue, near Jerome Avenue, Jamaica, to an investing client of the Bulkley & Horton Company.

S. Schildkra

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

BANK ST, n s, 75 ft east of 4th St, 23x100; Nettie R. Lasell and another to Stuyvesant Wainwright, 3 Sheridan Sq; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Bdway...$100

BEDFORD ST, e s, 40 ft s of Downing St, 18.9x75.1; Citizens Savings Bank to Angelo Muzante, 84 Bedford St, and another, h. and s., April 17; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway.....$8,750

CATHEDRAL PARKWAY, 21-27, n s, 500 ft e Lenox Av., 66.8x100; Rosefi Realty Corp. to Berlin Realty Corp., 50 East 115th St, mtg. $91,000, all liens, April 30; attorney, E. A. Deutschman, 44 Court St., Brooklyn $100

CATHEDRAL PARKWAY, 9-11, n s, 66.8x100; same to Rene Realty Corp., 302 Broadway, mtg $63,000, all liens; attorney, Samuel S. Hogan, 302 Broadway.....$100

CATHEDRAL PARKWAY, 15-19, n s, 66.8x100, same to Public Square Realty Co, 320 Broadway, mtg, $91,000, all liens, April 30; attorney, Jacob H. Berman, 346 Bway...$100

LEWIS ST, 128, e s corner of Houston St, (469-71 East,) runs e 70x s 25x w 70x n 75 to beginning; Ignatz Bleich to Max and Mildred Bleich, 410 East 52d St, ¼ part, all title, quitclaim, April 28; attorney, Max Klein, 350 Broadway.....$1

MADISON AV, 1,331-7, s e corner 94th St, 100.8x95; Manufacturers' Trust Co. (West Side Bank) of Brooklyn to Imperator Realty Co., 170 Broadway, mtg $150,000, all liens, April 10; attorneys, Herman & Ernst, 170 Broadway $100

MADISON AV, n e corner 97th St, 100.11x100; S. A. Arnstein to Joseph B. Bender Co., 20 Lenox Av; mtgs $178,000, all liens, April 30; attorney, Abr ᵐ Wilkes, 63 Park Row $100

NORTHERN AV, 50, n w c 179th St, 100x75; Joseph Schwartz to Jesse W. Spiro, 402 Washington St, Hoboken, mtg. $99,000, all liens, April 22; attorneys, Lawyers Title & Trust Co., 160 Broadway $100

PIKE ST, 50, w s, 27x85.11; William H. Hind to Samuel I. Gordon, 331 West 27th St, b. and s., c. a. g., all liens, April 30; attorneys, De Witt, L. & De W., 88 Nassau St $100

ST. NICHOLAS AV, 1,364 to 1,370, e s, 100x100; Norbert Holding Co. to H. W. Cohn, 50 Union Square, mtg $141,000, April 30; attorneys, A. & H. Bloch, 93 Nassau St $100

WILLIAM ST, n w c Stone St, 52.7x94.7x irreg; Hanover Square Realty Co. to One and Three South William St. Building Corp., 3 South William St, b. and s., all liens, April 21; attorneys, Cadwalader, W. & T., 40 Wall St $1

3D AV, 1,761, e s, 50.9 ft s of 98th St, 25x75.9, (foreclosure March 26, 1919;) Leslie J. Tompkins, ref to Kath. Rainsford, Rye, N. Y., April 25; attorneys, Speir & B., 52 Wall St $10,000

4TH AV, 242-50, s w corner of 20th St, 87x100x irregular; Harry H. Martin to Fourth Avenue Associates, 640 Broadway, mtg $600,000, all liens, April 29; attorneys, Lachman & G., 55 Nassau St $100

5TH AV, n e corner of 9th St, 52.8x100; 5th Av, e s, 52.8 ft n of 9th St, 26.4x100; 5th Av, 27, e s, 79.1 ft s of 10th St, 125x26.4x irregular; Oak Point Corp. to Terrain Realty Co., 206 Broadway, mtg $150,000, all liens; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $1

SAME PROPERTY; Terrain Realty Co. to Oak Point Corp., 206 Broadway; mtg $145,000, all liens, April 29; attorney, same $1

7TH AV, n e corner 117th St, 41x100; Agra Holding Co. to E. R. A. Realty Co., 135 Broadway, mtg $60,000, all liens, April 30; attorneys, Goldsmith & R., 1,476 Broadway $1

7TH AV, 331, e s, 49.4 ft s of 29th St, 24.4x98.10; Ellen P. Manning and another to Albert Herskovitz, 590 West End Av, mtg $28,000, all liens, April 30; attorney, Fred Lese, 35 Nassau St $100

7TH AV, 329, e s, 73.9 ft s of 29th St, 25x98.10; Luna Britt to Arthur D. Cahn, 302 West 123d St, April 30; attorney, same..$100

SAME PROPERTY; Arthur D. Cahn to Albert Herskovitz, 590 West End Av, mtg $25,000, all liens, April 30; attorney, same, $100

7TH AV, 2,308-10, w s, 25 ft. s of 136th St, 74.11x100; Morris Florea to Minnie Tolleris, 276 Throop Av, Brooklyn; correction deed, all liens, April 30; attorneys, Gettner, S. & J., 299 Broadway $1

SAME PROPERTY; Carrie Ablowitz and Renaw Realty Co., 63 West 140th St, mtg $70,000, April 30; attorneys, same.....$100

7TH AV, e s, 25 ft s of 38th St, 49.4x10; G. F. Salzman to Providential Realty and Investing Co., 233 Broadway, mtg $54,000, May 28, 1918; attorney, same.....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Providential R. & I. Co. to Albert Herskovitz, 590 West End Av, mtg $54,000, all liens, April 30; attorney, same $100

7TH AV, 327, e s, 74 ft n of 28th St, 24.8x99.9; Otto C. Sommerich, referee, to Albert Herskovitz, 590 West End Av, parties to sale, Feb. 19; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$33,600

7TH AV, e s, 49.11 ft s of 206th St, 50x100; Jas. Chittick to Frank W. Blauvelt, 460 West 153d St, b. and s.; attorney, J. Foody, jr., 2 Rector St $1

10TH ST, 213 East, n s, 25x94.10; Ignatz Bleich to Helen Bleich, 410 East 52d St, ¼ part, all title, quitclaim, April 28; attorney, Max Klein, 350 Broadway $1

10TH ST, 109-113 East, n s, 63.6x94.6; Frances S. Roesch, individually, extrx., &c., to the rector, &c., of St. Mark's in the Bouwerie, 2d Av. and 10th St, mtg $45,000, all liens, April 30; attorney, J. P. Berz, 299 Broadway $57,250

11TH ST, 631 East, n s, 37.6x100.3; Margaret M. Roeth, et al, to Nathan Block, 16 W. 109th St, mtg. $21,500, all liens, April 30; attorney, Max Silverstein, 309 Broadway $100

12TH ST, 711 East, n s, 25x100; John H. Miller to Central Sav. Bank, 157 4th Av, all liens, April 30; attorneys, Amend & A., 119 Nassau St $1

23D ST, w s, 215 ft w of 3d Av, 20x98.9; Geo. W. Fanning et al. to Aldrin Salter, 2,235 Sedgwick Av, a. t. b. and s., all liens, April 24; attorneys, Salter & Steinkamp, 140 Nassau St $1

24TH ST, 20 West, n s, 25x98.9; Harriet I. H., wife of Judson B. Brainerd, to A. J. Bastine, 128 Primrose Av, Mount Vernon, N. Y., mtg $25,000, all liens, April 26; attorneys, Bastine & Co., 112 East 19th St $1

28TH ST, 322 East, s s, 25x98.9; Jas. E. McElroy, admr., to Jas. E. McElroy, individ., 322 East 28th St, ½ part, mtg $8,500, b. and s., c. a. g.; attorney, Jacob R. Hennis, 290 Broadway $2,000

35TH ST, 133 East, n s, 20x74, foreclosure April 2, 1919; Emanuel B. Cohen, referee, to Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway; attorneys, Dean, T. & S., 160 Broadway $20,600

58TH ST, s s, 201 ft w of Lexington Av, 57x100.5; B. F. Curtis to J. H. M. Realty Corp, 204 Front St, mtg, $200,000, all liens, April 30 .....$100

61ST ST, n s, 138.2 ft w of 2d Av, 16.10x100.5; Mary E. Scanlon to Maude S. Jewett, 200 West 57th St, $5,000, all liens, April 30; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $1

61ST ST., 250 East, s s, 16x100.5; Land Estates to John Corcia, 212 East 61st St, mtg $5,000, April 30; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway $100

61ST ST, 20 East, s s, 25x100.5; Hy F. Schwarz, executor, to Harris Parfitte, 1,066 82d St, Brooklyn, mtg $50,000, April 30; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $27,000

SAME PROPERTY, Harris Parfitte to M. Taylor Pyne, jr., Princeton, N. J., mtg $50,000; all liens, b. and s., c. a. g., April 30; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $1

62D ST, 240 EAST, e s, 20x100.5; Marie and William Bertschinger to Langdon H. Roper, 45 East 82d St; mtg $7,500, all liens, April 30; attorney, Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

68TH ST, 38 East, s s, 16x100.5; Thomas S. Bodger to Losel Realty Corp., 154 Grand St., mtg $50,000, Jan 30, 1917; attorney, Albert Handy, 43 Wall St $1

70TH ST, 235 East, n s, 24.9x100.4; Paul C. Caesar and another to the Hudwell Corp., 7 West 45th St, mtg $17,000, all liens, April 30 .....$1

71ST ST, 155 East, n s, 20x100; Francis O. Lloyd to Carolyn W. Morris, 104 East 79th St, mtg $15,000, b. and s., April 30; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

82D ST, 61 West, n s, 19x102.2; West Mercer Corp. to Nathan Tekulsky, Yorktown Heights, N. Y., mtg $12,000; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Bdway..$100

93D ST, s s, 192.8 ft e of 5th Av, 19.6x100.8; Louis Weber to Louis G. Weber, 141 Madison Av, one-third of estate of life by courtesy, mtg, $20,000, a. t., b. and s., all liens, Dec. 23, 1918, attorneys, Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway $1

94TH ST, 17 East, n s, 22x100.8; Charles E. Nauss and another extrs., to Herbert J. Hursberg, Bernardsville, N. J.; April 30; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $44,000

106TH ST, 322 WEST, s s, 38x30.11; Harold V. Story to 58 & 60 Manhattan Av. Corp., 123 West 97th St; mtg $35,000, all liens, April 30; attorneys, Wilson, B. & W., 48 Wall St $1

113TH ST, n s, 375 ft w of 7th Av, 50x100.11; I. F. B. Realty Co. to Jennie Silberberg, 106 West 95th St; quitclaim April 30; attorney, Louis Soll, 291 Broadway.....$1

114TH ST, 326 West, s s, 25x100.11; Edwin Kemp, trustee, to Bertha M. Bentley, 540 West 114th St, mtgs $20,000, all liens, April 30; attorney, Harry B. Finn, 271 Broadway $25,000

117TH ST, 235 East, n s, 25x100.11; Estelle A. Nichols to Frank Porco Realty Co., 111 East 121st St, mtg $12,150, all liens, April 24; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Bdway $100

119TH ST, 152 West, s s, 18x100.11; Margaret M. Smith to Helen Mar Auer, 152 West 119th St, mtg $7,000, April 30; attorneys, Dunn & Daly, 261 Broadway..$100

122ND ST, 208 East, s s, 50x99.11; Lincoln Trust Co. sub. trustee, to William Codington, Newburg, N. Y., one-third part, g. c., April 7; attorney, A. J. Fowler, Newburg, N. Y. .....Court Order

123RD ST, 55 East, n s, 25x99.11; Henry T. Molter to Rose De Canio, 642 Lewis St., Union Hill, N. J., all liens, April 25; attorney, William C. Wolf, 132 Nassau..$100

126TH ST, n s, 251.9 ft w of 7th Av, 40.10x99.11; Becky Meyers, individ., legatee, and extrx., to J. Silberberg, 106 West 95th St., mtg $25,000, April 30; attorney, Louis Soll, 291 Broadway $100

Bronx.

AQUEDUCT AV, e s, 50.3 ft n Buchanan Pl, 25.4x107.11x25x111.9; Lucy C. Robertson to Knut L. Johnson, 2,256 Aqueduct Av.; mtg $6,000, April 30; attorney, K. L. Johnston, 2,256 Aqueduct Av $100

BRYANT AV, 813, w s, 25x95; Sadie Sasso to Jacob Babitz, 134 East 119th St, April 30; attorney, C. Burston, 215 Montague St, Brooklyn $100

BUSSING AV, s s, 50.7 ft w of Ely Av, 25.3x100; Giuseppe Butrico to James V. Deigan, 25 West 98th St, April 23; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $1

CARTER AV, 1,691, w s, 51.6x55.4x37.6x80.1; Anthony Avenue Realty Co. to Hesu Realty Co., 5 Beekman St, mtg $26,000, April 29; attorneys, Price Bros., 271 Broadway.....$1

CATHARINE ST, n w s, being n e 30 ft of Lot 105, Map of South Washingtonville, 30x100; Adelaide A. Walbet to Susy E. Wood, 135 2d Av, Mount Vernon, April 28; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $1

SAME PROPERTY; Harriet E. Bard to same, April 17; attorney, same.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Susy E. Wood to Helen B. McGann, 634 East 239th St, mtg $2,000, April 21; attorney, same.....$100

CHARLOTTE ST, 1,415, w s, 40x100; Israel Margo et al to William K. Child and another, 986 Leggett Av, mtg $25,000, April 28; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $1

CLINTON AV, 1,945, w s, 25x100; Catherine Carroll, widow, Alexander Alexander, 985 Lexington Av, mtg $3,000, April 28; attorney, A. H. Bloch, 29 Nassau St. $100

CROTONA PARK EAST, s e corner Prospect Av, 44x90; Annie Leahy to Solomon Ginsburg, 1,451 Prospect Av, mtg $10,000, April 30; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $1

CROTONA AV, 2,154, e s, 40.9x101.4x35.10x105.1; Hoffman Co. Builders, Inc, to Giuseppe Danza and another, 2,113 Belmont Av, mtg $24,500, April 30; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway, $100

CROTONA AV, 1,801, n w corner, 101.1x84.10x98.2x35; Nathan Sager to David Greenberg, 63 and 65 Perry St; mtg $34,250, April 28; attorney, P. D. Shapiro, 119 Nassau St $100

EAGLE AV, 620, e s, 17.3x100; Grace S. Freer to Mary M. Argersinger, 145 West 121st St, March 20; attorneys, Clocke, K. & R., 391 East 149th St $1

EAGLE AV, w s, 75 ft s of 183d St, 25x100; Eagle Avenue German Baptist Church to Greater New York Corporation of Seventh Day Adventists, 32 Union Square, April 30; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

FOX ST, 1,008-1,040, e s, 50x100; Fox Street Co. to Jos. Bernstein, 1,480 Beaubury Place, mtg $41,650, April 29; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

FINDLAY AV, n e corner of 165th St, 40x100; Gustave Halpern to Morris Halpern, 775 Jennings St, ½ part, April 28; attorney, Morris Halpern, 775 Jennings St $1

FREEMAN ST, w cor of alley 100 ft n of 100x x 60.11x e 36.1x n 5.10x e 63.0 to Av x n 50 to irregular; John Riegelman to Concourse Estates Corp., 135 Broadway; mtg $53,000, and ano., May 1; attorneys, Elman L. & L., 135 Broadway.....$100

FREEMAN ST, same prop.; Concourse Estates Corp. and ano. to Fisher Levine, 110 E. 78th St, mtg $75,000, April 29; attorney, same $1

HOME ST, 981, n s, 99.6x e 15 n 5 x e 90 x s 99.4 to St x w 45.3 to irregular; Jas. C. Gaffney to Isaac Blumberg, 4,602 14th Av, Brooklyn, mtg $33,000, April 29; attorney, A. Horwitz, 41 Park Row $1,000

HORNADAY PLACE, 665, e s, 50x72.10; Charles F. Garrecht to Rebecca Greenwald, 3,525 3d Av, mtg $7,500, April 30; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

JEFFERSON PLACE, e s, 103.7 ft w of Boston Road, 133.4x103x110.4x97.6; Emma A. Oesting to Newat Realty Co., 200 Broadway, mtg $14,000, April 30; attorney, P. D. Shapiro, 119 Nassau St. $100

LOT 169, map of Gleason property; William C. Arnold to Jacob C. Wund, 1,241 Beach Av, April 26; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

LOTS 415 and 416, map of Samson; Catharine Schmidt to Frank Albero, at s e corner of Leland and Randall Avs, Feb. 28; attorney, H. Cracauer, 271 Broadway.....$1

MANOR PLACE, 1896, 1st s, 100x125; August Jacob to Moses M. Levy, 2,001 Morris Av, mtg $7,500, April 29; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

LOT begins 740 ft n of White Plains Rd, 695 ft from Morris Pk Av, 100x25; Tessie Peterson to George A. Sampson, 356 East 152d St, May 1; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

PLIMPTON AV, e s, 332.6 ft s of Bosco bel Av, 56x100; Samuel Denenberg to Denen Realty Co., 5,604 4th Av, Brooklyn, mtg $11,500, April 30; attorney, Denen Realty Co., 5,604 4th Av, Brooklyn.....$100

SHOFFORD AV, n w corner of Barretto St, 50x100; Rose J. Bastone to Caroline Parco, 1,411 Longfellow Av, mtg $1,500, Jan. 29; attorneys, Clocke, H. & R., 391 East 149th St $1

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, 911, w s, 76x105; Max Goldwasser, et al, to Hy Greenspan, 777 West End Av, mtg $65,000, April 18; attorneys, Stern & Greenspan, 309 Broadway $1

SHEIL St, n s, 141.9 ft e 4th Av, 33x105.6; Annie Komissar to Frank Pettinati, 3,642 Barnes Av; mtg., $2,000, April 30; attorney, Frank Pettinati, 3,642 Barnes Av.....$1

TELLER AV, n w corner of 165th St, 33.2x100; Gustave Halpern to Morris Halpern, 775 Jennings St, ½ part, April 28; attorney, Morris Halpern, 775 Jennings St $1

TIFFANY ST, n s, 100 ft e Longwood Av, 40x100; Adolph J. Schaefer to Ralph Levy, 609 East 181st St, mtg $34,000, April 30; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

TIFFANY ST, n w corner of 167th St, 92.11x53.8x101.5x35.1; Hoffman Co. Builders, Inc, to Albert Eckelman, 1,118 Simpson St, mtg $39,000, April 30; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway.....$100

TREMONT AV, s s, 49 ft e 4th Av, map of 54 lots at Tremont; Arrow Holding Corp. to B. Farquhar Curtis, 70 Flower Av, Hastings-on-Hudson, N. Y., mtg $35,500, April 30; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

UNIONPORT ROAD, s w s, lot 26, map G. W. Hunt, 29.2x88.4x99.10x60.3; George McCauslan to Harry Whelan, 490 South Broadway, Yonkers, N. Y., mtg $2,500, April 22; attorney, Harry Whelan, care of H. P. Rose & Co., 7 West 45th.....$100

VYSE AV, 1,307, w s, 20x100; Victor E. Betndel and another to Max Braunstein, 1,207 Vyse Av, mtg $4,000, April 30; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

WASHINGTON AV, w s, 225 ft n of 179th St, 50x145; Gustave Halpern to Morris Halpern, 775 Jennings St, mtg $51,000, April 28; attorney, Morris Halpern, 775 Jennings St $1

WESTCHESTER AV, 1,228, s s, 90x138.5; O. J. Schwarzler Co to Wm. H. Mehlich, Inc., 99 Nassau St, mtg $69,000, April 15; attorneys, A. & H. Bloch, 91 Nassau St.....$100

137TH ST, 626 East, s s, 37.6x100; Anthony Avenue Realty Co. to Gussie Rosen, 1,510 Crotona Park East, April 30; attorney, P. D. Shapiro, 119 Nassau St $100

142D ST, 480 E, s s, 16.8x118x16.8x118.8; Nellie C. Frav to Meta Steizl, 373 E. 142d St, mtg $2,000, April 30; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

UNIONPORT ROAD, s w s, lot 26, map G. W. Hunt, 29.2x88.4x99.10x60.3; George McCauslan to Harry Whelan, 490 South Broadway, Yonkers, N. Y., mtg $2,500, April 22; attorney, Harry Whelan, care of H. P. Rose & Co., 7 West 45th.....$100

VYSE AV, 1,307, w s, 20x100; Victor E. Betndel and another to Max Braunstein, 1,207 Vyse Av, mtg $4,000, April 30; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

WASHINGTON AV, w s, 225 ft n of 179th St, 50x145; Gustave Halpern to Morris Halpern, 775 Jennings St, mtg $51,000, April 28; attorney, Morris Halpern, 775 Jennings St $1

WESTCHESTER AV, 1,228, s s, 90x138.5; O. J. Schwarzler Co to Wm. H. Mehlich, Inc., 99 Nassau St, mtg $69,000, April 15; attorneys, A. & H. Bloch, 91 Nassau St.....$100

137TH ST, 626 East, s s, 37.6x100; Anthony Avenue Realty Co. to Gussie Rosen, 1,510 Crotona Park East, April 30; attorney, P. D. Shapiro, 119 Nassau St $100

142D ST, 480 E, s s, 16.8x118x16.8x118.8; Nellie C. Frav to Meta Steizl, 373 E. 142d St, mtg $2,000, April 30; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

167TH ST, 477 East, n s, 25x112.4; Leonard Collins to William E. Podesta, 114 Waverley Place, mtg $22,000; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

194TH ST, 369 East, n s, 25x94; Aimee F. Noonan to Edw. Hurley, 85 West 181st St, April 15; attorney, N. Y. Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway $100

232D ST, 673 East, n s, 50x114; Harry D. Colsey to Catherine Curran, 2,322 Walton Av, April 30; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

ASSIGNMENTS OF MORTGAGES.

Manhattan.

ALLEN ST, 5, mtg $5,000; Samuel Bonis to Morris Slonick, 103 Stockholm St, Brooklyn; attorneys, Siegel, C. & S., 51 Chambers St $1

AVENUE A, 1,681, mtg $10,000, ½ part; Emily T. Roll to Theo. E. Roll, 79 Bainbridge St, Brooklyn; attorneys, Bauerdorf & Taylor, 111 Broadway $5,000

CANAL ST, 70-72, mtg $55,000; 80th St, 435 East, mtg $45,000; Nassau County Trust Co., sub trustee, to Alfred A. Gardner, 114 East 84th St; attorney, Wilson M. Powell, 7 Wall St; 4 assignments...$20,250

WALL ST, 71, mtg $12,500; Walter Blair to W. Blair & Co., 71 Wall St; attorney, Milton W. Sametz, 271 Broadway.....$1

WILLIAM ST, 68; Title Guarantee and Trust Co. to Dry Dock Savings Institution, 341 Bowery; attorney, Frank M. Tichenor, 38 Park Row $100

1ST AV, 2,043-45; Moncure Burke, gdn, to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $15,000

3D AV, 20 ft e of 107th St; Jas. Roddy and ano, exrs, to Jas. Roddy, individual, 99 Washington Square East; attorneys, Newmark & Miller, 154 Nassau St.....$9,500

10TH AV, 161, mtg $12,000, Dec. 15, 1867; Henry L. Ebsen, sub trustee, to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank; attorney, Edw. J. McGuire, 51 Chambers St.....$9,500

29TH ST, s s, 110 ft w of 2d Av.; The State Bank of Leopold Strand, New York City; attorney, Adolph Kreisberg, 149 Broadway $1

48TH ST, n s, 212.8 ft w of 6th Av, mtg $6,000, a. t.; Kath. F. Reynard to Edward H. MacMahon, 152 West 58th St.; attorney, J. A. Lynch, 51 Chambers St $5,000

77TH ST, s s, 220 ft e of 5th Av; Emanuel L. Heller to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$25,000

91ST ST, 178 East; Theo. Schnell, exr, to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank; attorneys, R. & E. O'German, 51 Chambers St.....$9,000

124TH ST, 507-9 West, mtg $3,750; Anna M. Pelzer to Benenson Realty Co., 509 Willis Av. $100

Bronx.

BURNSIDE AV, 295; Title Guarantee & Trust Co. to N. Y. Investors Corp., 176 Broadway; attorney, Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$5,000

DECATUR AV, n w s, 166.9 ft n e of 205th St, 100x100, and 140 West St, 501 East; Rosa Rosenfeld to Fannie L. Siegelstein, 1,128 Franklin Av, Far Rockaway, N. Y., attorney, B. E. Siegelstein, 99 Nassau St, two assignments $1

FAILE ST, 1,017; Frederick R. Coudert, trustee, to James A. Hopkins, 461 East 159th St, executor; attorneys, Coudert Bros., 2 Rector St $6,250

KELLY ST, w s, 186 ft n of Longwood Av, 40x100; Adrian P. N. Marie Le Roy Baron de la Tournelle, administrator, to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St; attorney, Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St.$24,000

LONGWOOD AV, n e corner Dawson, 50x100; Edw. Hirsh to Bronx Savings Bank, 429 Tremont Av.; attorney, Lawyers' Title & Trust Co., 160 Broadway $48,000

LOT 105, Map No. 1 Olinville; also highway leading from Westchester to Pelham Bridge, s and n adjoining land Martin V. B. Watson, contains five acres; same, wife of John Bussing, jr., to said John Bussing, Jr., 205 East Lincoln Av, Mt. Vernon; attorney, John Bussing, jr., 205 East Lincoln Av, Mt. Vernon $1

MATILDA AV, 4,427; Joseph Maher to Hy. Seebeck, 3,219 Parkside Pl.; attorney, Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway $2,300

RAILROAD AV, w s, 99.6 ft n of 158th St, 26.7x98.10; 115th St, 319 East, s s, 44x100 x irr, 30th St, 22x112.5, Lot 48, map New York Catholic Protectory, and Maclay Av, e s, 175 ft n of St. Peter's Av, 25x28; Amalie Schaaf to Martha Armbruster, 1,417 Crotona Av; attorney, Martha Armbruster, 1,417 Crotona Av, six assignments.....$1

SUBURBAN ST, e s, 35 ft s of Briggs Av, 22x100; Henrietta Jones and another, executors, to Henrietta Jones, 600 West 161st St; attorney, W. G. Smith, 462 East 167th St $2,500

140TH ST, 490 East; Sarah B. Lefeld to Tessie K. Scharps, 46 West 85d St; attorneys, Scharps & S., 32 Broadway..$1,036.85

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

Manhattan.

NASSAU ST, 113, w s, 22x102.6 to Theatre Alley, all; John R. Thompson Co. to Benjamin W. Atwater, from June 1 to April 29, 1934; attorney, Arnold Lichtig, 141 Broadway .....$9,000 and $10,000

3D ST, 341 East, April 3, 5 rooms; A. Gang, agent, and Dora Green, landlord, to Simon L. Fass, 341 3d St, 5 years, from May 1, 1916, 5 years' renewal.....$432

15TH ST, 256 West, east basement store; George Elchler to Rosario Marino, 256 West 15th St, 3 years, from May 1, 1919; attorney, Charles L. Pierce, 89 8th Av.....$264

Bronx.

PROSPECT AV, 873 and 875, double store; Hy. Acker to Samuel Schpiro, 873 and 875 Prospect Av, 5 years, from May 1, 1919; attorney, S. Schpiro, 873 and 873 Prospect Av $2,700

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, 905, store; Herman Stureke to Martin Fener, 905 Southern Boulevard, 4 years, from May 1, 1918; attorneys, Horowitz & H., 299 Broadway $1,800

MECHANIC'S LIEN.

Manhattan.

JOHN ST, 15; McDougall & Potter Co. against John V. Cochcroft, owner and contractor (renewal) $2,736

Bronx.

232D ST, s s, 381 feet e of White Plains Rd, 200x229.6; Lacey Levengood against North Side Investing Co., owners; Jane Cruger, tenant, contractor.....$62.63

SATISFIED MECHANIC'S LIEN.

Manhattan.

96TH ST, 42 West; Goldwasser & Reich against 58 and 60 Manhattan Av. Corp.; Feb. 10, 1919.....$170.75

LIS PENDENS.

125TH ST, s s, 202 ft e of Boulevard, 27x100.11; Cornelia L. Manierre against John F. Nonnenbacher et al., (amended foreclosure of mortgage); attorney, H. Swaim

138TH ST, 352 and 354 West; Hank Realty Co., Inc., against Anna L. Salberg, (specific performance;) attorney, D. W. Kahn.

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BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 39683.—In Bankruptcy.—EASTERN SHORE SHIPBUILDING COMPANY, Bankrupt.

Eastern Shore Shipbuilding Company was duly adjudicated bankrupt on April 21st, 1919. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 68 William Street, City of New York, on May 13th, 1919, at 11 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

PETER B. OLNEY, Referee in Bankruptcy.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

THE PLACE TO LIVE

At Bay 37th St., near Benson Av., 3 minutes' walk from the bay, 5 minutes' ride from the ocean, yet only a half hour from Manhattan; 7-room new stucco dwellings, with garages; open for inspection every day. Take West End subway to Bay Parkway station. THE VAUGHN PROPERTIES CORPORATION. Telephone 5704 Bath Beach.

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Send for particulars of our cozy 7-room Brick Homes; glass and screen inclosed porches; ready to occupy; on Brooklyn subway, 30 minutes from Times Square, 3 minutes from beaches, 5c. fare.

ALCO BUILDING CO., 217 Broadway, N. Y. Barclay 4585.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

NEW 2-FAMILY HOUSE AT ELMHURST

Each house has a driveway for auto, 14 rooms and an alcove room, 3 baths, electricity, gas, parquet floors, steam heat, dumbwaiter; 2 front porches, decorated, connected with sewer; restricted section near subway, 22 Av. elevated and 4 trolley lines; fare 5c; churches, schools, &c.; price $10,800, cash $2,000; balance easy terms.

INCOME FROM RENT PER YEAR, $1,380.
EXPENSES PER YEAR $682.60.

PROFIT PER YEAR, $697.34.

Have other 2-family houses from $5,700 up. Have 1-family houses from $4,800 to $10,800; all have driveways. Open Sundays. George C. Johnston, Real Estate and Builder. Two offices at Elmhurst Avenue, Subway Station and 75 Kingsland Avenue, near Elmhurst Bridge, Elmhurst.

RICHMOND BOROUGH—SALE OR LET.

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In Stapleton, (Concord,) near trolley lines and school, on street with all improvements paid for; a three-story double apartment house; store and five apartments, and two two-story frame buildings. Gross income, $1,548; equity $7,000. J. COSSMANN, 598 Bay St., Stapleton, S. I.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

HOUSES READY

Wide shingle Colonial, 9 rooms, 3 baths $15,750
Quaint stucco, 8 rooms, 2 baths. 16,000
Southern Colonial, 10 rooms, 3 baths 16,900
Brick and stucco, 12 rooms, 3 baths 19,500
Old homestead to remodel..... 25,000

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Send for Booklets.
Gedney Farm Company
Robert E. Farley, Pres.
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Splendid suburban home, plot 130x228, attractively terraced garden, 4 master bedrooms, 2 baths, 3 maids' rooms and bath, 5 fireplaces, 3-car altered stable.

Griffen, Prince & Ripley,
18 East 41st Street.

NEW ROCHELLE FOR SALE

Nine large rooms, stucco, 3 baths, oak floors, hot water heat, all improvements; double garage; 150 feet frontage, all shade, tiled porches; in one of the best North Av. residential sections; in perfect condition; recently built; just offered at $40,000.

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The finest waterproof house in Freeport, L. I., large living room, open fireplace, drawing room, billiard room, kitchen, butler's pantry and one sleeping room on first floor, 5 sleeping rooms on second floor, 2 bathrooms; running water in all rooms; all finished throughout and oak, concrete floors, over 800 sq. ft. of porch, built over the water, all fully screened and furnished complete; everything in the best of condition; worth $30,000; will sell for $13,500 or rent furnished for the season for $1,000. STEPHEN P. PETTIT, Freeport, Long Island, or 110 West 34th St., New York City. Telephone 5082 Greeley.

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Manhasset, L. I., N. Y.

LONG BEACH WEST

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LOCAL OFFICE: SPRING LAKE, N. J.

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APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

AN EXCEPTIONALLY DESIRABLE corner apartment, facing the Drive; 7 rooms and foyer; all outside rooms, attractively furnished, including baby grand piano, Victrola, &c.; rent $200 per month. Apply 227 Riverside Drive, southeast corner 95th St.

APARTMENT SEEKING SIMPLIFIED.—For Spring and Summer bargain opportunities consult Wickliffe Gray, Apartment Specialist, 200 W. 72d, Columbus 3974.

Attractive Apartments. Hotel Conveniences At Apartment Rates. Inspection invited. THE CATHEDRAL PLAZA, 100 CATHEDRAL PARKWAY, 110th St., between Amsterdam & Columbus Av. Fully furnished Apartment rented monthly. 2 Rooms with kitchenette & bath from $50 up. 3 Rooms with kitchenette & bath from $70 up. Telephone Academy 613 for further information. Linen and maid service if desired. Two blocks east of Broadway Subway; near 8th and 9th Av. "L." Reference essential.

BEAUTIFUL 5-ROOM APARTMENT. Reasonable to right party; immediate possession. McDowell & McMahon, phone 8910 Cor. Nicholas.

BEAUTIFUL 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette, in dentist's residence, London Terrace; electricity, steam heat; unusually desirable; $75. Chelsea 3941.

BROADWAY, (corner,) vicinity 72d St.—Seven large, light rooms; well furnished; grand piano, Victrola; $150 per month. For appointment telephone Bryant 7720. Extension 807.

BROADWAY, (85th St.)—Corner apartment, 7 rooms, May to October or longer; references; seen by appointment. Schuyler 7654.

BROADWAY, 3,089, (122d.) — Buckingham Apartment, 3-4 beautifully furnished rooms; $65-$75.

CAPITOL. 107 West 109th. Academy 1611. ALCAZAR, 215 Manhattan Av. Academy 1710. Two and three room, beautifully furnished apartment in elevator building, $45-$75 monthly; also two to six room apartments in non-elevator building $40-$75 monthly. Office 215 Manhattan Av. Academy 1647.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 424.—8 rooms, handsomely furnished. See Superintendent.

CHOICE seven-room apartment, furnished; rent until Oct. 1, $150 monthly, or will let unfurnished. Apply Superintendent, 315 Central Park West, corner 91st St.

CHOICE FURNISHED APARTMENTS. E. K. Van Winkle, 156 W. 72d. Col 1077.

CLAREMONT AV., 39, (Near 116th St., Apt. 12, Between Broadway and Riverside Drive.) —May 1 to Oct 1, five pleasant outside rooms.

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COUPLE wanted, to share small, high class apartment; references. Telephone Schuyler 7026.

MANHATTAN AV., 246.—4 rooms and bath, May to October, $60. Apt. 4.

RICHLY FURNISHED eight-room apartment in restricted high-class apartment house to sublet May 1 or June 1 to Oct. 1 or 31, $250 monthly; beautiful paintings, rugs, and comprehensive library; all rooms light. S. 647 Times Downtown.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 125, (corner 84th.)—Handsomely furnished 9 rooms, 3 baths, piano, victrola; every room overlooks river; sublet reasonable; immediate possession. Cayle.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE 250. — Seven rooms, completely furnished; Steinway grand piano; to Oct. 1; $160 per month; private telephone. Riverside 4746; apartment 46. Vickrey.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 420. — Exceptionally furnished 6-room apartment from June to October. Phone Morningside 4612 for appointment.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 575, (cor. 135th.)—Five unusually cool rooms, all facing Drive; excellent view; piano, linen, &c.; $145; May to Oct. Apt. 24. Littlefield.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE.—Eight rooms, front apartment; 2 baths; baby grand, also upright piano; summer bargain. Phone Riverside 3766.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 660.—Large apartment, 8 rooms, bath, kitchen, all facing Drive; immediate possession. Phone Audubon 3120, Apt. 25.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 587.—Seven-room apartment to sublet, furnished, 4 months; all outside, sunny rooms. Phone Morningside 2409.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 610.—Fourteen windows overlooking Hudson; five rooms, complete home; $125. Gleason.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 528.—Sublet attractive 5-room front apartment; delightful view; $95.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, (116th.) — 5 rooms, handsomely furnished; immediate possession; $125; particulars. Vanderbilt 1450.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 270.—8 rooms, 3 baths; 12th floor; handsomely-furnished; $175.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 67.—Six outside rooms, two baths, May-October. 1 Northwest.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 120 — 8-10 all light rooms. W. R. Stewart, Schuyler 5690.

SECOND FLOOR.—Two very large rooms and bath, for steady occupant, private dwelling; $200 per month. Schuyler 4593.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 1,324, (corner 176th St.)—Three sublet furnished apartments of three, six, two rooms.

THE REGAL APARTMENTS, 84th St. and 7th Av. New fireproof apartment house; elaborately furnished suites of 1 room and bath, $75; 2 rooms, bath, $100 to $150; evening entertainment, including maid service; references required.

UNIVERSITY HEIGHTS.—Will sublet 4-room apartment, finely furnished, until October, to desirable tenant; $65. Phone John 6037.

WEST END AV., 740, (96TH ST.)—SIX ATTRACTIVE, LARGE, LIGHT ROOMS; OUTSIDE APARTMENT; WELL FURNISHED; MAY TO OCTOBER; RENT $175. V 590 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

WEST END AV.—Exceptional 7 rooms, 3 baths, all light, open; short or long term; fully furnished; immediate possession. Riverside 2686.

WEST END AV., 740.—High class furnished apartment, 6 rooms, 2 baths, $150 month. Inquire Superintendent.

Furnished—Bronx.

170TH ST. (1,845 Plimpton Av.) Four rooms, front; electricity; shower; no children; highest references wanted; $60; May 15 to Sept. 15. Phone Tremont 2081, Ex. 24.

Furnished—Brooklyn.

APARTMENT, handsomely furnished, six rooms, two baths, May 15 to Oct. 30. Can be seen any afternoon between 2 and 4 P. M. Apartment 5-D, 170 East 17th St., Brooklyn.

Furnished—Queens.

For rent, furnished, accommodations for light housekeeping in Jamaica; accessible; Telephone Jamaica 2432.

Furnished—Long Island.

To let, furnished, my beautiful 5-room home at Elmhurst, L. I., 20 minutes from city; telephone, piazza, victrola; $75 month. Steiner, Newton 1068, mornings.

Furnished—Westchester County.

Elliott Av., 74, Park Hill Station, South Yonkers.—Sublet, furnished apartment, 5 rooms and bath; immediate possession, for about 6 months; $60. V 578 Times Downtown.

Unfurnished—East Side.

30TH ST., EAST.—Parlor floor and basement, partly furnished, carpets, pictures, piano, &c.; rent $60 month; small family. F 243 Times.

93D ST., 56 EAST.—Four rooms, basement, newly decorated, electricity.

163D, 300, EAST.—Six large, light front rooms, all improvements, new building, for lease; $66. Apply agent, Mirvenhaus Bros., 760 East 163d.

LEXINGTON AV., 324.—Parlor floor; doctor, dentist; Summer rate.

MADISON AV., 685.—Three large, light rooms, bath, kitchenette, $75 per month.

PARK AV., 446.—Entire floor, two rooms, kitchenette, bath, $12; ring basement bell or Plaza 6143; no agents.

Unfurnished—West Side.

27TH ST., 26 WEST.—Two rooms and bath, modern, $50.

51ST (Near Broadway.)—Unusually attractive 5 outside rooms; May 15-Oct. 1; longer if desired; $150. Circle 4660.

57TH, 48 WEST.—Large, airy room, kitchenette; running water; open fireplace; on lease.

57TH ST., 48 WEST.—Desirable first floor, bath, kitchenette; whole, part; residence or business.

58TH ST., 158 WEST.—Beautiful four-room apartment.

63D ST., 28 WEST.—Studio, 2 rooms, bath, $55-$70. Superintendent.

70TH.—Seven rooms, three baths, $2,300; 90's, nine rooms, two baths, $1,800; 80's, eight rooms, two baths, $1,800; 90's, six rooms, bath, $1,300. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

71ST, 115 WEST, (Near Broadway.)—Seven rooms and 3 baths, 7th floor, unobstructed view; furnished if preferred.

75TH, 145 WEST.—ONE OR TWO ROOMS AND BATH.

82D, 465 WEST END.—Seven large rooms, (3 master bedrooms,) 9th floor; lease from June 1. Schuyler 3750.

86TH, 124 WEST.—Apartment two rooms, bath and kitchenette, thoroughly modern.

87TH, 160 WEST.—Elegant 5 rooms; sublease to Oct., 1920; rental $1,450; immediate possession. Apartment 5B.

89TH, 37 WEST.—Four rooms and bath, 8th floor, all outside; immediate possession; $60. Phone Cathedral 1534.

93D, 270 WEST.—Two rooms, bath; 33 feet front; parlor floor service; furnished.

107TH, 322 WEST.—Overlooking Riverside, handsome private residence, 6 spacious rooms, bath; $125; 3 and bath $95; services.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Unfurnished—West Side.

113TH, 601 WEST, (Forrest Chambers.)—Eight rooms, unfurnished, for 2 years and 3 months. Supt., Cathedral 7160.

119TH, 152 WEST.—Very fine third floor four rooms; parquet floors; all conveniences.

122D, 502 WEST.—Six-room front; elevator, phone; refined surroundings; possession; $70.

143D, 532 WEST.—Four-room front apartment; modern; $36.

165TH, 560 WEST.—Seven-room apartment to let; fireproof building; immediate possession. Diehl.

179TH, 830 WEST.—Elevator apartment; high class; 3 extra large, sunny rooms, nicely decorated; $40. Northdale.

180TH, 716 WEST.—5 rooms and bath; all modern improvements; rent $60.

180TH, 707 WEST.—5 rooms and bath; all modern improvements; rent $65.

181ST ST., WEST.—5-6 rooms, $60 up; elevator; unobstructed view. Telephone 9236 St. Nicholas.

Attractive 3-room and bath apartment to lease. The Chelsea, West 23d St., New York.

Beautiful studio, 22x24, with bedroom and bath, to lease. The Chelsea, West 23d St.

BROADWAY, 3,657.—Six beautiful rooms, foyer, two baths; view of Hudson; immediate possession. Apt. 9B.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 414.

High-class apartments, two rooms and bath; (new building;) rent moderate. Apply on premises or Leopold Weiss, 2,517 7th Av. Phone Audubon 4017.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 448, Just North of 116th St.—10 large rooms, 4 baths; immediate possession; $3,000; high class; references required. Hillenbrand, 1,050 Amsterdam Av.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 528, (opposite Grant's Tomb.)—4, 5, 6, 7 rooms, every modern improvement; $70 to $100. Apply premises.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 524.—8-room apartment facing Hudson; sublet. Apartment 41.

TIEBOUT AV., 2307, (Near 183d St.)—High-class, modern, sunny apartments; steam heat, electric light, hot water, telephone, &c.; 4 rooms $45; 3 rooms $38.

WASHINGTON SQUARE.—Two rooms and bath, new fireproof house; elevator and hall service; $80; business and social references required. See Supt. on premises. Van Voorst Apartments, 123 Waverly Place.

WEST END AV., 924.—Eight rooms and three baths; possession May 1 to Oct. 1, with privilege of three years' renewal; references absolutely essential. Academy 2940, extension 31.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

A BACHELOR, (36,) WISHES TO SHARE APARTMENT WITH ONE OTHER MAN; MUST BE COMFORTABLY FURNISHED; PREFERENCE TO ONE HAVING HOUSEKEEPER. S 416 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

Furnished apartment, two or three rooms, bath and kitchenette; west side, above 135th St., west of Broadway, for summer or longer; state price. T 6 Times.

Responsible party will pay $500 month for nine-room apartment. Phone Columbus 1277.

Two army officers desire well furnished three-room apartment; state terms, and particulars. K 53 Times.

Unfurnished.

Wanted, 2, 3 room upfurnished apartment; immediate occupancy; location central. V 574 Times Downtown.

Wanted, suitable apartment for dental office; will divide with medical doctor. A. J. A., 146 West 82d, New York.

Wanted, six rooms, upper west side, from June 1 or later. 10 Wall St., Suite 709.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

30TH, (163 Lexington Av.)—Rooms, sunny; telephone, elevator; well furnished; excellent service; $10 weekly up; including elegant meals, $16 weekly; front rooms, with running water, $18 weekly; with bath, $23 weekly; refined women. Hotel Rutledge.

30TH, 21 EAST.—One large room on ground floor; hot and cold water; suitable for doctor's or dentist's office.

34TH ST., 46 EAST.—Elegant room, electricity, bath, $3.50; another, $4; gentlemen.

45TH, 18 EAST.—Handsome rooms, private bath; also room with piano; references.

72D ST., 203 EAST.—Nicely furnished large bed-sitting room; three windows, folding bed, running hot and cold water; $40 monthly; gentlemen only.

83D, 131 EAST, (Corner Lexington.)—Room, with two windows, modern improvements. Weiss.

MADISON AV., 785, (67th.)—Beautiful back parlor, private bath, newly decorated, electricity; large front rooms; running water; gentlemen.

PARK AV., 70.—Two large rooms, with bath, first floor.

West Side.

24TH, 438 WEST.—Live in Chelsea cottage; lawns; interesting neighborhood; artistic room, freshly appointed; second floor front; private verandah, flowers; adjoins bath; modern; two in family; writer, executive; subway, elevated. Chelsea 9945.

47TH, 100 WEST, (Raleigh Hall.)—Refined, comfortable residence for men, hotel service, $8.25 up weekly; free use of bath, (tub and shower;) with private bath, $10.50 up.

48TH, 13 WEST.—Small room, near bath; electric light, elevator; references.

51ST, (near 5th Av.)—Comfortable furnished third-floor hall room, near bath, private house, $10 per week; bachelor only; permanent. Tel. 239 Circle.

68TH, 16 WEST. — Attractive, large room; bath; small room; for exclusive people.

69TH, 68 WEST.—Exceptionally handsome large room; parquet floor; electricity, switchboard; refined residence.

70TH, 278 WEST.—Large rooms, small apartment; $8 to $15; gentlemen; business couple; reference.

70TH, 200 WEST.—Furnished suite, with use of kitchen. Apartment 2A.

70TH, 213 WEST.—Attractive large room, refined house; running water; subway.

72D, CENTRAL PARK WEST.—Large room, tile bath, parquette floor, electricity; gentleman. Phone, before 11 A. M., Columbus 1242.

73D ST., WEST.—Very attractive double room, with bath, $20 a week; two connecting rooms, with running water, near bath; single room, next bath, $8 a week; newly furnished private residence; complete service; quiet location; electric light, elevator. Phone Columbus 558.

73D, 242 WEST.—Large and small rooms, bathroom floor; references.

74TH, 161 WEST.—Large bachelor room, with bath, electricity, steam heat; references.

75TH, 32 WEST.—Attractive large room, bath; with or without kitchenette privileges.

75TH, 55 WEST.—Attractive front parlor, bath; telephone, electricity; refined residence; reasonable; permanent.

75TH, 147 WEST.—Large sunny front room; ample closet; breakfast if desired; references.

76TH, 45 WEST.—Comfortable furnished room, big dressing room; running water; bedroom adjoining.

77TH, 106 WEST.—Nicely furnished residence room; private bath, shower; electricity; $15; references.

77TH, 108 WEST.—Attractive suite, private bath; electricity, telephone, maid service; gentlemen.

78TH, 155 WEST.—Nicely furnished large, small rooms; private bath; all conveniences.

83D, WEST, (Riverside.)—Exceptional living, 2 bed rooms; elevator apartment. Schuyler 1988.

87TH, 352 WEST.—Beautifully furnished room, running water, southern exposure, private home; couple or gentleman.

87TH, 207 WEST, (Near Broadway.)—Refined gentleman can have room, high-class elevator apartment; electricity, steam heat, telephone, running hot and cold water; $6. Wade.

86TH, 341 WEST.—Elegant large front room; bath, electricity; suitable for two gentlemen; reference.

86TH and Broadway.—Handsome room, private bath; kitchen privileges. Brosnan, Euclid Hall.

89TH, 320 WEST.—Large, cheerful back parlor, bath; kitchenette privilege; electricity.

89TH, 55 WEST.—High-class single or double room; all modern conveniences; private.

93D, 254 WEST.—Double room, newly renovated; private bath; references. Riverside 9170.

93D ST.—Lovely room for couple or young men; private family; between Broadway and Riverside Drive. Phone Riverside 5404.

93D, 113 WEST.—Well furnished back parlor, private bath; $10; other rooms.

95TH ST., 330.—Nice bedroom; private family. Apt. 9.

97TH, 64 WEST.—Large front parlor, adjoining bedroom; running water; $9.

99TH AND BROADWAY.—Front, running water; no other roomers; $10 weekly. E 394 Times.

107TH, 260 WEST.—Beautiful, large room, well furnished, hot water, near Broadway; gentleman.

107TH, 322 WEST, (Overlooking Riverside.) —Cool, spacious, double, single rooms, $6-$13.

111TH ST., 130 WEST.—Pleasant room, one or two gentlemen, in private family.

112TH, 542 WEST, (413.)—Bright, attractively furnished double outside room; gentlemen. Cathedral 3734.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

113TH, 541 WEST.—Spacious two-room suite; private family. Apartment 30. Gentlemen.

113TH, 544 WEST.—Large front room, with dressing room; suitable couple; private house.

121ST, 527 WEST.—Attractively furnished outside rooms, between Morningside-Riverside Drives; double $10; permanent. Mrs. Finch.

123D, 435 WEST.—Attractive room; elevator, telephone; privileges; lady; $5. Ackley.

136TH, 618 WEST.—American family; no other roomers; $4. Apt. 18.

142D, 547 WEST.—Newly furnished large room; no other roomers; $6.50; gentleman; references. Apt. 23.

A BEAUTIFUL square room is offered gentleman or couple seeking comfortable home with two people; high-class apartment, overlooking Hudson. 9-11 A. M., 7-8:30 P. M. 5468 Audubon.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 410.—Nicely furnished room for refined party; electricity. Fisher.

ELEGANT, newly furnished room in modern, high-class apartment for rent, near Broadway subway; gentleman; references. F 807 Times.

LADY will sublet suite of rooms in eight-room apartment; location, Central Park South; breakfast optional; $150 monthly. Phone Circle 1439.

MANHATTAN AV., 535, Near 122d St.—Large, second-floor, front room, every convenience, suitable for two persons, private house; buses pass door; terms $8 weekly. Stephen.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, (block from 157th Subway.)—One medium, desirable room, exclusive, well-furnished apartment; references, gentleman. Audubon 8100-5F.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 222, (94th.)—Handsomely furnished corner suite, five windows overlooking Hudson; Phone Riverside 9881. Apt. 53.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 92, (81st.)—Large front room, top floor, in refined modern house; just opened; newly furnished.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 125, Apartment 10 north; exceptionally attractive rooms.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 78, (corner 80th.)—Three-room suite, room and bath; elegant house.

SOMETHING choice; lavatory in room, bath joining; strictly private; references; $10 week; gentleman only. Telephone 6231 Cathedral.

WEST END AV., 700.—Non-housekeeping suite, first floor; 5 windows, fine piano, shower; 96th St. subway; immediate possession.

WEST END AV., 949.—With refined home; will rent large room, elegantly furnished, private bath; gentlemen. Apartment 2A.

WEST END AV.—Lovely, light room; private apartment; references; refined, quiet. Schuyler 8283.

WEST END AV., 896.—Large, cheerful front room; bath adjoining; $12. Phone 2697 Academy.

WEST END AV., 790.—Large, small rooms; private baths; electricity; bachelors.

WEST END AV., 265.—Large front room; private bath; telephone.

Queens.

Refined young man will share suite of rooms in Queens with congenial gentleman. Address A 388 Times.

ROOMS WANTED.

Furnished.

Gentleman requires furnished room, neat neighborhood; weekly rent about $2.50; good "L" or subway connections with downtown business district essential. Write T 25 Times.

BOARDERS WANTED.

East Side.

HOTEL RUTLEDGE, 163 Lexington Av. (35th St.)—For refined women. Why not live at a hotel if you can do so at lower cost than boarding or keeping house? Outside rooms, telephone, elevator, complete service, homelike; including meals, $16 weekly up.

30TH, 163 LEXINGTON AV.)—Rooms, sunny; telephone, elevator; well furnished; excellent service; $10 weekly up; including elegant meals, $16 weekly; front rooms, with running water, $18 weekly; with bath, $23 weekly; refined women. Hotel Rutledge.

30TH, 21 EAST.—One large room on ground floor; hot and cold water; suitable for doctor's or dentist's office.

34TH ST., 46 EAST.—Elegant room, electricity, bath, $3.50; another, $4; gentlemen.

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74TH, 161 WEST.—Large bachelor room, with bath, electricity, steam heat; references.

75TH, 32 WEST.—Attractive large room, bath; with or without kitchenette privileges.

75TH, 55 WEST.—Attractive front parlor, bath; telephone, electricity; refined residence; reasonable; permanent.

75TH, 147 WEST.—Large sunny front room; ample closet; breakfast if desired; references.

76TH, 45 WEST.—Comfortable furnished room, big dressing room; running water; bedroom adjoining.

77TH, 106 WEST.—Nicely furnished residence room; private bath, shower; electricity; $15; references.

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89TH, 55 WEST.—High-class single or double room; all modern conveniences; private.

93D, 254 WEST.—Double room, newly renovated; private bath; references. Riverside 9170.

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112TH, 542 WEST, (413.)—Bright, attractively furnished double outside room; gentlemen. Cathedral 3734.

BOARD WANTED.

Elderly lady desires board several weeks with family of standing; quiet part city; references exchanged; state terms. Apartment 21, 600 West 116th.

A father and son wish to share apartment on Washington Heights with congenial small family. Box M. G., Room 61, 6 Wall St., New York.

Small room, with or without breakfast, supper; private family preferred; west side or suburbs; state particulars. V 594 Times Downtown.

By family four adults, three rooms and bath, for one year from Oct. 1; west side below 72d St. preferred; state terms; references. V 580 Times Downtown.

Southern lady desires single room, two meals, refined boarding house. A 378 Times.

COUNTRY BOARD.

Long Island.

WATER VIEW INN, 256 Rue de St. Felix, Far Rockaway.—Rooms, en suite, with bath or single; excellent table; Spring rates; special Sunday dinner. 2338 Far Rockaway. M. L. Hartneck.

New Jersey.

Mountain House, Valhalla, Westchester Co., N. Y.; city comforts; country sports; private baths; 45 minutes from 42d St.; $12 up. Cap. 150. Booklet. Phone 1165 W. Plains.

5 or 6 adults find good board on quiet place, modern house, $15 weekly. Linwood Farms, Ridgewood, N. J.

Resthaven—Care of invalids and elderly; beautiful location. 594 North Broadway, Yonkers; $12 up. Phone Yonkers 1964.

Maple Hill Health Resort, Madison, N. J. Specialists nervous and rheumatic diseases; booklet.

Connecticut.

Exclusive modern equipped farmhouse in the Berkshires; Southern home cooking; fishing, hunting; rate $15. M. H. R., Chapinville, Conn.

New York State.

Retired New York physician, living alone on a farm near the Catskill Mts., with a well-appointed house staff, would like one or two gentlemen to join him, share expenses or pay board; no objection to semi-invalid. H 231 Times.

Teacher with large Catskill residence will take limited number of girls for Summer; every advantage; best reference; terms moderate. H., 3,201 Broadway.

Staten Island.

THE EVELYN LODGE, Ocean Traffic Passing Windows. Charming Family House of High Standard 20 Min. Delightful Sail Downtown N. Y. 50 Lovely Rooms, Excellent Chef & Service. Parlors, Porches, Lawns, Comforts. Weekly, $17 Up Per Adult, with Meals. Ten Years Under One Management. 71 CENTRAL AV., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

WEST END AV., 524.—Large room; house thoroughly appointed; excellent table; references.

BOARD WANTED.

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By family four adults, three rooms and bath, for one year from Oct. 1; west side below 72d St. preferred; state terms; references. V 580 Times Downtown.

Southern lady desires single room, two meals, refined boarding house. A 378 Times.

Refined young man will share suite of rooms in Queens with congenial gentleman. Address A 388 Times.

BOARDERS WANTED.

East Side.

HOTEL RUTLEDGE, 163 Lexington Av. (35th St.)—For refined women. Why not live at a hotel if you can do so at lower cost than boarding or keeping house? Outside rooms, telephone, elevator, complete service, homelike; including meals, $16 weekly up.

West Side.

58TH, 46 WEST.—Desirable double room; private bath; reference; excellent table.

72D, 269 WEST.—Attractive, large English basement, with bath, suited for 2 or 3 gentlemen; excellent table.

79TH, 114-132 WEST, (wide, parked street.) —Unusual and attractive; large parlors; tearoom and lounge; steam heat; booklet.

79TH, 122 WEST.—2d floor front room, running water, electricity; French cuisine.

80TH, 123 WEST.—Cheerful rooms, private bath, electricity, hot water, excellent cuisine.

82D, 124 WEST, (Graycourt.)—Attractive modern; steam heat; references; table guests; booklet.

85TH, 132 WEST.—Beautiful large and small rooms; French cuisine; homelike; references.

102D, 305 WEST. (Near Riverside.)—Unusual opportunity in private Christian American family; large rooms; private bath; owner's home.

104TH, 320 WEST.—Attractive rooms in refined house; electricity; reference.

CONVENT AV., 414, (Near 148th St.)—Three large rooms; American family.

THE EVELYN LODGE, Ocean Traffic Passing Windows. Charming Family House of High Standard 20 Min. Delightful Sail Downtown N. Y. 50 Lovely Rooms, Excellent Chef & Service. Parlors, Porches, Lawns, Comforts. Weekly, $17 Up Per Adult, with Meals. Ten Years Under One Management. 71 CENTRAL AV., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

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Small room, with or without breakfast, supper; private family preferred; west side or suburbs; state particulars. V 594 Times Downtown.

By family four adults, three rooms and bath, for one year from Oct. 1; west side below 72d St. preferred; state terms; references. V 580 Times Downtown.

Southern lady desires single room, two meals, refined boarding house. A 378 Times.

Gentleman and wife require room and bath with board within thirty minutes New York; refined accommodations and surroundings essential; full particulars to Y6 Times Annex.

Gentleman wants room with or without board, near ocean; commuting distance of city. C 955 Times Harlem.

Two men desire board, June-October, Rockaway section; state terms. S 122 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, typist; very capable; best references; $25-$30. W 579 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Have ten years' experience; can take full charge of office; very good at all detail work; Washington Irving High School graduate; am at present connected with a large manufacturing concern. M 379 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, (Christian.)—Double entry, 10 years' experience; capable taking charge of books; $25. Schwenn, 403 Macon St., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly experienced; controlling accounts, competent; reliable; excellent references. V 571 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young lady, several years' experience, charge of controlling accounts, pay roll, &c. Call V. Schachter, Intervale 587.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, high school graduate; 7 years' experience; competent; $22. D 720 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, executive ability, with commercial experience; first class references. X, Y., 1,418 5th Av.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST.—4 years' experience; at present employed; salary $22. S 125 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced controlling accounts, trial balance; knowledge typewriting; reference; $20. V 557 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT-Ledger Clerk. —3 years' experience; efficient; Christian; $16. D 739 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER.—5 years' experience; college education; capable; American family; large rooms; private bath; owner's home.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, experienced double entry, trial balance, knowledge of typewriting. S 138 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced; knowledge of stenography; moderate salary. W 404 Times Downtown.

COLLEGE STUDENT wishes out-of-town position for Summer, clerical work. Write E. S. H., 155 82d St., Brooklyn.

COMPTOMETER OPERATOR.—Young lady, with six years' experience, miscellaneous figuring, wants a position; good references. A 380 Times.

COMPANION.—Refined young woman wishes position to lady; excellent references. Address R. W., 239 Times Downtown.

COOKING OR LAUNDRY WORK wanted by day. Person, 249 East 78th St.

GOVERNESS, French teacher, children, 5 up; physical, moral, mental care; highly recommended; elementary, musical. Write G. F., 1,358 Broadway.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Experienced, refined woman, age 26, desires position as housekeeper, New York or vicinity. G. Illey, 400 West 160th St.

HOUSEKEEPER, (Working.)—Widow with daughter, 10, desires position. A 393 Times.

LAUNDRY WORK done at home reasonably. Mrs. Bessie Plummer, 256 West 124th St.

MASSAGE, licensed graduate; facial, scalp treatment. Florence Russell, 563 Broad St., cor. Clinton. Hudson tubes. Tel. Market 2343, Newark, N. J.

MASSEUSE, medical gymnast, Swedish, licensed, lady; reference. Write R., 263 West 125th.

MASSEUSE, licensed, desires patients; late methods. La Rue, 17 South St., Newark, N. J.

NURSE.—Lady wishes to recommend excellent trained nurse seeking summer engagement, would take entire charge of adult or child (not infant). Write Trained Nurse, 7 East 86th St., or telephone mornings, 456 Lenox.

NURSE, practical; old lady, nervous, mental; congenial, obliging, city, country. C 958 Times Harlem.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, age 23, willing and ambitious, desires position. D 725 Times Downtown.

PRIVATE SECRETARY, lady, expert Verbatim stenographer, cultured, well-educated, formerly high school teacher, desires position beginning in Fall with professional man, preferably writer or lecturer; references. Roberts, 547 West 149th.

SEAMSTRESS.—Young lady, competent, wishes sewing by the day. Answer E 375 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, 8 years' technical experience; reliable, energetic assistant; transcribes rapid, difficult dictation accurately, attractively. E 686 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY, stenographer; 7 years' experience; refined, intelligent; pleasing personality. Miss Teresa Porter, 427 East 158th St. Melrose 672.

SECRETARY.—Private; eight years' experience; finely educated; knowledge of all secretarial duties; no agencies; salary $30 per week. A 920 Times Harlem.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER desires position with reliable firm; 5 years' auto experience; excellent references; salary $23. Miss I. M. Michelman, 119 43d St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHERS.—Many high-class positions open for stenographers with knowledge of the dictaphone; if you are not a dictaphone operator a demonstration of the machine will make you one; instruction free of charge. Miss Charash, 280 Broadway, Room 225.

STENOGRAPHER.—Firm desires to place very competent, absolutely reliable stenographer in employ five years; do not request interview unless prepared to pay $20 per week as a minimum. Room 28, 157 Cedar St.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY—7 years executive experience; good speller, grammarian; conscientious; A-1 references; $25 a week. E 675 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, YOUNG LADY, with several years' experience, desires position; salary $20 to $25. N 424 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER available for emergency work; expert, technical and legal; highest references. Gramercy 1440, Apt. 4.

STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' experience; possesses executive ability; references; $18. E 684 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 19, business and high school graduate, desires position; salary $15. Miss H., 253 East 56th St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, neat, accurate, reliable. Dorothy Baer, 202 West 116th. Morningside 1480.

STENOGRAPHER.—Christian; high school graduate; experienced, accurate, reliable; downtown only. Floor 2396.

STENOGRAPHER-OFFICE ASSISTANT. — Two years' experience; references; American; $15. V 584 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—High school graduate; competent, willing; $18. Helen B. Parnass, 51 East 97th St.

STENOGRAPHER, American, accurate, rapid, 10 years' experience; salary $25. E 680 Times Downtown.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, typist, file clerk, general office assistant; 7 years' experience; wide awake, cultured, high school graduate; good appearance; not afraid work; excellent memory, above ordinary; reference; $15. J 77

HELP WANTED—Female.

STENOGRAPHER AND BOOKKEEPER; state salary, experience, and education. Rotefotos, 501 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHER, with knowledge of bookkeeping; neat, accurate; $15. S. Steinberg & Son, 149 Wooster St.

STENOGRAPHER, office assistant, one who can operate telephone; state salary. S 163 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, with knowledge of bookkeeping and office work. A 509 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, in large Christian importing firm; state experience and salary. A 502 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, French, English, wanted by French house; only those competent need apply. A 381 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, COMPETENT AND EXPERIENCED. PAUL WENGER CO., 35 NASSAU ST.

STOCK GIRLS.

Experienced stock girls for Saturdays. Stanley & MacGibbons, 1 West 36th St.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR and office assistant; typist preferred; bright, ambitious girl wanted; $55 per month. K 72 Times.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR wanted, capable, with knowledge of stenography essential. Remarkable salary wanted, S 506 Times Downtown.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR, with pleasing voice; state age, salary expected; answer letter only in own handwriting. Palmolive Co., 233 Broadway.

TYPIST AND STENOGRAPHER, young lady, by a large corporation; must be accurate at figures; hours 9 to 5; 12 o'clock Saturday; an opportunity for a bright girl with pleasing personality; state salary expected. Box M. V., 104 East 14th.

TYPISTS.—Immediate and permanent work; compensation governed by ability. Apply all week. Boyd's, 19 Beekman St., New York.

TYPIST, as office assistant in hotel; good salary, including meals. Hotel Rutledge.

WOMEN to canvass membership for well known national institution; must speak Yiddish and English; splendid opportunity for the right person; commission. C 739 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY, 16 to 20, for position with large corporation; experience unnecessary and opportunity to learn bookkeeping; state age, religion, salary expected. V 506 Times Downtown.

YOUNG WOMEN, who live at home, and might be interested in working as home assistants, 8 hours a day, are urged to come for information and employment to 112 West 46th.

YOUNG AD. WRITER WANTED, who can write retail copy; department store experience very helpful; about 21 years old; state salary. A 383 Times.

YOUNG LADY, experienced on Hollerith key punching machine; salary $18 to start. Apply Atlantic Coast Fisheries Co., 137 Beekman St.

YOUNG LADY, who understand bookkeeping and typewriting; state salary and age. X 486 Times Annex.

YOUNG WOMAN to take census of school children; steady salary. K 54 Times.

Instruction.

DON'T BE A ONE-SYSTEM FILING CLERK.

Our graduates know how to operate ALL systems and are in demand by the customers of ALL filing equipment manufacturers. School in light, airy quarters. Instruction based on our five years of experience. Extensive equipment. Large teaching staff. *POSITIONS SECURED FOR GRADUATES.* Intensive touch-typing course separate or inclusive. Visitors always welcome. Day, Evening and Correspondence Courses.

NEW YORK SCHOOL OF FILING, 1,170 Broadway—at 28th Street, (formerly Singer Building.)

Branches: Chicago, Boston, Philadelphia. Phone Madison Square 6097.

GOOD ENGLISH BUILDS BUSINESS. Good English is a basic requirement for business success; most men and women need training in English—sentence building, vocabulary enlargement, report and letter writing. Do you? Write or telephone (Cortlandt 1465) for free bulletin, "Your English," and free details of a new early evening class now forming. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

IT WILL PAY YOU

at least to investigate the business opportunities that await the man who knows accounting and organization. Write, or telephone (Cortlandt 1465,) for the helpful booklet, "Opportunities for Women." Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

THE U. S. SECRETARIAL SCHOOL, 542-544 5th Av., 45th St.,) the oldest and pre-eminently the most successful, prepares for and obtains excellent secretarial positions by day, evening, Saturday, and correspondence courses; catalogue. Prof. Meagher, M. A., Director.

EARN $5,000 YEARLY

as a doctor of chiropractic, day and evening sessions, co-educational; class now forming. Write for booklet C.

CHIROPRACTIC UNIVERSITY OF N. Y., 1,416 Broadway, New York. Bryant 6956.

PRIVATE SECRETARIAL TRAINING.

PRATT SCHOOL, 64 West 40th St.

Registered by Board of Regents of the University of State of N. Y.; individual instruction; must be over 16 years old; advanced registration and references required. All year.

BEAUTY CULTURE, hairdressing, manicuring, all branches taught; days, evenings; graduates earn $25-$50 weekly; circular free. Prof. Rohrer's Famous School, 119 West 42d St.

Employment Agencies.

ELSIE DIENY AGENCY, 20 Vesey St.

No Registration Fee.

Requires experienced young women to fill following positions:

Stenographers.
Bookkeepers.
Typists.
Ledger Clerks.
Reception Clerk, Tel. Operator.
Telephone Oper. and Typists.
File Clerks.
Office and Detail Clerks.
Elliott-Fisher Operators.
Dictaphone Operators.
Multigraph Operators.

Exceptional opportunities beginners; stenographers; good salaries.

AMERICAN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE, 115 Broadway, Near Wall St.

ABSOLUTELY NO CHARGE UNTIL WE SECURE YOU A POSITION.

BROWN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE. NO REGISTRATION FEE. 200 BROADWAY, ROOM 507.

STENOGRAPHERS ..... $18 to $25
STENOGRAPHER, bookkeeper ..... $20 to $25
CLERKS, FILE, TYPISTS. CASHIER ..... $15 to $20

JUPP AGENCY, 87 NASSAU.

Stenographers, $15 up. Stenographers, (3,) $25 UP. Stenographers, 30; beginners to experts; law, financial; uptown, downtown; dozens splendid permanent; typists, bookkeepers, stenographers; free registration.

FULTON STENOGRAPHIC AGENCY, 98 Nassau St. 489 Fifth Av.

STENOGRAPHERS—$12-$25. LEGAL—EXPORT—COMMERCIAL.

STENOGRAPHERS, 2 to 4 years' experience, $20-$22; Typists, $18-$20. Alliance Exchange, 20 Liberty.

STENOGRAPHERS, $10-$23; assistant bookkeepers, $18; dictaphone typists, clerks. Highill, Flatiron Building.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT.

Young single man, in good health, with public accounting or general bookkeeping experience and military or naval record preferred, but the latter two are not requisites if applicant is otherwise satisfactory.

The man who will occupy this position will have to be both well grounded and thoroughly experienced in the line of work indicated, and will be located in a live West Virginia city in the employ of a rapidly growing industry manufacturing oil well drilling equipment.

Our representative will be in New York Friday and Saturday. Have replies in early and give phone number. Y 42 Times Annex.

ACCOUNTANT, senior, wanted on permanent staff; experienced commercial lines; to supervise work and write reports; salary, $4,000 or more, depending on experience and ability. V 585 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, with broad railroad experience, wanted by firm of public accountants; must be able to undertake senior work; state full particulars, and salary desired. A 506 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR wanted, young man, between ages of 21 and 27, who would like to learn advertising business; commission basis to start; previous newspaper experience unnecessary, but must be of neat appearance, with good personality, fairly good education, lots of pep, energy, and ambition, and able to talk with executive heads of large corporations and financial concerns. Apply in person between 8:30 and 9 A. M., Room 847, Marbridge Bldg.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR.—Experienced in selling space to national advertisers; applicant must be a producer; good proposition for right man; state age, experience, earning capacity, &c. E 681 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING copywriter, capable directing; excellent opportunity promotion; progressive advertising agency; enclose specimens (will be returned); state experience, salary desired. F 559 Times.

ASST.—Good mechanical artist and reproducer wanted. Mugford & Co., 200 Broadway.

ARTIST.—Airbrush artist for title illustrations, original on figure work and landscapes; good salary and steady position to fast and snappy worker. Call with samples. Broda and Meyer, 220 West 42d St., Room 2004.

ARTIST wanted, for general commercial work; must be good in lettering and figure work; bring samples; apply Friday and Saturday A. M. Scheck Advertising Agency, 910 Union Bldg., Clinton St., Newark, N. J.

ASSISTANT MANAGER.

Leading women's apparel shop in Brooklyn has splendid opening for young man, ambitious, energetic, competent, to assist proprietor in store management; artistic window dressing knowledge an advantage; submit written application. E 667 Times Downtown.

AUDITOR and chief accountant in New York office of a large textile corporation who is thoroughly versed in modern methods of accounting, familiar with tax law requirements, and able and willing to take working charge of office. Address Granville, V 522 Times Downtown.

AUDITOR wanted by a New York trust con., any, man thoroughly familiar with all the duties of a bank auditor; state experience and salary expected. K 37 Times.

BILLING CLERK, acquainted with Moon-Hopkins billing machine or willing to learn; quick accurate; good opportunity for advancement. Woodlife Co., 262 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT.

Must understand books thoroughly, Christian firm, excellent opportunity to advance; state age, salary, and experience.

R. O., 257 TIMES.

BOOKKEEPER AND LEDGER CLERK, experienced, wanted by large dry goods commission house, one having experience in same line preferred; must be thorough and accurate; $30 to start; good opportunity and prospects. Address in own handwriting, giving full particulars. Replies considered confidential. "Lawrence," V 560 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced man of years, for old retail drug business; eight hours daily, no Sunday work; position permanent; salary to right man, $25 a week; references required. H. T. Galpin, 1,014 6th Av.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced assistant, quick, accurate, good penman, preferably typist; capable of developing with fast-growing concern. Woodlife Co. 262 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER and accountant, experienced, neat, and accurate; $25. 402 West St.

BOYS

for mail and messenger service; must be 16 years old; good opportunity for advancement along engineering lines. Employment office open 9 to 4.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC., 57 BETHUNE ST., Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

BOYS, 15-18; important business concern, financial district, has permanent positions, with opportunities for advancement, for several elementary or high school graduates; congenial work, short hours, enabling evening schooling; salary $10 weekly; application confidential. V 572 Times Downtown.

BOYS WANTED

in large mercantile establishment; two boys, one to make himself useful in office, and one for shipping department. Apply, stating age, reference, and salary expected, E 685 Times Downtown.

BOY, grammar or high school, 16 to 17, in dry goods commission house; good chance for advancement; no previous experience necessary; $10 week. Apply in own handwriting, V 592 Times Downtown.

BOYS AND MEN (100 wanteld) to sell official program for the big Victory Loan parade Saturday, May 3; liberal commission; to be on hand at 9 A. M., Newsboys' Home, 244 William St., New York City.

BOY FOR OFFICE; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT; CHRISTIAN FIRM; MUST BE NEAT AND ENERGETIC; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE, AND SALARY DESIRED. A 496 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOY for general office work by large importing house; excellent opportunity for advancement; must furnish best of references; write giving age, salary, &c. K 49 Times.

BOY, BRIGHT AND NEAT, 16-18, FOR OFFICE; PERMANENT POSITION WITH OPPORTUNITY OF ADVANCEMENT. K 14 TIMES.

BOY, bright and energetic, for office work; good opportunity for advancement in steel business. Apply 15 East 26th St., New York City, Room 1803.

BOY wanted for export and import by Christian firm; experience not necessary; excellent chance for advancement. Apply room 2739, 7 Battery Place.

BOYS wanted as messengers by downtown banking house; $10-$12 per week; must come well recommended. A 467 Times Downtown.

BOY for messenger service on large daily newspaper; hours, 8:30-5:30; salary to start, $8; excellent opportunity. Apply 229 West 43d St., second floor.

BOY wanted to keep stock records of clothing. Davidson & Finkelbrand, 439 Fulton St., Brooklyn, N. Y., one block from Borough Hall station.

BOY wanted, bright, intelligent, 16 to 18 years of age, for office and messenger work in a large office with good opportunities. A 474 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted in foreign department of a large and well-established firm; salary to start $10; advancement rapid if deserving. A 501 Times Downtown.

BOY, 16 years old, for responsible position; must have excellent references. Write C. D., Box 40, Room 120, 220 West 42d St.

BOY to run errands, make himself generally useful import house. E 676 Times Downtown.

BOY.—Opportunity for advancement for industrious boy. P. O. Box 485 City Hall Station.

BOY for stock broker's office. Apply with written application at 25 Broad St., Room 640.

BOY wanted by wholesale dry goods house; state age, references, and salary expected. Willing, 426 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted in mailing department of a large commercial house. Apply Room 404, 290 Broadway, at once.

BOY wanted by export house to do office work and errands. Call Room 1726, 17 Battery Place.

BOY wanted in law office; salary $8. Room 900, 2 Rector St.

BOY wanted; salary $12. Apply office J. & J. Slater, 415 5th Av.

BOY, 16, wanted in real estate office. Apply Room 505, 425 5th Av.

BOY for office work; wholesale silks. Y 13 Times Annex.

BOYS over 16 for errands; also useful department helpers. D 731 Times Downtown.

BOY for general work. I. Silverman & Son, 1,161 Broadway.

CANVASSER.—Men, refined and experienced, for high-grade photo cut-rate coupon, on commission; don't reply if you lack ability and class. Hall Studio, 425 5th Av.

CARPENTERS.—Union men; several first-class all-around men. Apply 60 Park Av., Brooklyn.

CHAUFFEUR, experienced, Japanese; must know streets of Brooklyn and New York City and surrounding suburbs thoroughly; speak and understand English; references; good wages; permanent. Box 38, 326 9th St., Brooklyn.

CHAUFFEUR, HOUSEWORKER; couple; man as first-class chauffeur, gardener; wife as housekeeper, laundress; $90-$100 month, room, board. Write Box 18, 1,619 St. James Building.

CHAUFFEUR, private touring; only those stating age, nationality, salary, references, will receive attention. F 337 Times.

CLERK for clerical work wanted; fire insurance office; must be good penman and good at figures. Address in own handwriting, stating age, experience, and salary. V 581 Times Downtown.

CLERK.—Charge and entry clerk in dress trimming house. Apply by letter only, stating salary and experience. I. E. Hertzein, 334 4th Av.

CLERK, payroll and cost, a young man preferably with some experience in printing or lithographing. Apply Y 41 Times Annex.

CLERICAL work. Call at office, 104 5th Av., ninth floor. Ask for Mr. Higgins.

CLOTHING SALESMEN

Wanted for permanent position with leading house; liberal salaries and percentage to those qualified to handle good class of trade. T. H., 834 Times Downtown.

COMPOSITOR, familiar with make-up, for best plant in the South, 48 hours, non-union. Byrd Printing Company, Atlanta, Ga.

CORRESPONDENT.—One of the largest law and collection offices in Boston requires the services of a thoroughly experienced correspondent on out-of-town claims; the position affords an unusual opportunity for advancement; applicants must give full particulars as to age, training, experience, present employment, salary, &c., but all replies will be considered strictly confidential. S 561 Times Downtown.

COTTON GOODS MAN, with knowledge of jobbing and converting, wanted by small firm just starting; give experience and connections in absolute confidence. V 588 Times Downtown.

COUPLE wanted; reliable man and wife for cooking and housework in country home in West Virginia; Japanese, Chinese or colored; must have references. X 487 Times Annex.

CYLINDER PRESSMAN, familiar with Cross feeders, on book and halftone work for best plant in the South, non-union, 48 hours weekly. Byrd Printing Company, Atlanta, Ga.

DEPARTMENT MANAGER, Columbia Graphanola, to install and manage department in furniture store; must be aggressive and experienced; state experience and salary expected in first letter or application will not be considered. A 473 Times Downtown.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR wanted by prominent uptown financial organization; applicant must have at least five years' experience; must be very rapid and accurate, and not afraid of hard work, where there is an exceptional opportunity for advancement; best references required; salary, $20 weekly, more as soon as it is earned. Call before 12 o'clock, Johnson & Hopkins Company, 576 5th Av.

DRAFTSMAN.

Experienced patent draftsman for mechanical and electrical inventions; large manufacturing corporation in Springfield, Massachusetts; exceptional opportunity; when replying, give full particulars regarding nationality, training, and experience; submit drawing, and state salary desired; all applications will be considered confidential, and drawings returned if requested; position available immediately. Reply "L. W. R.," P. O. Box 22, Springfield, Massachusetts.

DRAFTSMEN.

First class jig fixture and tool designer, also high grade machine designers, detailers and tracers, desirable openings exist with large organization for men who can qualify along the above line; state experience fully. Location, Newark, N. J. T. W., 239 Times.

DRAFTSMEN for jigs and fixtures, also mechanical draftsmen. Apply employment office, Mergenthaler Linotype Co., Park Av. and Hall St., Brooklyn.

DRAFTSMAN, architectural, wanted for specifications and estimating; knowledge of tenement and building laws essential. R. B., 132 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, architectural, all around; $25 to start. E 25 Times.

DRUG PRICER.—Young man who has had experience with large drug jobbing house; advancement for party who can show results; state experience, where employed, age, and salary desired. D D 119 Times.

EDITOR.—Writer to finish a number of lectures; must be mechanically acquainted with automobiles and tractors. S 137 Times.

ELEVATOR OPERATOR.—Strong young man to make himself useful in shipping department and operate freight elevator. Apply, stating age, experience, and salary expected. E 682 Times Downtown.

EMPLOYMENT DEPARTMENT HEAD, one who has had a thorough experience, understands service, work and is a good judge for fitting right man or woman to job; to secure consideration, in reply advise your age, complete history of experience and salary wanted; position located in Greater New York. V 535 Times Downtown.

ENGINEERS.—Technical graduates preferred; experienced on production work and rate setting for position in Greater New York; give age and complete history of experience and salary wanted; large concern and opportunity for right men. V 536 Times Downtown.

ENGINEER, graduate, and designer, familiar with reinforced concrete and building construction; send photograph, stating age, experience, references, salary expected, and when available. K 68 Times.

ENTRY CLERK.—Young man; must be experienced typist, for manufacturing corporation; give particulars. Post Office Box 455, City Hall Station.

ENTRY CLERK, experienced, touch typist, $18. Atlas Factory, Room 404, 182 Nassau.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE MAN wanted by a well known New York City trust company, a man about 30 years old, familiar with foreign exchange in all details, including bookkeeping; must speak French or Italian; one having been previously employed by a bank preferred; state full details as to previous experience and salary expected. K 32 Times.

GARDENER wanted; thoroughly experienced in caring for shrubs, lawns, paths, &c.; wages $20 per week without board or lodging. Apply, with references, Room 1301, 354 4th Av., city.

GOLD NIB GRINDER wanted, by English house; must be man with first-class experience; permanent position and good salary to right man; passage paid to England; state age, experience, salary required and other particulars. Y 5 Times Annex.

HOTEL CLERK, experienced on rooms and cash; must be active, courteous, sober, and tell Empire, Broadway and 63d St.

JEWELER AND ENGRAVER wanted, first-class; send references in first letter; will start with $35 a week. Apply Jacob Bennett, Inc., 212 Main St., Norfolk, Va.

LITHOGRAPHIC OFF-SET PRESSMAN wanted. Address Off-set, Box 48 Long Island City.

MAIL CLERK, by Christian firm, neat, for start $10. D 716 Times Downtown.

MAN WANTED, EXPERIENCED IN ANILINE DYES; ONE FAMILIAR WITH BUYING AND SELLING GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR RIGHT PARTY; WRITE FULL PARTICULARS AS TO EXPERIENCE. V 531 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

MAN wanted, familiar with card index systems, follow-ups, inventories, and shipping; experience; good wages. Call 151 5th Av., New York City, 12th floor.

MAN, high-class on fine platinum jewelry; good wages; steady work. Call Cartier, 2 East 52d St.

MAN who understands Ford cars. Gales, Ford Exchange, 141 West 54th.

MECHANIC.—First-class, reliable automobile mechanic as shop foreman; salary and commission; references. Auto Service Co., Hackensack, N. J.

MEN to canvass membership for well-known national institution; must speak Yiddish and English; splendid opportunity for the right person; commission. C 740 Times Downtown.

MEN.—Three high school graduates or several years' college, mathematical work insurance office; $60 month start. Call, 9 A. M., Room 104, 135 William St.

MINERAL WATER BOTTLING PLANT EXPERT TO GO TO CUBA FOR INSTALLING AND OPERATING COMPLETE PLANT OF LARGE CAPACITY; STATE SALARY AND REFERENCES. S 516 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

MODELS.—If you are 6 ft. tall, muscular and with good features, see Stone Van Dresser Co., 220 4th Av., about photographic posing.

MOTOR TRUCK SALESMAN.

One of the largest motor truck manufacturers has an excellent position open for thoroughly experienced motor truck salesman who has executive ability, initiative, and export experience. When reply state age, motor truck selling experience, export experience, if any, and salary expected. H 394 Times.

MULTIGRAPH OPERATORS, EXPERIENCED; $20 WEEKLY. PHONE COLUMBUS 9400.

NOTICE TO A. E. F. MEN.—Beginning Tuesday, May 6, a special school on salesmanship for A. E. F. men will be conducted in the offices of The New York Times War Volumes Sales Department, 215 West 43d St. Classes will meet each evening from 7:30 to 9. We are developing executives from our own organization, and to those men who are first willing to learn the art of salesmanship, then make good selling on a commission basis, our organization offers fine opportunities. Arrange for enrollment in classes.

OFFICE MANAGER.

A HIGH-GRADE EXECUTIVE, WITH TECHNICAL TRAINING, IS REQUIRED BY A LARGE EASTERN SHOE MANUFACTURER. ADDRESS Y 16 TIMES ANNEX.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, by wholesale woolen house; must understand bookkeeping; state age, references, and salary expected. Worker, 381 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY, one not afraid of hard work; hours 7:30 to 5:30; answer in own handwriting; state age and salary expected. K 86 Times.

OFFICE BOY.—Permanent position with good future offered to bright and willing boy not over 18; salary to start, $9. K 32 Times.

POLICY writer wanted in fire insurance agency; one not afraid of work; state salary and experience. S 556 Times Downtown.

POULTRY MAN, single, must understand care of brooder, stoves and the feeding of baby chickens; good salary to right man. Apply Saturday, 10 A. M., MacNiff Co., 52 Vessey St.

QUOTATION CLERK WANTED.

Must be a buyer and salesman combined, good at figures, know chemicals, and other merchandise; acquainted with foreign shipping; salary $25. Call with self-written application. Edgertyn, 118 William St.

REPRESENTATIVE.—A large Middle West packing plant, manufacturing digestive ferments and similar products, requires the services of a selling representative in New York territory; capable of placing a high class line of this character with the wholesale drug and other trades; an exceptional opportunity; salary and commission. K 62 Times.

SALESMAN.—Advertising, who has had actual successful experience in selling advertising for any novelty or medium installed within good hotels, may find excellent opportunity with high class advertising concern, specializing in exclusive advertising medium installed throughout highest class hotels in United States; would necessitate traveling possibly to coast; must be well bred, with cultured vocabulary, and possess indisputable reference; an excellent future is possible for right applicant. Those lacking hotel medium experience stipulate waste time in replying. Salary or drawing account based on commission. A 459 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN

Industrial underwriters with an elaborate program of expansion offer to men with energy, ambition and vision, an unusual opportunity not only to make big money on commission, but also the opportunity to become a manager of new office as soon as qualified. This should be particularly attractive to men who have successfully sold advertising, insurance, books, or office specialties. Our training and co-operation will make the selling of securities comparatively easy for those who have had any selling experience. Phone Beekman 7834 for appointment.

SALES MANAGER.

A HIGH-GRADE, RESOURCEFUL EXECUTIVE IS REQUIRED BY A LARGE EASTERN SHOE MANUFACTURER. ADDRESS Y 17 TIMES ANNEX.

SALESMEN WANTED.

Our new sales organization is being rapidly completed; we still have an opening for experienced book salesmen; these men will be given fresh leads daily; we also offer a splendid opportunity to inexperienced men who wish to become affiliated with a fast-growing and permanent sales organization; we require character, personality and ambition; to such men the opportunity for advancement is unlimited; remuneration arranged on a commission basis. NEW YORK TIMES WAR VOLUMES, 215 West 43d St. Ask for Mr. Boddy.

SALESMAN.—Insurance men, and bank clerks wasting time on a small salary, can secure connection with a rapidly going and growing organization, where your service as a fraternity associate will bring you $5,000 or more annually, by making interested members realize the full returns by connecting them with our financial proposition, where your commissions will be large and certain. Address Confidential, Box 8553 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.—Real salesmen with a punch, to sell securities; commission arrangements for the reason that the men we want will prefer this condition; if after operating for us a month you cannot average $150 a week we don't want your proposition is one of real merit. Write A 448 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN wanted; an experienced printing house salesman, one who has a trade following preferred, to look after our interests in New York City and surrounding territory; commission basis; unusually good opportunity for a live wire salesman to connect with a well established up-State concern; give full particulars in first letter. The Mason Printing Corporation, Syracuse, New York.

SALESMEN wanted who can sell goods; we assist you with a big advertising campaign; acquaintance with grocers not essential; good salesmen can sell any class of trade, we have a good-paying proposition for the right men with ability; salary and commission. Call or write Domestic Soap Mfg. Co., Long Island City, N. Y.

SALESMAN Wanted.—Large coat house making a snappy line of ladies', juniors' and children's coats require two experienced, energetic traveling salesman for New York and New England States; must come well recommended; opportunity for right man; commission. K 78 Times.

SALESMAN Wanted.—A graduate of a mechanical engineering school; one who desires to become a salesman and thinks he can make more eventually by a commercial career than by an engineering career. Reply by mail. Tools, 924 South 17th St., Newark, N. J.

SALESMAN for tool manufacturer, selling to shipbuilders, steel car builders, boiler makers, and ironworkers; an experienced man wanted; answer following questions, age, experience, nationality, salary desired. Reply by mail, Tools, 80 Cort St., Irvington, N. J.

SALESMAN.—Opportunity for experienced auto accessory traveling man to connect with old-established line; must be acquainted with the jobbing trade and come well recommended; good starting salary with very bright future for live wire. Y 14 Times Annex.

SALESMAN wanted; factory rebuilt tires are in great demand; attractive proposition submitted upon application; requires an automobile; estimated commission about $150 weekly to start; territory assigned men who can produce; only hustlers need apply. Call or write Eastman Rubber Works, Inc., 213 West 40th St.

SALESMAN.—Wanted, high-grade stock salesman with clientele to sell securities of an old-established company doing Government work and paying dividends; active market on New York Curb; splendid opportunity for right man; salary; references. A 484 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Man who has good social or business acquaintance can make a permanent connection with a banking house which will undertake to teach him the investment business and offer him a chance to make a large income in commissions. C 788 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Men who have sold merchandise in and around greater New York can capitalize their experience to make an attractive income on commission and learn the selling of securities with a substantial investment banking firm; excellent future to right man. C 789 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—TIN CONTAINERS.

We want a high-grade man with experience in selling tin containers to the large trade in New York and vicinity; salary depends on ability; if unable to meet the above requirements fully please do not apply for the position; answers confidential. K 47 Times.

SALESMAN.—Manufacturer of photographic paper wants salesman and demonstrator for New York City and vicinity; must have knowledge of photography and selling ability; an energetic man of good appearance and manner will find excellent chance for advancement; salary. F 319 Times.

SALESMAN to handle a new trade-winning proposition on young men's clothes; bound to make good from the start; chance of territory open; commission advanced against sales. Address H. Kamber Co., 708 Broadway.

SALESMAN, real estate, college graduate preferred; permanent position with established firm; salary and commission arranged for interview by appointment. Development and Sales Co., Suite 604, 1,269 Broadway, New York.

SALESMEN, to sell and demonstrate violet-ray generators; prefer those with experience. Good opportunity to represent a large factory for those who are competent; salary, commission, or both. Apex Contra-Pole Electric Co., 1,231 Prospect Place, Brooklyn, N. Y.

SALESMAN.—Good specialty salesman, acquainted with the general store and grocery trade, selling candy, wholesale and retail, preferably in New York State; salary and expenses; give at least one reference. Address A 507 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, hair nets, for city and nearby; bright young man can be assured of promising future; one calling on nution buyers and local dry goods stores preferred; drawing account and commissions. E 816 Times Annex.

SALESMAN WANTED.—An experienced varnish salesman; no other need apply, to sell high-grade varnishes; state age, references, extent of sales territory canvassed, salary expected. Y 26 Times Annex.

SALESMEN.—Progressive trade publication solicit subscriptions; unusually attractive commission, immediate returns; call Friday and Saturday, 10-1. 200 5th Av., Room 406.

SALESMAN for metropolitan district with previous record and standing, in commercial soap trade; domestic and export; commission; full particulars first letter; confidential. Y 30 Times Annex.

SALESMEN, experienced in motor truck line, for high grade truck, up to 5 tons; drawing account against commission; write, giving full particulars, in confidence. Box 183A Times Uptown.

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SALESMEN.—Splendid commission to handle Trex tire tool; wonderful popular device; every car owner and garage needs them. Call Trexler Rim Compressor Co., 512 5th Av.

SALESMEN to sell dividend-paying securities; opportunity for large income; leads furnished; good commission. Address F 317 Times.

SALESMEN wanted to sell high-grade office device, (commission basis;) check protector men preferred. A 482 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Experienced for popular 1 to 5-ton truck; 10 per cent. commission; no drawing account; call Saturday between 10 and 12. 604 East 19th St.

SALESMAN, experienced, wanted by large knitting mills to sell wool jersey cloths to jobbing and cutting-up trade; commission basis. K 65 Times.

SALESMEN WANTED.

Our new sales organization is being rapidly completed; we still have an opening for experienced book salesmen; these men will be given fresh leads daily; we also offer a splendid opportunity to inexperienced men who wish to become affiliated with a fast-growing and permanent sales organization; we require character, personality and ambition; to such men the opportunity for advancement is unlimited; remuneration arranged on a commission basis. NEW YORK TIMES WAR VOLUMES, 215 West 43d St. Ask for Mr. Boddy.

SALESMAN.—Insurance men, and bank clerks wasting time on a small salary, can secure connection with a rapidly going and growing organization, where your service as a fraternity associate will bring you $5,000 or more annually, by making interested members realize the full returns by connecting them with our financial proposition, where your commissions will be large and certain. Address Confidential, Box 8553 Times Downtown.

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SALESMAN.—Advertising, who has had actual successful experience in selling advertising for any novelty or medium installed within good hotels, may find excellent opportunity with high class advertising concern, specializing in exclusive advertising medium installed throughout highest class hotels in United States; would necessitate traveling possibly to coast; must be well bred, with cultured vocabulary, and possess indisputable reference; an excellent future is possible for right applicant. Those lacking hotel medium experience stipulate waste time in replying. Salary or drawing account based on commission. A 459 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN

Industrial underwriters with an elaborate program of expansion offer to men with energy, ambition and vision, an unusual opportunity not only to make big money on commission, but also the opportunity to become a manager of new office as soon as qualified. This should be particularly attractive to men who have successfully sold advertising, insurance, books, or office specialties. Our training and co-operation will make the selling of securities comparatively easy for those who have had any selling experience. Phone Beekman 7834 for appointment.

SALES MANAGER.

A HIGH-GRADE, RESOURCEFUL EXECUTIVE IS REQUIRED BY A LARGE EASTERN SHOE MANUFACTURER.

Special—Pajamas

$1.95

Friday and Saturday Only

They are fine white pajamas in madras and mercerized cloths; self and fancy stripes.

This is unusual value even for a Wallach Special.

So buy while the buying is good—at $1.95.

Wallach Bros.

Broadway, below Chambers
Broadway, cor. 29th
246-248 West 125th
3d Ave., cor. 122d

Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes

An Innovation

THE Wallach Laundry has installed a large and especially equipped department known as "SEMI-READY DRY STARCH WORK"—which takes "washday" out of the house.

The average family of four uses about 20 lbs. of wash per week—Wallach's charge is 11 cents per pound, hence about $2.20 for the family wash, including the ironing of all flat work. This means money saved, and insures sweet, clean laundry returned promptly.

Telephone Plaza 185 for further particulars.

Wallach Laundry
330 and 332 East 59th Street

"A Service Station or Route Man always near your home."

Education for Life

FRANCIS G. PEABODY

THE story of one of the most dramatic periods in American history—that of Hampton Institute (the 50th anniversary of which is now being celebrated) and the unfolding of educational ideas which during that half century have done more than any others to make America "safe for democracy." It is also a statement of the only sane solution of the race problem.

Net $2.50 at all bookstores

Doubleday, Page & Co.
Garden City New York

EVERY BOTTLE GUARANTEED

It's a distinct aid to any housekeeper who desires to economize, and at the same time have appetizing, nourishing and satisfactory cooking at every meal. That's

LEA & PERRINS SAUCE

THE ONLY ORIGINAL WORCESTERSHIRE

C AND C

CANTRELL & COCHRANE
THE STANDARD
Ginger Ale
OF TWO CONTINENTS
Order by the dozen for use at home

IDEAL PIANO PURCHASES
CHRISTMAN SONS OFFER THEIR
UNIQUE STUDIO GRAND
with its unequaled tone values
The Christman Player Piano
famous for its superior interpretation and the
VERTICAL GRAND UPRIGHT
which represents the nearest approach to grand tone quality.
Bargain: Steinway Baby Grand $375.
CHRISTMAN SONS,
753 6th Av., bet. 42d & 43d.

LARGE VARIETY OF FRAMED PICTURES
NEW YORK FRAME & PICTURE Co
Our only store, 50 MAIDEN LANE.

SHOOTS THREE MEN IN DAYLIGHT CHASE

Italian Driver Wounds Pursuers in Flight Through Washington Heights—Two May Die.

DETECTIVE IS A VICTIM

Policeman Saves His Prisoner from Angry Mob After Man Had Shot Him Twice.

Maddened by a fancied insult, Girolemo Gesso, an Italian driver, shot and seriously wounded three men yesterday, one of them a detective sergeant, while being pursued through the streets in Washington Heights. A crowd of several hundred tried to take Gesso from the police, and he was so roughly handled that he was taken to Bellevue Hospital. The wounded, who are in the Knickerbocker Hospital, are:

BREEN, EUGENE, chauffeur, recently discharged from the 27th Division, 573 West 130th Street; bullet wound in stomach; may die.

O'ROURKE, NICHOLAS, driver of a coal wagon, 54 Old Broadway; shot in back of head; may die.

WALSH, JOSEPH, Acting Detective Sergeant, 238th Street and Broadway; shot in stomach and leg; expected to recover.

Sergeant John A. Devany of the West 125th Street Police Station was badly cut about the head and shoulders by falling from the running board of an automobile during the chase. After his hurts had been dressed in the Knickerbocker Hospital he went home.

Gesso, who lives at 214 West 130th Street, went to 571 West 130th Street, presumably to visit his sister. The police said he formerly lived in that neighborhood and there had been complaint that he had attempted to force his attentions on women.

In the 130th Street house lives Mrs. Jessie Gaynor, whose nephew, Joseph Sweeter, a soldier from Camp Merritt, was calling on her. Both were in the hall when Gesso ascended the stairs. There was an altercation and Gesso became abusive. His talk attracted attention, and some one told Breen, who lives next door.

Breen escorted Mrs. Gaynor and her nephew to Amsterdam Avenue, where the nephew boarded a street car. He then took Mrs. Gaynor back to her home. As he walked into the hallway of his own home Gesso followed. Immediately afterward a shot was heard, and Gesso darted out and ran toward Broadway.

A crowd, which rapidly grew in numbers, began pursuit. There were cries of "Stop, thief," "He's killed a man," and cries for the police. Near Broadway and 130th Street, O'Rourke was driving his coal cart. He got off his wagon, and as Gesso drew near he flung his shovel at him. Almost at the same moment Gesso fired. The bullet struck O'Rourke in the head and he fell.

From a distance, Devany heard the outcry. He boarded a passing automobile and started for the trouble. He had almost reached 130th Street, when the car swerved to cut ahead of another vehicle, and the sergeant lost his balance and fell.

Gesso ran north on Broadway, turned east in 133d Street, and at Amsterdam Avenue turned south. Walsh was returning from the Washington Heights Court on an Amsterdam Avenue car. When he saw the pursuit, he ordered the motorman to speed up. As the car came abreast of Gesso, Walsh jumped off, ran behind the fugitive and grasped him by the collar. Gesso turned and fired twice, both shots taking effect. Both men fell, and though wounded Walsh disarmed his prisoner.

The crowd set upon Gesso. They beat him over the head and kicked him. Walsh struggled to his feet, backed his prisoner into a hallway, and drove the crowd back with his revolver. He then led Gesso to the Knickerbocker Hospital, a block away, where he collapsed. Gesso is charged with felonious assault and violation of the Sullivan law.

BARS TELEPHONE INCREASE.

New Jersey Utilities Commission Suspends New Rates.

TRENTON, N. J., May 1.—The telephone rates in New Jersey will not be increased at present, notwithstanding the order issued by Postmaster General Burleson to that effect. This decision was made known here today by the Public Utilities Commission, when it ordered the new rates suspended until Aug. 1, and fixed Tuesday next at the State House for a hearing on the subject.

The Postmaster General's order, increasing telephone rates about 20 per cent. in the State, was to have gone into effect today, but the Utility Commission's order suspends the new rates.

The matter came up today when an application was made by the New York Telephone Company and the Delaware and Atlantic Telephone and Telegraph Company for a stipulation, proposed by the companies, that if New Jersey Public Utilities Commission would agree to initiate no proceedings against a 20 per cent. increase in telephone rates put into effect today, the order of the Postmaster General, the companies would refund the excess charge should the United States Court rule that the Postmaster General had no power to increase intrastate rates without the approval of the regulatory commissions of the several States.

In denying the application, and at the same time suspending the increased rates, the board set up the claim that no authority exists by which it could be a party to the stipulation, and added that "assuming the existence of such authority, the policy of bartering away the legal rights of the patrons of the companies, under a promise to rebate the excess charges illegally imposed, was unsound."

Lost and Found Advertisements on Page Eighteen.

Nurses Recommend Cuticura Soap

It appeals to them because it is so pure and cleansing. It does much to keep the skin clear and healthy especially if assisted by touches of Cuticura Ointment to first signs of eruptions, redness, roughness or chafing. Ideal for toilet uses.

Be sure to test the fascinating fragrance of Cuticura Talcum on your skin. Soap, Ointment and Talcum 25c, each everywhere.

MARK 50 YEARS AT HAMPTON

Robert C. Ogden Hall Dedicated—Taft to Take Part Today.

HAMPTON, Va., May 1.—Commemoration of the fiftieth anniversary of the founding of Hampton Institute, originally planned for the Spring of 1918, but postponed because of the war and the influenza epidemic, began today with many persons prominent in educational and public life in attendance.

The program included the dedication of the Robert C. Ogden Memorial Auditorium, with addresses by Dr. James H. Kirkland, Chancellor of Vanderbilt University; the Rev. Dr. Wilton Merle-Smith, pastor of the Central Presbyterian Church, New York City, and Isaac Fisher of Fiske University; a memorial service conducted by the Rev. Dr. Francis Greenwood Peabody of Cambridge, Mass., in the school cemetery, where General Samuel C. Armstrong, founder of Hampton, and Dr. Hollis B. Frissell, Principal of the institute from 1893 to 1917, are buried, and exercises by the Hampton Institute Alumni Association at night.

Ex-President Taft, head of the Hampton Institute Board of Trustees, made the official speech of acceptance of the Ogden Memorial.

EDWARDS FOR GOVERNOR.

Jersey Senator Designated a Democratic Candidate by Petition.

TRENTON, N. J., May 1.—Senator Edward I. Edwards, President of the First National Bank of Jersey City, was today designated a candidate for the New Jersey Gubernatorial nomination on the Democratic ticket at the September primaries. His nominating petition was filed today in the office of the Secretary of State by George E. Blakeslee of Jersey City, who has been designated as the candidate's campaign manager.

The petition has 1,400 signatures, although only 1,000 are required by law. Edwards sets forth these five issues, which he declares are of paramount importance: No further direct State tax; honest election laws, honestly administered; a people's representative on the Utilities Board, which must be removed from politics; economy through efficiency; roads constructed economically and quickly.

Swiss to Study Conditions Here.

BERNE, May 1.—A committee to study economic questions in the United States has been formed under the leadership of Dr. Hans Tschumi, a member of the Swiss Council of State for the Canton of Berne. The party will include railway, commercial, industrial, agricultural and scientific experts and hotel managers. It is proposed to start the trip in August.

Not inexpensive—but economical.

In-B-Tweens are like smoking the best part of a twenty-five cent cigar at a cost of just six cents.

5 in foil, 30
10 in tin, 65
Also tins of 25 and 50 cigars

He is wearing a **Buckwood**

THERE are two ways to find Earl & Wilson quality in a collar—a quick way and a quicker way. The quick way is to see that its name ends in "wood"—like Buckwood. The quicker way is to look for the E & W mark. And you pay no more.

E & W

EARL & WILSON **Collars**

2d Floor 15 W. 34th St.

The Home of 40 Famous Brands of Men's and Young Men's Clothes

Georges

Above LIGGETT'S Drug Store

(Between Fifth Avenue and Broadway)

Opposite Waldorf Hotel

"SENIOR" "JUNIOR"

The Shop Behind Which are 40 of the Greatest Clothing Makers in America.

Spring Jubilee

A Gala Event in Which We Feature These 40 Famous Brands at Amazingly Low Prices.

3500 Smart Elegant Spring **Suits**

The Established Retail Prices of Which Are

$30, $32.50, $35, $37.50, $40

All to Go at the Remarkably Low Price of

$26.50

Sizes 32 to 52. All the Latest Models.

The combined strength of 40 of the country's leading clothing makers is in back of this great second floor shop for men. For them it offers **one central spot** where those interested in seeing their products may examine them. For us it has the advantage of making our shop the **one place in all New York** where practically all the principal makes are to be found.

To more broadly advertise this unique shop is the mission of our **Spring Jubilee** now in progress. In this great event we present 3500 suits direct from these 40 famous makers, at $26.50 each. These suits are selling at this moment everywhere at $30.00 to $40.00.

We are operating our new shop on entirely new business principles. Instead of 3 ground floor stores at a cost of over $90,000 a year in rent, light, manager's salaries, and window trimming expenses, we now pay only $7,500 for our big second floor shop. This vast saving now goes into the pockets of our customers. Take advantage of this big event NOW.

Georges

ENTIRE SECOND FLOOR

Over Liggett's Drug Store
(Between Fifth Avenue and Broadway)
Opp. Waldorf Hotel

15 West 34th Street

Open Daily Till 6 P. M. Saturdays Till 9 P. M.

OLD BUSHMILLS IMPORTED WHISKEY

Over 11 years in wood. Like a fine old SCOTCH with less smoky taste. A good stock available.

WE ALSO OFFER, SUBJECT TO PREVIOUS SALE,

DUFF GORDON SHERRIES, COCKBURN PORTS, FINE MADEIRAS, COGNACS RUMS AND SPECIAL CUVEES OF NATURAL AMERICAN WINES, WHITE AND RED, STILL AND SPARKLING.

ALEX D. SHAW & CO NY

The Highest Standard of Quality.

12 Stone St., N. Y. Tel. 8070 Bowling Green

MY OFFERING!
GOOD CLOTHES NOT HIGH!

Good clothes need not be high if you know where to go. Shop! Don't miss a view here, for you will find a really good display of men's suits and overcoats of my own make fully $5 to $7 less than usual, due to selling direct to you. Suits and overcoats $25, $28, $30 to $48. G. N. VINCENT, 524-526 6th Ave., near 31st St.

CROWN THE VICTORY
with your dollars
invested in another
Victory Bond.

Hatch

Originator
SALTO NUTS
Hatch—He Pays the Parcel Post

38th St., at Herald Sq. B'way at 36th. B'way at 45th.

Copyright, Hart Schaffner & Marx.

The Shoulders of a Soldier

— There was a time when a tailor's art was often employed to make thin, hollow shoulders look manly.

Our new Spring styles take the shoulders for granted.

Hart Schaffner & Marx' designers have developed some of the trimmest, breeziest styles that ever did justice to broad shoulders—

The shoulders of Soldiers and Sailors.

Hart Schaffner & Marx Double Breasted Suits

A try-on will convince any ex-service man that these smart double breasters were expressly created to drape soldierly and sailormanly figures. They are deep chested and slim waisted, with swank pocket, lapel and waist seam innovations. The fabrics are beautiful.

$35, $40, $45 and $50

Extra Values in Waist Seam Suits

Hart Schaffner & Marx smart all-wool waist-seam suits in double and single breasted versions at emphatic savings of $5, $10 or $15. The suits are the most admired and desired clothes in well dressed New York—$35.

$35

Stetson Hats

A New Stetson Hat to wear with that new Hart Schaffner & Marx Waist Seam Suit is your natural first thought. We have the largest assortment of Stetsons in New York, $7, $8, $10 and up.

'Prep' Clothes

(Boys' long-trousers suits)

Hart Schaffner & Marx made them, which means scrupulous tailoring, all-wool fabrics, and smart styling. Prices, $25, $28, $30, $35, $38, $40.

Haberdashery

Springtime is also time for new Shirts, Scarfs, Gloves, Hosiery and other furnishings items. Here, you will find them in delightful profusion to satisfy every idea, taste or purse.

Est. 1887 **Wallach Bros.** Est. 1887

Broadway, below Chambers
Broadway, cor. 29th

246-248 West 125th
3d Ave., cor. 122d

OLD CROW RYE

Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.

America's Finest RYE

WHISKEY

HAND MADE SOUR MASH
STRAIGHT PURE RYE

STRENGTH AND QUALITY AS ALWAYS
SOLD BY ALL FIRST CLASS DEALERS
BEWARE OF RE-FILLED BOTTLES

H. B. Kirk & Co., New York, N. Y.